Jawaharlal Nehru Technological University Anantapur

(Established by Govt. of A.P., Act. No. 30 of 2008)

Ananthapuramu–515 002 (A.P) India

B.Tech. in Civil Engineering

Course Structure and Syllabi under R19 Regulations

S.No.	Course Name	Category	L-T-P-C
1	Physical Activities -- Sports, Yoga and Meditation, Plantation	MC	0-0-6-0
2	Career Counselling	MC	2-0-2-0
3	Orientation to all branches -- career options, tools, etc.	MC	3-0-0-0
4	Orientation on admitted Branch -- corresponding labs, tools, and platforms	EC	2-0-3-0
5	Proficiency Modules & Productivity Tools	ES	2-1-2-0
6	Assessment on basic aptitude and mathematical skills	MC	2-0-3-0
7	Remedial Training in Foundation Courses	MC	2-1-2-0
8	Human Values & Professional Ethics	MC	3-0-0-0
9	Communication Skills -- focus on Listening, Speaking, Reading, Writing skills	BS	2-1-2-0
10	Concepts of Programming	ES	2-0-2-0

B.Tech. in Civil Engineering
Course Structure & Syllabi

Semester – I (Theory - 4, Lab - 4)					
S.No	Course No	Course Name	Category	L-T-P	Credits
1.	19A54101	Algebra and Calculus	BS	3-1-0	4
2.	19A56102T	Engineering Physics	BS	3-0-0	3
3.	19A05101T	Problem Solving & Programming	ES	3-1-0	4
4.	19A52101T	Communicative English 1	HS	2-0-0	2
5.	19A03101	Engineering Workshop	LC	0-0-2	1
6.	19A56102P	Engineering Physics Lab	BS	0-0-3	1.5
7.	19A05101P	Problem Solving & Programming Lab	ES	0-0-3	1.5
8.	19A52101P	Communicative English 1 Lab	HS	0-0-2	1
				Total	**18**

Semester – II (Theory - 4, Lab - 5)					
S.No	Course No	Course Name	Category	L-T-P	Credits
1.	19A02201T	Basic Electrical & Electronics Engineering	ES	3-0-0	3
2.	19A54201	Differential Equations and Vector Calculus	BS	3-1-0	4
3.	19A51101T	Engineering Chemistry	BS	3-0-0	3
4.	19A05201T	Data Structures	ES	3-0-0	3
5.	19A01201	Civil Engineering Workshop	LC	0-0-2	1
6.	19A03102	Engineering Graphics Lab	ES	1-0-4	3
7.	19A02201P	Basic Electrical & Electronics Engineering Lab	ES	0-0-3	1.5
8.	19A51101P	Engineering Chemistry Lab	BS	0-0-3	1.5
9.	19A05201P	Data Structures Lab	ES	0-0-3	1.5
				Total	**21.5**

Semester –III (Theory - 7, Lab – 3,MC-1)					
S.No	**Course No**	**Course Name**	**Category**	**L-T-P**	**Credits**
1.	19A54301	Complex Variables, Transforms and Partial Differential Equations	BS	2-1-0	3
2.	19A01301T	Strength of Materials-I	PC	2-1-0	3
3.	19A01302T	Fluid Mechanics	PC	2-1-0	3
4.	19A01303T	Surveying	PC	2-1-0	3
5.	19A01304	Building Materials and Construction	PC	2-0-0	2
6.	19A05304T	Python Programming	ES	2-1-0	3
7.	19A52301	Universal Human Values	HS	2-0-0	2
8.	19A01301P	Strength of Material Lab	PC	0-0-3	1.5
9.	19A01302P	Fluid Mechanics Lab	PC	0-0-3	1.5
10.	19A01303P	Surveying Lab	PC	0-0-3	1.5
11.	19A99301	Environmental Science	MC	3-0-0	0
				Total:	**23.5**

Semester – IV (Theory - 6, Lab – 2, MC-1)					
S.No	**Course No**	**Course Name**	**Category**	**L-T-P**	**Credits**
1.	19A01401	Strength of Materials-II	PC	2-1-0	3
2.	19A01402T	Hydraulics and Hydraulic Machinery	PC	2-1-0	3
3.	19A01403	Structural Analysis-I	PC	2-1-0	3
4.	19A01404T	Concrete Technology	PC	3-0-0	3
5.	19A01405T	Transportation Engineering	PC	3-0-0	3
6.	19A01406	Environmental Engineering	PC	3-0-0	3
7.	19A01402P	Hydraulic Machinery Lab	PC	0-0-3	1.5
8.	19A01405P	Transportation Engineering Lab	PC	0-0-3	1.5
9.	19A99302	Biology For Engineers	MC	3-0-0	0
				Total:	**21**

S.No.	Course No	Course Name	Category	L-T-P	Credits
		Semester –V (Theory - 7, Lab – 2 MC-1)			
1.	19A01501	Design of Reinforced Concrete Structures	PC	2-1-0	3
2.	19A01502	Water Resources Engineering	PC	3-0-0	3
3.	19A01503T	Engineering Geology	PC	2-0-0	2
4.	19A01504	Structural Analysis-II	PC	2-1-0	3
5.		Professional Elective-I	PE	3-0-0	3
	19A01505a	Building Construction Practice			
	19A01505b	Subsurface Investigation and Instrumentation			
	19A01505c	Environmental Pollution and Control			
	19A01505d	Advanced Surveying			
	19A01505e	Urban Hydrology			
6.		Open Elective-I	OE	3-0-0	3
	19A02506a	Electrical Engineering Materials			
	19A03506a	Introduction to Hybrid and Electric Vehicles			
	19A03506b	Rapid Prototyping			
	19A04506a	Analog Electronics			
	19A04506b	Digital Electronics			
	19A05506a	Free and Open Sources Systems			
	19A05506b	Computer Graphics and Multimedia Animation			
	19A27506a	Brewing Technology			
	19A27506b	Computer Applications in Food Technology			
	19A54506a	Optimization Techniques			
	19A52506a	Technical Communication and Presentation Skills			
	19A51506a	Chemistry of Energy Materials			
7.	19A01507	Computer Aided Civil Engineering Drawing	PC	0-0-3	1.5
8.	19A01508	Environmental Engineering Lab	PC	0-0-3	1.5
9.	19A01503P	Engineering Geology Lab	PC	0-0-2	1.0
10.	19A01509	Socially Relevant Project	PR	------	0.5
11.	19A99501	Mandatory course: Constitution of India	MC	3-0-0	0
				Total:	**21.5**

		Semester – VI (Theory - 6, Lab - 2)			
S.No.	**Course No**	**Course Name**	**Cate gory**	**L-T-P**	**Credits**
1.	19A01601T	Geotechnical Engineering -I	PC	2-1-0	3
2.	19A01602	Design of Steel Structures	PC	2-1-0	3
3.	19A52601T	English Language Skills	HS	3-0-0	3
4.		Professional Elective-II (MOOC)	PE	3-0-0	3
	19A01603a	Maintenance And Repair of Concrete Structures			
	19A01603b	Ground Improvement			
	19A01603c	Environmental Air Pollution			
	19A01603d	Urban transportation planning			
	19A01603e	Water Resources Systems: Modeling Techniques and Analysis			
5.		Open Elective-II	OE	3-0-0	3
	19A02604a	Industrial Automation			
	19A02604b	System Reliability Concepts			
	19A03604a	Introduction to Mechatronics			
	19A03604b	Optimization techniques through MATLAB			
	19A04604a	Basics of VLSI			
	19A04604b	Principles of Communication Systems			
	19A05604a	Fundamentals of VR/AR/MR			
	19A05604b	Data Science			
	19A27604a	Food Toxicology			
	19A27604b	Food Plant Equipment Design			
	19A54604a	Wavelet Transforms & its applications			
	19A52604a	Soft Skills			
	19A51604a	Chemistry of Polymers and Its Applications			
6.		Humanities Elective-I	HE	3-0-0	3
	19A52602a	Entrepreneurship & Incubation			
	19A52602b	Managerial Economics and Financial Analysis			
	19A52602c	Business Ethics and			
	19A52602d	Corporate Governance			
	19A52602e	Enterprise Resource Planning Supply Chain Management			
7.	19A01601P	Geotechnical Engineering lab	PC	0-0-3	1.5
8.	19A52601P	English Language Skills Lab	HS	0-0-3	1.5
9.	19A01605	Socially Relevant Project	PR	------	0.5
10.	19A99601	Mandatory Course: Research Methodology	MC	3-0-0	0
11.	19A01606	Comprehensive online examination		-	0
				Total	**21.5**

		Semester – VII (Theory - 5, Lab -2)			
S.No	Course No	Course Name	Category	L-T-P	Credits
1.	19A01701	Geotechnical Engineering-II	PC	2-1-0	3
2.	19A01702	Estimation & costing	PC	2-1-0	3
3.		Professional Elective-III	PE	3-0-0	3
	19A01703a1	Bridge Engineering			
	19A01703a2	Prestressed concrete			
	19A01703b1	Expansive soils			
	19A01703b2	Rock Mechanics			
	19A01703c1	Industrial Waste & Wastewater Engineering			
	19A01703c2	Remote Sensing and GIS			
	19A01703d1	Traffic Engineering			
	19A01703d2	Urban Transportation Planning			
	19A01703e1	Water Resources System Analysis OR			
	19A01703e2	River Basin Management			
4.		Open Elective-III	OE	3-0-0	3
	19A02704a	Renewable Energy Systems			
	19A02704b	Electric Vehicle Engineering			
	19A03704a	Finite element methods			
	19A03704b	Product Marketing			
	19A04704a	Introduction to Microcontrollers & Applications			
	19A04704b	Principles of Digital Signal Processing			
	19A05704a	Fundamentals of Game Development			
	19A05704b	Cyber Security			
	19A27704a	Corporate Governance in Food Industries			
	19A27704b	Process Technology for Convenience & RTE Foods			
	19A54704a	Numerical Methods for Engineers (ECE, CSE, IT &CE)			
	19A51704a	Chemistry of Nanomaterials and Applications			
5.		Humanities Elective-II	HS	3-0-0	3
	19A52701a	Organizational Behavior			
	19A52701b	Management Science			
	19A52701c	Business Environment			
	19A52701d	Strategic Management			
	19A52701e	E-Business			
6.	19A01404P	Concrete technology Lab	PC	0-0-3	1.5
7.	19A01705	Computer Aided Design Lab	PC	0-0-3	1.5
9.	19A01706	Industrial Training/Skill Development/Research Project*	PR	------	2
				Total	20

		Semester – VIII			
S.No.	Course No	Course Name	Category	L-T-P	Credits
1.		Professional Elective-IV	PE	3-0-0	3
	19A01801a1	Finite Element Methods			
	19A01801a2	Advanced R.C.C Structural Design			
	19A01801a3	Advanced steel structures			
	19A01801b1	Advanced Foundation Engineering			
	19A01801b2	Soil structure interaction			
	19A01801c1	Environmental Impact Assessment			
	19A01801c2	Environmental Economics			
	19A01801d1	Docks and Harbor Engineering			
	19A01801d2	Traffic Analysis			
	19A01801e1	Design and Drawing of Irrigation Structures			
	19A01801e2	Water Shed Management			
	19A01801e3	Sustainable Water Resources Development			
2.		Open Elective-IV	OE	3-0-0	3
	19A02802a	IoT Applications in Electrical Engineering			
	19A02802b	Smart Electric Grid			
	19A03802a	Energy conservation and management			
	19A03802b	Non - destructive testing			
	19A04802a	Introduction to Image Processing			
	19A04802b	Principles of Cellular and Mobile Communications			
	19A04802c	Industrial Electronics			
	19A04802d	Electronic Instrumentation			
	19A05802a	Block Chain Technology and Applications			
	19A05802b	MEAN Stack Technology			
	19A27802a	Food Plants Utilities & Services			
	19A27802b	Nutraceuticals & Functional Foods			
	19A54802a	Mathematical Modeling & Simulation			
	19A51802a	Green Chemistry and Catalysis for Sustainable Environment			
3.	19A01803	Project	PR	------	7
				Total	**13**

Honours Degree in Civil Engineering

S.No.	Course No.	Course Name	L	T	P	Credits
1.	19A01H01	Prefabricated Structures	3	1	0	4
2.	19A01H02	Structural Optimisation	3	1	0	4
3.	19A01H03	Analytical Methods for Environmental Monitoring	3	1	0	4
4.	19A01H04	Forensic Engineering for Civil Engineers	3	1	0	4
5.	19A01H05	Urban Planning Techniques and Practices	3	1	0	4
				Total		20

Minor Degree in Civil Engineering

S.No.	Course No.	Course Name	L	T	P	Credits
1.	19A01301T	Strength of Materials I	2	1	0	3
2.	19A01303T	Surveying	2	1	0	3
3.	19A01402T	Hydraulics and Hydraulic Machinery	2	1	0	3
4.	19A01405T	Transportation Engineering	3	0	0	3
5.	19A01702	Estimation and costing	2	1	0	3
6.	19A01M01	Minor Discipline Project	-	-	-	5
				Total		**20**

Areas for Socially Relevant Project in 5th Semester

a) Water quality analysis in a village /town

b) Survey camp

c)Road safety Audit

d)Environmental impact Audit

Areas for Socially Relevant Project in 6th Semester

a) Structural condition assessment of school buildings

b) Water resources management -Audit

c) Survey of waste management systems-Swachh Bharat

d) Survey of modern building materials & properties

e) Survey on Implementation of Government welfare schemes

JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY ANANTAPUR

B.Tech. (CE)– I-I Sem	L	T	P	C
	3	1	0	4

(19A54101) ALGEBRA & CALCULUS
(Common to all branches of Engineering)

Course Objectives:
- This course will illuminate the students in the concepts of calculus and linear algebra.
- To equip the students with standard concepts and tools at an intermediate to advanced level mathematics to develop the confidence and ability among the students to handle various real world problems and their applications.

Bridge Course: Limits, continuity, Types of matrices

Unit 1:

Matrices   **10 hrs**

Rank of a matrix by echelon form, solving system of homogeneous and non-homogeneous equations linear equations. Eigen values and Eigen vectors and their properties, Cayley-Hamilton theorem (without proof), finding inverse and power of a matrix by Cayley-Hamilton theorem, diagonalisation of a matrix, quadratic forms and nature of the quadratic forms, reduction of quadratic form to canonical forms by orthogonal transformation.

Learning Outcomes:
At the end of this unit, the student will be able to
- solving systems of linear equations, using technology to facilitate row reduction determine the rank, eigenvalues and eigenvectors, diagonal form and different factorizations of a matrix; (L3)
- identify special properties of a matrix, such as positive definite, etc., and use this information to facilitate the calculation of matrix characteristics; (L3)

Unit 2:

Mean Value Theorems   **6 hrs**

Rolle's Theorem, Lagrange's mean value theorem, Cauchy's mean value theorem, Taylor's and Maclaurin theorems with remainders (without proof);

Learning Outcomes:
At the end of this unit, the student will be able to
- Translate the given function as series of Taylor's and Maclaurin's with remainders (L3)
- analyze the behaviour of functions by using mean value theorems (L3)

Unit 3:

Multivariable calculus   **8 hrs**

Partial derivatives, total derivatives, chain rule, change of variables, Jacobians, maxima and minima of functions of two variables, method of Lagrange multipliers.

Learning Outcomes:

At the end of this unit, the student will be able to

- Find partial derivatives numerically and symbolically and use them to analyze and interpret the way a function varies. (L3)
- Acquire the Knowledge maxima and minima of functions of several variable (L1)
- Utilize Jacobian of a coordinate transformation to deal with the problems in change of variables (L3)

Unit 4:

Multiple Integrals   **10hrs**

Double integrals, change of order of integration, double integration in polar coordinates, areas enclosed by plane curves. Evaluation of triple integrals, change of variables between Cartesian, cylindrical and spherical polar co-ordinates.

Learning Outcomes:

- At the end of this unit, the student will be able to
- Evaluate double integrals of functions of several variables in two dimensions using Cartesian and polar coordinates (L5)
- Apply double integration techniques in evaluating areas bounded by region (L4)
- Evaluate multiple integrals in Cartesian, cylindrical and spherical geometries (L5)

Unit 5:

Special Functions   **6 hrs**

Beta and Gamma functions and their properties, relation between beta and gamma functions, evaluation of definite integrals using beta and gamma functions.

Learning Outcomes:

At the end of this unit, the student will be able to

- understand beta and gamma functions and its relations (L2)
- Conclude the use of special function in evaluating definite integrals (L4)

Text Books:

1. Erwin Kreyszig, Advanced Engineering Mathematics, 10/e, John Wiley & Sons, 2011.
2. B. S. Grewal, Higher Engineering Mathematics, 44/e, Khanna Publishers, 2017.

Reference Books:

1. R. K. Jain and S. R. K. Iyengar, Advanced Engineering Mathematics, 3/e, Alpha Science International Ltd., 2002.
2. George B. Thomas, Maurice D. Weir and Joel Hass, Thomas Calculus, 13/e, Pearson Publishers, 2013.
3. Glyn James, Advanced Modern Engineering Mathematics, 4/e, Pearson publishers, 201.
4. Micheael Greenberg, Advanced Engineering Mathematics, 9th edition, Pearson edn

5. Dean G. Duffy, Advanced engineering mathematics with MATLAB, CRC Press
6. Peter O'neil, Advanced Engineering Mathematics, Cengage Learning.
7. R.L. Garg Nishu Gupta, Engineering Mathematics Volumes-I &II, Pearson Education
8. B. V. Ramana, Higher Engineering Mathematics, Mc Graw Hill Education
9. H. k Das, Er. Rajnish Verma, Higher Engineering Mathematics, S. Chand.
10. N. Bali, M. Goyal, C. Watkins, Advanced Engineering Mathematics, Infinity Science Press.

Course Outcomes:

At the end of the course, the student will be able to

- develop the use of matrix algebra techniques that is needed by engineers for practical applications (L6)
- Utilize mean value theorems to real life problems (L3)
- familiarize with functions of several variables which is useful in optimization (L3)
- Students will also learn important tools of calculus in higher dimensions. Students will become familiar with 2- dimensional coordinate systems (L5)
- Students will become familiar with 3- dimensional coordinate systems and also learn the utilization of special functions

JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY ANANTAPUR

B.Tech (CE)– I-I Sem   **L   T   P   C**
                                                                                    3   0   0   3

(19A56102T) ENGINEERING PHYSICS
(Civil, Mechanical and Food Technology)

Course Objectives:

- ➢ To impart knowledge in basic concepts of mechanics.
- ➢ To familiarize the basic concepts of acoustics and ultrasonics with their Engineering applications.
- ➢ To explain the significant concepts of dielectric and magnetic materials this leads to potential applications in the emerging micro devices.
- ➢ To impart knowledge in basic concepts of optical fibers and LASERs along with its Engineering applications.
- ➢ Familiarize types of sensors for various engineering applications

Unit-1:

MECHANICS   **(10 hrs)**

Basic laws of vectors and scalars-rotational frames-conservative forces- F = - grad V, torque and angular momentum - Newton's laws in inertial and linear accelerating non-inertial frames of reference-rotating frame of reference with constant angular velocity-qualitative explanation of Foucault's pendulum-rigid body-angular velocity vector -center of mass- gravitation and Keplar's Law (Qualitative).

Learning Outcomes:
The students will be able to
- ➢ **Identify** forces and moments in mechanical systems using scalar and vector techniques (L3)
- ➢ **interpret** the equation of motion of a rigid rotating body (torque on a rigid body) (L3)
- ➢ **extend** Newton's second law for inertial and non-inertial frame of reference (L2)
- ➢ **explain** consideration of Earth's rotation in designing and launching missiles (L2)

Unit-2:

ACOUSTICS AND ULTRASONICS   **(9 hrs)**

Acoustics Introduction – Reverberation – Reverberation time– Sabine's formula- derivation using growth and decay method – Absorption coefficient and its determination –factors affecting acoustics of buildings and their remedies.

Ultrasonics – Introduction, Properties and Production by magnetostriction& piezoelectric methods - acoustic grating -Non Destructive Testing – pulse echo system through transmission and reflection modes - A,B and C – scan displays, Medical applications.

Learning Outcomes:
The students will be able to
- **explain** how sound is propagatedin buildings (L2)
- **analyze** acoustic properties of typically used materials in buildings (L4)
- **recognize** sound level disruptors and their use in architectural acoustics (L2)
- **identify** the use of ultrasonics in different fields (L3)

Unit-3 :
Dielectric and Magnetic Materials   (8hrs)

Introduction--Dielectric polarization-Dielectric polarizability, Susceptibility and Dielectric constant- Types of polarizations: Electronic, Ionic, Orientation Polarizations (Qualitative) - Frequency dependence of polarization-Lorentz (internal) field-Claussius -Mosotti equation- Applications of Dielectrics.

Introduction-Magnetic dipole moment-Magnetization-Magnetic susceptibility and permeability- Origin of permanent magnetic moment -Classification of Magnetic materials- Domain Concepts of ferromagentism-Hysteresis-soft and hard magnetic materials-Magnetic device applications.

Unit Outcomes:
The students will be able to
- **explain** the concept of dielectric constant and polarization in dielectric materials (L2)
- **summarize** Gauss's law in the presence of dielectrics (L2)
- **interpret** dielectric loss, Lorentz field and Claussius- Mosotti relation (L2)
- **classify** the magnetic materials based on susceptibility and their temperature dependence (L2)
- **explain** the applications of dielectric and magnetic materials (L2)

Unit – IV:
Lasers and Fiber Optics   (10hrs)

Introduction - Characteristics of Laser - Spontaneous and Stimulated emission of radiation - Einstein's coefficients - Population inversion - Pumping Mechanisms - He-Ne laser, Nd-YAG laser - Semiconductor laser - Applications of laser.

Introduction to Optical Fibers-Total Internal Reflection-Construction of optical fibers, Critical angle of propagation-Acceptance angle-Numerical Aperture-Classification of fibers based on Refractive index profile& modes –Propagation of electromagnetic wave through optical fiber- importance of V number- Block Diagram of Fiber optic Communication system -Medical Applications.

Unit Outcomes:
The students will be able to
- **Understand** the basic concepts of LASER light Sources (L2)
- **Apply** the concepts to learn the types of lasers (L3)
- **Identifies** the Engineering applications of lasers (L2)
- **explain** the working principle of optical fibers (L2)

- ➤ **classify** optical fibers based on refractive index profile and mode of propagation (L2)
- ➤ **identify** the applications of optical fibers in medical, communication and other fields (L2)

Unit – V:
Sensors (8 hrs)
Sensors:(qualitative description only): Different types of sensors and applications; Strain and Pressure sensors- Piezoelectric, magnetostrictive sensors, Fibre optic methods of pressure sensing; Temperature sensors - bimetallic strip, pyroelectric detectors, Hall-effect sensor, smoke and fire detectors.

Learning Outcomes:
The students will be able to
- ➤ **identify** different types of sensors and applications (L3)
- ➤ **explain** physics behind theworking principles of sensors (L2)
- ➤ **select** sensors for different type of applications (L3)

Text Books :
1. M.N.Avadhanulu, P.G.Kshirsagar& TVS Arun Murthy" A Text book of Engineering Physics"-S.Chand Publications, 11th Edition 2019
2. Shatendra Sharma, Jyotsna Sharma, " Engineering Physics",Pearson Education,2018

Reference Books:
1. M K Varma "Introduction to Mechanics"-Universities Press-2015.
2. D.K. Bhattacharya and A. Bhaskaran, "Engineering Physics"- Oxford Publications-2015
3. Ian R Sinclair, Sensor and Transducers, 3rd eds, 2001, Elsevier (Newnes)

Course Outcomes:
After completing this course students will be able to
- ➤ Explain physics applied to solve engineering problems (L2)
- ➤ Apply the principles of acoustics in designing of buildings (L3)
- ➤ Explains the applications of ultrasonics in various engineering fields (L2)
- ➤ Apply electromagnetic wave propagation in different Optical Fibers (L2)
- ➤ Apply the lasers concepts in various applications (L3)
- ➤ Explains the concepts of dielectric and magnetic materials (L2)
- ➤ Identify the sensors for various engineering applications (L3)

JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY ANANTAPUR

B.Tech (CE) I– I Sem   **L   T   P   C**

                                             3   1   0   4

(19A05101T) PROBLEM SOLVING AND PROGRAMMING
(Common to All Branches of Engineering)

Course Objectives:
1. Introduce the internal parts of a computer, and peripherals.
2. Introduce the Concept of Algorithm and use it to solve computational problems
3. Identify the computational and non-computational problems
4. Teach the syntax and semantics of a C Programming language
5. Demonstrate the use of Control structures of C Programming language
6. Illustrate the methodology for solving Computational problems

Unit 1:

Computer Fundamentals: What is a Computer, Evolution of Computers, Generations of Computers, Classification of Computers, Anatomy of a Computer, Memory revisited, Introduction to Operating systems, Operational overview of a CPU.

Introduction to Programming, Algorithms and Flowcharts: Programs and Programming, Programming languages, Compiler, Interpreter, Loader, Linker, Program execution, Fourth generation languages, Fifth generation languages, Classification of Programming languages, Structured programming concept, Algorithms, Pseudo-code, Flowcharts, Strategy for designing algorithms, Tracing an algorithm to depict logic, Specification for converting algorithms into programs.

Unit Outcomes:

Student should be able to
1. Identify the different peripherals, ports and connecting cables in a PC (L2)
2. Illustrate the working of a Computer (L3)
3. Select the components of a Computer in the market and assemble a computer (L4)
4. Solve complex problems using language independent notations (L3)

Unit 2:

Introduction to computer problem solving: Introduction, the problem-solving aspect, top-down design, implementation of algorithms, the efficiency of algorithms, the analysis of algorithms.

Fundamental algorithms: Exchanging the values of two variables, counting, summation of a set of numbers, factorial computation, sine function computation, generation of the Fibonacci sequence, reversing the digits of an integer.

Learning Outcomes: Student should be able to

1. Solve Computational problems (L3)
2. Apply Algorithmic approach to solving problems (L3)
3. Analyze the algorithms (L4)

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Unit 3:

Types, Operators, and Expressions: Variable names, data types and sizes, constants, declarations, arithmetic operators, relational and logical operators, type conversions, increment and decrement operators, bitwise operators, assignment operators and expressions, conditional expressions precedence and order of evaluation.

Input and output: standard input and output, formatted output-Printf, formatted input-Scanf.

Control Flow: Statements and blocks, if-else, else-if, switch, Loops-while and for, Loops-Do-while, break and continue, Goto and labels.

Functions and Program Structure: Basics of functions, functions returning non-integers, external variables, scope variables, header variables, register variables, block structure, initialization, recursion, the C processor.

Learning Outcomes: Student should be able to
1. Recognize the programming elements of C Programming language (L1)
2. Select the control structure for solving the problem (L4)
3. Apply modular approach for solving the problem (L3)

Unit 4:
Factoring methods: Finding the square root of a number, the smallest divisor of a number, the greatest common divisor of two integers, generating prime numbers.

Pointers and arrays: Pointers and addresses, pointers and function arguments, pointers and arrays, address arithmetic, character pointers and functions, pointer array; pointers to pointers, Multi-dimensional arrays, initialization of arrays, pointer vs. multi-dimensional arrays, command line arguments, pointers to functions, complicated declarations.

Array Techniques: Array order reversal, finding the maximum number in a set, removal of duplicates from an order array, finding the kth smallest element

Learning Outcomes: Student should be able to
1. Solve mathematical problems using C Programming language (L3)
2. Structure the individual data elements to simplify the solutions (L6)
3. Facilitate efficient memory utilization (L6)

Unit 5:
Sorting and Searching: Sorting by selection, sorting by exchange, sorting by insertion, sorting by partitioning, binary search.

Structures: Basics of structures, structures and functions, arrays of structures, pointers to structures, self-referential structures, table lookup, typedef, unions, bit-fields.

Some other Features: Variable-length argument lists, formatted input-Scanf, file access, Error handling-stderr and exit, Line Input and Output, Miscellaneous Functions.

Learning Outcomes: Student should be able to
1. Select sorting algorithm based on the type of the data (L4)

2. Organize heterogeneous data (L6)
3. Design a sorting algorithm (L6)

Text Books:
1. Pradip Dey, and Manas Ghosh, "Programming in C", 2018, Oxford University Press.
2. R.G. Dromey, "How to Solve it by Computer". 2014, Pearson.
3. Brian W. Kernighan, and Dennis M. Ritchie, "The C Programming Language", 2nd Edition, Pearson.

Reference Books:
1. RS Bichkar "Programming with C", 2012, Universities Press.
2. Pelin Aksoy, and Laura Denardis, "Information Technology in Theory", 2017, Cengage Learning.
3. Byron Gottfried and Jitender Kumar Chhabra, "Programming with C", 4th Edition, 2019, McGraw Hill Education.

Course Outcomes:
1. Construct his own computer using parts (L6).
2. Recognize the importance of programming language independent constructs (L2)
3. Solve computational problems (L3)
4. Select the features of C language appropriate for solving a problem (L4)
5. Design computer programs for real world problems (L6)
6. Organize the data which is more appropriated for solving a problem (L6)

JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY ANANTAPUR

B.Tech (CE)- I-I Sem   **L   T   P   C**
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(19A52101T) COMMUNICATIVE ENGLISH I
(Common to All Branches of Engineering)

Introduction

The course is designed to train students in receptive (listening and reading) as well as productive and interactive (speaking and writing) skills by incorporating a comprehensive, coherent and integrated approach that improves the learners' ability to effectively use English language in academic/ workplace contexts. The shift is from *learning about the language* to *using the language*. On successful completion of the compulsory English language course/s in B.Tech., learners would be confident of appearing for international language qualification/proficiency tests such as IELTS, TOEFL, or BEC, besides being able to express themselves clearly in speech and competently handle the writing tasks and verbal ability component of campus placement tests. Activity based teaching-learning methods would be adopted to ensure that learners would engage in actual use of language both in the classroom and laboratory sessions.

Course Objectives

➢ Facilitate effective listening skills for better comprehension of academic lectures and English spoken by native speakers

➢ Focus on appropriate reading strategies for comprehension of various academic texts and authentic materials

➢ Help improve speaking skills through participation in activities such as role plays,discussions and structured talks/oral presentations

➢ Impart effective strategies for good writing and demonstrate the same in summarizing, writing well organized essays, record and report useful information

➢ Provide knowledge of grammatical structures and vocabulary and encourage their appropriate use in speech and writing

Unit 1

Listening: Identifyingthe topic, the context and specific pieces of information by listening to short audio texts and answering a series of questions.**Speaking:**Asking and answering general questions on familiar topics such as home, family, work, studies and interests; introducing oneself and others. **Reading:** Skimming to get the main idea of a text; scanning to look for specific pieces of information. **Reading for Writing:**Beginnings and endings of paragraphs - introducing the topic, summarizing the main idea and/or providing a transition to the next paragraph. **Grammar and Vocabulary:** Content words and function words; word forms: verbs, nouns, adjectives and adverbs; nouns: countables and uncountables; singular and plural; basic sentence structures; simple question form - wh-questions; word order in sentences.

Learning Outcomes

At the end of the module, the learners will be able to

➢ understand social or transactional dialogues spoken by native speakers of English and identify the context, topic, and pieces of specific information

➢ ask and answer general questions on familiar topics and introduce oneself/others

➢ employ suitable strategies for skimming and scanning to get the general idea of a text and locate specific information

➢ recognize paragraph structure and be able to match beginnings/endings/headings with paragraphs

➢ form sentences using proper grammatical structures and correct word forms

Unit 2

Listening: Answering a series of questions about main idea and supporting ideas after listening to audio texts. **Speaking:** Discussion in pairs/ small groups on specific topics followed by short structured talks.**Reading:** Identifying sequence of ideas; recognizing verbal techniques that help to link the ideas in a paragraph together. **Writing:** Paragraph writing (specific topics) using suitable cohesive devices; mechanics of writing - punctuation, capital letters. **Grammar and Vocabulary:** Cohesive devices - linkers, sign posts and transition signals; use of articles and zero article; prepositions.

Learning Outcomes

At the end of the module, the learners will be able to

➢ comprehend short talks on general topics

➢ participate in informal discussions and speak clearly on a specific topic using suitable discourse markers

➢ understand the use of cohesive devices for better reading comprehension

➢ write well structured paragraphs on specific topics

➢ identify basic errors of grammar/ usage and make necessary corrections in short texts

Unit 3

Listening: Listening for global comprehension and summarizing what is listened to. **Speaking:** Discussing specific topics in pairs or small groups and reporting what is discussed **Reading:** Reading a text in detail by making basic inferences -recognizing and interpreting specific context clues; strategies to use text clues for comprehension.**Writing:** Summarizing - identifying main idea/s and rephrasing what is read; avoiding redundancies and repetitions. **Grammar and Vocabulary:** Verbs - tenses; subject-verb agreement; direct and indirect speech, reporting verbs for academic purposes.

Learning Outcomes

At the end of the module, the learners will be able to

➢ comprehend short talks and summarize the content with clarity and precision

➢ participate in informal discussions and report what is discussed

➢ infer meanings of unfamiliar words using contextual clues

➢ write summaries based on global comprehension of reading/listening texts

➢ use correct tense forms, appropriate structures and a range of reporting verbs in speech and writing

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Unit4

Listening: Making predictions while listening to conversations/ transactional dialogues without video; listening with video. **Speaking:** Role plays for practice of conversational English in academic contexts (formal and informal) - asking for and giving information/directions. **Reading:**Studying the use of graphic elements in texts to convey information, reveal trends/patterns/relationships, communicate processes or display complicated data.**Writing:** Information transfer; describe, compare, contrast, identify significance/trendsbased on information provided in figures/charts/graphs/tables.**Grammar and Vocabulary:**Quantifying expressions - adjectives and adverbs; comparing and contrasting; degrees of comparison; use of antonyms

Learning Outcomes

At the end of the module, the learners will be able to
- ➢ infer and predict about content of spoken discourse
- ➢ understand verbal and non-verbal features of communication and hold formal/informal conversations
- ➢ interpret graphic elements used in academic texts
- ➢ produce a coherent paragraph interpreting a figure/graph/chart/table
- ➢ use language appropriate for description and interpretation of graphical elements

Unit 5

Listening: Identifying key terms, understanding concepts and answering a series of relevant questions that test comprehension. **Speaking:** Formal oral presentations on topics from academic contexts - without the use of PPT slides. **Reading:** Reading for comprehension. **Writing:** Writing structured essays on specific topics using suitable claims and evidences**Grammar and Vocabulary:** Editing short texts –identifying and correcting common errors in grammar and usage (articles, prepositions, tenses, subject verb agreement)

Learning Outcomes

At the end of the module, the learners will be able to
- ➢ take notes while listening to a talk/lecture and make use of them to answer questions
- ➢ make formal oral presentations using effective strategies
- ➢ comprehend, discuss and respond to academic texts orally and in writing
- ➢ produce a well-organized essay with adequate support and detail
- ➢ edit short texts by correcting common errors

Text Book
- **English all round: Communication Skills for Undegurdation Learners** Vol. I, Orient BlackSwan Publisers, First Edition 2019.

Reference Books
- Bailey, Stephen. *Academic writing: A handbook for international students*. Routledge, 2014.

- Chase, Becky Tarver. *Pathways: Listening, Speaking and Critical Thinking.* Heinley ELT; 2nd Edition, 2018.
- Skillful Level 2 Reading & Writing Student's Book Pack (B1) Macmillan Educational.
- Hewings, Martin. *Cambridge Academic English (B2).* CUP, 2012.

Sample Web Resources
Grammar/Listening/Writing
1-language.com
http://www.5minuteenglish.com/
https://www.englishpractice.com/

Grammar/Vocabulary
English Language Learning Online
http://www.bbc.co.uk/learningenglish/
http://www.better-english.com/
http://www.nonstopenglish.com/
https://www.vocabulary.com/
BBC Vocabulary Games
Free Rice Vocabulary Game

Reading
https://www.usingenglish.com/comprehension/
https://www.englishclub.com/reading/short-stories.htm
https://www.english-online.at/

Listening
https://learningenglish.voanews.com/z/3613
http://www.englishmedialab.com/listening.html

Speaking
https://www.talkenglish.com/
BBC Learning English – Pronunciation tips
Merriam-Webster – Perfect pronunciation Exercises

All Skills
https://www.englishclub.com/
http://www.world-english.org/
http://learnenglish.britishcouncil.org/

Online Dictionaries
Cambridge dictionary online
MacMillan dictionary
Oxford learner's dictionaries

Course Outcomes:

At the end of the course, the learners will be able to

- ➢ Understand the context, topic, and pieces of specific information from social or transactional dialogues spoken by native speakers of English
- ➢ Apply grammatical structures to formulate sentences and correct word forms
- ➢ Analyze discourse markers to speak clearly on a specific topic in informal discussions
- ➢ Evaluate reading/listening texts and to write summaries based on global comprehension of these texts.
- ➢ Create a coherent paragraph interpreting a figure/graph/chart/table

B.Tech (CE)– I-I Sem **L T P C**

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(19A03101) ENGINEERING WORKSHOP
(Common to all branches)

Course Objective:
To familiarize students with wood working, sheet metal operations, fitting and electrical house wiring skills

Wood Working:
Familiarity with different types of woods and tools used in wood working and make following joints
   a) Half – Lap joint
   b) Mortise and Tenon joint
   c) Corner Dovetail joint or Bridle joint

Sheet Metal Working:
Familiarity with different types of tools used in sheet metal working, Developments of following sheet metal job from GI sheets
   a) Tapered tray   b) Conical funnel   c) Elbow pipe   d) Brazing

Fitting:
Familiarity with different types of tools used in fitting and do the following fitting exercises
   a) V-fit   b) Dovetail fit   c) Semi-circular fit
   d) Bicycle tire puncture and change of two wheeler tyre

Electrical Wiring:
Familiarities with different types of basic electrical circuits and make the following connections
   a) Parallel and series   b) Two way switch   c) Godown lighting   d) Tube light
   e) Three phase motor   f) Soldering of wires

Course Outcomes:
After completion of this lab the student will be able to
   1. Apply wood working skills in real world applications. (l3)
   2. Build different parts with metal sheets in real world applications. (l3)
   3. Apply fitting operations in various applications. (l3)
   4. Apply different types of basic electric circuit connections. (l3)
   5. Demonstrate soldering and brazing. (l2)

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B.Tech(CE) – I-I Sem   **L   T   P   C**

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(19A56102P) ENGINEERING PHYSICS LAB
(Civil, Mechanical and Food Technology)

Course Objectives:

➢ Understand the role of Optical fiber parameters in engineering applications.
➢ Recognize the significance of laser by studying its characteristics and its application in finding the particle size.
➢ Illustrates the magnetic and dielectric materials applications.
➢ Identifies the various sensor applications.

Note: - In the following list of experiments, out of 15 experiments any 12 experiments must be performed in a semester.

List of Physics Experiments:

1. Determination of wavelength of LASER light using diffraction grating.
   Experimental outcomes:
   operates various instrument (L2)
   estimate the wavelength of laser source (L2)
   Identifies the formation of grating spectrum due diffraction. (L2)
2. Determination of particle size using LASER.
   Experimental outcomes:
   ● operates various instrument (L2)
   ● estimate the Particles size using laser (L2)
   ● Identifies the application of laser (L2)
3. Determination of spring constant of springs using Coupled Oscillator
   Experimental outcomes:
   operatesvarious instrument. (L2)
   estimate thespring constant (L2)
   Identifies the principle of coupled oscillations. (L2)
4. Determination of Hall voltage and Hall coefficient of a given semiconductor using Hall effect.
   operatesvarious instruments and connect them as per the circuit. (L2)
   estimate thecharge carrier concentration and mobility in a semiconductor. (L2)
   Illustrates the applications of hall effect. (L3)
   plotsthe voltage with current and voltage with magnetic field (L3)
5. Determination of Dielectric constant of dielectric material using charging and discharging of capacitor.
   Experimental outcomes:
   operatesvarious instruments and connect them as per the circuit. (L2)
   estimate the dielectric constant of the given substance. (L2)
   Identifies the significance of dielectric constant in various devices. (L2)
6. Magnetic field along the axis of a circular coil carrying current.

Experimental outcomes:

operatesvarious instruments and connect them as per the circuit. (L2)

estimate the magnetic field along the axis of a circular coil carrying current. (L2)

plotsthe intensity of the magnetic field of circular coil carrying current with distance (L3)

7. Rigidity modulus of material of a wire-dynamic method (Torsional pendulum)

Experimental outcomes:

operatesvarious instruments. (L2)

estimate therigidity modules of a given wire (L2)

plotslength of the pendulum (l) with time period T^2 (L3)

8. Determination of hysteresis loss by tracing B-H Curve of ferromagnetic material.

Experimental outcomes:

operatesvarious instruments and connect them as per the circuit. (L2)

estimate thehysteresis loss, coercivity and retentivity of the ferromagnetic material.. (L2)

classifies the soft and hard magnetic material based on B-H curve. (L2)

plotsthe magnetic field H and flux density B (L3)

9. To determine the numerical aperture of a given optical fiber and hence to find its acceptance angle

Experimental outcomes:

operatesvarious instruments and connect them as per the circuit. (L2)

estimate thenumerical aperture and acceptance angle of a given optical fiber. (L2)

Identifies the significance of numerical aperture and acceptance angle of a optical fiber in various engineering applications. (L2)

10. Measurement of magnetic susceptibility by Gouy's method

Experimental outcomes:

operatesvarious instruments and connect them as per the circuit. (L2)

estimate themagnetic susceptibility of the given material. (L2)

Identifies the significance of magnetic susceptibilityin various engineering applications. (L2)

11. Determination of ultrasonic velocity in liquid (Acoustic grating)

Experimental outcomes:

operatesvarious instruments. (L2)

estimatethe velocity of ultrasonic waves in liquids. (L2)

Illustrates the basic applications of ultrasonics. (L3)

12. Determination of pressure variation using Strain Guage sensor.

Experimental outcomes:

Operates various instruments. (L2)

Estimate the pressure variation using strain guage sensor. (L2)

Illustrates the applications of strain gauge sensors. (L3)

13. Determination of temperature change using Strain Guage sensor.

Experimental outcomes:

operatesvarious instruments. (L2)

estimatethe temperature variation using strain guage sensor. (L2)

Illustrates the applications of strain gauge sensors. (L3)

14. Determination of pressure variations using optical fiber sensors.

Experimental outcomes:
    operatesvarious instruments. (L2)
    estimatethe pressure variation using Optical fiber sensor. (L2)
    Illustrates the applications of Optical fiber sensors. (L3)

15. Determination of temperature changes using optical fiber sensors.
    Experimental outcomes:
        operatesvarious instruments. (L2)
        estimatethe temperature variation using Optical fiber sensor. (L2)
        Illustrates the applications of Optical fiber sensors. (L3)

Course Outcomes:

The students will be able to

➢ **Operate** various optical instruments (L2)
➢ **Estimate** wavelength of laser and particles size using laser(L2)
➢ **estimate** the susceptibility and related magnetic parameters of magnetic materials (L2)
➢ **plot** the intensity of the magnetic field of circular coil carrying current with distance (L3)
➢ **evaluate** the acceptance angle of an optical fiber and numerical aperture (L3)
➢ **determine** magnetic susceptibility of the material and its losses by B-H curve (L3)
➢ **identify** the type of semiconductor i.e., n-type or p-type using hall effect (L3)
➢ **Apply** the concepts of sensors for various applications (L2)

Reference Books:

1. S. Balasubramanian, M.N. Srinivasan "A Text book of Practical Physics"- S Chand Publishers, 2017
2. http://vlab.amrita.edu/index.php -Virtual Labs, Amrita University

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B.Tech (CE)– I–I Sem   **L   T   P   C**

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(19A05101P) PROBLEM SOLVING AND PROGRAMMING LAB
(Common to All Branches of Engineering)

Laboratory Experiments#

1. Assemble and disassemble parts of a Computer
2. Design a C program which reverses the number
3. Design a C program which finds the second maximum number among the given list of numbers.
4. Construct a program which finds the kth smallest number among the given list of numbers.
5. Design an algorithm and implement using C language the following exchanges

   a ← b ← c ← d

6. Develop a C Program which counts the number of positive and negative numbers separately and also compute the sum of them.

7. Implement the C program which computes the sum of the first n terms of the series

   Sum = 1 – 3 + 5 -7 + 9

8. Design a C program which determines the numbers whose factorial values are between 5000 and 32565.

9. Design an algorithm and implement using a C program which finds the sum of the infinite series

   $$1 – x^2/2! + x^4/4! – x^6/6! + ...$$

10 Design a C program to print the sequence of numbers in which each number is the sum of the three most recent predecessors. Assume first three numbers as 0, 1, and 1.

11. Implement a C program which converts a hexadecimal, octal and binary number to decimal number and vice versa.

12. Develop an algorithm which computes the all the factors between 1 to 100 for a given number and implement it using C.

13. Construct an algorithm which computes the sum of the factorials of numbers between m and n.

14. Design a C program which reverses the elements of the array.

15. Given a list of n numbers, Design an algorithm which prints the number of stars equivalent to the value of the number. The starts for each number should be printed horizontally.

16. Implement the sorting algorithms a. Insertion sort b. Exchange sort c. Selection sort

d. Partitioning sort.

17. Illustrate the use of auto, static, register and external variables.

18. Design algorithm and implement the operations creation, insertion, deletion, traversing on a singly linked list.

19. Develop a C program which takes two numbers as command line arguments and finds all the common factors of those two numbers.

20. Design a C program which sorts the strings using array of pointers.

The above list is not exhaustive. Instructors may add some experiments to the above list. Moreover, 50% of the experiments are to be changed every academic year. Instructors can choose the experiments, provided those experiments are not repetitions.

Course outcomes: Student should be able to
1. Construct a Computer given its parts (L6)
2. Select the right control structure for solving the problem (L6)
3. Analyze different sorting algorithms (L4)
4. Design solutions for computational problems (L6)
5. Develop C programs which utilize the memory efficiently using programming constructs like pointers.

References:
1. B. Govindarajulu, "IBM PC and Clones Hardware Trouble shooting and Maintenance", Tata McGraw-Hill, 2nd edition, 2002.
2. R.G. Dromey, "How to Solve it by Computer". 2014, Pearson.

JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY ANANTAPUR

B.Tech (CE)– I-I Sem   L T P C
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(19A52101P) COMMUNICATIVE ENGLISH I LAB
(Common to All Branches of Engineering)

Introduction

The course is designed to train students in receptive (listening and reading) as well as productive and interactive (speaking and writing) skills by incorporating a comprehensive, coherent and integrated approach that improves the learners' ability to effectively use English language in academic/ workplace contexts. The shift is from *learning about the language* to *using the language*. On successful completion of the compulsory English language course/s in B.Tech., learners would be confident of appearing for international language qualification/proficiency tests such as IELTS, TOEFL, or BEC, besides being able to express themselves clearly in speech and competently handle the writing tasks and verbal ability component of campus placement tests. Activity based teaching-learning methods would be adopted to ensure that learners would engage in actual use of language both in the classroom and laboratory sessions.

Course Objectives

➢ To expose the students to variety of self instructional, learner friendly modes of language learning
➢ To help the students cultivate the habit of reading passages from the computer monitor. Thus providing them with the required facility to face computer based competitive exams like GRE, TOEFL, and GMAT etc.
➢ To enable them to learn better pronunciation through stress, intonation and rhythm
➢ To train them to use language effectively to face interviews, group discussions, public speaking
➢ To initiate them into greater use of the computer in resume preparation, report writing, format making etc

Course Outcomes
➢ CO1: To remember and understand the different aspects of the English language proficiency with emphasis on LSRW skills
➢ CO2: To apply communication skills through various language learning activities
➢ CO3: To analyze the English speech sounds, stress, rhythm, intonation and syllable division for better listening and speaking comprehension.
➢ CO4: To evaluate and exhibit acceptable etiquette essential in social and professional settings
➢ CO5: To create awareness on mother tongue influence and neutralize it in order to improve fluency in spoken English.

Unit 1
1. Phonetics for listening comprehension of various accents
2. Reading comprehension
3. Describing objects/places/persons

Learning Outcomes

At the end of the module, the learners will be able to
- understand different accents spoken by native speakers of English
- employ suitable strategies for skimming and scanning on monitor to get the general idea of a text and locate specific information
- learn different professional registers and specific vocabulary to describe different persons, places and objects

Unit 2
1. JAM
2. Small talks on general topics
3. Debates

Learning Outcomes

At the end of the module, the learners will be able to
- produce a structured talk extemporarily
- comprehend and produce short talks on general topics
- participate in debates and speak clearly on a specific topic using suitable discourse markers

Unit 3
1. Situational dialogues – Greeting and Introduction
2. Summarizing and Note making
3. Vocabulary Building

Learning Outcomes

At the end of the module, the learners will be able to
- Learn different ways of greeting and introducing oneself/others
- summarize the content with clarity and precision and take notes while listening to a talk/lecture and make use of them to answer questions
- replenish vocabulary with one word substitutes, homonyms, homophones, homographs to reduce errors in speech and writing

Unit4
1. Asking for Information and Giving Directions
2. Information Transfer
3. Non-verbal Communication – Dumb Charade

Learning Outcomes

At the end of the module, the learners will be able to
- Learn different ways of asking information and giving directions
- Able to transfer information effectively

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➢ understand non-verbal features of communication

Unit 5
1. Oral Presentations
2. Précis Writing and Paraphrasing
3. Reading Comprehension and spotting errors

Learning Outcomes

At the end of the module, the learners will be able to
➢ make formal oral presentations using effective strategies
➢ learn different techniques of précis writing and paraphrasing strategies
➢ comprehend while reading different texts and edit short texts by correcting common errors

Reference Books
- English in Action, I st Edition, 2019, Maruthi Publications.
- Bailey, Stephen. *Academic writing: A handbook for international students*. Routledge, 2014.
- Chase, Becky Tarver. *Pathways: Listening, Speaking and Critical Thinking.* Heinley ELT; 2nd Edition, 2018.
- Skillful Level 2 Reading & Writing Student's Book Pack (B1) Macmillan Educational.
- Hewings, Martin. *Cambridge Academic English (B2)*. CUP, 2012.

Sample Web Resources

Grammar/Listening/Writing
1-language.com
http://www.5minuteenglish.com/
https://www.englishpractice.com/

Grammar/Vocabulary
English Language Learning Online
http://www.bbc.co.uk/learningenglish/
http://www.better-english.com/
http://www.nonstopenglish.com/
https://www.vocabulary.com/
BBC Vocabulary Games
Free Rice Vocabulary Game

Reading
https://www.usingenglish.com/comprehension/
https://www.englishclub.com/reading/short-stories.htm
https://www.english-online.at/

Listening

https://learningenglish.voanews.com/z/3613
http://www.englishmedialab.com/listening.html

Speaking

https://www.talkenglish.com/
BBC Learning English – Pronunciation tips
Merriam-Webster – Perfect pronunciation Exercises

All Skills

https://www.englishclub.com/
http://www.world-english.org/
http://learnenglish.britishcouncil.org/

Online Dictionaries

Cambridge dictionary online
MacMillan dictionary
Oxford learner's dictionaries

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B.Tech (CE) –I- II Sem   L   T   P   C

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(19A02201T) BASIC ELECTRICAL & ELECTRONICS ENGINEERING

Part A: Basic Electrical Engineering
(Civil, Mechanical, CSE, CSSE, IT and Food Technology)

Course Objectives:
1. To introduce basics of electric circuits.
2. To teach DC and AC electrical circuit analysis.
3. To explain working principles of transformers and electrical machines.
4. To impart knowledge on low voltage electrical installations

Unit 1:
DC & AC Circuits:
Electrical circuit elements (R - L and C) - Kirchhoff laws - Series and parallel connection of resistances with DC excitation. Superposition Theorem - Representation of sinusoidal waveforms - peak and rms values - phasor representation - real power - reactive power - apparent power - power factor - Analysis of single-phase ac circuits consisting of RL - RC - RLC series circuits.

Unit Outcomes: Able to
- Recall Kirchoff laws (L1)
- Analyze simple electric circuits with DC excitation (L4)
- Apply network theorems to simple circuits (L3)
- Analyze single phase AC circuits consisting of series RL - RC - RLC combinations (L4)

Unit 2:
DC & AC Machines:
Principle and operation of DC Generator - EMF equations - OCC characteristics of DC generator – principle and operation of DC Motor – Performance Characteristics of DC Motor - Speed control of DC Motor – Principle and operation of Single Phase Transformer - OC and SC test on transformer - principle and operation of Induction Motor [Elementary treatment only]

Unit Outcomes: Able to
- Explain principle and operation of DC Generator & Motor.
- Perform speed control of DC Motor (L2)
- Explain operation of transformer and induction motor. (L2)
- Explain construction & working of induction motor - DC motor

Unit 3:
Basics of Power Systems:

Layout & operation of Hydro, Thermal, Nuclear Stations - Solar & wind generating stations – Typical AC Power Supply scheme – Elements of Transmission line – Types of Distribution systems: Primary & Secondary distribution systems.

Unit Outcomes: Able to
- Understand working operation of various generating stations (L2)
- Explain the types of Distribution systems

Text Books:
1. D. P. Kothari and I. J. Nagrath - "Basic Electrical Engineering" - Tata McGraw Hill - 2010.
2. V.K. Mehta & Rohit Mehta, "Principles of Power System" – S.Chand – 2018.

References:
1. L. S. Bobrow - "Fundamentals of Electrical Engineering" - Oxford University Press - 2011.
2. E. Hughes - "Electrical and Electronics Technology" - Pearson - 2010.
3. C.L. Wadhwa – "Generation Distribution and Utilization of Electrical Energy", 3rd Edition, New Age International Publications.

Course Outcomes:
- Apply concepts of KVL/KCL in solving DC circuits (L3)
- Choose correct rating of a transformer for a specific application (L5)
- Illustrate working principles of induction motor - DC Motor (L3)
- Identify type of electrical machine based on their operation.(L1)
- Describe working principles of protection devices used in electrical circuits. (L2)

Part B: Basic Electronics Engineering

Course Objectives:
- To provide comprehensive idea about working principle, operation and applications of PN junction & zener diodes, BJT, FET, MOSFET and operational amplifier
- To introduce fundamentals of digital electronics
- To educate on principles of various communication systems
- To teach efficacy of electronic principles which are pervasive in engineering applications

Unit I:
Analog Electronics
Overview of Semiconductors, PN junction diode, Zener diode, Applications of diode as switch and rectifier, Zener diode as regulator, special purpose diodes: schottky diode, tunnel diode, varactor diode, photodiode, phototransistor and LED.
BJT construction, operation, configuration and characteristics, JFET and MOSFET construction, operation, characteristics (CS configuration), applications
Operational Amplifiers: Introduction, block diagram, basic op-amp circuits: Inverting, Non Inverting, summer, subtractor, voltage follower.

Unit Outcomes:

- Describe operation and characteristics of diodes and transistors (L2)
- Make use of diodes and transistors in simple, typical circuit applications (L3)
- Understand operation of basic op-amp circuits (L2)

Unit II:
Digital Electronics

Introduction, Switching and Logic Levels, Digital Waveform, characteristics of digital ICs, logic gates, number systems, combinational circuits - adders, multiplexers, decoders; introduction to sequential circuits, flip flops, shift register, binary counter.

Unit Outcomes:

- Explain different logic gates using truth table (L2)
- Distinguish combinational and sequential circuits (L2)
- Analyze various combinational circuits such as adders, multiplexers and decoders (L4)
- Understand functionality of flip-flops, shift registers and counters (L2)

Unit III:
Communication Systems

Introduction, Elements of Communication Systems, EM spectrum, basics of electronic communication, Amplitude and Frequency modulation, Pulse modulation, Communication receivers, Examples of communication systems: Microwave & Satellite, Fibre optic, Television, mobile communication (block diagram approach).

Unit Outcomes:

- Describe basic elements of a communication system (L2)
- Explain need for modulation and different modulation techniques (L2)
- Understand functioning of various communication systems (L2)

Text Books:

1. D.P. Kothari, I.J.Nagrath, Basic Electronics, 2nd edition, McGraw Hill Education(India)Private Limited
2. S.K. Bhattacharya, Basic Electrical and Electronics Engineering, 2nd edition, Pearson India Private Limited.

Reference Books:

1. R. Muthusubramanian, S. Salivahanan, "Basic Electrical and Electronics Engineering", Tata McGraw-Hill Education, Reprint 2012.
2. David Bell, Electronic Devices and Circuits: Oxford University Press, 5th EDn., 2008.

JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY ANANTAPUR

B.Tech (CE)– I-II Sem	L	T	P	C
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(19A54201) DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS AND VECTOR CALCULUS
(Civil, Mechanical, EEE, ECE and EIE)

Course Objectives:
1) To enlighten the learners in the concept of differential equations and multivariable calculus.
2) To furnish the learners with basic concepts and techniques at plus two level to lead them into advanced level by handling various real world applications.

UNIT 1:

Linear differential equations of higher order   **8hrs**
Definitions, complete solution, operator D, rules for finding complimentary function, inverse operator, rules for finding particular integral, method of variation of parameters.

Learning Outcomes:
At the end of this unit, the student will be able to
- identify the essential characteristics of linear differential equations with constant coefficients (L3)
- solve the linear differential equations with constant coefficients by appropriate method (L3)

UNIT 2:

Equations reducible to Linear Differential Equations   **8hrs**
Cauchy's and Legendre's linear equations, simultaneous linear equations with constant coefficients, Applications to L-C-R Circuit problems and Mass spring system.

Learning Outcomes:
At the end of this unit, the student will be able to
- classify and interpret the solutions of linear differential equations (L3)
- formulate and solve the higher order differential equation by analyzing physical situations (L3)

UNIT 3:

Partial Differential Equations   **8 hrs**
First order partial differential equations, solutions of first order linear and non-linear PDEs. Solutions to homogenous and non-homogenous higher order linear partial differential equations.

Learning Outcomes:
At the end of this unit, the student will be able to
- apply a range of techniques to find solutions of standard PDEs (L3)
- outline the basic properties of standard PDEs (L2)

UNIT4:

Vector differentiation   **8hrs**
Scalar and vector point functions, vector operator del, del applies to scalar point functions-Gradient, del applied to vector point functions-Divergence and Curl, vector identities.

Learning Outcomes:
At the end of this unit, the student will be able to
- apply del to Scalar and vector point functions (L3)
- illustrate the physical interpretation of Gradient, Divergence and Curl (L3)

UNIT 5:
Vector integration   **8hrs**
Line integral-circulation-work done, surface integral-flux, Green's theorem in the plane (without proof), Stoke's theorem (without proof), volume integral, Divergence theorem (without proof) and applications of these theorems.

Learning Outcomes:
At the end of this unit, the student will be able to
- find the work done in moving a particle along the path over a force field (L4)
- evaluate the rates of fluid flow along and across curves (L4)
- apply Green's, Stokes and Divergence theorem in evaluation of double and triple integrals (L3)

Text Books:
1. Erwin Kreyszig, Advanced Engineering Mathematics, 10/e, John Wiley & Sons, 2011.
2. B.S. Grewal, Higher Engineering Mathematics, 44/e, Khanna publishers, 2017.

Reference Books:
1. Dennis G. Zill and Warren S. Wright, Advanced Engineering Mathematics, Jones and Bartlett, 2011.
2. Michael Greenberg, Advanced Engineering Mathematics, 2/e, Pearson, 2018
3. George B.Thomas, Maurice D. Weir and Joel Hass, Thomas Calculus, 13/e, Pearson Publishers, 2013.
4. R.K.Jain and S.R.K.Iyengar, Advanced Engineering Mathematics, 3/e, Alpha Science International Ltd., 2002.
5. Glyn James, Advanced Modern Engineering Mathematics, 4/e, Pearson publishers, 2011.
6. Micheael Greenberg, Advanced Engineering Mathematics, 9th edition, Pearson edn
7. Dean G. Duffy, Advanced engineering mathematics with MATLAB, CRC Press
8. Peter O'neil, Advanced Engineering Mathematics, Cengage Learning.
9. R.L. Garg Nishu Gupta, Engineering Mathematics Volumes-I &II, Pearson Education
10. B. V. Ramana, Higher Engineering Mathematics, Mc Graw Hill Education.
11. H. k Das, Er. Rajnish Verma, Higher Engineering Mathematics, S. Chand.

12. N. Bali, M. Goyal, C. Watkins, Advanced Engineering Mathematics, Infinity Science Press.

Course Outcomes:
At the end of the course, the student will be able to
  - solve the differential equations related to various engineering fields (L6)
  - Identify solution methods for partial differential equations that model physical processes (L3)
  - interpret the physical meaning of different operators such as gradient, curl and divergence (L5)
  - estimate the work done against a field, circulation and flux using vector calculus (L6)

JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY ANANTAPUR

B.Tech (CE)– I-II Sem   **L   T   P   C**
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(19A51101T) ENGINEERING CHEMISTRY
(MECH and CIVIL)

Course Objectives:
- To familiarize engineering chemistry and its applications
- To impart the concept of soft and hard waters, softening methods of hard water
- To train the students on the principles and applications of electrochemistry, polymers, surface chemistry, and cement

Unit 1:
Water Technology   **(8 hrs)**

Introduction –Soft Water and hardness of water, Estimation of hardness of water by EDTA Method - Boiler troubles **-** scale and sludge, Industrial water treatment – specifications for drinking water, Bureau of Indian Standards(BIS) and World health organization(WHO) standards, zeolite and ion-exchange processes - desalination of brackish water, reverse osmosis (RO) and electrodialysis.

Learning outcomes:
The student will be able to
- **list** the differences between temporary and permanent hardness of water   (L1)
- **explain**the principles of reverse osmosis and electrodialysis.   (L2)
- **compare**quality ofdrinking water with BIS and WHO standards.   (L2)
- **illustrate**problems associated with hard water - scale and sludge**.**   (L2)
- **explain** the working principles of different Industrial water treatment processes (L2)

Unit 2:
Electrochemistry and Applications: (10 hrs)
Electrodes – concepts, electrochemical cell, Nernst equation, cell potential calculations.
Primary cells –**Leclanche cell, Li Battery**
Secondary cells – lead acid, and lithium ion batteries- working of the batteries including cell reactions.
Fuel cells- Basic Principles and Working Principles of hydrogen-oxygen, methanol fuel cells
Corrosion: Introduction to corrosion, electrochemical theory of corrosion, differential aeration cell corrosion, galvanic corrosion, metal oxide formation by dry electrochemical corrosion, Pilling Bedworth ratios and uses, **Factors affecting the corrosion,**cathodic and anodic protection, electroplating and electro less plating (Nickel and Copper).

Learning Outcomes:
At the end of this unit, the students will be able to
- **apply** Nernst equation for calculating electrode and cell potentials (L3)
- **apply** Pilling Bedworth rule for corrosion and corrosion prevention (L3)

- **demonstrate** the corrosion prevention methods and factors affecting corrosion (L2)
- **compare** different batteries and their applications (L2)

Unit 3:
Polymers and Fuel Chemistry: (12 hrs)

Introduction to polymers, functionality of monomers, Mechanism of chain growth, step growth and coordination polymerization,

Thermoplastics and Thermo-setting plastics-: **Preparation, properties and applications of PVC and Bakelite**

Elastomers – **Preparation, properties and applications of Buna S, Buna N, Thiokol**

Fuels – Types of fuels, calorific value, numerical problems based on calorific value; Analysis of coal, **Liquid Fuels** refining of petroleum, fuels for IC engines, knocking and anti-knock agents, Octane and Cetane values, cracking of oils; alternative fuels- propane, methanol and ethanol, bio fuels.

Learning Outcomes:
At the end of this unit, the students will be able to
- **explain** different types of polymers and their applications (L2)
- **Solve the numerical problems based on Calorific value(L3)**
- **select** suitable fuels for IC engines (L3)
- **explain** calorific values, octane number, refining of petroleum and cracking of oils (L2)

UNIT-4
Advanced Engineering Materials   **(8 hrs)**
- Composites- Definition, Constituents, Classification- Particle, Fibre and Structural reinforced composites, properties and Engineering applications
- Refractories- Classification, Properties, Factors affecting the refractory materials and Applications
- Lubricants- Classification, Functions of lubricants, Mechanism, Properties of lubricating oils and Applications
- Building materials- Portland Cement, constituents, phases and reactivity of clinker, Setting and Hardening of cement.

Learning Outcomes:
At the end of this unit, the students will be able to
- explain the constituents of Composites and its classification (L2)
- Identify the factors affecting the refractory material(L3)
- Illustrate the functions and properties of lubricants (L2)
- demonstrate the phases and reactivity of concrete formation (L2)
- identify the constituents of Portland cement (L3)
- enumerate the reactions at setting and hardening of the cement (L3)

Unit 5:
Surface Chemistry and Applications: (10 hrs)

41 Page

Introduction to surface chemistry, colloids, micelle formation, synthesis of colloids (any two methods with examples), chemical and electrochemical methods (not more than two methods) of preparation of nanometals and metal oxides, stabilization of colloids and nanomaterials by stabilizing agents, characterization of surface by physicochemical methods (SEM, TEM, X-ray diffraction), solid-gas interface, solid-liquid interface, adsorption isotherm, BET equation (no derivation) applications of colloids and nanomaterials – catalysis, medicine, sensors.

Learning Outcomes:
At the end of this unit, the students will be able to
- **summarize** the applications of SEM, TEM and X-ray diffraction in surface characterization (L2)
- **explain** the synthesis of colloids with examples (L2)
- **outline** the preparationof nanomaterials and metal oxides (L2)
- **identify** the application of colloids and nanomaterials in medicine, sensors and catalysis (L2)

Text Books:
1. Jain and Jain, Engineering Chemistry, 16/e, DhanpatRai, 2013.
2. Peter Atkins, Julio de Paula and James Keeler, Atkins' Physical Chemistry, 10/e, Oxford University Press, 2010.

Reference Books:
1. H.F.W. Taylor, Cement Chemistry, 2/e, Thomas Telford Publications, 1997.
2. D.J. Shaw, Introduction to Colloids and Surface Chemistry, Butterworth-Heineman,1992.
3. Skoog and West, Principles of Instrumental Analysis, 6/e, Thomson, 2007.

Course Outcomes:
At the end of the course, the students will be able to
- **demonstrate** the corrosion prevention methods and factors affecting corrosion (L2)
- **explain** the preparation, properties, and applications of thermoplastics & thermosettings, elastomers & conducting polymers. (L2)
- **explain** calorific values, octane number, refining of petroleum and cracking of oils (L2)
- **explain the setting and hardening of cement and concrete phase (L2)**
- **summarize** the application of SEM, TEM and X-ray diffraction in surface characterization (L2)

B.Tech (CE)– I-II Sem   **L   T   P   C**
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(19A05201T) DATA STRUCTURES
(Common to All Branches of Engineering)

Course Objectives:
1. To teach the representation of solution to the problem using algorithm
2. To explain the approach to algorithm analysis
3. To introduce different data structures for solving the problems
4. To demonstrate modeling of the given problem as a graph
5. To elucidate the existing hashing techniques

Unit – 1:
Introduction
Algorithm Specification, Performance analysis, Performance Measurement. Arrays: Arrays, Dynamically Allocated Arrays. Structures and Unions. Sorting: Motivation, Quick sort, How fast can we sort, Merge sort, Heap sort

Learning Outcomes :
Student should be able to
1. Analyze the given algorithm to find the time and space complexities.(L4)
2. Select appropriate sorting algorithm (L4)
3. Design a sorting algorithm (L6)

Unit – 2:
Stack, Queue and Linked lists
Stacks, Stacks using Dynamic Arrays, Queues, Circular Queues Using Dynamic Arrays, Evaluation of Expressions, Multiple Stacks and Queues. Linked lists: Singly Linked Lists and Chains, Representing Chains in C, Linked Stacks and Queues, Additional List Operations, Doubly Linked Lists.

Learning outcomes: Student should be able to
1. Evaluate expressions (L5)
2. Develop the applications using stacks and queues (L3)
3. Construct the linked lists for various applications (L6)

Unit – 3:
Trees
Introduction, Binary Trees, Binary Tree Traversals, Additional Binary Tree Operations, Binary Search Trees, Counting Binary Trees, Optimal Binary search Trees, AVL Trees. B-Trees: B-Trees, B + Trees.

Learning outcomes
1. Explain the concept of a tree (L2)

2. Compare different tree structures (L4)
3. Apply trees for indexing (L3)

Unit – 4:
Graphs and Hashing
The Graph Abstract Data Type, Elementary Graph Operations, Minimum Cost Spanning Trees, Shortest Paths and Transitive Closure
Hashing: Introduction to Hash Table, Static Hashing, Dynamic Hashing.

Learning outcomes:
Student should be able to
1. Recognize the importance of Graphs in solving real world problems (L2)
2. Apply various graph traversal methods to applications (L3)
3. Design a minimum cost solution for a problem using spanning trees (L6)
4. Select the appropriate hashing technique for a given application (L5)
5. Design a hashing technique (L6)

Unit – 5:
Files and Advanced sorting
File Organization: Sequential File Organization, Direct File Organization, Indexed Sequential File Organization.
Advanced sorting: Sorting on Several keys, List and Table sorts, Summary of Internal sorting, External sorting.

Learning outcomes: Student should be able to
1. Organize data in the form of Files (L6)
2. Apply sorting on large amount of data (L3)

Text Books:
1. Ellis Horowitz, Sartaj Sahni and Susan Anderson Freed "Fundamentals of Data Structures in C", 2nd Edition, University Press, 2007.
2. Alan L. Tharp, "File Organization and Processing", Wiley and Sons, 1988.

Reference Books:
1. D. Samanta, "Classic Data Structures", 2nd Edition, Prentice-Hall of India, Pvt. Ltd., India, 2012.
2. Peter Bras, "Advanced Data Structures", Cambridge University Press, 2016
3. Richard F.Gilberg, Behrouz A.Forouzan, "Data Structures A Pseudo code Approach with C", SecondEdition, Cengage Learning 2005.

Course Outcomes:
Students should be able to
1. Select Appropriate Data Structure for solving a real world problem (L4)
2. Select appropriate file organization technique depending on the processing to be done (L4)
3. Construct Indexes for Databases (L6)

4. Analyse the Algorithms (L4)
5. Develop Algorithm for Sorting large files of data (L3)

B.Tech (CE)–I- II Sem   **L   T   P   C**

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(19A01201) CIVIL ENGINEERING WORKSHOP

1) Setting out of a building: The student should set out a building (single room only) as per the given building plan using tape only.

2) Setting out of a building: The student should set out a building (single room only) as per the given building plan using tape and cross staff.

3) Construct a wall of height 50 cm and wall thickness 1½ bricks using English bond (No mortar required) - corner portion – length of side walls 60 cm.

4) Construct a wall of height 50 cm and wall thickness 2 bricks using English bond (No mortar required) - corner portion – length of side walls 60 cm.

5) Computation of Centre of gravity and Moment of inertia of a given rolled steel section by actual measurements.

6) Installation of plumbing and fixtures like Tap, T-Joint, Elbow, Bend, Threading etc;

7) Plastering and Finishing of wall

8) Application of wall putty and painting a wall

9) Application of base coat and laying of Tile flooring of one square meter

10) Preparation of soil cement blocks for masonry and testing for compressive strength

11) Casting and testing of Fly ash Blocks

12) Preparation of cover blocks for providing cover to reinforcement

B.Tech (CE)– I-II Sem   **L   T   P   C**
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(19A03102) ENGINEERING GRAPHICS LAB
(Common to All Branches of Engineering)

Course Objectives:
- Bring awareness that Engineering Drawing is the Language of Engineers.
- Familiarize how industry communicates technical information.
- Teach the practices for accuracy and clarity in presenting the technical information.
- Develop the engineering imagination essential for successful design.
- Instruct the utility of drafting & modeling packages in orthographic and isometric drawings.
- Train the usage of 2D and 3D modeling.
- Instruct graphical representation of machine components.

Part A:Manual Drawing: (7 Classes)

Introduction to Engineering graphics: Principles of Engineering Graphics and their significance-Conventions in drawing-lettering - BIS conventions.

a) Conic sections including the rectangular hyperbola- general method only,
b) Cycloid, epicycloids and hypocycloid
c) Involutes   **(2L + 6P hrs)**
Projection of points, lines and planes: Projection of points in any quadrant, lines inclined to one or both planes, finding true lengths, angle made by line. Projections of regular plane surfaces.   **(2L + 6P hrs)**

Projections of solids: Projections of regular solids inclined to one or both planes by rotational or auxiliary views method.   **(1L + 3P hrs)**

Sections of solids: Section planes and sectional view of right regular solids- prism, cylinder, pyramid and cone. True shapes of the sections.   **(1L + 3P hrs)**

Development of surfaces: Development of surfaces of right regular solids-prism, cylinder, pyramid, cone and their sectional parts.   **(1L + 6P hrs)**

Part B: Computer Aided Drafting: (6 Classes)

Introduction to AutoCAD: Basic drawing and editing commands: line, circle, rectangle, erase, view, undo, redo, snap, object editing, moving, copying, rotating, scaling, mirroring, layers, templates, polylines, trimming, extending, stretching, fillets, arrays, dimensions. **(1L + 3P hrs)**

Dimensioning principles and conventional representations.

Orthographic Projections: Systems of projections, conventions and application to orthographic projections. **(3L + 9P hrs)**

Isometric Projections: Principles of isometric projection- Isometric scale; Isometric views: lines, planes, simple solids. **(2L + 6P hrs)**

Text Books:
1. K.L.Narayana & P.Kannaiah, Engineering Drawing, 3/e, Scitech Publishers, Chennai, 2012.
2. Venugopal, Engineering Drawing and Graphics, 3/e, New Age Publishers, 2000

Reference Books:
1. Dhanajay A Jolhe, Engineering Drawing, Tata McGraw-Hill, Copy Right, 2009
2. N.D.Bhatt, Engineering Drawing, 53/e, Charotar Publishers, 2016.
3. Shah and Rana, Engineering Drawing, 2/e, Pearson Education, 2009
4. K.C.John, Engineering Graphics, 2/e, PHI, 2013
5. Basant Agarwal & C.M.Agarwal, Engineering Drawing, Tata McGraw-Hill, Copy Right, 2008.

Course Outcomes:
After completing the course, the student will be able to
- draw various curves applied in engineering. (L2)
- show projections of solids and sections graphically. (L2)
- draw the development of surfaces of solids. (L3)
- use computers as a drafting tool. (L2)
- draw isometric and orthographic drawings using CAD packages. (L3)

Note:
1. Manual (part A) and Computer Aided Drafting (part B) classes can be held in alternative weeks for optimal utilization of computer facilities.
2. External examinations to be conducted both manual and computer mode with equal weight of marks.

Additional Sources
1. Youtube: http-sewor,Carleton.cag,kardos/88403/drawings.html conic sections-online, red woods.edu

JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY ANANTAPUR

B.Tech (CE)–I- II Sem   **L T P C**
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(19A02201P)BASIC ELECTRICAL & ELECTRONICS ENGINEERING LAB
(Civil, Mechanical, CSE, CSSE, IT and Food Technology)
Part A: Electrical Engineering Lab

Course Objectives:
1. To Verify Kirchoff's laws
2. To verify Superposition theorem.
3. To learn performance characteristics of DC Machines.
4. To perform open circuit & Short Circuit test on 1- Phase Transformer.
5. To Study the I – V Characteristics of Solar PV Cell

List of experiments: -
1. Verification of Kirchhoff laws.
2. Verification of Superposition Theorem.
3. Open circuit characteristics of a DC Shunt Generator.
4. Speed control of DC Shunt Motor.
5. OC & SC test of 1 – Phase Transformer.
6. Brake test on 3 - Phase Induction Motor.
7. I – V Characteristics of Solar PV cell
8. Brake test on DC Shunt Motor.

Course Outcomes: Able to
1. Verify Kirchoff's Laws & Superposition theorem.
2. Perform testing on AC and DC Machines.
3. Study I – V Characteristics of PV Cell

Part B: Electronics Engineering Lab

Course outcomes:
- Describe construction, working and characteristics of diodes, transistors and operational amplifiers (L2)
- Demonstrate how electronic devices are used for applications such as rectification, switching and amplification (L2)
- Build different building blocks in digital electronics using logic gates (L3)
- Explain functionality of flip-flops, shift registers and counters for data processing applications (L2)
- Explain functioning of various communication systems (L2)

List of Experiments:
1. Draw and study the characteristics of Semi-conductor diode and Zener Diode
2. Draw and study the input and output characteristics of Transistor in Common Emitter configuration
3. Draw and study the static and transfer characteristics of FET in Common Source Configuration

4. Construct half wave and full wave rectifier circuits. Find ripple factor and plot their output waveforms with and without filters
5. Study the application of Op-amp as an Inverting amplifier, Non-inverting amplifier, Voltage follower, Summer and Subtractor
6. Realization of logic gates, AND, OR, NOT, NAND, NOR, XOR
7. Realization of Adders, Multiplexers and Decoders using logic gates.
8. Realization of flip-flops using logic gates.
9. Conduct an experiment on AM & FM modulation & demodulation, Plot the corresponding modulated and demodulated signals

B.Tech (CE)– I-II Sem　　　　　　　　　　　　　　　**L　T　P　C**
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(19A51101P) ENGINEERING CHEMISTRY LAB
(MECH and CIVIL)

Course Objectives:
- To Verify the fundamental concepts with experiments

List of Experiments:

1. Determination of Hardness of a groundwater sample.
2. pH metric titration of (i) strong acid vs. strong base, (ii) weak acid vs. strong base
3. Determination of cell constant and conductance of solutions
4. Potentiometry - determination of redox potentials and emfs
5. Determination of Strength of an acid in Pb-Acid battery
6. Preparation of a polymer
7. Determination of percentage of Iron in Cement sample by colorimetry
8. Estimation of Calcium in port land Cement
9. Preparation of nanomaterials
10. Adsorption of acetic acid by charcoal
11. Determination of percentage Moisture content in a coal sample
12. Determination of Viscosity of lubricating oil by Red Viscometer 1 &2
13. Determination of Calorific value of gases by Junker's gas Calorimeter

Course Outcomes:
At the end of the course, the students will be able to
- **determine** the cell constant and conductance of solutions (L3)
- **prepare** advanced polymer materials (L2)
- **determine** the physical properties like surface tension, adsorption and viscosity (L3)
- **estimate** the Iron and Calcium in cement (L3)
- **calculate** the hardness of water (L4)

JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY ANANTAPUR

B.Tech (CE) – I-II Sem

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(19A05201P) DATA STRUCTURES LAB
(Common to All Branches of Engineering)

Course Objectives:
1. To introduce to the different data structures
2. To elucidate how the data structure selection influences the algorithm complexity
3. To explain the different operations that can be performed on different data structures
4. To introduce to the different search and sorting algorithms.

Laboratory Experiments
1. String operations using array of pointers
2. Searching Algorithms (With the Number of Key Comparisons) Sequential, Binary and Fibonacci Search Algorithms.
3. Sorting Algorithms: Insertion Sort, Selection Sort, Shell Sort, Bubble Sort, Quick Sort, Heap Sort, Merge Sort, and Radix Sort. Using the system clock, compute the time taken for sorting of elements. The time for other operations like I/O etc should not be considered while computing time.
4. Implementation of Singly Linked List, Doubly Linked List, Circular Linked List
5. Stack implementation using arrays
6. Stack implementation using linked lists
7. Queue implementation using arrays. Implement different forms of queue. While implementing you should be able to store elements equal to the size of the queue. No positions should be left blank.
8. Queue implementation using linked lists
9. Creation of binary search tree, performing operations insertion, deletion, and traversal.
10. Breadth first search
11. Depth first search
12. Travelling sales man problem
13. File operations
14. Indexing of a file
15. Reversing the links (not just displaying) of a linked list.
16. Consider a linked list consisting of name of a person and gender as a node. Arrange the linked list using 'Ladies first' principle. You may create new linked lists if necessary.
17. An expression can be represented in three ways: infix, prefix and postfix. All the forms are necessary in different contexts. Write modules to convert from one form to another form.
18. A table can be defined as a collection of rows and columns. Each row and column may have a label. Different values are stored in the cells of the table.

The values can be of different data types. Numerical operations like summation, average etc can be performed on rows/columns which contain numerical data. Such operations are to be prevented on data which is not numeric. User may like to insert row/columns in the already existing table. User may like to remove row/column. Create table datatype and support different operations on it.

Course Outcomes:
At the end of the course students should be able to
1. Select the data structure appropriate for solving the problem (L5)
2. Implement searching and sorting algorithms (L3)
3. Design new data types (L6)
4. Illustrate the working of stack and queue (L4)
5. Organize the data in the form of files (L6)

JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY ANANTAPUR

B.Tech (CE)– II-I Sem

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(19A54301) COMPLEX VARIABLES, TRANSFORMS AND PARTIAL DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS

(Common to MECH & CIVIL)

Course Objective:

This course aims at providing the student to acquire the knowledge on the calculus of functions of complex variables. The aim is to analyze the solutions of partial differential equations.

UNIT-I:

Complex Variable – Differentiation:

Introduction to functions of complex variable-concept of Limit & continuity- Differentiation, Cauchy-Riemann equations, analytic functions (exponential, trigonometric, logarithm), harmonic functions, finding harmonic conjugate-construction of analytic function by Milne Thomson method-Conformal mappings-standard and special transformations (sin z, e^z, cos z, z^2) Mobius transformations (bilinear) and their properties.

Unit Outcomes:

Students will be able to
- Understand functions of Complex variable and its properties.
- Find derivatives of complex functions.
- Understand the analyticity of complex functions .
- Understand the conformal mappings of complex functions.

UNIT-II:

Complex Variable – Integration:

Line integral-Contour integration, Cauchy's integral theorem, Cauchy Integral formula, Liouville's theorem (without proof) and Maximum-Modulus theorem (without proof); power series expansions: Taylor's series, zeros of analytic functions, singularities, Laurent's series; Residues, Cauchy Residue theorem (without proof), Evaluation of definite integral involving sine and cosine, Evaluation of certain improper integrals (around UNIT circle, semi circle with f(z) not having poles on real axis).

Unit Outcomes:

Students will be able to
- Understand the integration of complex functions.
- Apply Cauchy's integral theorem and Cauchy's integral formula.

- Understand singularities of complex functions.
- Evaluate improper integrals of complex functions using Residue theorem.

UNIT-III:

Laplace Transforms

Definition-Laplace transform of standard functions-existence of Laplace Transform – Inverse transform – First shifting Theorem, Transforms of derivatives and integrals – UNIT step function – Second shifting theorem – Dirac's delta function – Convolution theorem – Laplace transform of Periodic function.Differentiation and integration of transform – solving Initial value problems to ordinary differential equations with constant coefficients using Laplace transforms.

Unit Outcomes:

Studentswill be able to
- Understandthe concept of Laplace transforms and find the Laplace transforms of elementary functions.
- Find the Laplace transforms of general functions using its properties.
- Understand Laplace transforms of special functions (UNIT step function, UNIT Impulse & Periodic).
- Apply Laplace transforms to solve Differential Equations.

UNIT-IV:

Fourier series

Determination of Fourier coefficients (Euler's) – Dirichlet conditions for the existence of Fourier series – functions having discontinuity-Fourier series of Even and odd functions – Fourier series in an arbitrary interval – Half-range Fourier sine and cosine expansions- typical wave forms - Parseval's formula- Complex form of Fourier series.

Unit Outcomes:

Students will be able to
- Understand finding Fourier series expression of the given function.
- Determine Fourier coefficients (Euler's) and identify existence of fourier series of the given function.
- Expand the given function in Fourier series given in half range interval.
- Apply Fourier series to establish Identities among Euler coefficients.
- Find Fourier series of wave forms.

UNIT-V:

Partial Differential Equations & Applications

Formation of partial differential equations by elimination of arbitrary constants and arbitrary functions – Solution of first order PDEs by Lagrange's method- Solution of non linear PDEs (Standard forms)-Solution of second order PDEs by Method of separation of variables – Solutions of one dimensional wave equation, one dimensional heat equation under initial and boundary conditions.

Unit Outcomes:

At the end of this UNIT, the studentswill be able to
- Form Partial Differential Equations.
- Solve Partial Differential Equations of first order.
- Understandthe method of separation of variables.
- Solve applications of Partial Differential Equations.

Course Outcomes:

After the completion of course, students will be able to
- Understand the analyticity of complex functions and conformal mappings.
- Apply Cauchy's integral formula and Cauchy's integral theorem to evaluate improper integrals along contours.
- Understand the usage of Laplace Transforms.
- Evaluate the Fourier series expansion of periodic functions.
- Formulate/solve/classify the solutions of Partial differential equations and also find the solution of one dimensional wave equation and heat equation.

Text Books:

1. B.S.Grewal,"Higher Engineering Mathematics", Khanna publishers, India.
2. Erwin Kreyszig,"Advanced Engineering Mathematics", Wiley India

Reference Books:

1. B.V.Ramana,"Higher Engineering Mathematics", Mc Graw Hill publishers.
2. Alan Jeffrey,"Advanced Engineering Mathematics", Elsevier.

JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY ANANTAPUR

B.Tech (CE)– II-I Sem   **L   T   P   C**
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(19A01301T) STRENGTH OF MATERIALS-I

Course Objectives:

- To make the student understand how to resolve forces and moments in a given system
- To demonstrate the student to determine the centroid and second moment of area
- To impart procedure for drawing shear force and bending moment diagrams for beams.
- To make the student able to analyze flexural stresses in beams due to different loads.
- To enable the student to apply the concepts of strength of materials in engineering applications and design problems.

UNIT-I
Introduction to Mechanics: Basic Concepts, system of Forces Coplanar Concurrent Forces - Components in Space Resultant -Moment of Forces and its Application - Couples and Resultant of Force Systems. Equilibrium of system of Forces: Free body diagrams, Equations of Equilibrium of Coplanar Systems and Spatial systems- **Center of Gravity and moment of inertia**: Introduction – Centroids of rectangular, circular, I, L and T sections - Centroids of built up sections. **Area moment of Inertia**: Introduction – Definition of Moment of Inertia of rectangular, circular, I, L and T sections - Radius of gyration. Moments of Inertia of Composite sections.

Unit Outcomes:

- Understand the basic concepts of forces
- Draw Free body Diagrams for forces
- Determine the centroid and moment of inertia for different cross section areas

UNIT – II
Simple Stresses and Strains:
Types of stresses and strains – Hooke's law – Stress – strain diagram for mild steel – working stress – Factor of safety – lateral strain, Poisson's ratio and volumetric strain – Elastic moduli and the relationship between them – Bars of Varying section – Composite bars – Temperature stresses. Strain energy – Resilience – Gradual, Sudden, impact and shock loadings – simple applications.

Unit Outcomes
- Understand concepts of stresses, strains, elastic moduli and strain energy.
- Evaluate relations between different moduli
- Understand different type's loadings

UNIT – III:
Shear Force and Bending Moment:

Definition of beam – types of beams – Concept of Shear force and bending moment – S.F and B.M diagrams for cantilever, simply supported and over changing beams subjected to point loads, uniformly distributed load, uniformly varying loads and combination of these loads – point of contra flexure – Relation between S.F, B.M and rate of loading at section of a beam.

Unit Outcomes

- Draw the shear force and bending moment diagrams for cantilevers, simply supported beams and Overhanging beams with different loads
- Understand the relationship between shear force and bending moments

UNIT – IV:
Flexural Stresses:
Theory of simple bending – Assumptions – Derivation of bending equation: $M/I = f/Y = E/R$ – Neutral axis – Determination of bending stresses – Section modulus of rectangular and circular sections (Solid and Hallow), I, T, Angle and Channel Sections – Design of simple beam sections.

Unit Outcomes
- Derive bending equations
- Compute the flexural stresses for different cross sections.
- Design beam sections for flexure

UNIT – V:
Shear Stresses:
Derivation of formula-Shear stress distribution across various beam sections like rectangular, circular, triangular, I, T and angle sections. Combined bending and shear.
Analysis of trusses by Method of Joints & Sections.

Unit Outcomes
- Determine shear stresses for different shapes.
- Evaluate effect of combined bending and shear on sections

Course Outcomes:

On completion of the course, the student will be able to:
- Understand the different types of couples and force systems
- Determine the centroid and moment of inertia for different cross-sections
- Understand the concepts of stress, strain, generalized Hooke's law, elastic moduli and strain energy.
- Develop shear force and bending moment diagrams for different load cases.
- Compute the flexural stresses and shear stresses for different loading cases and different cross-sections.

Text Books:

1. S. Timoshenko, D.H. Young and J.V. Rao, "Engineering Mechanics", Tata McGraw-Hill Company.
2. Sadhu Singh, "Strength of Materials", 11th edition2015, Khanna Publishers.

References:
1. S.S.Bhavikatti, "Strength of materials", Vikas publishing house Pvt. Ltd.
2. R. Subramanian, "Strength of Materials", Oxford University Press.
3. R. K. Bansal, "Strength of Materials", Lakshmi Publications House Pvt. Ltd.
4. R.S. Khurmi and N.Khurmi, A text book of "Strength of Materials" "(Mechanics of Solids)", S Chand and Company Limited, Ramnagar, New Delhi-110 055

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B.Tech (CE)– II-I Sem   L   T   P   C
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(19A01302T) FLUID MECHANICS

Course Objectives:

To explain concepts of fluid mechanics used in Civil Engineering.

* To explain basics of statics, kinematics and dynamics of fluids and various measuring techniques of hydrostatic forces on objects.
* To impart ability to solve engineering problems in fluid mechanics
* To enable the students measure quantities of fluid flowing in pipes, tanks and channels
* To teach integral forms of fundamental laws of fluid mechanics to predict relevant pressures, velocities and forces.
* To strengthen the students with fundamentals useful in application-intensive courses dealing with hydraulics, hydraulic machinery and hydrology in future courses.

UNIT -I:

Basic concepts and definitions:

Distinction between a fluid and a solid; Density, Specific weight, Specific gravity, Kinematic and dynamic viscosity; variation of viscosity with temperature, Newton law of viscosity; vapor pressure, boiling point, surface tension, capillarity, Bulk modulus of elasticity, compressibility.

Unit Outcomes

1. Understand basic characteristics of fluids
2. Understand Newton's Law of Viscosity

UNIT -II:

Fluid statics:

Fluid Pressure: Pressure at a point, Pascal's law, pressure variation with temperature, density and altitude. Piezometer, U-Tube Manometer, Single Column Manometer, U Tube Differential Manometer. pressure gauges, Hydrostatic pressure and force: horizontal, vertical and inclined surfaces. Buoyancy and stability of floating bodies.

Unit Outcomes

* Understand concepts of fluid statics.
* Understand different equipment and their applications.
* Demonstrate stability of floating bodies

UNIT -III:

Fluid kinematics:

Classification of fluid flow : steady and unsteady flow; uniform and non-uniform flow; laminar and turbulent flow; rotational and irrotational flow; compressible and incompressible flow; ideal and real fluid flow; one, two and three dimensional flows; Stream line, path line, streak

line and stream tube; stream function, velocity potential function. One, two and three - dimensional continuity equations in Cartesian coordinates.

Unit Outcomes

- Understand fundamentals of fluid kinematics
- Understands different types of fluid flows
- Derivation of Continuity equations of using Cartesian coordinates

UNIT -IV:
Fluid Dynamics:
Surface and body forces; Equations of motion - Euler's equation; Bernoulli's equation – derivation; Energy Principle; Practical applications of Bernoulli's equation : Venturimeter, orifice meter and Pitot tube; Momentum principle; Forces exerted by fluid flow on pipe bend; Vortex Flow – Free and Forced; Definitions of Reynolds Number, Froude Number, Mach Number, Weber Number and Euler Number;

Unit Outcomes

- Demonstrate applications of Bernoulli's equations
- Experiment with different equipments under fluid flow
- Apply principles of fluid dynamics along with governing equations.

UNIT -V:
Analysis Of Pipe Flow: Energy losses in pipelines; Darcy – Weisbach equation; Minor losses in pipelines; Hydraulic Grade Line and Total Energy Line; Concept of equivalent length – Pipes in Parallel and Series.

Unit Outcomes

- Estimate Energy losses in pipelines
- Determine flow characteristics through Pipes.

Course Outcomes:

At the end of the course, the student will be able to:
- Understand the principles of fluid statics, kinematics and dynamics
- Familiarize basic terms used in fluid mechanics
- Understand flow characteristics and classify the flows
- Apply the continuity, momentum and energy principles
- Estimate various losses in flow through channels

Text Books:

1. P. M. Modi and S. M. Seth, "Hydraulics and Fluid Mechanics", Standard Book House
2. C. S. P. Ojha, R. Berndtsson and P. N. Chadramouli, "Fluid Mechanics and Machinery", Oxford University Press, 2010.

References:

1. S.C.Gupta, "Fluid Mechanics and Hydraulic Machines", Pearson publication
2. R. K. Bansal, A text of "Fluid Mechanics and Hydraulic Machines", Laxmi Publications (P) Ltd., New Delhi.
3. K. Subrahmanya, "Theory and Applications of Fluid Mechanics", Tata McGraw Hill
4. N. Narayana Pillai, Principles of "Fluid Mechanics and Fluid Machines", Universities Press Pvt Ltd, Hyderabad. 3rd Edition 2009.
5. K. Subramanya, Open Channel flow, Tata Mc.Grawhill Publishers.

B.Tech (CE)– II-I Sem

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(19A01303T) SURVEYING

Course Objectives:

- To make the student to get well conversant with the fundamentals of various basic methods and instruments of surveying.
- To introduce to the students in identifying reduced level of the ground and its profile for finding areas and volumes of embankments and cuttings.
- To make the student to use angular measuring instruments for horizontal and vertical control.
- To enable the student to set simple horizontal curves.
- To introduce the knowledge construction surveys and usage of modern instrument such as total station.

UNIT– I:
Introduction and Basic Concepts: Introduction, Objectives, classification and principles of surveying, Scales, Shrinkage of Map, Conventional symbols and Code of Signals, Surveying accessories, phases of surveying. Measurement of Distances and Directions Linear distances-Approximate methods, Direct Methods- Chains- Tapes, ranging, Tape corrections, indirect methods- optical methods- E.D.M. method.
Prismatic Compass- Bearings, included angles, Local Attraction, Magnetic Declination, and dip.
Plane table surveying: Introduction, accessories, setting up of plane table, techniques, testing, adjustments, errors, advantages and disadvantages.

Unit Outcomes

- To impart basic concepts of surveying.
- To introduce the usage and applications of linear and angular measurements through chain, tape, compass and plane table.

UNIT – II:
Levelling - Basics definitions, types of levels and levelling staves, temporary adjustments, methods of levelling, booking and Determination of levels- HI Method-Rise and Fall method, Effect of Curvature of Earth and Refraction.
Contouring- Characteristics and uses of Contours, Direct & Indirect methods of contour surveying, interpolation and sketching of Contours.
Computation of Areas and Volumes: Areas - Determination of areas consisting of irregular boundary and regular boundary, Planimeter. Volumes - Computation of areas for level section and two level sections with and without transverse slopes, determination of volume of earth work in cutting and embankments, volume of borrow pits, capacity of reservoirs.

Unit Outcomes

- To impart basic principles in levelling and contouring.
- To calculate the areas of irregular boundaries and volumes of earth work quantities.

UNIT – III:

Theodolite Surveying: Types of Theodolites, Fundamental Lines, temporary adjustments, measurement of horizontal angle by repetition method and reiteration method, measurement of vertical Angle, Trigonometrical levelling when base is accessible and inaccessible.

Traversing: Methods of traversing, traverse computations and adjustments, Gale's traverse table, Omitted measurements.

Unit Outcomes

- To impart basic principles in Trigonometric levelling.
- To inculcate the knowledge of traversing.

UNIT – IV:

Tacheometric Surveying: Principles of Tacheometry, stadia and tangential methods of Tacheometry.

Curves: Types of curves and their necessity, elements of simple circular curve, setting out of simple horizontal circular curves.

Unit Outcomes

- To impart basic principles in Tacheometric surveying.
- To inculcate the knowledge of simple horizontal circular curve setting.

UNIT – V:

Construction surveys: Introduction-staking out buildings-pipelines and sewers-highways-culverts. Bridge surveys-determining the length of a bridge-locating centres of piers- surface surveys and tunnel alignment-underground surveys-connection of surface and underground surveys-levelling in tunnels.

Total station Surveying: Basic principles, applications, comparison with conventional surveying. Electromagnetic wave theory - electromagnetic distance measuring system - principle of working and EDM instruments.

**Unit Outcomes*:*
- To induce the knowledge of construction surveying.
- To inculcate the knowledge of advanced surveying instrument such as total station.

Course Outcomes:

At the end of the course, the student will be able to:
- Calculate angles, distances and levels

- Identify data collection methods and prepare field notes
- Understand the working principles of survey instruments
- Estimate the volumes of earth work
- Able to use modern survey instruments.

Text Books:
1. S.S Bhavikatti, "Surveying theory and Practice", 2nd edition, Dreamtech press, Wiley distributors.
2. C.Venkatramaiah, "Text book of surveying", 2nd edition, Universities press, 2018
3. Hoffman. B, H. Lichtenegga and J. Collins, Global Positioning System –"Theory and Practice", Springer -Verlag Publishers, 2001.

References:
1. Arthur R Benton and Philip J Taety, "Elements of Plane Surveying", McGraw Hill – 2000.
2. Arora K R "Surveying" Vol 1, 2 & 3, Standard Book House, Delhi, 2004.
3. B. C. Punmia, Ashok Kumar Jain and Arun Kumar Jain,"Surveying" (Vol – 1, 2 & 3), - Laxmi Publications (P) ltd., New Delhi.
4. Chandra A M, "Plane Surveying", New Age International Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi, 2002.
5. Bhavikatti "Surveying" Vikas publishing house ltd.
6. S K Duggal, "Surveying" (Vol – 1 & 2), Tata McGraw Hill Publishing Co. Ltd. New Delhi, 2004.
7. R. Agor Khanna Publishers 2015 "Surveying and leveling".
8. R. Subramanian, "Surveying and leveling" Oxford university press, New Delhi.
9. Chandra A M, "Higher Surveying", New age International Pvt. Ltd., Publishers, New Delhi, 2002.
10. S.S Bhavikatti "Surveying and Levelling", Vol. 1 and 2, Dreamtech press, Wiley distributors.

JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY ANANTAPUR

B.Tech (CE)– II-I Sem

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(19A01304) BUILDING MATERIALS AND CONSTRUCTION

Course objectives:
- To impart knowledge on basic building materials such as stone and clay products.
- To teach properties of binding materials such as gypsum, lime and cement.
- To disseminate knowledge on ferrous and non ferrous materials and its applications.
- To explain basic concepts of building components such as stair case and masonry.
- To describe the properties and applications of plumbing, electrical and sanitary fittings.
- To explain the methodology of surface finishes such as pointing, distempering and painting.

UNIT – I
Basic Building materials

Properties and characteristics of Basic building materials – Stone –characteristics of good building stone-types of stone masonry - bricks –characteristics of good quality bricks-manufacturing of bricks-types of bonds in brick work- Cavity wall & hollow block construction - tiles-types of tiles- sand –sources of sand – properties of sand.

Unit Outcomes:

- To understand the properties of stones,.
- To understand the properties of Bricks.
- To understand the properties of Tiles and sand.

UNIT – II:
Binding Materials

Properties and characteristics of Binding materials –**Gypsum:** properties of gypsum plaster, building products made of gypsum and their uses. **Lime:** Manufacture of lime, classifications of limes, properties of lime- putty-characteristics and usage**Cement:** Raw materials used, Process of Manufacturing, Chemical composition, Bouge`s Compounds - Types of cement, Tests on cement – Uses of cement.

Unit Outcomes:
- To understand the properties of Gypsum.
- To understand the properties of Lime.
- To conduct test on Cement.

UNIT – III:
Ferrous & Non-Ferrous Materials

Steel –characteristics of reinforcing steel – Hardness, Tensile, Compression, Impact, wear, and corrosion testing, Micro hardness and indentation fracture toughness, Creep and stress rupture tests, fatigue testing – steel fibers and its applications–**Plastics**: classification, advantages of plastics, Mechanical properties and use of plastic in construction – polypropylene fibers and

its applications–**Glass**: Ingredients, properties, types and use in construction – Glass fibers and its applications

Unit Outcomes*:*
- To conduct various tests for determining the characteristics of steel
- To understand the properties of Plastics as building material
- To understand the properties of glass as building material.

UNIT – IV:
Basics of Building Components:
Components of building, area considerations, Construction Principle and Methods for layout, Damp proofing, antitermite treatment in buildings, Vertical circulation means: stair cases and their types. Different types of floors, and flooring materials.

Unit Outcomes*:*
- To understand the construction procedure of staircase.
- To understand the construction procedure of various types of floorings

UNIT – V:
Internal and External Fittings of a Building:
Doors and Windows: Construction details, types of doors and windows and their relative advantages & disadvantages. Types of roof – Lintelsand Chajjas, Water Supply and Sanitary fittings (Plumbing), Electric Fittings, Mechanical Lifts and Escalators, Fire Fighting and Fire Protection of Buildings. Plastering and its types, pointing, Distempering, Colour washing, Painting .

Unit Outcomes*:*

- To understand the components of doors and windows
- To gain knowledge on plumbing and electrical fittings in building construction
- To learn the procedures for surface finishes such as Plastering, Pointing and Painting

Course Outcomes:
At the end of the course, the student will be able
- To understand the characteristics of various building materials such as stone and clay product.
- To evaluate the properties of the binding materials for their suitability in building construction.
- To apply the ferrous and non-ferrous materials in building construction.
- To understand the construction procedure of various building components such as stair cases, masonry and flooring.
- To understand the installation of electrical, sanitary and plumbing fittings in buildings.

Text Books:

1. SK Duggal, "Building Materials" New Age International
2. BC Punmia, "Building Construction" Laxmi Publication.
3. G.C Sahu and Joygopal Jena, "Building materials and construction", Mc Graw Hill Education

References:

1. PC Varghese, "Building Materials" PHI
2. Mehta, "Building Construction Principles, Materials & Systems" 2/e, Pearson Education Noida.
3. Sandeep Mantri, "Practical building Construction and its Management" Satya Publisher, New Delhi.
4. Adams, "Adams' Building Construction Adams" CRC Press Taylor & Francis Group.

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B.Tech (CE)– II-I Sem

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(19A05304T)PYTHON PROGRAMMING

Course Objectives:

- To learn the fundamentals of Python
- To elucidate problem-solving using a Python programming language
- To introduce a function-oriented programming paradigm through python
- To get training in the development of solutions using modular concepts
- To introduce the programming constructs of python

UNIT – I:

Introduction: What is a program, Running python, Arithmetic operators, Value and Types.

Variables, Assignments and Statements: Assignment statements, Script mode, Order of operations, string operations, comments.

Functions: Function calls, Math functions, Composition, Adding new Functions, Definitions and Uses, Flow of Execution, Parameters and Arguments, Variables and Parameters are local, Stack diagrams, Fruitful Functions and Void Functions, Why Functions.

Unit Outcomes:

Student should be able to
- List the basic constructs of Python.
- Solve the problems by applying modularity principle.

UNIT – II:
Case study: The turtle module, Simple Repetition, Encapsulation, Generalization, Interface design, Refactoring, docstring.
Conditionals and Recursion: floor division and modulus, Boolean expressions, Logical operators, Conditional execution, Alternative execution, Chained conditionals, Nested conditionals, Recursion, Infinite Recursion, Keyboard input.
Fruitful Functions: Return values, Incremental development, Composition, Boolean functions, more recursion, Leap of Faith, Checking types,
Unit Outcomes:

Student should be able to
- Apply the conditional execution of the program.
- Apply the principle of recursion to solve the problems.

UNIT– III:

Iteration: Reassignment, Updating variables, The while statement, Break, Square roots, Algorithms.

Strings: A string is a sequence, len, Traversal with a for loop, String slices, Strings are immutable, Searching, Looping and Counting, String methods, The in operator, String comparison.

Case Study: Reading word lists, Search, Looping with indices.

Lists: List is a sequence, Lists are mutable, Traversing a list, List operations, List slices, List methods, Map filter and reduce, Deleting elements, Lists and Strings, Objects and values, Aliasing, List arguments.

Unit Outcomes:

Student should be able to
- Use the data structure list.
- Design programs for manipulating strings.

UNIT – IV:
Dictionaries: A dictionary is a mapping, Dictionary as a collection of counters, Looping and dictionaries, Reverse Lookup, Dictionaries and lists, Memos, Global Variables.

Tuples: Tuples are immutable, Tuple Assignment, Tuple as Return values, Variable-length argument tuples, Lists and tuples, Dictionaries and tuples, Sequences of sequences.

Files: Persistence, Reading and writing, Format operator, Filename and paths, Catching exceptions, Databases, Pickling, Pipes, Writing modules.

Classes and Objects: Programmer-defined types, Attributes, Instances as Return values, Objects are mutable, Copying.

Classes and Functions:

Unit Outcomes:

Student should be able to
- Apply object orientation concepts.
- Use data structure dictionaries.
- Organize data in the form of files.

UNIT – V:
Classes and Functions: Time, Pure functions, Modifiers, Prototyping versus Planning

Classes and Methods: Object oriented features, Printing objects, The init method, The __str__method, Operator overloading, Type-based Dispatch, Polymorphism, Interface and Implementation

Inheritance: Card objects, Class attributes, Comparing cards, decks, Printing the Deck, Add Remove shuffle and sort, Inheritance, Class diagrams, Data encapsulation.

The Goodies: Conditional expressions, List comprehensions, Generator expressions, any and all, Sets, Counters, defaultdict, Named tuples, Gathering keyword Args,

Unit Outcomes:

Student should be able to

- Plan programs using object orientation approach.
- Illustrate the principle of inheritance.

Course Outcomes:

Student should be able to

- Apply the features of Python language in various real applications.
- Select appropriate data structure of Python for solving a problem.
- Design object oriented programs using Python for solving real-world problems.
- Apply modularity to programs.

Text Books:
1. Allen B. Downey, "Think Python", 2nd edition, SPD/O'Reilly, 2016.

Reference Books:

1. Martin C.Brown, "The Complete Reference: Python", McGraw-Hill, 2018.
2. Kenneth A. Lambert, B.L. Juneja, "Fundamentals of Python", CENGAGE, 2015.
3. R. Nageswara Rao, "Core Python Programming", 2nd edition, Dreamtech Press, 2019

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B.Tech (CE)– II-I Sem
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(19A52301) UNIVERSAL HUMAN VALUES 2: UNDERSTANDINGHARMONY
(Common to all)

Introduction:

This course discusses the role of human values in one's family. It, very briefly, touches issues related to their role in the society and the nature, which needs to be discussed at length in one more semester for which the foundation course names as"H-102 Universal Human Values 2 : "Understanding Harmony" is designed which may be covered in their III or IV Semester.

In the Induction Program, students would get an initial exposure to human valuesthroughUniversalHumanValues–I.Thisexposureistobeaugmentedby this compulsory full semester foundationcourse.

Course Objective:

The objective of the course is four fold:

- Development of a holistic perspective based on self-exploration about themselves (human being), family, society andnature/existence.
- Understanding (or developing clarity) of the harmony in the human being, family, society andnature/existence
- Strengthening ofself-reflection.
- Development of commitment and courage toact.

COURSE TOPICS:

The course has 28 lectures and 14 practice sessions in 5 modules:

Unit -1:

Course Introduction - Need, Basic Guidelines, Content and Process for Value Education

- Purpose and motivation for the course, recapitulation from Universal HumanValues-I
- Self-Exploration–what is it? - Its content and process; 'Natural Acceptance' and Experiential Validation- as the process for self-exploration
- Continuous Happiness and Prosperity- A look at basic Human Aspirations
- Right understanding, Relationship and Physical Facility- the basic requirements for fulfilment of aspirations of every human being with their correct priority
- Understanding Happiness and Prosperity correctly- A critical appraisal of the current scenario
- Method to fulfil the above human aspirations: understanding and living in harmony

at various levels.

Include practice sessions to discuss natural acceptance in human being as the innate acceptance for living with responsibility (living in relationship, harmony and co-existence) rather than as arbitrariness in choice based on liking-disliking

Unit -2:

Understanding Harmony in the Human Being - Harmony in Myself!

- Understanding human being as a co-existence of the sentient 'I' and the material 'Body'
- Understanding the needs of Self ('I') and 'Body' - happiness and physical facility
- Understanding the Body as an instrument of 'I' (I being the doer, seer and enjoyer)
- Understanding the characteristics and activities of 'I' and harmony in 'I'
- Understanding the harmony of I with the Body: Sanyam and Health; correct appraisal of Physical needs, meaning of Prosperity in detail
- Programs to ensure Sanyam andHealth.

Include practice sessions to discuss the role others have played in making material goods available to me. Identifying from one's own life. Differentiate between prosperity and accumulation. Discuss program for ensuring health vs dealing with disease

Unit -3:

Understanding Harmony in the Family and Society- Harmony in Human- Human Relationship

- Understanding values in human-human relationship; meaning of Justice (nine universal values in relationships) and program for its fulfilment to ensure mutual happiness; Trust and Respect as the foundational values of relationship
- Understanding the meaning of Trust; Difference between intention and competence
- Understanding the meaning of Respect, Difference between respect and differentiation; the other salient values in relationship
- Understanding the harmony in the society (society being an extension of family): Resolution, Prosperity, fearlessness (trust) and co-existence as comprehensive Human Goals
- Visualizing a universal harmonious order in society- Undivided Society, Universal Order- from family to world family.

Include practice sessions to reflect on relationships in family, hostel and institute as extended family, real life examples, teacher-student relationship, goal of education etc. Gratitude as a universal value in relationships. Discuss with scenarios. Elicit examples from students' lives

Unit -4:

Understanding Harmony in the Nature and Existence - Whole existence as Coexistence

- Understanding the harmony in theNature
- Interconnectedness and mutual fulfilment among the four orders of nature-recyclability and self-regulation innature
- Understanding Existence as Co-existence of mutually interacting units in all-pervasivespace
- Holistic perception of harmony at all levels ofexistence.

Include practice sessions to discuss human being as cause of imbalance in nature (film "Home" can be used), pollution, depletion of resources and role of technology etc.

Unit -5:

Implications of the above Holistic Understanding of Harmony on Professional Ethics

- Natural acceptance of humanvalues
- Definitiveness of Ethical HumanConduct
- Basis for Humanistic Education, Humanistic Constitution and Humanistic UniversalOrder
- Competence in professional ethics: a. Ability to utilize the professional competence for augmenting universal human order b. Ability to identify the scope and characteristics of people friendly and eco-friendly production systems, c. Ability to identify and develop appropriate technologies and management patterns for above productionsystems.
- Case studies of typical holistic technologies, management models and productionsystems
- Strategy for transition from the present state to Universal Human Order: a. At the level of individual: as socially and ecologically responsible engineers, technologists and managers b. At the level of society: as mutually enriching institutions andorganizations
- Sum up.

Include practice Exercises and Case Studies will be taken up in Practice (tutorial) Sessions eg. To discuss the conduct as an engineer or scientist etc.

Text Book

1. R R Gaur, R Asthana, G P Bagaria, "A Foundation Course in Human Values and Professional Ethics", 2nd Revised Edition, Excel Books, New Delhi, 2019. ISBN 978-93-87034-47-1

2. R R Gaur, R Asthana, G P Bagaria, "Teachers' Manual for A Foundation Course in Human Values and Professional Ethics", 2nd Revised Edition, Excel Books, New Delhi, 2019. ISBN 978-93-87034-53-2

Reference Books

1. JeevanVidya: EkParichaya, ANagaraj, JeevanVidyaPrakashan, Amarkantak, 1999.
2. A.N.Tripathi, "HumanValues", NewAgeIntl.Publishers,NewDelhi,2004.
3. The Story of Stuff (Book).
4. MohandasKaramchandGandhi "TheStoryofMyExperimentswithTruth"
5. E. FSchumacher. "Small is Beautiful"
6. SlowisBeautiful –CecileAndrews
7. J C Kumarappa "Economy of Permanence"
8. PanditSunderlal "Bharat Mein Angreji Raj"
9. Dharampal, "Rediscovering India"
10. Mohandas K.Gandhi, "Hind Swaraj or Indian Home Rule"
11. India Wins Freedom - Maulana Abdul Kalam Azad
12. Vivekananda - Romain Rolland(English)
13. Gandhi - Romain Rolland (English)

MODE OF CONDUCT (L-T-P-C 2-1-0-2)

Lecture hours are to be used for interactive discussion, placing the proposals about the topics at hand and motivating students to reflect, explore and verify them.Tutorial hours are to be used for practice sessions.

While analyzing and discussing the topic, the faculty mentor's role is in pointing to essential elements to help in sorting them out from the surface elements. In other words, help the students explore the important or critical elements.

In the discussions, particularly during practice sessions (tutorials), the mentor encourages the student to connect with one's own self and do self-observation, self-reflection and self-exploration.

Scenarios may be used to initiate discussion. The student is encouraged to take up "ordinary" situations rather than" extra-ordinary" situations. Such observations and their analyses are shared and discussed with other students and faculty mentor, in a group sitting.

Tutorials (experiments or practical) are important for the course. The difference is that the laboratory is everyday life, and practicals are how you behave and work in real life. Depending on the nature of topics, worksheets, home assignments and/or activities are included. The practice sessions (tutorials) would also provide support to a student in performing actions commensurate to his/her beliefs. It is intended that this would lead to development of commitment, namely behaving and working based on basic humanvalues.

OUTCOME OF THECOURSE:

By the end of the course,

- Students are expected to become more aware of themselves, and their surroundings (family, society, nature)
- They would become more responsible in life, and in handling problems with sustainable solutions, while keeping human relationships and human nature in mind.
- They would have better critical ability.
- They would also become sensitive to their commitment towards what they have understood (human values, human relationship and human society).
- It is hoped that they would be able to apply what they have learnt to their own self in different day-to-day settings in real life, at least a beginning would be made in thisdirection.

JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY ANANTAPUR

B.Tech (CE)– II-I Sem   **L   T   P   C**

                                                      0   0   3   1.5

(19A01301P) STRENGTH OF MATERIALS LABORATORY

Course objectives:

By performing this laboratory, the student will be able to know the structural behavior of various materials.

- Tension test.
- Bending test on (Steel/Wood) Cantilever beam.
- Bending test on simply supported beam.
- Torsion test.
- Hardness test.
- Compression test on Open coiled springs
- Compression test on Closely coiled springs
- Compression test on wood/ concrete
- Izod / Charpy Impact test on metals
- Shear test on metals
- Use of electrical resistance strain gauges.
- Continuous beam – deflection test.

Course Outcomes:

By performing the various tests in this laboratory the student will be able to know the structural behaviour various structural elements when subjected to external loads

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B.Tech (CE)– II-I Sem   **L   T   P   C**
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(19A01302P) FLUID MECHANICS LABORATORY

Course objectives:

By performing this laboratory, the student will be able to know the fluid flow measurements by considering different types flow measurement devices.

- Verification of Bernoulli's equation.
- Calibration of Venturimeter.
- Calibration of Orifice meter
- Determination of Coefficient of discharge for a small orifice by constant head method.
- Determination of Coefficient of discharge for a small orifice by variable head method.
- Determination of Coefficient of discharge for an external mouth piece by Constant head method.
- Determination of Coefficient of discharge for an external mouth piece by variable head method.
- Calibration of contracted Rectangular Notch.
- Calibration of contracted Triangular Notch.
- Determination of friction factor
- Determination of loss of head in a sudden contraction.
- Determination of loss of head in a sudden Expansion.

Course Outcomes:

By performing the various tests in this laboratory the student will be able to know the principles of discharge measuring devices and head loss due to sudden contraction and expansion in pipes.

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B.Tech (CE)– II-I Sem   **L   T   P   C**

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(19A01303P) SURVEYING LABORATORY

Course objectives:

By performing this laboratory, the student will be able to know the usage of various surveying equipments and their practical applicability.

- Setting up of Right angles using cross staff
- Plane table survey; finding the area of a given boundary
- Two Point Problem by the plane table survey.
- Fly levelling: Height of the instrument method and rise and fall method.
- Fly levelling; Longitudinal Section and Cross sections of a given road profile.
- Theodolite Survey: Determining the Horizontal and Vertical Angles
- Finding the distance between two inaccessible points using Theodolite
- Tachometric survey: Heights and distance problems using tachometric principles.
- One Exercise on Curve setting.
- Total Station Determination of area using total station. Traversing and Contouring
- Total Station: Determination of Remote height.
- Developing a Contour map

Course Outcomes:

By performing the various tests in this laboratory the student will be able to know the principles of surveying in chain surveying, compass surveying, plane table surveying, levelling, thedolite surveying and total station

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B.Tech (CE)– II-I Sem	L	T	P	C
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(19A99301) ENVIRONMENTAL SCIENCE

Course Objectives:

- To make the students to get awareness on environment
- To understand the importance of protecting natural resources, ecosystems for future generations and pollution causes due to the day to day activities of human life
- To save earth from the inventions by the engineers.

UNIT – I:
Multidisciplinary Nature of Environmental Studies: – Definition, Scope and Importance – Need for Public Awareness.
Natural Resources : Renewable and non-renewable resources – Natural resources and associated problems – Forest resources – Use and over – exploitation, deforestation, case studies – Timber extraction – Mining, dams and other effects on forest and tribal people – Water resources – Use and over utilization of surface and ground water – Floods, drought, conflicts over water, dams – benefits and problems – Mineral resources: Use and exploitation, environmental effects of extracting and using mineral resources, case studies – Food resources: World food problems, changes caused by agriculture and overgrazing, effects of modern agriculture, fertilizer-pesticide problems, water logging, salinity, case studies. – Energy resources:

Unit Outcomes

- To know the importance of public awareness
- To know about the various resources

UNIT – II:
Ecosystems: Concept of an ecosystem. – Structure and function of an ecosystem – Producers, consumers and decomposers – Energy flow in the ecosystem – Ecological succession – Food chains, food webs and ecological pyramids – Introduction, types, characteristic features, structure and function of the following ecosystem:
    a.   Forest ecosystem.
    b.   Grassland ecosystem
    c.   Desert ecosystem
    d.   Aquatic ecosystems (ponds, streams, lakes, rivers, oceans, estuaries)

Biodiversity And Its Conservation : Introduction 0 Definition: genetic, species and ecosystem diversity – Bio-geographical classification of India – Value of biodiversity: consumptive use, Productive use, social, ethical, aesthetic and option values – Biodiversity at

global, National and local levels – India as a mega-diversity nation – Hot-sports of biodiversity – Threats to biodiversity: habitat loss, poaching of wildlife, man-wildlife conflicts – Endangered and endemic species of India – Conservation of biodiversity: In-situ and Ex-situ conservation of biodiversity.

Course Outcomes:

- To know about various echo systems and their characteristics
- To know about the biodiversity and its conservation

UNIT – III:

Environmental Pollution: Definition, Cause, effects and control measures of :

a.	Air Pollution.
b.	Water pollution
c.	Soil pollution
d.	Marine pollution
e.	Noise pollution
f.	Thermal pollution
g.	Nuclear hazards

Solid Waste Management: Causes**,** effects and control measures of urban and industrial wastes – Role of an individual in prevention of pollution – Pollution case studies – Disaster management: floods, earthquake, cyclone and landslides.

Course Outcomes:

- To know about the various sources of pollution.
- To know about the various sources of solid waste and preventive measures.
- To know about the different types of disasters and their managerial measures**.**

UNIT – IV:

Social Issues And The Environment: From Unsustainable to Sustainable development – Urban problems related to energy – Water conservation, rain water harvesting, watershed management – Resettlement and rehabilitation of people; its problems and concerns. Case studies – Environmental ethics: Issues and possible solutions – Climate change, global warming, acid rain, ozone layer depletion, nuclear accidents and holocaust. Case Studies – Wasteland reclamation. – Consumerism and waste products. – Environment Protection Act. – Air (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act. – Water (Prevention and control of Pollution) Act – Wildlife Protection Act – Forest Conservation Act – Issues involved in enforcement of environmental legislation – Public awareness.

Course Outcomes:

- To know about the social issues related to environment and their protection acts.
- To know about the various sources of conservation of natural resources.
- To know about the wild life protection and forest conservation acts.

UNIT – V

Human Population And The Environment: Population growth, variation among nations. Population explosion – Family Welfare Programmes. – Environment and human health – Human Rights – Value Education – HIV/AIDS – Women and Child Welfare – Role of information Technology in Environment and human health – Case studies.
Field Work: Visit to a local area to document environmental assets River/forest grassland/hill/mountain – Visit to a local polluted site-Urban/Rural/Industrial/Agricultural Study of common plants, insects, and birds – river, hill slopes, etc..

Unit Outcomes:
- To know about the population explosion and family welfare programmes.
- To identify the natural assets and related case studies.

Course Outcomes:

At the end of the course, the student will be able to
- Grasp multidisciplinary nature of environmental studies and various renewable and nonrenewable resources.
- Understand flow and bio-geo- chemical cycles and ecological pyramids.
- Understand various causes of pollution and solid waste management and related preventive measures.
- About the rainwater harvesting, watershed management, ozone layer depletion and waste land reclamation.
- Casus of population explosion, value education and welfare programmes.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Text book of Environmental Studies for Undergraduate Courses Erach Bharucha for University Grants Commission, Universities Press.
2. Palaniswamy,"Environmental Studies", Pearson education
3. S.Azeem Unnisa, "Environmental Studies" Academic Publishing Company
4. K.Raghavan Nambiar, "Text book of Environmental Studies for Undergraduate Courses as per UGC model syllabus", Scitech Publications (India), Pvt. Ltd.

REFERENCES:

1. Deeksha Dave and E.Sai Baba Reddy,"Textbook of Environmental Science", Cengage Publications.
2. M.Anji Reddy, "Text book of Environmental Sciences and Technology", BS Publication.
3. J.P.Sharma, Comprehensive Environmental studies, Laxmi publications.
4. J. Glynn Henry and Gary W. Heinke, "Environmental Sciences and Engineering", Prentice hall of India Private limited
5. G.R.Chatwal, "A Text Book of Environmental Studies" Himalaya Pubilishing House
6. Gilbert M. Masters and Wendell P. Ela, "Introduction to Environmental Engineering and Science, Prentice hall of India Private limited.

B.Tech (CE)– II-II Sem	L	T	P	C
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(19A01401) STRENGTH OF MATERIALS-II

Course Objectives

- To teach the student with basic concepts for determination of principal stresses and strains in various structural elements.
- To demonstrate analytical methods for determining strength & stiffness and assess stability of structural members.
- To make the student analyze circular shafts subjected to torsion
- To make the student determine critical loads for columns with different end conditions.

UNIT-I:
Compound Stresses and Strains:
Two dimensional system, stress at a point on a plane, principal stresses and principal planes, Mohr circle of stress, and its applications. Two dimensional stress-strain system, principal strains and principal axis of strain, circle of strain.

Unit Outcomes*:*

- Identify critical planes in two dimensional stress systems
- Estimate principals stresses
- Assess safety of structural elements under principal stresses

UNIT –II:
Deflection of Beams:
Uniformbending – slope, deflection and radius of curvature – Differential equation for elastic line of a beam – Double integration and Macaulay's methods. Determination of slope and deflection for cantilever and simply supported beams under point loads, U.D.L. uniformly varying load-Mohr's theorems – Moment area method – application to simply supported and overhanging beams- analysis of propped cantilever beams under UDL and point loads.

Unit Outcomes*:*

- Understand types of loads acting on beams
- Compute slopes and deflections of beams with different boundary conditions
- Evaluate effect of different loads on propped cantilever beams

UNIT –III:
Torsion:
Theory of pure torsion – Assumptions and Derivation of Torsion formula for circular shaft – Torsional moment of resistance – Polar section modulus – power transmission through shafts

– Combined bending and torsion –. Springs -Types of springs – deflection of close coiled helical springs under axial pull and axial couple – Carriage or leaf springs.

Unit Outcomes

- Analyze members subjected to torsion, combined torsion and bending moment
- Calculate power transmission through shafts
- Estimate energy absorption in springs.

UNIT –IV:
Direct and Bending stresses:
Introduction-eccentric loading – columns with eccentric loading – symmetrical columns with eccentric loading about one axis –about two axes – Unsymmetrical columns with eccentric loading – limit of eccentricity.

Theories of failure:
Maximum Principal stress theory- Maximum shear stress theory- Maximum strain theory- Maximum strain energy theory-Maximum distorsion energy theory

**Unit Outcomes*:*

- To know about the effect of eccentricity effect in columns
- To know about the various theories of failures.

UNIT –V:
Columns and Struts:
Introduction – classification of columns – Axially loaded compression members – Euler's crippling load theory – derivation of Euler's critical load formulae for various end conditions – Equivalent length – Slenderness ratio – Euler's critical stress – Limitations of Euler's theory – Rankine – Gordon formula – eccentric loading and Secant formula – Prof. Perry's formula.

Unit Outcomes

- Classify columns
- Understand Euler's theory on columns and assess crippling loads
- Analyze compression members using different theories
- Assess load carrying capacity using different formulae

Course Outcomes:

On completion of the course, the student will be able to:
- Understand principal stresses and principal planes.
- Determine deflection at any point on a beam under simple and combined loads
- Analyze members under torsion, deformation in springs,
- Know the effect of eccentricity of load in columns; apply failure criteria to implement in design of structural members.

- Know the crippling load for the columns.

Text Books:

1. R.S.Khurmi and N.Khurmi, "Strength of Materials (Mechanics of Solids)", S Chand And Company Limited, Ramnagar, New Delhi-110 055
2. R. K. Bansal, "Strength of Materials", Laxmi Publications (P) Ltd., New Delhi.
3. B. S. Basavarajaiah and P. Mahadevappa, "Strength of Materials" 3rd Edition 2010, in SI UNITs, Universities Press Pvt Ltd, Hyderabad.
4. S.S. Bhavikatti, "Strength of Materials", Fourth edition, Vikas Publishing House, Pvt. Ltd.

References:

1. B. C. Punmia Strength of Materials by.- Laxmi publications.
2. D. S. Prakasa Rao Strength of Materials by, Universities Press Pvt Ltd, Hyderabad.
3. Schaum's outline series Strength of Materials, Mc Graw hill International Editions.
4. L.S. Srinath, Strength of Materials, Macmillan India Ltd., New Delhi.

B.Tech (CE)– II-II Sem   **L   T   P   C**
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(19A01402T) HYDRAULICS AND HYDRAULIC MACHINERY

Course Objectives:

- To Introduce concepts of laminar and turbulent flows
- To teach principles of uniform and non-uniform flows through open channel.
- To impart knowledge on design of turbines.
- To impart knowledge on design of pumps.

UNIT -I:
Laminar & Turbulent flow in pipes:
Laminar Flow- Laminar flow through: circular pipes, annulus and parallel plates. Stoke's law, Measurement of viscosity. Reynolds experiment, Transition from laminar to turbulent flow. Resistance to flow of fluid in smooth and rough pipes-Moody's diagram – Introduction to boundary layer theory.

Unit Outcomes

- Understand Laminar Flow through plates
- Understand Turbulent flow and transition
- Apply energy and momentum principles to fluid flow situations
- Solve problems for forces in static and moving fluids

UNIT -II:
Uniform flow in Open Channels:
Open Channel Flow-Comparison between open channel flow and pipe flow, geometrical parameters of a channel, classification of open channels, classification of open channel flow, Velocity Distribution of channel section. Uniform Flow-Continuity Equation, Energy Equation and Momentum Equation, Characteristics of uniform flow, Chezy's formula, Manning's formula. Computation of Uniform flow.

Unit Outcomes

- Differentiate open and closed channel flows
- Understand different formulae on open channel flow
- Design open-channel flow systems.

UNIT III:
Non-Uniform flow in Open Channels:
Specific energy, critical flow, discharge curve, Specific force, Specific depth, and Critical depth. Measurement of Discharge and Velocity – Broad Crested Weir. Gradually Varied Flow-Dynamic Equation of Gradually Varied Flow. Hydraulic Jump and classification - Elements and characteristics- Energy dissipation.

Unit Outcomes

- Understand the concepts of varying flow in pipes
- Measure discharge and velocity
- Understand gradually varied flow
- Solve introductory problems of forces and dynamics

UNIT -IV:

Impact of Jets: Hydrodynamic force of jets on stationary and moving flat, inclined and curved vanes - velocity triangles at inlet and outlet - Work done and efficiency

Hydraulic Turbines: Classification of turbines; pelton wheel and its design. Francis turbine and its design - efficiency - Draft tube: theory - characteristic curves of hydraulic turbines. Cavitation: causes and effects.

Unit Outcomes

- Understand hydrodynamic force of jets different vanes
- Calculate efficiency of jets
- Understand and design Pelton wheel, Francis and Kaplan turbine

UNIT -V:

Pumps:

Working principles of a centrifugal pump, work done by impeller; heads, losses and efficiencies; minimum starting speed; Priming; specific speed; limitation of suction lift, net positive suction head (NPSH); Performance and characteristic curves; Cavitation effects; Multistage centrifugal pumps; troubles and remedies – Introduction to Reciprocating Pump.

Unit Outcomes

- Understand principles of centrifugal pumps
- Calculate losses and efficiencies of centrifugal pumps
- Design centrifugal pumps including multi stage pumps.

Course Outcomes:

At the end of the course, the student will be able to
- Understand characteristics of laminar and turbulent flows.
- Analyze characteristics for uniform and non-uniform flows in open channels.
- Design different types of turbines
- Design centrifugal and multi stage pumps.

Text Books:

1. P. M. Modi and S. M. Seth, "Hydraulics and Fluid Mechanics", Standard Book House
2. K. Subramanya, Open channel Flow, Tata McGraw Hill.

References:

1. Rajput, "Fluid Mechanics and Fluid Machines" , S. Chand & Co
2. D. S. Kumar,"Fluid Mechanics & Fluid Power Engineering", Kataria & Sons.
3. Srinivasan, Open channel flow by, Oxford University Press
4. Banga & Sharma, "Hydraulic Machines", Khanna Publishers.
5. S.C.Gupta, "Fluid Mechanics and Hydraulic Machines", Pearson publications,

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B.Tech (CE)– II-II Sem   **L   T   P   C**
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(19A01403) STRUCTURAL ANALYSIS-I

Course objectives:

- To impart knowledge on energy theorems.
- To enable the student analyze indeterminate trusses
- To make the student to understand the analysis procedures for analyzing fixed and
- Continuous beams.
- To enable the student to undergo analysis procedure using slope deflection method.
- To illustrate analysis procedure using moment distribution method.
- To demonstrate various methods of analysis of structural members such as indeterminate beams, frames, etc. which enables the student to solve for forces in various complex structural systems.

UNIT – I:
Energy Theorems: Introduction-Strain energy in linear elastic system, expression of strain energy due to axial load, bending moment and shear force – Castigliano's first theorem - Deflections of simple beams and pin jointed trusses.

Unit Outcomes

- Understand Energy concepts
- Develop expression for strain energy due to axial load Bending moment and shear force
- Calculate deflections in simple beams and pin joined trusses
- Analyze simple structural elements using energy principles.

UNIT – II:
Analysis of Indeterminate Structures: Indeterminate Structural Analysis – Determination of static and kinematic indeterminacies – Solution of trusses up to two degrees of internal and external indeterminacy – Castigliano's second theorem.

Unit Outcomes

- Differentiate determinate and indeterminate structures
- Understand static and kinematic indeterminacies
- Solve truss problems

UNIT – III:

Fixed Beams & Continuous Beams : Introduction to statically indeterminate beams- theorem of three moments-uniformly distributed load, central point load, eccentric point load, number of point loads, uniformly varying load, couple and combination of loads – Shear force and Bending moment diagrams –effect of sinking of support, effect of rotation of a support.

Unit Outcomes

- Categorize fixed and continuous beams and their performance
- Understand different loads on beams with different boundary conditions.
- Analyze the beams subjected to loads
- Study effect of sinking of supports of performance

UNIT – IV:
Slope-Deflection Method: Introduction- derivation of slope deflection equation- application to continuous beams with and without settlement of supports- Analysis of single bay, single storey, portal frame including side sway.

Unit Outcomes

- Develop slope deflection expressions
- Analyze structures with and without support sinking
- Analyze 2D frames using slope-deflection method.

UNIT – V:
Moment Distribution Method: Introduction to moment distribution method- application to continuous beams with and without settlement of supports. Analysis of single storey portal frames – including Sway.

Unit Outcomes

- Develop moment distribution expressions
- Analyze structures with and without support sinking
- Analyze single storey portal frames

Course Outcomes

At the end of the course student will be able to
- Apply energy theorems for analysis of indeterminate structures
- Analyze indeterminate structures with yielding of supports
- Analyze beams using slope deflection and moment distribution methods
- Analyze portal frames using slope deflection and moment distribution methods

Text Books:

1. S.S. Bhavikatti, "Structural Analysis", Volume 1 and 2, Vikas Publishing House, Pvt. Ltd.
2. S. Ramamurtham, "Theory of Structures", Dhanpat Rai Publishing Company (p) Ltd, 2009
3. C. S. Reddy, "Basic Structural Analysis", Tata McGraw Hill

References:

1. Timoshenko & Young, "Theory of Structures", Tata McGraw Hill
2. S. B.Junarkar, "Structural Mechanics" Vol I & II, Charotar Publishers
3. C. K. Wang, "Intermediate Structural Analysis", McGraw Hill

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B.Tech (CE)– II-II Sem   **L   T   P   C**

(19A01404T) CONRETE TECHNOLOGY

Course objectives:
- To explain the functional role of ingredients of concrete and apply this knowledge to mix design philosophy
- To develop fundamental knowledge in the fresh and hardened properties of concrete
- To inculcate the testing methodology to evaluate the properties of concrete during fresh and hardened stage
- To impart the knowledge on the behavior of concrete with response to stresses developed.
- To impart the knowledge on the special concretes And design a concrete mix which fulfils the required properties for fresh and hardened concrete

UNIT – I:
Ingredients of concrete:
Cement-chemical composition-hydration process-Bogue's compound-Tests on properties of cement-Types of cement - I.S. Specifications. Aggregates- classification of aggregate – tests on properties of aggregates - characteristics of aggregate - I.S. Specifications. Water-quality of water - characteristics of water - I.S. Specifications. Admixtures – classification of chemical admixtures – properties and limitations – classification of mineral admixtures – properties and limitations - I.S. Specifications.

Unit Outcomes

- List different ingredients of concrete
- Conduct tests on materials
- Explain characteristics of water
- Understand conformity to IS Codes

UNIT – II:
Properties of concrete:
Fresh concrete: Mixing of concrete-workability-factors influencing workability-measurement of workability for conventional concrete (Slump Cone, Compaction Factor and Vee-Bee test) & SCC (V-Funnel, L-Box, U- Box, Slump Flow and J–Ring). **Hardened concrete**: Water/Cement Ratio(Abram's Law)-Gel Space Ratio-tests on hardened concrete-Destructive Tests (Compression, Split Tensile and Flexural)-Semi Destructive Tests (Core Cutter and Pull out test) and Non Destructive Tests (Rebound Hammer-UPV - Radiological methods) .

Unit Outcomes

- List various properties of fresh concrete
- Conduct experiments for determination of fresh concrete properties
- List various properties of hardened concrete

- Conduct experiments for determination of hardened concrete properties
- Carryout Non Destructive tests on Concrete

UNIT – III:
Elasticity, Shrinkage and Creep:
Curing of concrete -methods of curing-effects of improper curing-self curing-Modulus of Elasticity-Poisson's Ratio-Dynamic Modulus of Elasticity- Shrinkage and various types - Factors Affecting Shrinkage-Moisture Movement-Creep of Concrete-Factors Influencing Creep.

Unit Outcomes

- Understand curing methods and its importance
- Understand phenomenon of shrinkage and creep of concrete.
- Evaluate factors influencing creep and concrete

UNIT– IV:
Concrete Mix Design:
Proportioning of Concrete Mixes-factors influencing - Road Note. No. 4 and IS Code Methods- IS 456 provisions on Durability-Quality Control and Statistical Methods – Mix Design of High Strength concrete (using ACI method).

Unit Outcomes

- Study properties of concrete mixes
- Design concrete mixes using different methods
- Estimate quantities for target strength of concretes

UNIT – V:
Special Concretes:
Light Weight Concretes –Light Weight Aggregate Concrete- Cellular Concrete - No Fines Concrete-High Density Concrete – Fiber Reinforced Concrete-Polymer Concrete-Self Compacting Concrete and its Mix Design using EFNARC guidelines.
Unit Outcomes
- Label different types of special concretes with the objectives
- Understand properties of special concretes.

Course Outcomes:

At the end of the course student is able to
- Understand various ingredients of concrete and their role.
- Examine knowledge on the fresh and hardened properties of concrete.
- Design concrete mixes using various methods.
- Perceive special concretes for accomplishing performance levels.

Text Books:

1. A. M. Neville,"Properties of Concrete", Pearson Publication – 4th Edition
2. M.S. Shetty, A. K. Jain, "Concrete Technology Theory and Practice", S. Chand and Company Limited, New Delhi

References:

1. M. L. Gambhir, "Concrete Technology", Tata Mc. Graw Hill Publishers, New Delhi
2. N. Krishna Raju, "Design of Concrete Mixes", CBS Publishers.
3. P. K. Mehta And J. M. Monteiro, "Concrete: Micro Structure, Properties and Materials" Mc-Graw Hill Publishers
4. J. Prasad, C.G.K. Nair, "Non-Destructive Test and Evaluation of Materials", Tata Mcgraw Hill Publishers, New Delhi

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B.Tech (CE)– II-II Sem

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(19A01405T) TRANSPORTATION ENNGINEERING

Course Objectives:

- To impart knowledge on highway development.
- To teach concepts of Geometric design and alignment.
- To throw light on different traffic surveys.
- To teach design of highway intersections
- To impart knowledge on highway materials and design of pavements

UNIT –I:
Highway development and planning:
Highway development in India – Necessity for Highway Planning- Road Development Plans- Classification of Roads- Road Network Patterns – Highway Alignment and Influencing Factors - Engineering Surveys.

Unit Outcomes*:

- Understand importance of highway development
- Classify highways based on hierarchy.

UNIT –II:
Highway Geometric Design:
Geometric Design- Design Criteria- Cross Section Elements- Sight Distances - Stopping Sight Distance, Overtaking Sight Distance and Intermediate Sight Distance- Design of Horizontal Alignment- Design of Super elevation and Extra widening- Design of Transition Curves- Design of Vertical alignment-Gradients- Vertical curves.

Unit Outcomes

- Understand different aspects governing highway geometric design.
- Design vertical and horizontal alignment of highways

UNIT –III:
Traffic Engineering and Regulation:
Basic Parameters - Traffic Volume Studies- Data Collection and Presentation-Speed Studies-Data Collection and Presentation- Parking Studies and Characteristics- Road Accidents-Causes and Preventive Measures- Accident Data Recording – Condition Diagram and Collision Diagrams - Road Traffic Signs – Road markings.

Unit Outcomes

- Identify need and methods of Traffic Surveys.

- Understand importance of parking and related surveys.
- Understand the role of engineering in road safety.

UNIT –IV:
Intersection design:
Conflicts at Intersections- Types of Intersections – Channelization –Traffic Islands and Design At- grade intersections and Grade separated intersections- Rotary Intersection and Design elements.

Unit Outcomes

- Understand the objectives of channelization.
- Understand the types of intersections and their design features.

UNIT – V:
Highway materials and Pavement design:
Highway materials – Road aggregates-desirable properties-tests on road aggregates. Bituminous materials – tests on bituminous materials. Flexible and Rigid Pavements – Components and Functions – design of Flexible pavement (G.I method and CBR Method as per IRC 37) –Design of Rigid pavements – Westergaard's stress equations – CC pavements design-stresses in pavements.

Unit Outcomes
- Understanding the suitability of highway materials and tests on them
- Understand the types of pavements and their structural properties.
- Design of rigid and flexible pavements**.**

Course Outcomes:

On completion of the course, the students will be able to:
- Understand the importance of highways in economic development of nation.
- Understand the history of road development in India and various road development plans.
- Identify the highway materials and tests related to them.
- Design horizontal and vertical alignment aspects.
- Understand the surveys required for highway planning and design.
- Differentiate between types of pavements and their design features.

Text Books:

1. S. K. Khanna and C. E. G. Justo, "Highway Engineering", Nemchand & Bros., 7th edition (2000).
2. C.Venkataramaiah, "Transportation Engineering" (Vol – I), Universities Press Pvt Ltd, Hyderabad.

References:

1. L. R. Kadiyali and Lal, "Principles and Practice of Highway Engineering Design", Khanna Publications.
2. R. Srinivasa Kumar, "Highway Engineering", Universities Press Pvt Ltd, Hyderabad. 2011.
3. S K Sharma, " Highway Engineering", S. Chand and Company Limited, New Delhi
4. *S P Chandola, "Transportation Engineering",*S. Chand and Company Limited, New Delhi

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B.Tech (CE)– II-II Sem	**L**	**T**	**P**	**C**
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(19A01406) ENVIRONMENTAL ENGINEERING

Course Objectives:

- To teach requirements of water and its treatment.
- To impart knowledge on sewage treatment methodologies.
- To provide facts on Air pollution and control.
- To enable with design concepts of wastewater treatment UNITs
- To throw light on importance of plumbing.

UNIT I:
Water quality and treatment:
Water quality: Sources of Water and quality issues, water quality requirement for different beneficial uses, Water quality standards, water quality indices, water safety plans, Water Supply systems, Need for planned water supply schemes, Water demand industrial and agricultural water requirements, Components of water supply system; Transmission of water, Distribution system, Various valves used in W/S systems, service reservoirs and design.
Water Treatment: aeration, sedimentation, coagulation flocculation, filtration, disinfection, advanced treatments like adsorption, ion exchange, membrane processes

Unit Outcomes

- Understand importance of water quality
- Explain water quality standards
- Plan water supply systems in terms of transmission and distribution
- Categorize different water treatment procedures

UNIT II:
Sewage and Treatment:
Domestic and Storm water, Quantity of Sewage, Sewage flow variations. Conveyance of sewage- Sewers, shapes design parameters, operation and maintenance of sewers, Sewage pumping; Sewerage, Sewer appurtenances, Design of sewerage systems. Small bore systems, Storm Water- Quantification and design of Storm water; Sewage and Sullage, Pollution due to improper disposal of sewage, National River cleaning plans, Wastewater treatment – COD & BOD- aerobic and anaerobic treatment systems, suspended and attached growth systems, recycling of sewage – quality requirements for various purposes.

Unit Outcomes

- Distinguish characteristics of domestic and storm water
- Plan Sewage treatment and disposal methodologies
- Assess quality of waste water parameters
- Design waste water treatment systems leading to cleaning of rivers

UNIT III:
Air Pollution;

Composition and properties of air, Quantification of air pollutants, Monitoring of air pollutants, Air pollution- Occupational hazards, Urban air pollution automobile pollution, Chemistry of combustion, Automobile engines, quality of fuel, operating conditions and interrelationship. Air quality standards, Control measures for Air pollution, construction and limitations.

Unit Outcomes

- Identify causes and types of air pollution
- Understand occupational hazards due to different pollutions
- Assess air quality parameters
- Design methodologies to control air pollution

UNIT IV:
Solid Waste Management-
Municipal solid waste-Composition - chemical and physical parameters - Collection, transport, treatment and disposal. waste from commercial establishments and other urban zones-construction activities - biomedical wastes, Effects of solid waste on environment. Disposal of solid waste- Disposal methods- Integrated solid waste management.

Unit Outcomes

- Segregate different types of municipal wastes
- Understand stages of handling municipals solid wastes
- Sewage treatment and disposal methodologies
- Design solid waste disposal leading to integrated solid waste management

UNIT V:
Domestic Plumbing
Types of home plumbing systems for water supply and waste water disposal, high rise building plumbing-Pressure reducing valves, Break pressure tanks, Storage tanks, Building drainage for high rise buildings, various kinds of fixtures and fittings. Role of Government authorities in water supply, sewerage disposal.

Unit Outcomes

- Understand the importance of plumbing.
- Explain different plumbing techniques

Course Outcomes:

At the end of the course, the student will be able to:
- Understand about quality of water and purification process
- Select appropriate technique for treatment of waste water.
- Assess the impact of air pollution
- Understand consequences of solid waste and its management.

- Design domestic plumbing systems.

Text Books:

1. G. S. Birdi,"Water supply and sanitary Engineering", Dhanpat Rai & Sons Publishers.
2. Peavy, H.S, Rowe, D. R. Tchobanoglous, "Environmental Engineering", Mc-Graw – Hill International Editions, New York 1985.

References:

1. B.C. Punmia, Ashok Jain & Arun Jain, "Water Supply Engineering", Vol. 1, Waste water Engineering, Vol. II, Laxmi Publications Pvt. Ltd, New Delhi.
2. MetCalf and Eddy,"Wastewater Engineering", Treatment, Disposal and Reuse, Tata McGraw- Hill, New Delhi.
3. S. M. Patil, "Plumbing EngineeringTheory, Design and Practice",1999.
4. K. N. Duggal, "Elements of Environmental Engineering", S. Chand Publishers.

JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY ANANTAPUR

B.Tech (CE)– II-II Sem   **L   T   P   C**

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(19A01402P) HYDRAULIC MACHINERY LAB

Course Objectives:

The object of the course is to make the students understand the working principles of vanes under impact of water jets, various turbines and pumps

Laboratory Experiments:
- Impact of jet on vanes
- Study of Hydraulic jump.
- Performance test on Pelton wheel turbine
- Performance test on Francis turbine.
- Efficiency test on centrifugal pump.
- Efficiency test on reciprocating pump.
- Efficiency test on multi stage centrifugal pump.
- Head loss due to bend
- Experiment on turbine flow meter (water meter)
- Partial flume experiment.
- Flow transitions – flow over hump above ground in open channel.
- Flow transitions – flow over hump below (Depression) ground in open channel.

Course Outcomes:

By performing the various tests in this laboratory the student will be able to know the performance of various hydraulic machinery and flow characteristics.

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(19A01405P) TRANSPORTATION ENGINEERING LAB

Course Objectives:

The object of the course is to enable the students to identify the physical characteristics of aggregates and bitumen.

Laboratory Experiments:

Road Aggregates:
- Aggregate Crushing value Test.
- Aggregate Impact Test.
- Abrasion Test.
- Shape tests
- II. BITUMINOUS MATERIALS:
- Penetration Test.
- Ductility Test.
- Softening Point Test.
- Flash and fire point tests.

Course Outcomes:

By performing the various tests in this laboratory the student will be able to know the physical characteristics of aggregates and bitumen

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B.Tech – II-II Sem   **L   T   P   C**
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(19A99302) BIOLOGY FOR ENGINEERS

Course Objectives: To provide basic understanding about life and life Process. Animal an plant systems. To understand what bimolecules, are, their structures are functions. Application of certain bimolecules in Industry.

- Brief introduction about human physiology and bioengineering.
- To understand hereditary units, i.e. DNA (genes) and RNA and their synthesis in living organism.
- How biology Principles can be applied in our daily life using different technologies.
- Brief introduction to the production of transgenic microbes, Plants and animals.

Unit I:
Introduction to Basic Biology

Cell as Basic unit of life, cell theory, Cell shapes, Cell structure, Cell cycle. Chromosomes. Prokaryotic and eukaryotic Cell. Plant Cell, Animal Cell, Plant tissues and Animal tissues, Brief introduction to five kingdoms of classification.

Unit Outcomes:

After completing this unit, the student will be able to
- Summarize the basis of life. (L1)
- Understand the difference between lower organisms (prokaryotes) from higher organisms (eukaryotes). (L2)
- Understand how organisms are classified. (L3)

Unit II:

Introduction to Biomolecules

Carbohydrates, lipids, proteins, Vitamins and minerals, Nucleic acids (DNA and RNA) and their types. Enzymes, Enzyme application in Industry. Large scale production of enzymes by Fermentation.

Unit Outcomes:

After completing this unit, the student will be able to
- Understand what are biomolecules? their role in living cells, their structure, function and how they are produced. (L1)
- Interpret the relationship between the structure and function of nucleic acids. (L2)
- Summarize the applications of enzymes in industry. (L3)
- Understand what is fermentation and its applications of fermentation in industry. (L4)

Unit III:

Human Physiology

Nutrition: Nutrients or food substances. Digestive system, Respiratory system, (aerobic and anaerobic Respiration). Respiratory organs, respiratory cycle. Excretory system.

Unit Outcomes:

After completing this unit, the student will be able to
- Understand what nutrients are (L1)
- Understand the mechanism and process of important human functions (L2 & L3)

Unit IV:

Introduction to Molecular Biology and recombinant DNA Technology

Prokaryotic gene and Eukaryotic gene structure. DNA replication, Transcription and Translation. rDNA technology. Introduction to gene cloning.

Unit Outcomes:

After completing this unit, the student will be able to
- Understand and explain about gene structure and replication in prokaryotes and Eukaryotes (L1)
- How genetic material is replicated and also understands how RNA and proteins are synthesized. (L2)
- Understand about recombinant DNA technology and its application in different fields.(L3)
- Explain what is cloning. (L4)

Unit V:

Application of Biology

Brief introduction to industrial Production of Enzymes, Pharmaceutical and therapeutic Proteins, Vaccines and antibodies. Basics of biosensors, biochips, Bio fuels, and Bio Engineering. Basics of Production of Transgenic plants and animals.

Unit Outcomes:

After completing this unit, the student will be able to Understand.
- How biology is applied for production of useful products for mankind.(L1)
- What are biosensors, biochips etc. (L2)
- Understand transgenic plants and animals and their production (L3)

Course Outcomes:

After studying the course, the student will be able to:

- Explain about cells and their structure and function. Different types of cells and basics for classification of living Organisms.
- Explain about biomolecules, their structure and function and their role in the living organisms. How biomolecules are useful in Industry.
- Briefly about human physiology.
- Explain about genetic material, DNA, genes and RNA how they replicate, pass and preserve vital information in living Organisms.
- Know about application of biological Principles in different technologies for the production of medicines and Pharmaceutical molecules through transgenic microbes, plants and animals.

Text books:

1. P.K.Gupta, Cell and Molecular Biology, 5th Edition, Rastogi Publications -
2. U. Satyanarayana. Biotechnology, Books & Allied Ltd 2017

Reference Books:

1. N. A. Campbell, J. B. Reece, L. Urry, M. L. Cain and S. A. Wasserman, "Biology: A Global Approach", Pearson Education Ltd, 2018.
2. T Johnson, Biology for Engineers, CRC press, 2011
3. J.M. Walker and E.B. Gingold, Molecular Biology and Biotechnology 2nd ed.. Panima Publications. PP 434.
4. David Hames, Instant Notes in Biochemistry –2016
5. Phil Tunner, A. Mctennan, A. Bates & M. White, Instant Notes – Molecular Biology –- 2014

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B.Tech (CE)– III-I Sem   **L   T   P   C**

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(19A01501) DESIGN OF REINFORCED CONCRETE STRUCTURES

Course objectives:

* To teach concepts of working stress and limit state methods.
* To impart design procedure of RC elements in flexure, shear and torsion.
* To teach design procedure for short and long RC columns.
* To explain design procedure of RC footings
* To demonstrate design of RC slab

UNIT- I:

Introduction:

Concepts of Reinforced concrete Design – Introduction to Working Stress Method - Limit State method – Material Stress- Strain Curves – Safety factors – Characteristic values. Stress Block parameters – IS – 456:2000. **Beams:** Limit state analysis and design of singly reinforced, doubly reinforced, T and L beam sections

Learning Outcomes:

At the end of this unit, the student will be able to

* Familiarize with working stress and limit stress method of design.
* Understand stress block parameters in methods of analysis
* Design of beams of varying cross sections adopting IS Code

UNIT -II:

Shear and torsion:

Limit state analysis and design of section for shear and torsion – concept of bond, anchorage and development length, I.S. code provisions. Design examples in simply supported and continuous beams, detailing;

Learning Outcomes:

At the end of this unit, the student will be able to

* Understand behavior of beams under shear and torsion
* Visualize importance of bond and anchorage
* Design and Detail RC beams under due to shear and torsion adopting IS Code.

UNIT -III:

Columns:

Short and Long columns – under axial loads, uniaxial bending and biaxial bending – I S Code provisions.

Learning Outcomes:

At the end of this unit, the student will be able to

* Understand behavior of columns with different slenderness characteristics
* Contrast behavior of columns axial. And under uniaxial biaxial eccentricities
* Design and detail RC columns under different loads adopting IS Code.

UNIT -IV:
Footings:
Different types of footings – Design of isolated, square, rectangular, circular footings and combined footings.

Learning Outcomes:
At the end of this unit, the student will be able to
- Classify footings based on shape and utility
- Examine the field conditions and suggest appropriate footings
- Design reinforced concrete footings.

UNIT- V:
Slabs & Stair Case:
Design of one way slab, Two-way slabs and continuous slab using I.S. Coefficients Limit state design for serviceability for deflection, cracking and codal provision. Design of doglegged staircase.

Learning Outcomes:
At the end of this unit, the student will be able to
- Classify understand performance of slabs based on dimensions
- Design reinforced concrete slabs & Stair cases as per IS codal provisions.

Codes/Tables: IS 456-2000 and relevant sheets (Pertaining to columns) of SP 16 Code books to be permitted into the examinations Hall.

Course Outcome:

After completing the course, the student will be able to,
- Understand the basic concepts of working stress and limit state design methods
- Design various RC elements like beams, columns, footings and slabs.
- Apply design concepts to complex structural systems in advanced courses.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. B. C. Punmia, Ashok Kumar Jain and Arun Kumar Jain, "Limit State Design", Laxmi, Publications Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi
2. P. C. Varghese, Limit state "designed of reinforced concrete", Prentice Hall of India, NewDelhi

REFERENCES:

1. N. Krishna Raju, "Structural Design and Drawing", Universities Press Pvt Ltd, Hyderabad. 4[rd]edition 2020.
2. N. C. Sinha and S. K Roy, "Fundamentals of reinforced concrete" , S. Chand publishers
3. N.Subramanian, "Design of Reinforced concrete structures", Oxford university press.

I S CODE OF PRACTICE
IS 456- 2000 Code of practice for Reinforced Concrete Structures.

NOTE: Assignment on preparation of drawing sheets showing detailing of various RC Elements
All the designs to be taught in Limit State Method

Following plates should be prepared by the students.
- Reinforcement particulars of T-beams and L-beams.
- Reinforcement detailing of continuous beams.
- Reinforcement particulars of columns and footings.
- Detailing of One way, Two way and continuous slabs

B.Tech (CE)– III-I Sem   L   T   P   C
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(19A01502) WATER RESOURCE ENGINEERING

Course Objectives:

- To Illustrate hydrologic cycle and its relevance to Civil engineering
- Toteach students understand physical processes in hydrology & components of the
- hydrologic cycle
- Todemonstrate concepts and theory of physical processes and interactions
- Toimpart on measurement and estimation of the components hydrologic cycle.
- To provide an overview and understanding of Unit Hydrograph theory, flood frequency and its analysis

UNIT –I:

Introduction:

Engineering hydrology and its applications, Hydrologic cycle, hydrological data-sources of data. **Precipitation**:Types and forms, measurement, rain gauge network, presentation of rainfall data, average rainfall, continuity and consistency of rainfall data, frequency of rainfall, Intensity-Duration-Frequency (IDF) curves, Depth-Area-Duration (DAD) curves, Probable Maximum Precipitation (PMP), design storm

Learning Outcomes:

At the end of this unit, the student will be able to

- Understand basics of engineering hydrology and its applications.
- Demonstrate measurement techniques of precipitation.
- Learn curves related to frequency of rainfall..

UNIT-II:

Abstractions from Precipitation:

Initial abstractions. Evaporation: factors affecting, measurement, reduction Evapo-transpiration: factors affecting, measurement, control - Infiltration: factors affecting, Infiltration capacity curve, measurement, infiltration indices.

Learning Outcomes:

At the end of this unit, the student will be able to

- Attain knowledge on factors influencing evaporation.
- Analyze factors influencing infiltration.

UNIT-III:

Runoff and Hydrograph analysis:

Catchment characteristics**,** Factors affecting runoff, components, computation- empirical formulae, tables and curves, stream gauging, rating curve, flow mass curve and flow duration curve. Components of hydrograph, separation of base flow, effective rainfall hyetograph and direct runoff hydrograph, unit hydrograph, assumptions, derivation of unit hydrograph, unit

hydrographs of different durations, principle of superposition and S-hydrograph methods, limitations and applications of unit hydrograph, synthetic unit hydrograph – Floods: Causes and effects .

Learning Outcomes:
At the end of this unit, the student will be able to
- Determine runoff characteristics and factors influencing runoff.
- Examine components of hydro graph.
- Develop knowledge on floods and its effects.

UNIT-IV:

Groundwater: Occurrence, types of aquifers, aquifer parameters, porosity, specific yield, permeability, transmissivity and storage coefficient, types of wells, Darcy's law, Dupuit's equation- steady radial flow to wells in confined and unconfined aquifers, yield of a open well-recuperation test.

Learning Outcomes:
At the end of this unit, the student will be able to
- Understand basics about ground water.
- Learn and implement Darcy's law and Dupuit's equation.

UNIT-V:
IRRIGATION:

Introduction-necessity and impotence of irrigation-advantages and ill-effects of irrigation; types of irrigation; methods of application of water; quality for irrigation water; duty and delta; duty at various places; relation between duty and delta; factors affecting duty; methods of improving duty; soil-water-plant relationship; limiting soil moisture conditions, depth and frequency of irrigation.

LIST OF DRAWINGS:

Draw the following irrigation structures.

1. Sloping glacis weir
2. Surplus weir.
3. Tank sluice with tower head
4. Type III Syphon aqueduct.
5. Canal regulator.

Course Outcomes

At the end of the course the students are able to
- Understand of the theories and principles governing the hydrologic processes.
- Identify major hydrologic components and apply key concepts to several practical areas of engineering hydrology and related design aspects.
- Develop Intensity-Duration-Frequency and Depth-Area Duration curves to design

hydraulic structures**.**

● Determine aquifer parameters, yield of wells and model hydrologic processes**.**
● Understand duty and delta.
● Understand soil, water, plant relationships.
• Design the Hydraulic structures.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Jayarami Reddy P., "Engineering Hydrology", Laxmi Publications Pvt. Ltd., (2013), New Delhi
2. B.C. Punmia, Pande B. B. Lal, Ashok Kumar Jain and Arun Kumar Jain, "Irrigation and Water Power Engineering", Lakshmi Publications (P) Ltd.
3. C.Satyanarayana Murthy, "Design of minor irrigation and canal structures", Wiley eastern Ltd

REFERENCES:

1. Subramanya K., "Engineering Hydrology", Tata McGraw-Hill Education Pvt Ltd, (2013), New Delhi.
2. Santosh Kumar Garg," Irrigation Engineering and Hydraulic Structure", Khanna Publishers.
3. Chow V.T., D.R Maidment and L.W. Mays, "Applied hydrology", Tata McGraw Hill Education Pvt Ltd, (2011), New Delhi.
4. Mays L.W, "Water Resources Engineering", Wiley India Pvt. Ltd, (2013).

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B.Tech (CE)– III-I Sem

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(19A01503T) ENGINEERING GEOLOGY

Course Objectives:
- To understand weathering process and mass movement
- To distinguish geological formations
- To identify geological structures and process of rock mass quality.
- To identify subsurface information and groundwater potential sites through geophysical
- investigations
- To apply geological principles of mitigation of natural hazards and select sites for dams and tunnels

UNIT –I:

Introduction:

Application of Earth Science in Civil Engineering Practices, Understanding the earth, internal structure and composition. Weathering, erosion and denudations process on earth material and natural agencies, Geological work of wind, river underground water and glaciers Mineralogy: Mineral properties, composition and their use in the manufacture of construction materials – Quartz Group; Feldspar Group; Kaolin; Asbestos; Carbonate Group ; Gypsum; Mica Group; Ore minerals - Iron ores; pyrite; Chlorite

Learning Outcomes:

At the end of this unit, the student will be able to
- Explain the formation of earth and its internal structure
- Understand weathering and formation of natural minerals
- Explain composition of minerals and their utilization in construction industry.

UNIT- II:

Petrology & Structural Geology:

Definition of rock - Rock forming processes - Geological classification of rocks - Dykes and sills, common structures and textures - Megascopic study, Chemical and Mineralogical Composition of rock (Granite, Gabbro, Dolerite, Basalt, Pegmatite, Laterite, Conglomerate, Sand Stone, Shale, Limestone, Tuff, Felsite, Gneiss, Schist, Quartzite, Breccia, Marble, Porphyries, Charnockite and Slate).

Learning Outcomes:

At the end of this unit, the student will be able to
- Understand classification of rocks
- Demonstrate chemical composition
- Identify mineral composition of rock

UNIT –III:
Structural Geology:
Out crop, strike and dip study of common geological structures associating with the rocks such as folds, faults unconformities, and joints – their important types. Their importance insitu and drift soils, common types of soils, their origin and occurrence in India

Learning Outcomes:
At the end of this unit, the student will be able to
- Explain formation of folds strike and dip of geological structures
- Assess importance of soils and
- Locate origin of different types of rocks and soils and their origin India

UNIT –IV:
Geomorphology, hydrogeology and seismology:
Ground water, Water table - ground water exploration. site selection for dams and tunnels – analysis of failures in dams and tunnels - Seismic zones of India - Earth quakes, their causes and effects. Seismic waves, Richter scale. Landslides - causes and effects; Tsunami –causes and effects.

Learning Outcomes:
At the end of this unit, the student will be able to
- Understand geomorphology
- Identify procedures for site selection of important structures
- Contrast seismic Zonation of India in stages
- Understand seismic scales and effects of major earthquakes earth quakes, landslides and Tsunami.

UNIT –V:
Geophysical Studies:
Importance - Branches and necessity of Geophysical investigations - Gravity methods. Magnetic methods, Electrical methods. Seismic methods, Radio metric methods and Geothermal method. Electrical resistivity methods, and seismic refraction methods.

Learning Outcomes:
At the end of this unit, the student will be able to
- Understand importance of Geophysical investigations
- Carryout geo physical investigations using various methods.

Course Outcomes:

At the end of the course student will be able to
- Gain basic knowledge on characteristics of rocks and minerals.
- Identify and differentiate rocks using geological classification.
- Carry out geo physical investigations for infrastructural projects.
- Apply concepts of structural geology for civil engineering structures.

- Understand the seismic zones of India.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. D.Venkata Reddy, "Engineering Geology, Second edition", Vikas Publishing house, Pvt, Ltd.
2. N. Chenna Kesavulu, "Text Book of Engineering Geology", 2nd Edition (2009), Macmillan Publishers India.
3. Vasudev Kanithi, "Engineering Geology", Universities Press Pvt Ltd, Hyderabad. 2012.

REFERENCES:

1. Parbin Singh, "Engineering and General Geology", 8th Edition (2010), S K Kataria & Sons.
2. J. C. Harvey, "Geology for Geotechnical Engineers", Cambridge University Press (1982).
3. Richard E. Goodman, "Engineering Geology, Rock in Engineering Construction", John Wiley & Sons, Inc. 1993.
4. Billings, M. P., "Structural Geology", Prentice-Hall India, 1974, New Delhi
5. S.K.Duggal, H.K Pandey, N.Rawal, "Engineering Geology", Mc.Graw Hill   Education (India) Pvt. Ltd.

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B.Tech (CE)– III-I Sem

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(19A01504) STRUCTURAL ANALYSIS-II

Course objectives:
- To impart knowledge of rotation contribution method of analysis.
- To enable the student to analyze the two hinged and three hinged arches
- To impart the student the knowledge of rolling loads and influence lines.
- To enable the student to undergo the analysis of matrix methods.
- To inculcate the knowledge of plastic analysis to the student.

UNIT – I:

Arches: Introduction- hinges-transfer of load to arches-linear arch-hinges in the arch-arch action-Horizontal force – three hinged arches – circular arches – springs at different level-Two hinged arches- two hinged circular arches – fixed arches (only theory) - Temperature stresses in arches.

Learning Outcomes:

At the end of this unit, the student will be able to
- To differentiate between two hinged and three arches.
- To analyze the arches by finding axial thrust and radial shear.
- To know the temperature effect in arches.

UNIT – II:

Rolling loads and influence line diagrams for determinate structures: Introduction-simply supported beams – single concentrated load- UDL longer than the beam span – UDL shorter than the beam span- two wheel axles separated by a distance- multiple wheel axles (train of loads)-influence line diagram for shear force and bending moments – influence line diagrams for three hinged arches.

Learning Outcomes:

At the end of this unit, the student will be able to
- Know the effect of rolling loads on bridges
- Draw the influence lines of variable for a given moving load on bridges.

UNIT – III:

Matrix method of structural analysis-flexibility method: Introduction- Different approaches to matrix method- degree of static and kinematic indeterminacy-generalized coordinate system-flexibility matrix- application to beams.

Learning Outcomes:

At the end of this unit, the student will be able to
- Introduce matrix methods in structural analysis.
- Develop flexibility matrix for the structural elements.

UNIT – IV:

Stiffness matrix method: Introduction- stiffness matrix-relationship between flexibility and stiffness matrices-flexibility matrix method- stiffness matrix method – application to simple beams.

Learning Outcomes:

At the end of this unit, the student will be able to

- Develop stiffness matrix for the structural elements.
- Develop relationship between flexibility and stiffness matrices.

UNIT – V:

Plastic analysis: Introduction- definition of plastic hinge and plastic moment capacity – Assumptions- shape factor- shape factor for general sections – collapse load – basic theorems for finding collapse loads-methods of plastic analysis-static method-kinematic method-kinematic method applied to beams and simple frames- beam mechanism- sway mechanism-combined mechanism.

Learning Outcomes:

At the end of this unit, the student will be able to

- To know plastic moment capacity of a structural member.
- To find the collapse load for a structural member.
- To find the collapse mechanism for a structural member.

Course Outcomes:

At the end of the course student will be able to

- Analyze the final moments at the ends of the members
- Analyze bending moment, normal thrust and radial shear in the arches
- Analyze the variation of shear force and bending moment in the members due to rolling loads
- Analyze the degree of indeterminacy of the structures, reactions and displacements
- Analyze the formation of plastic hinges in different mechanisms

TEXT BOOKS:
1. Ramamurtham S., "Theory of Structures", Dhanpat Rai Publishing Company (p) Ltd,
2. C. S. Reddy, "Basic Structural Analysis", Tata McGraw Hill
3. S.S. Bhavikatti, "Structural analysis", Volume 1 and 2, Vikas publishing house pvt. Ltd.
4. Dr.Vaidyanathan, Dr.P.Perumal, "Comprehensive structural analysis", Vol-II, Laxmi Publications (P) Ltd.

REFERENCES
1. Timoshenko & Young, "Theory of Structures", Tata McGraw Hill
2. Junarkar S. B., "Structural Mechanics", Vol I & II, Charotar Publishers
3. C. K. Wang, "Intermediate Structural Analysis", McGraw Hill

(19A01505a) BUILDING CONSTRUCTION PRACTICE
PROFESSIONAL ELECTIVES-I

Course Objectives:
- To Impart knowledge in investigation of soil condition, Deciding and design of suitable foundation for different structures
- To examine the good materials to be used for the construction work
- To teach to supervision of different types of masonry
- To illustrate the methodology in selection of materials, design and supervision of suitable type of floor and roof.
- To teach the methodology of constructing advances structures

UNIT -I:
Structural Components:

Foundations – classification of Foundations – consideration in selection of foundation types – Masonry – Brick and block walls – Cavity walls – Damp–proof courses and membranes – Mortars – Arches and openings – Windows – Glass and glazing –Doors – Stairs – Types and Applications – Cladding to external walls – Flat roofs – Dormer windows – Formwork & Scaffolding – Precast concrete frames – Portal frames – Types – components – Framed structures – Components – Construction Procedure – Panel walls – National Standards.

Learning Outcomes:
At the end of this unit, the student will be able to
- Understand components of structures and their performance
- Explain construction materials their importance
- Understand formwork and scaffolding

UNIT -II:

Internal Construction and Finishes
Internal elements – Internal walls – Construction joints – Internal walls, fire protection – separating walls – Partitions – Plasters and plastering – Domestic floors and finishes – Sound insulation – Timber, concrete and metal stairs–Internal doors – Door – Fire resisting doors – Plasterboard ceilings – Suspended ceilings –Paints and painting – Components of Paints – Types of Paint – Considerations in Selecting Paints – Cement Paints – Oil Paints –Emulsion - Paints – Whitewash and Colour wash – Application of Paints –Distempers – Varnishes – Safety –Joinery production – Composite boarding – National Standards.

Learning Outcomes:
At the end of this unit, the student will be able to
- Understand internal components of structures and their performance
- Explain different features of interiors of a building and their importance

- Compare different types of construction materials
- Examine relative advantages and limitations

UNIT- III:
Construction of high rise buildings:
Construction methods and techniques using different materials, Minerals, Admixtures in-situ concrete, Precast Concrete & Structural Steel, finished concrete, tunnel form, fire Fighting, Safety & Hazards, Job Safety Analysis. Innovative methods of construction – Slip form technology, Jump form technology, Aluform & Tunnel Form Technology, Dry wall technology, Plastering Machines.

Learning Outcomes:
At the end of this unit, the student will be able to
- Develop knowledge on construction of high rise building
- Understand materials used for components of structures
- Explain safety requirements and provisions in high rise buildings

UNIT -IV:
Concepts and components of bridges:
Bridges, Steel Bridges, Arch Bridges, Cantilever Bridges Segmental construction & Box Girders. Construction of special type of bridges such as cable stayed bridge, suspension and Pre-stressed bridge, construction of foundation and Super structure. Construction of Metro Railway & Monorail - Underground and over ground structures, different methods and techniques of construction. Problems and solutions – during maintenance and upkeep of structures. Fire, Ventilation, Dewatering and power supply, Subsidence, Vibration etc., Concept of Mag-rail.

Learning Outcomes:
At the end of this unit, the student will be able to
- Classify types of bridges based on features materials and engineering
- Develop procedures for construction of different types of bridges
- Study advanced technologies in developing Metrorail facilities
- Appraise importance of maintenance of bridges

UNIT -V:
Construction of Power Generating Structures
Atomic Power stations, Thermal power stations- Generation Power Plants, Windmills, Transmission towers, Chimneys (single and multi-flue), cooling towers - Natural draft cooling towers (NDCT) & Induced draft cooling tower (IDCT), Ash handling system, Containment Structure, Electro Static Precipitator (ESP), Case study of Kaiga atomic power station, Madras atomic power station. Or Any other Case Study and Safety Hazards

Learning Outcomes:
At the end of this unit, the student will be able to

- Understand procedures for construction of power generating infrastructure
- Develop knowledge on existing important power plants and their role in development

Course outcomes:

At the end of the course, the student will be able to
- Classify suitable materials for buildings and adopt suitable construction techniques.
- Adopt suitable internal finishes and maintenance work to enhance durability of buildings.
- Design of high rise buildings.
- Design of power generation structures.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Roy Chudley and Roger Greeno, "Construction Technology", Prentice Hall, 2005.
2. Peurifoy, "Construction Planning, Equipment and methods", Tata McGraw Hill Publication

REFERENCES

1. Mahesh Varma, "Construction Equipment Planning and Applications".
2. Kumar Niraj Jha, - "Formwork for Concrete Structures", Mc Graw Hill Publication
3. Sushil Kumar "Building Materials and construction", 20th edition, reprint 2015, Standard Publishers
4. B. C. Punmia, Ashok Kumar Jain, Arun Kumar Jain, "Building Construction", Laxmi Publications (P) Ltd., New Delhi.

JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY ANANTAPUR

B.Tech (CE)– III-I   **L   T   P   C**
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(19A01505b) SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATION AND INSTRUMENTATION
PROFESSIONAL ELECTIVES-I

Course Objectives:

- To discuss the importance of site investigation,
- To narrate various exploration techniques
- To describe soil sampling techniques.
- To train with in-situ sub soil exploration methods
- To demonstrate instrumentation for sub soil exploration.

UNIT -I

Exploration and geophysical methods:

Exploration program planning -methods of exploration- preliminary and detailed design- spacing and depth of bores, data presentation. Geophysical exploration and interpretation, seismic and electrical methods, cross bore hole, single bore hole – up hole -down hole methods.

Learning Outcomes:

At the end of this unit, the student will be able to

- Understand exploration process
- Learn about different geophysical methods of exploration.

UNIT –II

Exploration Techniques

Methods of boring and drilling, non-displacement and displacement methods, drilling in difficult subsoil conditions, limitations of various drilling techniques, stabilization of boreholes, bore logs.

Learning Outcomes:

At the end of this unit, the student will be able to

- Learn various exploration techniques.
- Determine appropriate methods of exploration based on limitations

UNIT -III

Soil Sampling

Sampling Techniques – quality of samples – factors influencing sample quality - disturbed and undisturbed soil sampling advanced sampling techniques, offshore sampling, shallow penetration samplers, preservation and handling of samples.

Learning Outcomes:
At the end of this unit, the student will be able to
- Understand concepts of sampling
- Study different types of sampling techniques.

UNIT -IV

Field Testing In Soil Exploration
Field tests, penetration tests, Field vane shear, Insitu shear and bore hole shear test, pressure meter test, dilatometer test - plate load test–monotonic and cyclic; field permeability tests – block vibration test. Procedure, limitations, correction and data interpretation.

Learning Outcomes:
At the end of this unit, the student will be able to
- Develop in-situ soil exploration methods.
- Interpret data of soil exploration and documentation

UNIT -V

Instrumentation
Instrumentation in soil engineering, strain gauges, resistance and inductance type, load cells, earth pressure cells, settlement and heave gauges, pore pressure measurements - slope indicators, sensing units, case studies.

Learning Outcomes:
At the end of this unit, the student will be able to
- Choose appropriate instrumentation in sub soil exploration process.
- Soil Character measurement and case studies.

Course Outcomes:

At the end of the course student is able to
- Plan and execute sub soil investigation programme.
- Handle both laboratory and in-situ testing techniques.
- Carry out collection, handling and preservation of samples.
- Handle instruments during sub soil exploration process

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Alam Singh and Chowdhary G. R., "Soil Engineering in Theory and Practice, Volume-2, Geotechnical testing and instrumentation", CBS Publishers and Distributors, New Delhi, 2006.
2. Dunnicliff J., and Green, G. E., "Geotechnical Instrumentation for Monitoring Field Performance", John Wiley, 1993.

REFERENCES:

1. Bowles J. E., "Foundation Analysis and Design", 5th Edition, The McGraw-Hill companies, Inc., New York, 1995.
2. C. Venkataramiah, "Geotechnical Engineering", New age International Pvt . Ltd, (2002).
3. Hanna T. H., "Field Instrumentation in Geotechnical Engineering", Trans Tech., 1985.
4. Hunt R. E., "Geotechnical Engineering Investigation Manual", McGraw Hill, 1984.

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(19A01505c) ENVIRONMENTAL POLLUTION AND CONTROL
PROFESSIONAL ELECTIVE-I

Course Objectives:
- Impart knowledge on aspects of air pollution & control and noise pollution
- Impart concepts of treatment of waste water from industrial source.
- Differentiate the solid and hazardous waste based on characterization
- Introduce sanitation methods essential for protection of community health.
- Provide basic knowledge on sustainable development.

UNIT – I:
Air Pollution:
Air pollution Control Methods–Particulate control devices – Methods of Controlling Gaseous Emissions – Air quality standards. Noise Pollution: Noise standards, Measurement and control methods – Reducing residential and industrial noise – ISO:14000.

Learning Outcomes:
At the end of this unit, the student will be able to
- Understand control mechanism of air pollutants
- Design noise reduction techniques.

UNIT –II:

Industrial waste water Management:
Strategies for pollution control – Volume and Strength reduction – Neutralization – Equalization – Proportioning – Common Effluent Treatment Plants – Recirculation of industrial wastes – Effluent standards.

Learning Outcomes:
At the end of this unit, the student will be able to
- Understand the importance of treatment process of industrial effluents.
- Design treatment plants

UNIT – III:

Solid Waste Management: solid waste characteristics – basics of on-site handling and collection – separation and processing – Incineration- Composting-Solid waste disposal methods – fundamentals of Land filling. **Hazardous Waste**: Characterization – Nuclear waste – Biomedical wastes – Electronic wastes – Chemical wastes – Treatment and management of hazardous waste-Disposal and Control methods.

Learning Outcomes:
At the end of this unit, the student will be able to
- Classification of solid waste and separation and procession solid waste
- Identification of Hazardous wastes
- Plan and execute solid waste and hazardous waste management.

UNIT – IV:

Environmental Sanitation: Environmental Sanitation Methods for Hostels and Hotels, Hospitals, Swimming pools and public bathing places, social gatherings (melas and fares), Schools and Institutions, Rural Sanitation-low cost waste disposal methods.

Learning Outcomes:
At the end of this unit, the student will be able to
- Understand importance of hygienic environment
- Suggest appropriate rural sanitation methods to keep surrounding clean.

UNIT – V:

Sustainable Development: Definition- elements of sustainable developments-Indicators of sustainable development- Sustainability Strategies- Barriers to Sustainability–Industrialization and sustainable development – Cleaner production in achieving sustainability- sustainable development.

Learning Outcomes:
At the end of this unit, the student will be able to
- Execute sustainable development strategies.

Course Outcomes:

At the end of the course, the students will be able to:
- Understand the fundamentals of solid waste management, practices adopted in his town/village and its importance in keeping the health of the city.
- Identify the air pollutant control devices and have knowledge on the NAAQ standards and air emission standards.
- Differentiate the treatment techniques used for sewage and industrial wastewater treatment.
- Inventing the methods of environmental sanitation and the management of community facilities without spread of epidemics.
- Appreciate the importance of sustainable development while planning a project or executing an activity.

TEXT BOOKS

1. Peavy, H. S., Rowe, D.R, Tchobanoglous, "Environmental Engineering", G.Mc-Graw Hill International Editions, New York 1985.
2. J. G. Henry and G.W. Heinke, "Environmental Science and Engineering", Pearson Education.

REFRENCES:

1. G. L. Karia and R.A. Christian, "Waste water treatment- concepts and design approach", Prentice Hall of India
2. M. N. Rao and H. V. N. Rao, "Air pollution", Tata Mc.Graw Hill Company.
3. Ruth F. "Weiner and Robin Matthews Environmental Engineering", 4th Edition Elesevier, 2003.
4. K. V. S. G. Murali Krishna, "Air Pollution and Control" by, Kousal & Co. Publications, New Delhi.

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(19A01505d) ADVANCED SURVEYING
PROFESSIONAL ELECTIVE-I

Course Objectives:

- To make the student to get well conversant with the fundamentals of triangulation surveying.
- To introduce to the students the methods of hydrographic surveying
- To make the student to use photogrammetry in surveying
- To enable the student to set simple horizontal curves.
- To introduce the knowledge construction surveys and usage of modern instrument such as total station.

UNIT – I

Triangulation: Geodetic surveying-classification of triangulation system-triangulation figures-strength of figure-reconnaissance- signals and towers.

Base line measurement- calculation of length of base line-Selecting a base line site- apparatus for baseline measurement-fieldwork for base measurement-corrections to the observed length of a base line-the base net-auxiliary operations in base line work.

Learning Outcomes:

At the end of this unit, the student will be able to
- To impart basic concepts of triangulation surveying.
- To impart the essentiality of the base line measurement in a triangulation system.

UNIT - II

Hydrographic surveying–Introduction-tides-equilibrium theory-spring tides and neap tides-priming and lagging-primary and derivative tide waves – lunar tidal interval- tide prediction-tide gauges-mean sea level-shoreline surveys-sounding equipment and methods-locating the soundings –reduction and plotting the soundings-three point problem-tidal current surveys-capacity of a reservoir –river surveying –area velocity method-weir method-chemical method .

Learning Outcomes:

At the end of this unit, the student will be able to
- To impart basic principles in hydrographic surveying.
- To know practical applications of soundings in hydrographic surveying.

UNIT - III

Photogrammetric Surveying: Introduction, Basic concepts, perspective geometry of aerial photograph, relief and tilt displacements, terrestrial photogrammetry, flight planning; Stereoscopy, ground control extension for photographic mapping- aerial triangulation, radial

triangulation, methods; photographic mapping- mapping using paper prints, mapping using stereo plotting instruments, mosaics, map substitutes.

Learning Outcomes:
At the end of this unit, the student will be able to
- Understand photogrammetry adopting various techniques.
- Map areas using triangulation
- Distinguish different types of plotting instruments

UNIT -IVTypical Curve Setting:

Compound and reverse curves- elements of compound curve-relationship between the parts of a compound curve-setting out compound curve-elements of a reverse curve-relatlionships between various parts of a reverse curve.
Transition curves-general requirements-length of transition curve- the ideal transition curve: clothoid-characteristics of a transition curve-computations and setting out – spiraling compound curves – spiraling of reverse curves – Bernoulli's lemniscates curve.
Vertical curves: Introduction to vertical curves – Types of vertical curves.

Learning Outcomes:
At the end of this unit, the student will be able to
- To understand about necessity of compound and reverse curves.
- To understand the essentiality condition for transition curves
- To understand the different vertical curves.

UNIT -V

Remote Sensing: Introduction –Electromagnetic Spectrum, interaction of electromagnetic radiation with the atmosphere and earth surface, remote sensing data acquisition: platforms and sensors; visual image interpretation; digital image processing.
GPS: Segments, GPS measurements, errors and biases, co-ordinate transformation, accuracy considerations.

Learning Outcomes:
At the end of this unit, the student will be able to
- Understand principles of remote sensing.
- Carryout date acquisition and interpretation
- Understand the principles of GPS

Course Outcomes:

At the end of the course, the student will be able to:
- Apply triangulation in surveying
- Correlate knowledge to frontiers like Hydrography, Electronic Distance Measurement,

Global Positioning System, Photogrammetry and Remote Sensing.

- Identify data collection methods and prepare field notes

TEXT BOOKS:

1. R. Subramanian, "Surveying and leveling", Oxford university press, New Delhi.
2. Chandra A M, "Higher Surveying", New age International Pvt. Ltd., Publishers, New Delhi, 2002.
3. Hoffman. B, H. Lichtenegga and J. Collins, "Global Positioning System" - Theory and Practice, Springer -Verlag Publishers, 2001.
4. C.Venkatramaiah, "Text book of surveying", 2nd edition, Universities press, 2018

REFERENCES:

1. Arthur R Benton and Philip J Taety, "Elements of Plane Surveying", McGraw Hill – 2000.
2. Arora K R "Surveying Vol 1, 2 & 3), Standard Book House, Delhi, 2004.
3. B. C. Punmia, Ashok Kumar Jain and Arun Kumar Jain –"Surveying" (Vol – 1, 2 & 3), Laxmi Publications (P) ltd., New Delhi.
4. Chandra A M, "Plane Surveying", New Age International Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi, 2002.
5. Bhavikatti; "Surveying", Vikas publishing house ltd.
6. Duggal S K, "Surveying (Vol – 1 & 2)", Tata McGraw Hill Publishing Co. Ltd. New Delhi, 2004.
7. R. Agor Khanna "Surveying and leveling", Publishers 2015.

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(19A01505e) URBAN HYDROLOGY
PROFESSIONAL ELECTIVE-I

Course Objectives

- To impart impact of urbanization on catchment hydrology.
- To narrate the importance of rainfall runoff data for urban hydrology.
- To teach techniques for peak flow estimation for storm water drainage system design.
- To explain the design concepts of components in urban drainage systems.
- To Train for preparation of master urban drainage system.

UNIT -I:
Introduction:
Urbanization and its effect on water cycle – urban hydrologic cycle – Effect of urbanization on hydrology. **Precipitation Analysis**: Importance of short duration of rainfall and runoff data, methods of estimation of time of concentration and design of urban drainage systems, Intensity-Duration -Frequency (IDF) curves, design storms for urban drainage systems.

Learning Outcomes:
At the end of this unit, the student will be able to
- Define Urbanization and its effects
- Understand basic concepts of hydrological cycle.

UNIT -II:

Methods of Urban Drainage:
Time of concentration, peak flow estimation approaches, rational method, NRCS curve number approach, runoff quantity and quality, wastewater and storm water reuse , major and minor systems. Drainage systems**:** Open channel, underground drains, appurtenances, pumping, source control.

Learning Outcomes:
At the end of this unit, the student will be able to
- Acquire skills for rainfall data acquisition
- Design of drainage system.

UNIT -III:

Analysis and Management:
Storm water drainage structures, design of storm water network- Best Management Practices– detention and retention facilities, swales, constructed wetlands, models available for storm water management.

Learning Outcomes:

At the end of this unit, the student will be able to
  • Design drainage network scheme.

UNIT -IV:

Master drainage plans:
Issues – typical urban drainage master plan, interrelation between water resources investigation and urban planning processes, planning objectives, comprehensive planning , use of models in planning.

Learning Outcomes:
At the end of this unit, the student will be able to
  • Prepare proper plan for storm water drainage system

UNIT –V:

Hydrological models:
General principles of hydrological modelling - The Rational Method - The time-area method - The unit hydrograph method - Physically based distributed models - Physically based partially distributed models - Hydraulic modelling - Model calibration and validation - Probabilistic models - Expert systems

Learning Outcomes:
At the end of this unit, the student will be able to
  • Develop hydraulic models.

Course Outcomes

At the end of the course the student will be able to
• Develop intensity duration frequency curves for urban drainage systems.
• Develop design storms to size the various components of drainage systems.
• Apply best management practices to manage urban flooding.
• Develop master drainage plan for an urbanized area.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Akan A.O and R.L. Houghtalen, "Urban Hydrology, Hydraulics and Stormwater Quality: Engineering Applications and Computer Modelling (2006)", Wiley International.
2. Hall M. J., Urban Hydrology (1984), Elsevier Applied Science Publisher.

REFERENCES BOOKS:

1. Geiger W. F., J Marsalek, W. J. Rawls and F. C. Zuidema, "Manual on Drainage in Urbanised area' (1987 – 2 volumes)", Unesco,
2. Wanielista M. P. and Eaglin, Hydrology, "Quantity and Quality Analysis (1997)", Wiley and Sons.
3. Stahre P. and Urbonas B., "Stormwater Detention for Drainage (1990)", Water Quality and CSO Management, Prentice Hall.
4. Maksimovic C. and J. A. Tejada-Guibert, "Frontiers in Urban Water Management",Deadlock or Hope (2001), IWA Publishing.

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B.Tech (CE) –III-I   **L   T   P   C**
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(19A02506a) ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING MATERIALS
(OPEN ELECTIVE-I)

Course Objectives:

To make the students learn about
- Classification of materials.
- Properties of materials and its applications.
- Domestic wiring and earthing

UNIT-I

Conducting Materials

Introduction – classification of materials – Metals and Non metals, physical, thermal, mechanical and electrical properties of materials – classification of electrical materials – concept of atom – electron configuration of atom, conductors, general properties of conductors, factors effecting resistivity of electrical materials –electrical/mechanical/thermal properties of copper, aluminum, iron, steel, lead, tin and their alloys – applications.

Learning outcomes:
At the end of the unit, students will be able to:
- Uunderstand the classification of conducting materials.
- Analyze the properties of different conducting materials
- Apply the materials where it is applicable
- Know about electron configuration of atom

UNIT-II

Dielectric and High Resistivity Materials

Introduction – solid, liquid and gaseous dielectrics, leakage current, permittivity, dielectric constant, dielectric loss – loss angle – loss constant, Breakdown voltage and dielectric strength of – solid, liquid and gaseous dielectrics, effect of break down– electrical and thermal effects, Polarization – electric, ionic and dipolar polarization. Effect of temperature and Frequency on dielectric constant of polar dielectrics. High Resistivity materials – electrical / thermal / mechanical properties of Manganin, Constantan, Nichrome, Tungsten, Carbon and Graphite and their applications in electrical equipment.

Learning outcomes:
At the end of the unit, students will be able to:
- Understand the classification of dielectric and high resistivity materials.
- Analyze the properties of dielectric and high resistivity materials
- Understand about concept of polarization and dipolar polarization
- Apply the materials where it is applicable

UNIT-III

Solid Insulating Materials

Introduction – characteristics of a good electrical insulating materials – classification of insulating materials – electrical, thermal, chemical and mechanical properties of solid insulating materials - Asbestos, Bakelite, rubber, plastics, thermo plastics. Resins, polystyrene, PVC, porcelain, glass, cotton and paper.

Learning outcomes:
At the end of the unit, students will be able to:
- Understand about various characteristics of solid insulating materials
- Understand the classification of solid insulating materials.
- Analyze the properties of solid insulating materials
- Apply the materials where it is applicable

UNIT-IV

Liquid & Gas Insulating Materials

Liquid insulating materials – Mineral oils, synthetic liquids, fluorinated liquids – Electrical, thermal and chemical properties – transformer oil – properties – effect of moisture on insulation properties Gaseous insulators – classification based on dielectric strength – dielectric loss, chemical stability properties and their applications.

Unit Outcomes:

At the end of the unit, the student will be able to
- Understand the classification of liquid insulating materials.
- Analyze the properties of liquid insulating materials
- Apply the materials where it is applicable
- Understand about properties and classification of gaseous insulators

UNIT-V

Domestic Wiring

Wiring materials and accessories – Types of wiring – Types of Switches - Specification of Wiring – Stair case wiring - Fluorescent lamp wiring- Godown wiring – Basics of Earthing – single phase wiring layout for a residential building.

Learning Outcomes:
At the end of the unit, the student will be able to
- Understand about wiring materials and accessories
- Understand about earthing and wiring layout of domestic buildings
- Design and develop Residential wiring
- Know about godown wiring

Course Outcomes:

After completing the course, the student should be able to:
- Understand the classification of materials, domestic wiring materials and earthing.
- Analyze the properties of different electrical materials
- Apply where the materials are applicable based on properties of materials
- Design and develop Residential wiring, godown wiring and earthing.

Text Books:

1. G.K. Mithal, "Electrical Engineering Materials", Khanna publishers, 2nd edition, 1991.
2. R.K. Rajput, A course in "Electrical Engineering Materials", Laxmi publications, 2009.

Reference Books:

1. C.S. Indulkar and S. Thiruvengadam, "An Introduction to Electrical Engineering Materials" S Chand & Company, 2008.
2. Technical Teachers Training Institute, "Electrical engineering Materials", 1st Edition, Madras, McGraw Hill Education, 2004.
3. By S.P. Seth, "A course in Electrical Engineering Materials Physics Properties &Applications", Dhanapat Rai & Sons Publications, 2018.

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(19A03506a) INTRODUCTION TO HYBRID AND ELECTRIC VEHICLES
OPEN ELECTIVE-I

Course Objectives:

- Provide good foundation on hybrid and electrical vehicles.
- To address the underlying concepts and methods behind power transmission in hybrid and electrical vehicles.
- Familiarize energy storage systems for electrical and hybrid transportation.
- To design and develop basic schemes of electric vehicles and hybrid electric vehicles.

UNIT I:
Electric Vehicle Propulsion and Energy Sources

Introduction to electric vehicles, vehicle mechanics - kinetics and dynamics, roadway fundamentals propulsion system design - force velocity characteristics, calculation of tractive power and energy required, electric vehicle power source - battery capacity, state of charge and discharge, specific energy, specific power, Ragone plot. battery modeling - run time battery model, first principle model, battery management system- soc measurement, battery cell balancing. Traction batteries - nickel metal hydride battery, Li-Ion, Lipolymer battery.

Learning Outcomes:

After successful completion of this unit, the students will be able to
- Summaries the concepts of electrical vehicle propulsion and energy sources. (l2)
- Identify the types of power sources for electrical vehicles.(l3)
- Demonstrate the design considerations for propulsion system. (l2)
- Solve the problems on tractive power and energy required. (l3)

UNIT II:
Electric Vehicle Power Plant And Drives

Introduction electric vehicle power plants. Induction machines, permanent magnet machines, switch reluctance machines. Power electronic converters-DC/DC converters - buck boost converter, isolated DC/DC converter. Two quadrant chopper and switching modes. AC drives-PWM, current control method. Switch reluctance machine drives - voltage control, current control.

Learning Outcomes:

After successful completion of this unit, the students will be able to
- Choose a suitable drive scheme for developing an electric vehicles depending on resources.(l1)

- List the various power electronic converters. (l1)
- Describe the working principle dc/dc converters and buck boost convertor. (l2)
- Explain about ac drives. (l2)

UNIT III:
Hybrid and Electric Drive Trains

Introduction hybrid electric vehicles, history and social importance, impact of modern drive trains in energy supplies. Hybrid traction and electric traction. Hybrid and electric drive train topologies. Power flow control and energy efficiency analysis, configuration and control of DC motor drives and induction motor drives, permanent magnet motor drives, switch reluctance motor drives, drive system efficiency.

Learning Outcomes:

After successful completion of this unit, the students will be able to
- Identify the social importance of hybrid vehicles. (l3)
- Discus impact of modern drive trains in energy supplies. (l6)
- Compare hybrid and electric drive trains.(l2)
- Analyze the power flow control and energy efficiency. (l6)

UNIT IV:

Electric and Hybrid Vehicles - Case Studies

Parallel hybrid, series hybrid -charge sustaining, charge depleting. Hybrid vehicle case study – Toyota Prius, Honda Insight, Chevrolet Volt. 42 V system for traction applications. Lightly hybridized vehicles and low voltage systems. Electric vehicle case study - GM EV1, Nissan Leaf, Mitsubishi Miev. Hybrid electric heavy duty vehicles, fuel cell heavy duty vehicles.

Learning Outcomes:

After successful completion of this unit, the students will be able to
- List the various electric and hybrid vehicles in the present market. (l1)
- Discus lightly hybridized vehicle and low voltage systems.(l6)
- Explain about hybrid electric heavy duty vehicles and fuel cell heavy duty vehicles. (l2)

UNIT V:

Electric And Hybrid Vehicle Design :
Introduction to hybrid vehicle design. Matching the electric machine and the internal combustion engine. Sizing of propulsion motor, power electronics, drive system. Selection of energy storage technology, communications, supporting subsystem. Energy management strategies in hybrid and electric vehicles - energy management strategies- classification, comparison, implementation.

Learning Outcomes:

After successful completion of this unit, the students will be able to

- Illustrate matching the electric machine and the internal combustion engine. (l2)
- Select the energy storage technology. (l3)
- Select the size of propulsion motor. (l3)
- Design and develop basic schemes of electric and hybrid electric vehicles. (l3)

Course outcomes:

After learning the course the students will be able to:

- Explain the working of hybrid and electric vehicles. (l2)
- Choose a suitable drive scheme for developing an hybrid and electric vehicles depending on resources. (l3)
- Develop the electric propulsion unit and its control for application of electric vehicles.(l3)
- Choose proper energy storage systems for vehicle applications. (l3)
- Design and develop basic schemes of electric vehicles and hybrid electric vehicles.(l3)

Text Books :

1. Iqbal Hussein, "Electric and Hybrid Vehicles: Design Fundamentals", 2ndedition, CRC Press, 2003.
2. Amir Khajepour, M. Saber Fallah, Avesta Goodarzi, "Electric and Hybrid Vehicles: Technologies, Modeling and Control - A Mechatronic Approach", illustrated edition, John Wiley & Sons, 2014.
3. Mehrdad Ehsani, YimiGao, Sebastian E. Gay, Ali Emadi, "Modern Electric, Hybrid Electric and Fuel Cell Vehicles: Fundamentals, Theory and Design", CRC Press, 2004.

References:
1. James Larminie, John Lowry, "Electric Vehicle Technology", Explained, Wiley, 2003.
2. John G. Hayes, G. Abas Goodarzi, "Electric Powertrain: Energy Systems, Power Electronics and Drives for Hybrid, Electric and Fuel Cell Vehicles", 1stedition, Wiley-Blackwell, 2018.

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(19A03506b)   RAPID PROTOTYPING
OPEN ELECTIVE-I

Course Objectives:
- Familiarize techniques for processing of CAD models for rapid prototyping.
- Explain fundamentals of rapid prototyping techniques.
- Demonstrate appropriate tooling for rapid prototyping process.
- Focus Rapid prototyping techniques for reverse engineering.
- Train Various Pre – Processing, Processing and Post Processing errors in RP Processes.

UNIT – I   10 Hours

Introduction: Introduction to Prototyping, Traditional Prototyping Vs. Rapid Prototyping (RP), Need for time compression in product development, Usage of RP parts, Generic RP process, Distinction between RP and CNC, other related technologies, Classification of RP.
RP Software: Need for RP software, MIMICS, Magics, SurgiGuide, 3-matic, 3D-Doctor, Simplant, Velocity2, VoXim, SolidView, 3DView, etc., software, Preparation of CAD models, Problems with STL files, STL file manipulation, RP data formats: SLC, CLI, RPI, LEAF, IGES, HP/GL, CT, STEP.

Learning Outcomes:

At the end of the unit, the student will be able to
- Explain prototyping process. (l2)
- Classify different rapid prototyping processes. (l2)
- Summarize rp software's and represent a 3d model in stl format, other rp data formats. (l2)

UNIT – II   8 Hours

Solid and Liquid Based RP Systems: Stereolithography (SLA): Principle, Process, Materials, Advantages, Limitations and Applications. Solid Ground Curing (SGC): Principle, Process, Materials, Advantages, Limitations, Applications.

Fusion Deposition Modeling (FDM): Principle, Process, Materials, Advantages, Limitations, Applications. **Laminated Object Manufacturing (LOM):** Principle, Process, Materials, Advantages, Limitations, Applications.

Learning Outcomes:

At the end of the unit, the student will be able to
- Explain the principles, advantages, limitations and applications of Solid and Liquid based AM systems. (L2)
- Identify the materials for Solid and Liquid based AM systems. (L2)

UNIT – III   8 Hours

Powder Based RP Systems: Principle and Process of Selective Laser Sintering (SLS), Advantages, Limitations and Applications of SLS, Principle and Process of Laser Engineered

Net Shaping (LENS), Advantages, Limitations and Applications of LENS, Principle and Process of Electron Beam Melting (EBM), Advantages, Limitations and Applications of EBM. **Other RP Systems:** Three Dimensional Printing (3DP): Principle, Process, Advantages, Limitations and Applications. Ballastic Particle Manufacturing (BPM): Principle, Process, Advantages, Limitations, Applications. Shape Deposition Manufacturing (SDM): Principle, Process, Advantages, Limitations, Applications.

Learning Outcomes:

At the end of the unit, the student will be able to
- Explain the principles, advantages, limitations and applications of powder based AM systems. (L2)
- Understand the principles, advantages, limitations and applications of other Additive Manufacturing Systems such as 3D Printing, Ballistic Particle Manufacturing and Shape Deposition Modeling. (L2)

UNIT – IV   **8 Hours**

Rapid Tooling: Conventional Tooling Vs. Rapid Tooling, Classification of Rapid Tooling, Direct and Indirect Tooling Methods, Soft and Hard Tooling methods.
Reverse Engineering (RE): Meaning, Use, RE – The Generic Process, Phases of RE Scanning, Contact Scanners and Noncontact Scanners, Point Processing, Application Geometric Model, Development.

Learning Outcomes:

At the end of the unit, the student will be able to
- Classify Rapid Tooling methods. (L2)
- Explain the concepts of reverse engineering and scanning tools. (L2)

UNIT – V   **8 Hours**

Errors in RP Processes: Pre-processing, processing, post-processing errors, Part building errors in SLA, SLS, etc.
RP Applications: Design, Engineering Analysis and planning applications, Rapid Tooling, Reverse Engineering, Medical Applications of RP.

Learning Outcomes:

At the end of the unit, the student will be able to
- Identify various Pre – Processing, Processing and Post – Processing errors in RP processes. (L2)
- Apply of RP in engineering design analysis and medical applications. (L3)

Course Outcomes:

At the end of the course, the student will be able to

- Use techniques for processing of CAD models for rapid prototyping. (L3)
- Understand and apply fundamentals of rapid prototyping techniques. ((L3)
- Use appropriate tooling for rapid prototyping process. (L3)
- Use rapid prototyping techniques for reverse engineering. (L3)
- Identify Various Pre – Processing, Processing and Post Processing errors in RP processes. (L3)

Text Books:

1. Chua C.K., Leong K.F. and Lim C.S., "Rapid Prototyping: Principles and Applications", 2ndedition, World Scientific Publishers, 2003.
2. Ian Gibson, David W. Rosen, Brent Stucker, "Additive Manufacturing Technologies: Rapid Prototyping to Direct Digital Manufacturing", 1st Edition, Springer, 2010.
3. Rafiq Noorani, "Rapid Prototyping: Principles and Applications in Manufacturing", John Wiley & Sons, 2006.

Reference Books:

1. Liou W. Liou, Frank W., Liou, "Rapid Prototyping and Engineering Applications: A Tool Box for Prototype Development", CRC Press, 2007.
2. Pham D.T. and Dimov S.S., "Rapid Manufacturing; The Technologies and Application of RPT and Rapid tooling", Springer, London 2001.
3. Gebhardt A., "Rapid prototyping", Hanser Gardener Publications, 2003.
4. Hilton P.D. and Jacobs P.F., "Rapid Tooling: Technologies and Industrial Applications", CRC Press, 2005.

JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY ANANTAPUR

B.Tech (CE)– III-I

L	T	P	C
3	0	0	3

(19A04506a) ANALOG ELECTRONICS
OPEN ELECTIVE-I

Course Objectives:

- To understand the characteristics of various types of electronic devices and circuits (L1).
- To apply various principles of electronic devices and circuits to solve complex Engineering problems (L2).
- To analyze the functions of various types of electronic devices and circuits (L3).
- To evaluate the functions of various types of electronic devices and circuits in real time applications (L3).
- To design various types of electronic circuits for use in real time applications (L4).

UNIT-I:

Diodesand Applications

Properties of intrinsic and extrinsic semiconductor materials. Characteristics of PN junction diode and Zener diode. Applications of PNdiode as a switch, rectifier and Zener diode as regulator. Special purpose diodes: Schottky diode, Tunnel diode, Varactor diode, photodiode and LED.

Learning Outcomes:

At the end of the unit, the student should be able to
- Understand the characteristics of various types of diodes (L1).
- Apply the principles of diodes to solve complex Engineering problems (L2).
- Analyze the functions of diodes in forward and reverse bias conditions (L3).
- Evaluate the functions of diodes in real time applications (L3).
- Design rectifiers and switches using diodes (L4).

UNIT-II:

BJT and its Applications

Construction, Operation, and Characteristics in CE, CB and CC configurations. Fixed-Bias and Voltage Divider-Bias. Applications as switch and amplifier.

Learning Outcomes:

At the end of the unit, the student should be able to
- Understand the characteristics and biasing of BJT (L1).
- Apply the principles of BJT to solve complex Engineering problems (L2).
- Analyse the functions of BJT in various configurations (L3).
- Evaluate the functions of BJT in real time applications (L3).
- Design amplifiers and switches using BJT (L4).

UNIT-III:

FETs and Applications

JFETs: Construction, Operation, and Characteristics in CS configurations. Fixed-Bias and Voltage Divider -Bias. Applications as switch and amplifier.
MOSFETs: Construction, Operation, and Characteristics of Enhancement and Depletion modes in CS configurations. Biasing in Enhancement and Depletion modes. Applications as switch.

Learning Outcomes:

At the end of the unit, the student should be able to
- Understand the characteristics and biasing of FETs (L1).
- Apply the principles of FETsto solve complex Engineering problems (L2).
- Analyze the functions of FETs in CSconfiguration (L3).
- Evaluate the functions of FETs in real time applications (L3).
- Design amplifiers and switches using FETs (L4).

UNIT-IV:
Feedback Amplifiers and Oscillators
Feedback Amplifiers: Concept of feedback, General characteristics of negative feedback amplifiers, Voltage-series, Current-series, Voltage-shunt, and Current-shunt feedback amplifiers.
Oscillators: Conditions for oscillations, Hartley and Colpitts oscillators, RC phase-shift and Wien-bridge oscillators.

Learning Outcomes:

At the end of the unit, the student should be able to
- Understand the concept of negative & positive feedback and characteristics feedback amplifiers (L1).
- Apply the principles of feedback amplifiers and oscillators to solve complex Engineering problems (L2).
- Analyze the functions of feedback amplifiers and oscillators (L3).

- Evaluate the functions of feedback amplifiers and oscillators in real time applications (L3).
- Design feedback amplifiers and oscillators for specific applications (L4).

UNIT-V:
Wave-Shaping & Multivibrator Circuits and Linear Integrated Circuits

Wave-Shaping & Multivibrator Circuits: Introduction, Waveform Shaping Circuits –RC and RL Circuits. Clippers, Comparator and Clampers. Bistable, Schmitt Trigger, Monostable and Astable Multivibrators.

Linear Integrated Circuits: Operational Amplifier: Introduction, Block diagram, Basic applications – Inverting, Non-inverting, Summing amplifier, Subtractor, Voltage Follower. IC 555 Timer and IC 7805 Regulator.

Learning Outcomes:

At the end of the unit, the student should be able to
- Understand the operation of Wave-Shaping & Multivibrator Circuits and Linear Integrated Circuits (L1).
- Apply the principles of Wave-Shaping & Multivibrator Circuits and Linear Integrated Circuits to complex Engineering solve problems (L2).
- Analyse the functions of Wave-Shaping & Multivibrator Circuits and Linear Integrated Circuits (L3).
- Evaluate the functions of Wave-Shaping & Multivibrator Circuits and Linear Integrated Circuits in real time applications (L3).
- Design Wave-Shaping & Multivibrator Circuits and Linear Integrated Circuits for specific applications (L4).

Note: In all the units, only qualitative treatment is required.

Course Outcomes:

At the end of the course, the student should be able to
- Understand the characteristics of various types of electronic devices and circuits
- Apply various principles of electronic devices and circuits to solve complex
- Engineering problems
- Analyse the functions of various types of electronic devices and circuits, Evaluate the functions of various types of electronic devices and circuits in real time applications
- Design various types of electronic circuits for use in real time applications.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. S. Salivahanan and N. Suresh Kumar, "Electronic Devices and Circuits", 4th Edition, McGraw Hill Education (India) Pvt Ltd., 2017.

REFERENCES:

1. J. Milliman, Christos C Halkias, and Satyabrata Jit, "Electronics Devices and Circuits", 4th Edition, McGraw Hill Education (India) Pvt Ltd., 2015.
2. David A. Bell "Electronics Devices and Circuits", 5th Edition, Oxford University Press, 2008.

Blooms' learning levels:
L1: Remembering and Understanding
L2: Applying
L3: Analyzing/Derive
L4: Evaluating/Design
L5: Creating

B.Tech (CE)– III-I   **L   T   P   C**
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(19A04506b) DIGITAL ELECTRONICS
OPEN ELECTIVE-I

Course Objectives:

- To introduce different methods for simplifying Boolean expressions
- To analyze logic processes and implement logical operations using combinational logic circuits
- To understand characteristics of memory and their classification.
- To understand concepts of sequential circuits and to analyze sequential systems in terms of state machines
- To understand concept of Programmable Devices

UNIT- I

Minimization Techniques and Logic Gates Minimization Techniques**:** Boolean postulates and laws – De-Morgan's Theorem - Principle of Duality - Boolean expression - Minimization of Boolean expressions — Minterm – Maxterm - Sum of Products (SOP) – Product of Sums (POS) – Karnaugh map Minimization – Don't care conditions – Quine - McCluskey method of minimization. Logic Gates: AND, OR, NOT, NAND, NOR, Exclusive–OR and Exclusive–NOR Implementations of Logic Functions using gates, NAND– NOR implementations – Multi level gate implementations- Multi output gate implementations. TTL and CMOS Logic and their characteristics – Tristate gates.

Learning Outcomes:

At the end of the unit, the student should be able to:
- Learn Boolean algebra and logical operations in Boolean algebra. (L1)
- Apply different logic gates to functions and simplify them. (L2)
- Analyze the redundant terms and minimize the expression using Kmaps and tabulation methods (L3)

UNIT- II

Combinational Circuits -Design procedure – Half adder – Full Adder – Half subtractor – Full subtractor – Parallel binary adder, parallel binary Subtractor – Fast Adder - Carry Look Ahead adder – Serial Adder/Subtractor - BCD adder – Binary Multiplier – Binary Divider - Multiplexer/ Demultiplexer – decoder - encoder – parity checker – parity generators – code converters - Magnitude Comparator.

Learning Outcomes:

At the end of the unit, the student should be able to:
- Apply the logic gates and design of combinational circuits(L2)
- Design of different combinational logic circuits(L4)

UNIT -III

Sequential Circuits-Latches, Flip-flops - SR, JK, D, T, and Master-Slave – Characteristic table and equation –Application table – Edge triggering – Level Triggering – Realization of one flip flop using other flip flops – serial adder/subtractor- Asynchronous Ripple or serial counter – Asynchronous Up/Down counter - Synchronous counters – Synchronous Up/Down counters – Programmable counters – Design of Synchronous counters: state diagram- State table –State minimization –State assignment - Excitation table and maps-Circuit implementation - Modulo–n counter, Registers – shift registers - Universal shift registers – Shift register counters – Ring counter – Shift counters - Sequence generators.

Learning Outcomes:

At the end of the unit, the student should be able to:
- Understand the clock dependent circuits (L1)
- Identify the differences between clocked and clock less circuits, apply clock dependent circuits(L2)
- Design clock dependent circuits(L4)

UNIT -IV
Memory Devices Classification of memories – ROM - ROM organization - PROM – EPROM – EEPROM –EAPROM, RAM – RAM organization – Write operation – Read operation – Memory cycle - Timing wave forms – Memory decoding – memory expansion – Static RAM Cell- Bipolar RAM cell – MOSFET RAM cell – Dynamic RAM cell –Programmable Logic Devices – Programmable Logic Array (PLA) - Programmable Array Logic (PAL) – Field Programmable Gate Arrays (FPGA) - Implementation of combinational logic circuits using ROM, PLA, PAL

Learning Outcomes:

At the end of the unit, the student should be able to:
- Understand the principle of operation of basic memory devices, and programmable logic devices. (L1)
- Implement combinational logic circuits using memory and programmable logic devices (L2)

UNIT -V
Synchronous and Asynchronous Sequential Circuits Synchronous Sequential Circuits: General Model – Classification – Design – Use of Algorithmic State Machine – Analysis of Synchronous Sequential Circuits Asynchronous Sequential Circuits: Design of fundamental

mode and pulse mode circuits – Incompletely specified State Machines – Problems in Asynchronous Circuits – Design of Hazard Free Switching circuits.

Learning Outcomes:

At the end of the unit, the student should be able to:
- Understand how synchronous and asynchronous sequential circuit works (L1)
- Understand the FSM and its design principles. (L1)
- Analyze the procedure to reduce the internal states in sequential circuits (L3)
- Illustrate minimization of complete and incomplete state machines and to write a minimal cover table(L2)

Course Outcomes:

- Explain switching algebra theorems and apply them for logic functions, discuss about digital logic gates and their properties, Identify the importance of SOP and POS canonical forms in the minimization of digital circuits.
- Evaluate functions using various types of minimizing algorithms like Boolean algebra, Karnaugh map or tabulation method.
- Analyze the design procedures of Combinational & sequential logic circuits.
- Design of different combinational logic circuits, and compare different semiconductor memories.

Text Books:

1. M. Morris Mano, "Digital Design", 4th Edition, Prentice Hall of India Pvt. Ltd., 2008 / Pearson Education (Singapore) Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi, 2003.
2. Zvi Kohavi, "Switching and Finite Automata Theory", 3rd Edition, South Asian Edition, 2010,

References:

1. John F.Wakerly, "Digital Design", Fourth Edition, Pearson/PHI, 2008
2. John.M Yarbrough, "Digital Logic Applications and Design", Thomson Learning, 2006.
3. Charles H.Roth. "Fundamentals of Logic Design", 6th Edition, Thomson Learning, 2013.
4. Donald P.Leach and Albert Paul Malvino, "Digital Principles and Applications", 6th Edition, TMH, 2006.
5. Thomas L. Floyd, "Digital Fundamentals", 10th Edition, Pearson Education Inc, 2011
6. Donald D.Givone, "Digital Principles and Design", TMH, 2003.

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B.Tech (CE)– III-I   L   T   P   C
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(19A05506a) FREE AND OPEN SOURCES SYSTEMS
(Open Elective –I)
(Common to CSE & IT)

Course Objectives:

This course is designed to:
- Understand the context and operation of free and open source software (FOSS) communities and associated software projects.
- Motivate the students to contribute in FOSS projects
- Familiarize with programming languages like Python, Perl, Ruby
- Elucidate the important FOSS tools and techniques

UNIT -I

PHILOSOPHY

Notion of Community--Guidelines for effectively working with FOSS community--, Benefits of Community based Software Development --Requirements for being open, free software, open source software –Four degrees of freedom - FOSS Licensing Models - FOSS Licenses – GPL- AGPL-LGPL - FDL - Implications – FOSS examples.

Learning outcomes:

At the end of the unit, students will be able to:
- Analyze the benefits of Community based Software Development. (L4)
- Explain the degrees of Freedom. (L2)

UNIT- II

LINUX

Linux Installation and Hardware Configuration – Boot Process-The Linux Loader (LILO) - The Grand Unified Bootloader (GRUB) - Dual-Booting Linux and other Operating System - Boot-Time Kernel Options- X Windows System Configuration-System Administration – Backup and Restore Procedures- Strategies for keeping a Secure Server.

Learning outcomes:

At the end of the unit, students will be able to:
- Demonstrate Linux Installation and hardware configuration. (L2)
- Compare Linux and Windows System Configurations. (L4)

UNIT -III

PROGRAMMING LANGUAGES
Programming using languages like Python, Perl, Ruby

Learning outcomes:

At the end of the unit, students will be able to:
- Explain the syntax of programming Languages Python, Perl and Ruby. (L2)
- Develop applications in the Open source programming Languages. (L6)

UNIT -IV

PROGRAMMING TOOLS AND TECHNIQUES
Usage of design Tools like Argo UML or equivalent, Version Control Systems like Git or equivalent, – Bug Tracking Systems- Package Management Systems

Learning outcomes:

At the end of the unit, students will be able to:
- List various programming tools and explain their uses (L1)
- Make use of the various tools while building applications (L3)

UNIT -V

FOSS CASE STUDIES
Open Source Software Development - Case Study – Libre office -Samba

Learning outcomes:

At the end of the unit, students will be able to:
- Elaborate the open Source Software Development(L6)
- Compare Libre office with its proprietary equivalent (L5)

CourseOutcomes:
Upon completion of the course, the students should be able to:

- Demonstrate Installation and running of open-source operating systems.(L2)
- Justify the importance of Free and Open Source Software projects. (L5)
- Build and adapt one or more Free and Open Source Software packages. (L6)
- Utilize a version control system. (L3)
- Develop software to and interact with Free and Open Source Software development projects.(L3)

TEXT BOOK:
Ellen Siever, Stephen Figgins, Robert Love, Arnold Robbins, "Linux in a Nutshell", Sixth Edition, OReilly Media, 2009.

REFERENCES:

1. Philosophy of GNU URL: http://www.gnu.org/philosophy/.

2. Linux Administration URL: http://www.tldp.org/LDP/lame/LAME/linux-admin-made-easy/.

3. The Python Tutorial available at http://docs.python.org/2/tutorial/.

4. Perl Programming book at http://www.perl.org/books/beginning-perl/.

5. Ruby programming book at http://ruby-doc.com/docs/ProgrammingRuby/.

6. Version control system URL: http://git-scm.com/.

7. Samba: URL : http://www.samba.org/.

8. Libre office: http://www.libreoffice.org/.

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B.Tech (CE)– III-I   **L   T   P   C**
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(19A05506b) COMPUTER GRAPHICS AND MULTIMEDIA ANIMATION
(Open Elective –I)
(Common to CSE & IT)

Course Objectives:

This course is designed to:
- Introduce the use of the components of a graphics system and become familiar with the building approach of graphics system components and related algorithms.
- Understand the basic principles of 3- 3-dimensional computer graphics.
- Provide insites on how to scan, convert the basic geometrical primitives, how to transform the shapes to fit them as per the picture definition.
- Provide an understanding of mapping from world coordinates to device coordinates, clipping, and projections.
- Discuss the application of computer graphics concepts in the development of computer games, information visualization, and business applications.

UNIT- I

OVERVIEW OF COMPUTER GRAPHICS SYSTEM

OverView of Computer Graphics System – Video display devices – Raster Scan and random scan system – Input devices – Hard copy devices.

Learning outcomes:

At the end of the unit, students will be able to:
- Explain the overview of computer graphics with visualization. (L2)
- Classify the Input devices. (L2)
- Distinguish raster scan and random scan systems. (L4)

UNIT- II

OUTPUT PRIMITIVES AND ATTRIBUTES

Drawing line, circle and ellipse generating algorithms – Scan line algorithm – Character Generation – attributes of lines, curves and characters – Antialiasing.

Learning outcomes:

At the end of the unit, students will be able to:
- Analyse output primitives and attributes. (L4)
- Design algorithms based on output. (L6)

UNIT –III

TWO DIMENSIONAL GRAPHICS TRANSFORMATIONS AND VIEWING:

Two-dimensional Geometric Transformations – Windowing and Clipping – Clipping of lines and clipping of polygons.

Learning outcomes:

At the end of the unit, students will be able to:
- Create two-dimensional graphics. (L6)
- Examine the clipping of polygon. (L4)
- Compare different forms of variations. (L2)

UNIT -IV

THREE DIMENSIONAL GRAPHICS AND VIEWING

Three-dimensional concepts – Object representations- Polygon table, Quadric surfaces, Splines, Bezier curves and surfaces – Geometric and Modelling transformations – Viewing - Parallel and perspective projections.

Learning outcomes:

At the end of the unit, students will be able to:
- Create three-dimensional graphics. (L6)
- Explain the Quadric surfaces and polygon table. (L2)
- Define modelling transformations. (L1)

UNIT -V

REMOVAL OF HIDDEN SURFACES

Visible Surface Detection Methods – Computer Animation.

Learning outcomes:

At the end of the unit, students will be able to:
- List the different types of detection methods. (L1)
- Compare various computer animations. (L2)

Course outcomes:

Upon completion of the course, the students should be able to:

- Explain the basic concepts used in computer graphics. (L2)
- Inspect various algorithms to scan, convert the basic geometrical primitives, transformations, Area filling, clipping. (L4)
- Assess the importance of viewing and projections. (L5)

- Define the fundamentals of animation, virtual reality and its related technologies. (L3)
- Analyze the typical graphics pipeline (L4)

TEXTBOOK

1. Hearn, D. and Pauline Baker,M., Computer Graphics (C-Version), 2nd Edition, Pearson Education, 2002.

REFERENCES

1. Neuman, W.M., and Sproull, R.F., Principles of Interactive Computer Graphics, Mc Graw Hill Book Co., 1979.
2. Roger, D.F., Procedural elements for Computer Graphics, Mc Graw Hill Book Co., 1985.
3. Asthana, R.G.S and Sinha, N.K., Computer Graphics, New Age Int. Pub. (P) Ltd., 1996.
4. Floey, J.D., Van Dam, A, Feiner, S.K. and Hughes, J.F, Computer Graphics, Pearson Education, 2001.

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B.Tech (CE)– III-I   **L   T   P   C**

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(19A27506a)   BREWING TECHNOLOGY
OPEN ELECTIVE - I

PREAMBLE

This course covers the origin of brewing and ingredients used, methods and equipment used and innovations in this field.

Coues Objectives

- To understand the Beer manufacturing, ingredients and their roles.
- To understand overall view of a brewing industry

UNIT – I

Introduction of brewing, history of brewing; Raw materials: barley, hops, water, yeast; Adjuncts for beer production: Maize, rice, millet, wheat, sugar etc. Malt production, role of enzymes for malting; Barley storage, steeping, germination, kilning, cooling, storage;

Learning Outcomes:

At the end of the unit, the student should be able to:
- Introduction of brewing, history of brewing
- Raw materials like barley, hops, water, yeast
- Adjuncts for beer production: Maize, rice, millet, wheat, sugar etc
- Malt production, role of enzymes for malting
- Barley storage, steeping, germination, kilning, cooling, storage

UNIT – II

Malt from other cereals, caramel malt, roasted malt, smoked malt, malt extract; Malt quality evaluation, Wort production, malt milling, Mashing, Mashing vessels; Wort boiling, clarification, cooling and aeration Enzyme properties, starch degradation, b-glucan degradation; Conversion of fatty matter, Biological acidification

Learning Outcomes:

At the end of the unit, the student should be able to:
- Malt from other cereals, caramel malt, roasted malt, smoked malt, malt extract

- Malt quality evaluation, Wort production, malt milling, Mashing, Mashing vessels
- Wort boiling, clarification, cooling and aeration Enzyme properties, starch degradation, b-glucan degradation
- Conversion of fatty matter, Biological acidification

UNIT – III

Beer production methods, fermentation technology, changes during fermentation; Filtration procedure and equipment, beer stabilization conditions and durations, beer carbonation process; Packaging equipment and packaging materials, storage conditions and distribution process

Learning Outcomes:

At the end of the unit, the student should be able to:
- Beer production methods, fermentation technology, changes during fermentation
- Filtration procedure and equipment, beer stabilization conditions and durations, beer carbonation process
- Packaging equipment and packaging materials, storage conditions and distribution process

UNIT – IV

Brewing Equipment. Grain mill, kettles, siphons, carboys, fermentation equipment, wort chillers, pumps beer bottles, cans, labels, bottle caps, sanitation equipments Preventive Production of beer against technology, ling phenomenon of beer, possible measures against staling reactions, oxidation

Learning Outcomes:

At the end of the unit, the student should be able to:
- Brewing Equipments like Grain mill, kettles, siphons, carboys, fermentation equipment, wort chillers
- pumps beer bottles, cans, labels, bottle caps, sanitation equipments
- Preventive Production of beer against technology, ling phenomenon of beer, possible measures against staling reactions, oxidation

UNIT – V

Recent advances: Immobilized Cell Technology in Beer Production, immobilized yeast cell technology Energy management in the brewery and maltings; waste water treatment Automation and plant planning

Learning Outcomes:

At the end of the unit, the student should be able to:

- Immobilized Cell Technology in Beer Production, immobilized yeast cell technology
- Energy management in the brewery and maltings
- waste water treatment Automation and plant planning

Course Outcomes:

By the end of this course, students will attain the:
- Knowledge of beer making, chemistry of ingredients used for brewing,
- Knowledge on brewing industry, Unit operations and equipments involved.

TEXT BOOKS

1. Brewing: "Science and Practice, Brookes and Roger Stevens", Dennis E. Briggs, Chris A. Boulton, Peter A. 2004, Woodhead publishing limited.
2. Die Deutsche "Bibliothek Technology: "Brewing and Malting", Wolfgang Kunze. 2010, Bibliographic information published

REFERENCES

1. "Handbook of Brewing": Process, Technology, Markets, Hans Michael Eblinger. 2009, Wiley-VCH Verlag GmbH & Co.
2. Brewing: "New Technologies", Charles W. Bamforth. 2006, Woodhead Pub.

B.Tech (CE)– III-I   **L   T   P   C**
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(19A27506b) COMPUTER APPLICATIONS IN FOOD INDUSTRY
(OPEN ELECTIVE – I)

PREAMBLE

This course covers all facets of computerization and various software's used and their usage.

Course Objectives

- Able to know about "The necessity of Software & their applications in Food Industries"
- Able to Implement the Programs in 'C' to perform various operations that are related to Food Industries.

UNIT – I

Computerization, Importance of Computerization in food industry and IT applications in food industries. Computer operating environments and information system for various types of food industries. Introduction to Bar charts and Pie charts & the procedure to develop bar charts and pie charts on given Data.

Learning Outcomes:

At the end of unit, students will be able to understand the following
- Computerization, Importance of Computerization in food industry and IT applications in food industries.
- Computer operating environments and information system for various types of food industries.
- Introduction to Barcharts and Piecharts & the procedure to develop barcharts and piecharts on given Data.

UNIT – II

Introduction to Software & Programming Languages, Properties, Differences of an Algorithm and Flowcharts, Advantages and disadvantages of Flowcharts & Algorithms. Introduction, Fundamentals & advantages of 'C'. Steps in learning 'C' (Character set, Identifiers, Keywords) Steps in learning 'C' (Data types, Constants, Variables, Escape sequences).

Learning Outcomes:

At the end of unit, students will be able to understand the following
- Introduction to Software & Programming Languages, Properties, Differences of an Algorithm and Flowcharts

- Advantages and disadvantages of Flowcharts & Algorithms. Introduction, Fundamentals & advantages of 'C'.
- Steps in learning 'C' (Character set, Identifiers, Keywords)
- Steps in learning 'C' (Data types, Constants, Variables, Escape sequences).

UNIT – III

Steps in learning 'C' (Operators, Statements) Steps in learning 'C' (Header Files, Input & Output functions: Formatted I/O functions, Unformatted I/O functions). Basic Structure of a simple 'C' program. Decision Making/Control Statements. Branching, Concept of Looping & Looping statements.

Learning Outcomes:

At the end of unit, students will be able to understand the following
- Steps in learning 'C' (Operators, Statements)
- Steps in learning 'C' (Header Files, Input & Output functions: Formatted I/O functions, Unformatted I/O functions).
- Basic Structure of a simple 'C' program. Decision Making/Control Statements.
- Branching, Concept of Looping & Looping statements.

UNIT – IV

Concept of Functions (Defining a function & Function Prototypes, Types of functions: Library functions & User defined functions. Concept of various types of User Defined Functions (i.e., About 4 types). Concept of Arrays & Types of Arrays (Single, Double and Multi-Dimensional Arrays). Concept of a String Library Functions.

Learning Outcomes:

At the end of unit, students will be able to understand the following
- Concept of Functions (Defining a function & Function Prototypes, Types of functions: Library functions & User defined functions.
- Concept of various types of User Defined Functions (i.e., About 4 types).
- Concept of Arrays & Types of Arrays (Single, Double and Multi-Dimensional Arrays).
- Concept of a String Library Functions.

UNIT – V

Concept of Pointers, Structures & Unions. Introduction to Data Structures, Types of Data Structures (Primary & Secondary Data Structures) Concept of Linked Lists, Types of Linked Lists & Basic operations on linked Lists. Concept of Stacks & Operations on Stacks (PUSH & POP Operations) Concept of Queues and types of Queues Operations on a Queue (ENQUEUE & DEQUEUE Operations)

Learning Outcomes:

At the end of unit, students will be able to understand the following
- Concept of Pointers, Structures & Unions. Introduction to Data Structures, Types of Data Structures (Primary & Secondary Data Structures)
- Concept of Linked Lists, Types of Linked Lists & Basic operations on linked Lists.
- Concept of Stacks & Operations on Stacks (PUSH & POP Operations)
- Concept of Queues and types of Queues Operations on a Queue (ENQUEUE & Dequeue Operations)

Course Outcomes

By the end of the course, the students will be able to
- know about the various steps which are related to computer and Software and their application in Food Industries
- know about the various steps which are necessary to implement the programs in 'C'

TEXT BOOKS
1. Yeswanth Kanethkar, Let us 'C'
2. Balaguruswamy E., "Computer Programming in 'C'"
3. Mark Allen Waise , "Data Structures"

REFERENCES
1. M. S Excel 2000, Microsoft Corporation
2. M. S. Office – Microsoft Corporation
3. Verton M.V. "Computer concepts for Agri Business", AVI Pub. Corp., West Port, USA.

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B.Tech (CE) –III-I   **L   T   P   C**
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(19A54506a) OPTIMIZATION TECHNIQUES
(OPEN ELECTIVE-I)

Course Objectives:

The student will be able to learn:
- The basic concepts of Optimization
- The emphasis of this course is on different classical Optimization techniques linear programming and simplex algorithms.
- About optimality of balanced transportation Problems
- About Constrained and unconstrained nonlinear programming.
- About principle of optimality and dynamic programming

UNIT – I

Introduction and Classical Optimization Techniques:

Statement of an Optimization problem – design vector – design constraints – constraint surface – objective function – objective function surfaces – classification of Optimization problems. Classical Optimization Techniques: Single variable Optimization – multi variable Optimization without constraints – necessary and sufficient conditions for minimum/maximum – multivariable Optimization with equality constraints. Solution by method of Lagrange multipliers – multivariable Optimization with inequality constraints – Kuhn – Tucker conditions – Numerical examples.

Learning Outcomes:

At the end of unit, students will be able to understand the following
- To know how to formulate statement of optimization problem with or without constraints
- To know about classification of single and multivariable optimization problems
- To know about necessary and sufficient conditions in defining the optimization problems
- To understand how to formulate Kuhn-Tucker conditions and to solve numerical problems

UNIT – II

Linear Programming

Standard form of a linear programming problem – geometry of linear programming problems – definitions and theorems – solution of a system of linear simultaneous equations – pivotal reduction of a general system of equations – motivation to the simplex method – simplex algorithm – Numerical examples.

Learning Outcomes:

At the end of unit, students will be able to understand the following
- To know about formulation of LPP
- To know about formulations of GPP
- To understand various theorems in solving simultaneous equations
- To understand about necessity of Simplex method and to solve numerical problems

UNIT – III

Nonlinear Programming – One Dimensional Minimization methods

Introduction, Unimodal function, Elimination methods- Unrestricted Search, Exhaustive Search, Dichotomous Search, Fibonacci Method, Golden Section Method and their comparison; Interpolation methods - Quadratic Interpolation Method, Cubic Interpolation Method and Direct Root Methods – Numerical examples.

Learning Outcomes:

At the end of unit, students will be able to understand the following
- To know about NLP in one dimensional optimization problems
- To understand about various search methods
- To learn about various interpolation methods
- To distinguish and compare the various elimination methods with numerical examples

UNIT – IV

Unconstrained & Constrained Nonlinear Programming

Unconstrained Optimization Techniques: Introduction- Classification of Unconstrained Minimization Methods, General Approach, Rate of Convergence, Scaling of Design Variables; Direct Search methods- Random Search Methods, Grid Search Method, Pattern Directions, Powell's Method and Simplex Method

Constrained Optimization Techniques: Introduction, Characteristics of a Constrained Problem, Direct Search Methods - Random Search Methods, Basic Approach in the Methods of Feasible Directions, Rosen's Gradient Projection Method, Generalized Reduced Gradient Method and Sequential Quadratic Programming.

Learning Outcomes:

At the end of unit, students will be able to understand the following
- To distinguish between unconstrained and constrained optimization problems
- To learn about direct search methods in unconstrained NLP problems and comparison
- To understand about direct search methods in constrained NLP problems and comparison

- To do exercises for solving numerical examples of various methods

UNIT – V

Dynamic Programming

Dynamic programming multistage decision processes – types – concept of sub optimization and the principle of optimality – computational procedure in dynamic programming – examples illustrating the calculus method of solution - examples illustrating the tabular method of solution – Numerical examples.

Learning Outcomes:

At the end of unit, students will be able to understand the following
- To know what is DP problem?
- To know about computational procedure in solving DPP
- To know Calculus and Tabular methods of solving with numerical examples of various methods

Course Outcomes:
The student gets thorough knowledge on:
- Basic methods, principles in optimization
- Formulation of optimization models, solution methods in optimization
- Finding initial basic feasible solutions.
- Methods of linear and non-linear (constrained and unconstrained) programming.
- Applications to engineering problems.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. S. S. Rao, "Engineering optimization": Theory and practice 3rd edition, New Age International (P) Limited, 1998.
2. H.S. Kasana & K.D. Kumar, "Introductory Operations Research Springer (India)", 2004.

REFERENCES:

1. R Fletcher, "Practical Methods of Optimization" ,2nd Edition, Wiley Publishers, 2000.
2. Jorge Nocedal and Wright S, "Numerical Optimization Springer", 1st Edition, 1999.
3. by K.V. Mital and C. Mohan, "Optimization Methods in Operations Research and systems Analysis" 3rd Edition, New Age International (P) Limited, 1996.
4. by S.D. Sharma, "Operations Research", Kedar Nath, 2012.
5. by H.A. Taha, "Operations Research", 9th Edition, An Introduction Pearson, 2010.
6. G. Hadley, "Linear Programming", Narosa, 2002.

JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY ANANTAPUR

B.Tech (CE) – III-I   **L   T   P   C**
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(19A52506a) TECHNICAL COMMUNICATION AND PRESENTATION SKILLS
(OPEN ELECTIVE)

Course Objectives:

- To develop awareness in students of the relevance and importance of technical communication and presentation skills.
- To prepare the students for placements
- To sensitize the students to the appropriate use of non-verbal communication
- To train students to use language appropriately for presentations and interviews
- To enhance the documentation skills of the students with emphasis on formal and informal writing

SYLLABUS

UNIT -1:

Basics of Technical Communication – Introduction – Objectives & Characteristics of Technical Communication – Importance and need for Technical communication - LSRW Skills – Barriers to effective communication

Learning Outcomes:

At the end of the module, the learners will be able to
- Understand the importance of LSRW skills
- Identify and overcome the barriers to effective communication
- Realize the need and importance of technical communication

UNIT -II

Informal and Formal Conversation - Verbal and Non-verbal communication –Kinesics, Proxemics, Chronemics, Haptics, Paralanguage

LearningOutcomes:

At the end of the module, the learners will be able to
- State the difference between formal and informal conversation.
- Apply the knowledge of the difference between the verbal and non-verbal communication
- Evaluate the different aspects of non-verbal communication.

UNIT -III

Written communication – Differences between spoken and written communication – Features of effective writing –Advantages and disadvantages of spoken and written communication- Art of condensation- summarizing and paraphrasing

LearningOutcomes:

At the end of the module, the learners will be able to
- Know the difference between written and spoken communication
- Apply the awareness of features of effective writing.
- Implement the understanding of summarizing and paraphrasing.

UNIT -IV

Presentation Skills – Nature and importance of oral presentation – Defining the purpose – Analyzing the audience - Planning and preparing the presentation, organizing and rehearsing the presentation –Individual and group presentations - Handling stage fright

Learning Outcomes:

At the end of the module, the learners will be able to
- State the importance of presentation skills in corporate climate.
- Analyze the demography of the audience.
- Plan, prepare and present individual and group presentations.

UNIT -V

Interview Skills – The Interview process –Characteristics of the job interview – Pre-interview preparation techniques – Projecting the positive image – Answering Strategies

LearningOutcomes:

At the end of the module, the learners will be able to
- Identify the characteristics of the job interview.
- Understand the process of Interviews.
- Develop a positive image using strategies in answering FAQs in interviews

Course Outcomes
- Understand the importance of effective technical communication
- Apply the knowledge of basic skills to become good orators
- Analyze non-verbal language suitable to different situations in professional life
- Evaluate different kinds of methods used for effective presentations
- Create trust among people and develop employability skills

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Ashrif Rizvi, "Effective Technical Communication", TataMcGrahill, 2011
2. Meenakshi Raman &Sangeeta Sharma, "Technical Communication", 3rd Edition, O U Press 2015

REFERENCES:

1. Pushpalatha & Sanjay Kumar, "Communication Skills", Oxford Univsesity Press
2. Barron's/Books on TOEFL/GRE/GMAT/CAT/IELTS DELTA/Cambridge University Press.2012.
3. Butterfield Jeff, "Soft Skills for Everyone", Cengage Publications, 2011.
4. Universities Press (India) Pvt Ltd., "Management Shapers Series",Himayatnagar, Hyderabad 2008.
5. John Hughes & Andrew Mallett, "Successful Presentations"Oxford.
6. Edgar Thorpe and Showick Thorpe, "Winning at Interviews"Pearson
7. Munish Bhargava, "Winning Resumes and Successful Interviews", McGraw Hill

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B.Tech (CE) – III-I　　　　　　　　　　　　　　　　**L　T　P　C**
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(19A51506a) CHEMISTRY OF ENERGY MATERIALS

Course Objectives:

- To make the student understand basic electrochemical principles such as standard electrode potentials, emf and applications of electrochemical principles in the design of batteries.
- To understand the basic concepts of processing and limitations of fossil fuels and Fuel cells & their applications.
- To impart knowledge to the students about fundamental concepts of hydrogen storage in different materials and liquification method
- Necessasity of harnessing alternate energy resources such as solar energy and its basic concepts.
- To understand and apply the basics of calculations related to material and energy flow in the processes.

UNIT-1: Electrochemical Systems: Galvanic cell, standard electrode potential, application of EMF, electrical double layer, dipole moments, polarization, Batteries-Lead-acid and Lithium ion batterie**s.**

Learning Outcomes:

At the end of this unit, the students will be able to

- Solve the problems based on electrode potential (L3)
- Describe the Galvanic Cell (L2)
- Differentiate between Lead acid and Lithium ion batteries (L2)
- Illustrate the electrical double layer (L2)

UNIT-2: Fuel Cells: Fuel cell working principle, Classification of fuel cells, Polymer electrolyte membrane (PEM) fuel cells, Solid-oxide fuel cells (SOFC), Fuel cell efficiency, Basic design of fuel cell,.

Learning Outcomes:

At the end of this unit, the students will be able to

- Describe the working Principle of Fuel cell (L2)
- Explain the efficiency of the fuel cell (L2)
- Discuss about the Basic design of fuel cells (L3)
- Classify the fuel cell (L2)

UNIT-3: Hydrogen Storage: Hydrogen Storage, Chemical and Physical methods of hydrogen storage, Hydrogen Storage in metal hydrides, metal organic frame works (MOF), Carbon structures, metal oxide porous structures, hydrogel storage by high pressure methods. Liquifaction method.

Learning Outcomes:

At the end of this unit, the students will be able to

- Differentiate Chemical and Physical methods of hydrogen storage (L2)
- Discuss the metal organic frame work (L3)
- Illustrate the carbon and metal oxide porous structures (L2)
- Describe the liquification methods (L2)

UNIT-4: Solar Energy: Solar energy introduction and prospects, photo voltaic (PV) technology, concentrated solar power (CSP), Solar Fuels, Solar cells.

Learning Outcomes:

At the end of this unit, the students will be able to

- Apply the photo voltaic technology (L3)
- Demonstrate about solar energy and prospects (L2)
- Illustrate the Solar cells (L2)
- Discuss about concentrated solar power (L3)

UNIT-5: Photo and Photo electrochemical Conversions: Photochemical cells and applications of photochemical reactions, specificity of photo electrochemical cell, advantage of photoelectron catalytic conversions.

Learning Outcomes:

At the end of this unit, the students will be able to

- Differentiate between Photo and Photo electrochemical Conversions (L2)
- Illustrate the photochemical cells (L2)
- Identify the applications of photochemical reactions (L3)
- Interpret advantages of photoelectron catalytic conversion (L2)

Course Outcome:

- Ability to perform simultaneous material and energy balances.
- Student learn about various electrochemical and energy systems
- Knowledge of solid, liquid and gaseous fuels
- To know the energy demand of world, nation and available resources to fulfill the demand
- To know about the conventional energy resources and their effective utilization

- To acquire the knowledge of modern energy conversion technologies
- To be able to understand and perform the various characterization techniques of fuels
- To be able to identify available nonconventional (renewable) energy resources and techniques to utilize them effectively

References :

1. Physical chemistry **by** Ira N. Levine
2. Essentials of Physical Chemistry**,** Bahl and Bahl and Tuli.
3. Inorganic Chemistry**,** Silver and Atkins
4. Fuel Cell Hand Book 7th Edition, by US Department of Energy (EG&G technical services and corporation)
5. Hand book of solar energy and applications by Arvind Tiwari and Shyam.
6. Solar energy fundamental, technology and systems by Klaus Jagar et.al.
7. Hydrogen storage by Levine Klebonoff

B.Tech (CE)– III-I Sem   **L   T   P   C**

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(19A01507) COMPUTER AIDED CIVIL ENGINEERING DRAWING

Course Objectives:
- To make the student prepare engineering drawings conventionally involving various design parameters.
- To introduce fundamentals of computer aided drawing in Civil Engineering.
- To enable the student develop drawing of building components
- To train the student in Producing 2D & 3D drawings
- To enable the students Communicate designs graphically
- To teach methodologies for understanding and verification of CAD

UNIT -I

Introduction to drawing:

Introduction to Civil Engineering drawings, Interpretation of typical drawings, Scales – Elements of a building drawing – Plan, Section and Elevation from the given line drawing/Site plan/floor plan of residential and public buildings. Introduction to computer aided drawing, co-ordinate systems, and reference planes. Commands: Initial settings, Drawing commands, Modify commands

Learning Outcomes:

At the end of this unit, the student will be able to
- Understand basic terms plan section and elevation in drawing
- Introduce computer applications in developing drawing skills

UNIT –II

Sign conventions and symbols:

Layers and Annotations in AUTOCAD,Conventional signs – Materials, Architecture, Structure, Electrical and Plumbing, Rebar drawings, Brick Bonds – Header, Stretcher, English and Flemish, one and half, two and two and half brick walls. Doors and Windows

Learning Outcomes:

At the end of this unit, the student will be able to

- Acquaint with AUTOCAD software
- Identify sign conventions and symbols used in civil engineering drawing.

UNIT –III

Introduction to Building Planning

Development of 2D wireframe models in AUTOCAD

Introduction, terminology, Objectives of building bye-laws, Principles under laying building bye laws. Classification of buildings, Open space requirements. Floor area ratio, Floor space index, built up area limitations. Lighting and ventilation requirements.

Learning Outcomes:
At the end of this unit, the student will be able to
- Understand building bye-laws
- Understand planning the components of building and standard dimensions.

UNIT –IV

Basics of a building drawing:
Elements of planning building drawing, Methods of line and detailed drawing. Site plan, floor plan, elevation and section, drawing of residential buildings. Foundation details.

Learning Outcomes:
At the end of this unit, the student will be able to
- Draw various views of building.
- Develop floor plan, elevation and section

UNIT –V

Pictorial View: Principles of isometrics and perspective view of building.
Fundamentals of Building Information Modeling (BIM) using Revit Architecture.
Introduction to Revit architecture software tools; Detailed planning of structural components, walls, floors, ceiling, roof, stairs; modify tools; structural modelling, column and beam system, foundations.

Learning Outcomes:
At the end of this unit, the student will be able to
- Understand basic principles of BIM
- Draw the detailed structural elements and visualize.

List of Drawing Experiments:

1. Sign conventions and symbols
2. Masonry bonds
3. Doors and windows
4. Buildings with load bearing walls including details of doors and windows.
5. Taking standard drawings of a typical two storied building including all MEP.
6. Joinery, re-bars, finishing and other details and writing out a description of the RCC framed structures
7. Reinforcement drawings for typical slabs,
8. Reinforcement drawings for typical beams,
9. Reinforcement drawings for typical columns
10. Reinforcement drawings for typical spread footings.

11. Industrial buildings - North light roof structures - Trusses
12. Perspective view of one and two storey buildings

Course Outcomes:

At The end of the course the student will be able to
- Develop drawing skills for effective demonstration of building details.
- Draw building plans using Computer Aided Design and Drafting software's.
- Develop engineering project drawings incorporating details and design parameters in 2D & 3D.
- Examine efficacy of CAD design.

TEXT BOOKS:
1. Subhash C Sharma & Gurucharan Singh (2005), "Civil Engineering Drawing", Standard Publishers
2. Ajeet Singh (2002), "Working with AUTOCAD 2000 with updates on AUTOCAD 200I", Tata- Mc Graw-Hill Company Limited, New Delhi
3. N. Kumara Swamy, A. Kameswara Rao "Building Planning and Drawing"

REFERENCES:

1. Balagopal and Prabhu (1987), "Building Drawing and Detailing", Spades publishing KDR building, Calicut, (Corresponding set of) CAD Software Theory and User Manuals.
2. Sikka, V.B. (2013), "A Course in Civil Engineering Drawing", S. K. Kataria & Sons,
3. Sham Tickoo Swapna D (2009), "AUTOCAD for Engineers and Designers", Pearson Education,
4. Venugopal (2007), "Engineering Drawing and Graphics + AUTOCAD", New Age International Pvt. Ltd.,
5. Nawari & Kuenstle,Building "Information Modeling (BIM): A framework for Structural Design", CRC press ISBN-13: 978-1482240436, ISBN-10: 1482240432, CRC Press, Taylor and Francis Group. http://www.crcpress.com/; spring 2015. By N. Nawari & M. Kuenstle.
6. Eastman BIM Handbook: "A Guide to Building Information Modeling for Owners, Managers, Designers, Engineers and Contractors".

B.Tech (CE)– III-I Sem   **L T P C**

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(19A01508)ENVIRONMENTAL ENGINEERING LAB

OBJECTIVE: The object of the course is to enable the students to identify the characteristics of water sample.

LABORATORY EXPERIMENTS

1. Determination of pH and Electrical Conductivity (Salinity) of Water and Soil.
2. Determination and estimation of Total Hardness–Calcium & Magnesium.
3. Determination of Alkalinity/Acidity
4. Determination of Chlorides in water and soil
5. Determination and Estimation of total solids, organic solids and inorganic solids and settleable solids by Imhoff Cone.
6. Determination of Iron.
7. Determination of Dissolved Oxygen with D.O. Meter & Wrinklers Method and B.O.D.
8. Determination of N, P, K values in solid waste
9. Physical parameters – Temperature, Colour, Odour, Turbidity, Taste.
10. Determination of C.O.D.
11. Determination of Optimum coagulant dose.
12. Determination of Chlorine demand.
13. Presumptive Coliform test.

Course Outcomes:

At the end of the course, the student will be able to:
● Understand about quality of water and purification process
● Select appropriate technique for treatment of waste water.
● Assess the impact of air pollution
● Understand consequences of solid waste and its management.
● Design domestic plumbing systems.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. G. S. Birdi "Water supply and sanitary Engineering", Dhanpat Rai & Sons Publishers.
2. Peavy, H.S, Rowe, D. R. Tchobanoglous, "Environmental Engineering", Mc-Graw –Hill International Editions, New York 1985.

REFERENCES:

1. B.C. Punmia, Ashok Jain & Arun Jain, "Water Supply Engineering, Vol. 1, Waste water Engineering, Vol. II", Laxmi Publications Pvt. Ltd, New Delhi.
2. MetCalf and Eddy. "Wastewater Engineering, Treatment, Disposal and Reuse", Tata McGraw- Hill, New Delhi.
3. S. M. Patil, "Plumbing Engineering. Theory, Design and Practice",1999.
4. K. N. Duggal, "Elements of environmental engineering", S. Chand Publishers.

B.Tech (CE)– III-I Sem   **L T P C**

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(19A01503P) ENGINEERING GEOLOGY LAB

OBJECTIVE: The object of the course is to enable the students to identify the physical characteristics various rocks .

LABORATORY EXPERIMENTS
1. Physical properties of minerals: Mega-scopic identification of Rock forming minerals – Quartz group, Feldspar group,
2. Identification of Rock forming minerals Garnet group, Mica group
3. Physical properties of minerals: Mega-scopic identification of Talc, Chlorite, Olivine, Kyanite, Asbestos, Tourmelene, Calcite, Gypsum, etc…
4. Physical properties of minerals: Mega-scopic identification of Ore forming minerals – Magnetite, Hematite, Pyrite, Pyralusite, Graphite, Chromite, etc…
5. Megascopic description and identification of Igneous rocks – Types of Granite, Pegmatite, Gabbro, Dolerite, Syenite, Granite Poryphery, Basalt, etc…
6. Megascopic description and identification of Sedimentary rocks – Sand stone, Ferrugineous sand stone, Lime stone, Shale, Laterite, Conglamorate, etc…
7. Megascopic description and identification of Metamorphic rocks – Biotite – Granite Gneiss, Slate, Muscovite & Biotiteschist, Marble, Khondalite, etc…
8. Interpretation and drawing of sections for geological maps showing tilted beds
9. Interpretation and drawing of sections for geological maps showing faults,
10. Interpretation and drawing of sections for geological maps showing unconformities etc.
11. Simple Structural Geology problems.
12. Strength of the rock using laboratory tests.

Course Outcomes: At the end of the course the students will be able to classify various types of rocks, their properties and they will be familiar with interpretation of geological maps.

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B.Tech (CE)– III-I Sem   **L   T   P   C**
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(19A01509)   SOCIALLY RELAVENT PROJECT

<u>Areas for Socially Relevant Project in 5th Semester</u>

a) Water quality analysis in a village /town

b) Survey camp

c) Road safety Audit

d) Environmental impact Audit

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B.Tech (CE)– III-I Sem

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(19A99501) MANDATORY COURSE: CONSTITUTION OF INDIA

Course Objectives :

The objective of this course is
- To Enable the student to understand the importance of constitution
- To understand the structure of executive, legislature and judiciary
- To understand philosophy of fundamental rights and duties
- To understand the autonomous nature of constitutional bodies like Supreme Court and high court controller and auditor general of India and Election Commission of India.
- To understand the central-state relation in financial and administrative control

Syllabus

UNIT-I

Introduction to Indian Constitution – Constitution -Meaning of the term - Indian Constitution- Sources and constitutional history - Features– Citizenship – Preamble - Fundamental Rights and Duties - Directive Principles of State Policy.

LearningOutcomes:-

After completion of this unit student will
- Understand the concept of Indian constitution
- Apply the knowledge on directive principle of state policy
- Analyze the History and features of Indian constitution
- Learn about Preamble, Fundamental Rights and Duties

UNIT-II

Union Government and its Administration Structure of the Indian Union - Federalism - Centre-State relationship – President's Role, power and position - PM and Council of ministers - Cabinet and Central Secretariat –Lok Sabha - Rajya Sabha - The Supreme Court and High Court - Powers and Functions

LearningOutcomes:-

After completion of this unit student will
- Understand the structure of Indian government

- Differentiate between the state and central government
- Explain the role of President and Prime Minister
- Know the Structure of supreme court and High court

UNIT-III

State Government and its Administration - Governor - Role and Position -CM and Council of ministers - State Secretariat-Organization Structure and Functions

Learning Outcomes:-

After completion of this unit student will
- Understand the structure of state government
- Analyze the role of Governor and Chief Minister
- Explain the role of State Secretariat
- Differentiate between structure and functions of state secretariat

UNIT-IV

Local Administration - District's Administration Head - Role and Importance - Municipalities - Mayor and role of Elected Representatives -CEO of Municipal Corporation Pachayati Raj - Functions– PRI –Zilla Parishath - Elected officials and their roles – CEO,Zilla Parishath - Block level Organizational Hierarchy - (Different departments) - Village level - Role of Elected and Appointed officials - Importance of grass root democracy

Learning Outcomes:-

After completion of this unit student will
- Understand the local Administration
- Compare and contrast district administration's role and importance
- Analyze the role of Mayor and elected representatives of Municipalities
- Learn about the role ofZillaParishath block level organization

UNIT-V

Election Commission - Election Commission- Role of Chief Election Commissioner and Election Commissionerate - State Election Commission -Functions of Commissions for the welfare of SC/ST/OBC and Women

Learning Outcomes:-

After completion of this unit student will
- Know the role of Election Commission

- Contrast and compare the role of Chief Election commissioner and Commissionerate
- Analyze the role of state election commission
- Evaluate various commissions viz SC/ST/OBC and women

Course Outcomes:

At the end of the course, students will be able to
- Understand historical background of the constitution making and its importance for building a democratic India.
- Understand the functioning of three wings of the government ie., executive, legislative and judiciary.
- Understand the value of the fundamental rights and duties for becoming good citizen of India.
- Analyze the decentralization of power between central, state and local self-government
- Apply the knowledge in strengthening of the constitutional institutions like CAG, Election Commission and UPSC for sustaining democracy.

TEXT BOOKS

1. Durga Das Basu, " Introduction to the Constitution of India", Prentice – Hall of India Pvt. Ltd.. New Delhi
2. Subash Kashyap, "Indian Constitution", National Book Trust

REFERENCES:

1. J.A. Siwach, "Dynamics of Indian Government & Politics".
2. H.M.Sreevai, "Constitutional Law of India", 4th edition in 3 volumes (Universal Law Publication)
   3. J.C. Johari, "Indian Government andPolitics", Hans India
4. M.V. Pylee, "Indian Constitution Durga Das Basu, Human Rights in Constitutional Law, Prentice", Hall of India Pvt. Ltd.. New Delhi

E-RESOURCES:

1.nptel.ac.in/courses/109104074/8 2.nptel.ac.in/courses/109104045/
3.nptel.ac.in/courses/101104065/
4.www.hss.iitb.ac.in/en/lecture-details
5.www.iitb.ac.in/en/event/2nd-lecture-institute-lecture-series-indian-constitution

B.Tech (CE)– III-II Sem

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(19A01601T) GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEERING -I

Course Objectives:

The objective of this course is:

- To enable the student to find out the index properties of the soil and classify it.
- To enable the student to determine permeability of soils using various methods.
- To impart the concept of seepage of water through soils and determine the seepage discharge.
- To enable the students to differentiate between compaction and consolidation of soils and to determine the consolidation settlement.
- To impart knowledge on soil exploration.
- To teachslope stability and safety assessment of earth retaining structures.
- To impart knowledge on bearing capacity and settlement of shallow foundations.
- To throw light on pile and well foundation designs.

UNIT -I:

INTRODUCTION: Soil formation – soil structure – Adsorbed water – Mass- volume relationship – Relative density. Index Properties Of Soils: Moisture Content, Specific Gravity, In-situ density, Grain size analysis – Sieve and Hydrometer methods – consistency limits and indices – I.S. Classification of soils.

Learning Outcomes:-

After completion of this unit student will

- Understand the characteristics of soils
- Assess relationships between different parameters
- Determine soil properties
- Determine Liquid, Shrinkage and Plasticity Limits
- Characterize and classify soils based on different limits.

UNIT -II:

PERMEABILITY: Soil water – capillary rise – flow of water through soils – Darcy's law- permeability – Factors affecting – laboratory determination of coefficient of permeability – Permeability of layered systems.
SEEPAGE THROUGH SOILS: Total, neutral and effective stresses –quick sand condition – Seepage through soils – Flow nets : Characteristics and Uses.

Learning Outcomes:-

After completion of this unit student will

- Determine the permeability of soils and stratified soils.
- Explain factors effecting permeability

- Estimate the rate of seepage using flow net

UNIT -III

STRESS DISTRIBUTION IN SOILS: Boussinesq's and Wester guard's theories for point loads and areas of different shapes – Newmark's influence chart . Compaction: Mechanism of compaction – factors affecting – effects of compaction on soil properties. – Field compaction Equipment – compaction control.

Learning Outcomes:-

After completion of this unit student will
- Compute stresses in soils under various loading conditions.
- Explain compaction of soils
- Compaction control can be understand.

UNIT -IV:

CONSOLIDATION : Types of compressibility – Immediate Settlement, primary consolidation and secondary consolidation - stress history of clay; e-p and e-log p curves – normally consolidated soil, over consolidated soil and under consolidated soil – pre-consolidation pressure and its determination – Terzaghi's 1-D consolidation theory – coefficient of consolidation: square root time and logarithm of time fitting methods.

Learning Outcomes:-

After completion of this unit student will
- Understand the consolidations and settlement of soils.
- Differentiate compaction and consolidation
- Assessment of final settlements of soil
- Differentiate primary and secondary consolidation

UNIT -V:
SHEAR STRENGTH OF SOILS : Importance of shear strength – Mohr's– Coulomb Failure theories – Types of laboratory tests for strength parameters – strength tests based on drainage conditions – strength envelops.

Learning Outcomes:-

After completion of this unit student will
- Can able to determine the shear strength of the soil.
- To understand the various shear tests based on drainage conditions.
.
Course Outcomes

On completion of the course, the students will be able to:

- Classify various types of soils using USCS and IS classification methods
- Understand the behavior of coarse grained and fine grained soils.
- Design earth dams using different methods.
- Calculate the stress distribution in foundations.
- Know the field Compaction control.
- Determination of settlement of foundations.
- Calculate the shear strength of soil under different drainage conditions.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Alam Singh and Chowdhary G. R., "Soil Engineering in Theory and Practice, Volume-2, Geotechnical testing and instrumentation", CBS Publishers and Distributors, New Delhi, 2006.
2. Dunnicliff J., and Green, G. E., "Geotechnical Instrumentation for Monitoring Field Performance", John Wiley, 1993.

3. Purushotham Raj -2013-"Soil Mechanics and foundation engineering" – 2nd edition, Pearson Publishers.

REFERENCES:

1. Bowles J. E., "Foundation Analysis and Design", 5th Edition, The McGraw-Hill companies, Inc., New York, 1995.
2. C. Venkataramiah, "Geotechnical Engineering", New age International Pvt . Ltd, (2002).
3. Hanna T. H., "Field Instrumentation in Geotechnical Engineering", Trans Tech., 1985.
4. Hunt R. E., "Geotechnical Engineering Investigation Manual", McGraw Hill, 1984.

B.Tech (CE) – III-II Sem   **L   T   P   C**
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(19A01602) DESIGN OF STEEL STRUCTURES

Course Objectives
- To teach different types of Connections and relevant IS code provision.
- To impart with design procedures of beams and columns.
- To enable Design of truss elements
- To enable design of column bases
- To teach design and Plate and Gantry Girders with curtailment of flanges.

UNIT -I:

Connections:

Bolted connections – Bolt value, Welded connections: Advantages and disadvantages of welding- Strength of welds-Butt and fillet welds: Permissible stresses – IS Code requirements. Design of fillet weld subjected to in plane and out of plane.

Learning Outcomes:-

After completion of this unit student will
- Understand bolted and welded connections
- Estimate strength of welds
- Design Welded and Bolted connections as per IS Codal provisions

UNIT -II:

Tension Members and Compression members:

Design of members in direct tension and bending –effective length of columns. Slenderness ratio – permissible stresses. Design of compression members. Roof Trusses: types of trusses – Design loads – Load combinations as per IS Code, detailing –Design of simple roof trusses elements (purlins, members and joints) – tubular trusses.

Learning Outcomes:-

After completion of this unit student will
- Understand behavior of tension members
- Understand behavior of compression members
- Design and detail of Tension and compression members under different conditions adopting IS Code.
- Design simple roof trusses and elements

UNIT -III:

Beams:
Allowable stresses, design of simple and compound beams-Curtailment of flange plates - IS Code-provision - Beam - to - beam connection, shear, buckling, check for deflection and bearing, laterally unsupported beams.

Learning Outcomes:-

After completion of this unit student will
- Understand behavior of simple and compound beams
- Visualize importance of curtailment of flange plates
- Design and detail of steel beams under different conditions adopting IS Code.

UNIT -IV:

Design of built-up columns and column bases:
Built-up columns with lacing and/or battening system. Design of Eccentrically loaded columns, Splicing of columns. **Design of Column bases:** slab base and gusseted base under axial load and moment.

Learning Outcomes:-

After completion of this unit student will
- Understand behavior of builtup columns
- Understand behavior of column bases
- Design and detail of built-up columns and column bases adopting IS Code.

UNIT -V:

Plate Girders:
Design of plate girder – IS code Provisions – Welded – Curtailment of flange plates, Design of stiffeners – splicing and connections.

Learning Outcomes:-

After completion of this unit student will
- Identify different components of plate girder
- Design and detail of components of plate girder confirming to IS Code
- Understand the functioning of gantry girder for different types of loads

NOTE : Assignment on preparation of drawing sheets showing detailing of various Steel Elements

The students should prepare the following plates.

- Plate 1 Detailing of simple beams
- Plate 2 Detailing of Compound beams including curtailment of flanges
- Plate 3 Detailing of Column including lacing and battens.
- Plate 4 Detailing of Column bases – slab base and gusseted base
- Plate 5 Detailing of steel roof trusses including joint details.
- Plate 6 Detailing of Plate girder including curtailment, splicing

Codes/Tables: IS-800 code books and Structural Steel Tables are to be permitted into the examination Hall.

I S Codes:

1) Indian Standard Code for General Construction in Steel, 3rd revision, Indian Standards Institution, New Delhi, 2008.
2) IS – 875, Code of practice for design loads (other than earth quake) for buildings and structures (Part-1-Part 5), Bureau of Indian standards.
3) Steel Tables.

Course Outcomes:

At the end of this course the student will be able to

- Explain relevant IS codes
- Analysis and design of flexural members and detailing
- Design compression members of different types with connection detailing
- Design Plate Girder and Gantry Girder with connection detailing
- Develop drawings pertaining to different components of steel structures

TEXT BOOKS

1. N. Subramanian, "Design of Steel Structures Limit state method", (IS:800-2007) Oxford University Press.
2. S. K. Duggal, "Design of steel structures", Tata Mc Graw Hill, New Delhi.
3. N. Krishna Raju; "Structural Design and Drawing", 4th edition,(IS:800-2007) University Press

REFERENCES

1. Sarwar Alam Raz, "Structural Design in Steel", New Age International Publishers, New Delhi
2. M. Raghupathi, "Design of Steel Structures", Tata Mc. Graw-Hill.
3. L.S.Jayagopal and D.Tensing, "Design of steel structures", Vikas publishers

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(19A52601T) ENGLISH LANGUAGE SKILLS

Introduction

The course is designed to train students in receptive (listening and reading) as well as productive and interactive (speaking and writing) skills by incorporating a comprehensive, coherent and integrated approach that improves the learners' ability to effectively use English language skills in academic/ workplace contexts. The shift is from *learning about the language* to *using the language*. They shouldbe able to express themselves clearly in speech and competently handle the writing tasks and verbal ability component of campus placement tests. Activity based teaching-learning methods would be adopted to ensure that learners would engage in actual use of language both in the classroom and laboratory sessions.

Course Objectives

- Facilitate active listening to enable inferential learning through expert lectures and talks
- Impart critical reading strategies for comprehension of complex texts
- Provide training and opportunities to develop fluency in English through participation in formal group discussions and presentations using audio-visual aids
- Demonstrate good writing skills for effective paraphrasing, argumentative essays and formal correspondence
- Encourage use of a wide range of grammatical structures and vocabulary in speech and writing

UNIT- I

Text:

1. **Lines Composed a Few Miles above Tintern Abbey - William Wordsworth**
2. **The Lotos-Eaters - Alfred Tennyson**

Listening: Listening to famous speeches for structure and style

Speaking: Oral presentations on general topics of interest.

Reading: Reading for meaning and pleasure – reading between the lines.

Writing: Appreciating and analyzing a poem –Paraphrasing, note-taking.

Grammar and Vocabulary: Tenses (Advanced Level) Correcting errors in punctuation - Word roots and affixes.

LearningOutcomes

At the end of the module, the learners will be able to

- Understand the purpose of rhythm and rhyme and the use of figures of speech in making the presentation lively and attractive
- Apply the knowledge of structure and style in a presentation, identify the audience and make note of key points
- Make formal structured presentations on general topics using grammatical understanding
- Prioritize information from reading texts after selecting relevant and useful points
- Paraphrase short academic texts using suitable strategies and conventions

UNIT-II

Text: The Model Millionaire – Oscar Wilde
Listening: Following the development of theme; answering questions on key concepts after listening to stories online.
Speaking: Narrating personal experiences and opinions.
Reading: Reading for summarizing and paraphrasing; recognizing the difference between facts and opinions.
Writing: Summarizing, précis writing, letter and note-making
Grammar and Vocabulary: Subject-verb agreement, noun-pronoun agreement, collocations.

Learning Outcomes

At the end of the module, the learners will be able to
- Comprehend academic lectures, take notes and answer questions
- Make formal structured presentations on academic topics
- Distinguish facts from opinions while reading
- Summarize and make a précis of reports
- Use correct english avoiding common errors in formal speech and writing

UNIT– III

Text: Speech at IIM Calcutta – AzimPremji

Listening: Identifying views and opinions expressed by different speakers while listening to speeches.
Speaking: Small talks on general topics; agreeing and disagreeing, using claims and examples/ evidences for presenting views, opinions and position.
Reading: Identifying claims, evidences, views, opinions and stance/position.
Writing: Writing structured persuasive/argumentative essays on topics of general interest using suitable claims, examples and evidences.
Grammar and Vocabulary: The use of Active and passive Voice, vocabulary for academic texts

Learning Outcomes

At the end of the module, the learners will be able to
- Critically follow and participate in a discussion
- Participate in group discussions using appropriate conventions and language strategies
- Comprehend complex texts and identify the author's purpose
- Produce logically coherent argumentative essays
- Use appropriate vocabulary to express ideas and opinions

UNIT –IV

Text: A Biography of Steve Jobs
Listening: Listening to identify important moments - Understanding inferences; processing of information using specific context clues from the audio.
Speaking: Group discussion; reaching consensus in group work (academic context).
Reading: Reading for inferential comprehension.
Writing: Applying for internship/ job **-** Writing one's CV/Resume and cover letter.
Grammar and Vocabulary: Phrasal verbs, phrasal prepositions and technical vocabulary.

LearningOutcomes

At the end of the module, the learners will be able to
- Draw inferences and conclusions using prior knowledge and verbal cues
- Express thoughts and ideas with acceptable accuracy and fluency
- Develop advanced reading skills for deeper understanding of texts
- Prepare a cv and write a cover letter to seek internship/ job
- Understand the use of technical vocabulary in academic writing

UNIT-V
Text: How I Became a Public Speaker - George Bernard Shaw

Listening: Understanding inferences - processing of explicit information presented in the text and implicit information inferable from the text or from previous/background knowledge.
Speaking: Formal team presentations on academic/ general topics.
Reading: Intensive and extensive reading.
Writing: Structure and contents of a Report – Abstract – Project report features.
Grammar and Vocabulary: Correcting common errors, improving vocabulary and avoiding clichés and jargons.

Learning Outcomes:

At the end of the module, the learners will be able to
- Develop advanced listening skills for in-depth understanding of academic texts
- Collaborate with a partner to make effective presentations
- Understand and apply the structure of project reports

- Demonstrate ability to use grammatically correct structures and a wide range of vocabulary

Course Outcomes

At the end of the course, the learners will be able to
- Understand the context, topic, and pieces of specific information from social or transactional dialogues spoken by native speakers of English
- Apply grammatical structures to formulate sentences and correct word forms
- Analyze discourse markers to speak clearly on a specific topic in informal discussions
- Evaluate reading/listening texts and to write summaries based on global comprehension of these texts.
- Create a coherent paragraph interpreting a figure/graph/chart/table

Prescribed Book

1. Forging Ahead: A Course Book for B.Tech Students. Orient BlackSwan, 2020.

Reference Books

1. Bailey, Stephen. "Academic writing: A handbook for international students". Routledge, 2014.
2. Chase, Becky Tarver. Pathways: "Listening, Speaking and Critical Thinking" , Heinley ELT; 2nd Edition, 2018.
3. Skillful Level 2 Reading & Writing Student's Book Pack (B1) Macmillan Educational.
4. Hewings, Martin. "Cambridge Academic English (B2)". CUP, 2012. (Student Book, Teacher Resource Book, CD & DVD)

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(19A01603a) MAINTENANCE AND REPAIR OF CONCRETE STRUCTURES
PROFESSIONAL ELECTIVE-II

Course objectives
- To learn various distress and damages to concrete and masonry structures
- To understand the importance of maintenance of structures
- To study the various types and properties of repair materials
- To asses the damage to structures using various tests
- To learn the importance and methods of substrate preparation
- To learn various repair techniques of damaged structures, corroded structures

Unit – I

Introduction, significance of corrosion, and corrosion mechanisms - Embedded metal corrosion

Unit – II

Deterioration of cementitious systems – Sulphate and Acid attack - Alkali Silica Reaction (ASR), Shrinkage, and others

Unit – III

Concrete assessment using non-destructive tests (NDT) - : Concrete assessment and load effects

Unit – IV

Surface repair – Condition assessment – Analysis, strategy, and design – Material requirement, surface preparation, placement of repair material

Unit – V

Strengthening and stabilization – Introduction and beam shear capacity strengthening - Column strengthening - Flexural strengthening

Course outcomes

By the end of this course students will have the capability/knowledge of
- Various distress and damages to concrete and masonry structures
- The importance of maintenance of structures, types and properties of repair materials etc
- Assessing damage to structures and various repair techniques

Text Books and references
1. Concrete Repair and Maintenance" by Peter H. Emmons, R.S. Means Company, Kingston, MA, USA.

2. "Maintenance Repair & Rehabilitation & Minor Works of Buildings" P.C. Varghese, PHI Learning Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi.
3. "Concrete Repair to EN1504 – Diagnosis, Design, Principles and Practice" Michael Raupach and Till Buttner, CRC Press., Taylor and Francis Group, Boca Raton, FL, USA
4. "Concrete Structures – Protection, Repair and Rehabilitation" R. Dodge Woodson, Butterworth-Heinemann – Elsevier, UK

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(19A01603b) GROUND IMPROVEMENT
PROFESSINAL ELECTIVE-II

Course Objectives:
- To introduce engineering properties of soft, weak and compressible deposits, principles of treatment for granular and cohesive soils and various stabilization techniques.
- To bring out concepts of reinforced earth.
- Applications of geotextiles in various civil engineering projects

Unit-I:
 Introduction - Shallow Densification - Deep Dynamic Compaction - Rapid Impact Compaction

Unit – II
 Vibrocompaction - Drainage And Dewatering - Excavation And Replacement
Unit – III
Preloading And Vertical Drain For Densification
Unit – IV
 Grouting Methods - Chemical Stabilisation
Unit – V
 Soil Nailing And Ground Anchors - Use Of Geosynthetics In Various Ground Improvement Problems

Course Outcomes

- Will gain competence in properly devising alternative solutions to difficult and earth construction problems and in evaluating their effectiveness before, during and after construction.
- A study of the many different approaches to the ground modification broadens the mind of any engineer and inspires creativity and innovation in Geotechnical construction and related fields.

Books and references
1. Engineering Principles of Ground Modifications by Manfred R. Hausmann
2. Ground Improvement Techniques by P Purushothama Raj
3. Principle and Practice of Ground Improvement by Jie Han

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(19A01603c) ENVIRONMENTAL AIR POLLUTION
PROFESSINAL ELECTIVE-II

Course Objective:
- To take up the basic concepts of air pollution.
- To introduce students to basic concepts of pollution.
- The contents involved the knowledge of causes of air pollution.
- The contents involved the knowledge of health related to air pollution.
- To develop skills relevant to control of air pollution.

Unit – I

Introduction and Scope - Environmental Systems: Source, Pollutant Transport and Impact on Receptor

Environmental Quality and Pollution: Air-Water quality parameters, units for expression; beneficial uses of water; water quality criteria and standards, air quality criteria, health effects and Indian national air quality standards (including methods for standard setting)

Unit – II

Air Pollution Sources and Assessment of Air Pollution Load– preparation of emission inventory, its presentation (data base) and interpretation Disposal, Fate and Transport of Waste: (i) pollutant dispersion in lakes, reservoirs, rivers, ground water, disposal and stream quality standards, (ii) air pollution dispersion, transportation and chemical transformation, meteorological parameters, simple box and gaussian type model for point, area and line (vehicular sources) (iii) Tutorials and simulated examples

Unit – III

Solid and Hazardous Waste Management: generation, collection, classification, processing and disposal, composting, land filling, incineration, hazardous waste definition and disposal

Unit – IV

Air Pollution Control Particulate removal mechanism and processes; reduction of gaseous pollution dry and wet scrubbing - Noise Pollution: causes, measurements, prevention and control

Unit – V

Environmental policies and regulations; water act, water cess act air act, environmental protection act, hazardous and biomedical waste rules, public liability insurance act, EIA notification, and regulatory mechanism -Environmental Impact Assessment (EIA): Assessment Procedure – Identification, prediction and evaluation; EIA methodologies; EIA statement and report preparation; examples and simulated case studies.

Course Outcomes

On the completion of the course one should be able to understand:
- Concepts of air pollution.
- How to estimate the quantity of air pollutant.
- Be able to develop control technologies.

Text books

1. John H. Seinfeld and Spyros N. Pandis, Atmospheric Chemistry and Physics: From Air Pollution to Climate Change, 2nd Edition, 2006, Wiley.
2. Barbara J. Finlayson-Pitts and James N. Pitts, Jr., Chemistry of the Upper and Lower Atmosphere, 1999, Academic Press.
3. Mark Z. Jacobson, Atmospheric Pollution: History, Science, and Regulation, 2002, Cambridge Univ. Press
4. Mark Z. Jacobson, Fundamentals of Atmospheric Modeling, 2nd Edition, 2005, Cambridge Univ. Press.

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(19A01603d) URBAN TRANSPORTATION PLANNING
PROFESSIONAL ELECTIVE-II

Course objective:
- To cover concepts of Transportation planning, various modes, transit systems and their suitability
- To give idea of modeling in planning, to develop the methodology of travel demand modeling for Urban Transportation Systems
- To provide knowledge of Land use planning and transportation interaction.

Unit – I

Introduction: Transport and Socioeconomic Activities- Historical Development of Transport, Transportation in the Cities, Freight Transportation, Future Developments. - Transportation Surveys: Definition of Study Area, Zoning, Types of Movements, Types of Surveys, HomeInterview Survey, Commercial Vehicle Survey, Intermediate Public Transport Survey,Public Transport Survey, Roadside-Interview Survey, Cordon-Line Survey,Post-Card Questionnaire Survey, Registration-Number Survey, Tag-onVehicle Survey

Unit – II

Urban Transportation System Planning - Conceptual Aspects: Transport Planning Process,Problem Definition,Solution Generation,Solution Analysis,Evaluation and Choice, Implementation,Sequence ofActivities Involved in Transport analysis.- Trip Generation Analysis: Trip Production Analysis, Category Analysis, Trip Attraction Modelling - Urban Structure: Urban Activity Systems, Urban Movement Hierarchies, Types of Urban Structure, Centripetal-Type Urban Structure, GridType Urban Structure, Linear-Type Urban Structure, Directional Grid Urban Structure.

Unit – III

Mode Choice Modelling: Influencing Factors,Earlier Modal Split Models, Trip-End Type Modal Split Model, Trip-Interchange Modal Split Model, Disaggregate Mode-Choice Model, Logit Model of Mode Choice,Binary Choice Situations, Multinomial Logit Model, Model calibration, Case studies - Urban Goods Movement: Classification of Urban Goods Movements, Methodology ofApproach to Analysis of Goods Movement, Modelling Demand for Urban Goods Transport.

Unit – IV

Trip Distribution Analysis: Presentation of Trip-Distribution Data,PA Matrix to OD Matrix,Basis of Trip Distribution, Gravity Model of Trip Distribution, Calibration of Gravity Model, Singly and Doubly Constrained Gravity Models,A case Studies, Growth Factor Methods of Trip Distribution, Uniform Factor Method,Average Factor Method, Fratar Growth-Factor Method, Disadvantage of Growth Factor Method

Unit – V

Route Assignment: Description of transport network, Route Choice Behaviour, The Minimum Path, Minimum Path Algorithm, Route Assignment Techniques,All-or-Nothing Assignment, Multipath Traffic Assignment, Capacity-Restrained Traffic Assignment - Transport Related Land-Use Models: Development of Land - Use models, The Lowry Model,Application of Lowry Model

Course Outcomes:
- Justify the need for urban transportation system planning.
- Undertake transport surveys followed by a report.
- Plan the process of trip generation and distribution.
- Justify the need of a modal split.
- Prepare the transportation plans for urban mass rapid transit systems.

Text books /References:

1. Adib Kanafani.(1983). Transportation Demand Analysis. Mc Graw Hill Series in Transportation,Berkeley.
2. Hutchinson,B.G.(1974).Principles of Urban Transport Systems Planning. Mc Graw Hill Book Company, New York.
3. John W.Dickey.(1975). Metropolitan Transportation Planning. Mc Graw Hill Book Company, New York.
4. Papacostas, C.S., and Prevedouros,P.D.(2002). Transportation Engineering and Planning. 3rd Edition, Prentice - Hall of India Pvt Ltd., 318-436.

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(19A01603e) WATER RESOURCES SYSTEMS: MODELING TECHNIQUES AND ANALYSIS
PROFESSIONAL ELECTIVE-II

Course Objective:

- To introduce the student to the concept of Mathematical approaches for managing the water resources system.
- To make the students apply an appropriate system approach to optimally operate a water resource system.

Unit – I

Introduction – Concepts of Systems and Systems Analysis; Systems Techniques in Water Resources : Optimization with methods using calculus;

Unit – II

Linear Programming - Graphical method - Simplex method - Multiple solutions - Unbounded and infeasible problems - Dual problem - Dynamic Programming - Introduction to Dynamic Programming - Water allocation problem - Reservoir operation problem - Capacity expansion and shortest route problems

Unit - III

Simulation: Introduction to Multi-objective planning - Reservoir sizing - Reservoir capacity using Linear Programming - Reservoir operation - Multi-reservoir systems - Stationary policy using Dynamic Programming - Hydropower generation

Unit – IV

Reservoir Systems – Random inflows - Basic probability theory - Chance constrained Linear Programming for reservoir operation and design - Stochastic Dynamic Programming for reservoir operation –

Unit – V

Fuzzy Optimization - Fuzzy optimization for water quality control and reservoir operation – Conjunctive use of ground and surface water - Hydropower optimization - Crop yield optimization - Multi-basin and multi-reservoir systems

Course Outcome:

The students will be

- Eexposed to the economic aspects and analysis of water resources systems by which they will get an idea of comprehensive and integrated planning of a water resources project.
- Understanding the concept of linear programming and apply in water resource system.
- Understanding the concept of dynamic programming and apply in water resource system.
- Develops simulation models.
- Ddeveloping skills in solving problems in operations research through LP, DP and Simulation techniques.

Text Books/References:

1. Loucks, D.P. and Ellco Van Beek (2005) Water Resources Systems Planning and Management :An Introduction to Methods, Models and Applications., UNESCO, Netherlands.
2. Vedula,S. and Mujumdar,P.P.(2005) Water Resources Systems : Modelling Techniques and Analysis, Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi.
3. Mays L.W and Tung Y-K,(1992) Hydrosystems Engineering and Management, McGraw Hill, USA.
4. Simonovic,S.P.(2009) Managing Water Resources : Methods and Tools for a Systems Approach, UNESCO Publishing, France

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(19A02604a) INDUSTRIAL AUTOMATION
OPEN ELECTIVE-II

Course Objectives:

- To understand the basic concepts of Automation
- To understand the concepts of automation cycle and hardware components
- To gain knowledge about pneumatic and hydraulic devices
- To understand the concepts of sensors and actuators
- To know the use of Robotics used in industries automation

UNIT -I:

Introduction to Automation

Definition and fundamentals of automation, reasons for Automating, basic elements of an automated system: Power, Program and control system, safety, maintenance & repair diagnosis, error detection and recovery, Automation principles and strategies: USA principle, strategies of automation and production system, automation migration strategy

Learning Outcomes:

At the end of the unit, students will be able to:
- To understand the fundamental concepts of automation and its basic elements
- To understand system safety requirements
- To understand about maintenance and repair strategies
- To know about production system automation

UNIT- II:

Mechanization and Automation

Basic principles of Mechanization and automation, product cycle, hard Vs flexible automation, Capital- intensive Vs low cost automation. Types of systems-mechanical, electrical, hydraulic, pneumatic and hybrid systems, Automation using CAMS, Geneva mechanisms, gears etc.
Assembly line Automation: automated assembly systems, transfer systems, vibratory bowl feeders, non-vibratory feeders, part orienting, feed track, part placing & part escapement systems. Introduction to Material storage/ handling and transport systems, and its automation using AS/RS, AGVS and conveyors etc.

Learning Outcomes:
At the end of the unit, students will be able to:
- To know about how to analyse the various automation methods
- To know about assembling and placing of various parts

- To distinguish between mechanization and automation of systems
- To know about material storage, handling and automation using various approaches

UNIT -III:

Pneumatics and hydraulics

Hydraulic and pneumatic devices-Different types of valves, Actuators and auxiliary elements in Pneumatics & hydraulics , their applications and use of their ISO symbols. Synthesis and design of circuits (up to 3 cylinders)–pneumatic, electro pneumatics and hydraulics. Design of Electro-Pneumatic Circuits using single solenoid and double solenoid valves; with and without grouping.

Learning Outcomes:

At the end of the unit, students will be able to:
- To know design of various pneumatic and hydraulic components
- To understand about synthesis and design of Pneumatic circuits
- To understand about electro pneumatic circuits
- To design using various solenoid valves with and without grouping

UNIT -IV:

Sensors & Actuators Sensors

Selection of sensors (Displacement, temperature, acceleration, force /pressure) based on static and dynamic characteristics. Interfacing: Concept of interfacing, bit accuracy and sampling speed, amplifying electronics, and microcontroller. Actuators: Principle and selection of electro mechanical actuators (1) DC motors (2) Stepper Motors (3) Solenoid Actuators (4) Servo Motors (5) BLDC

Learning Outcomes:

At the end of the unit, students will be able to:
- To know about selection of sensors and actuators based on dynamic characteristics
- To understand about necessity of interfacing sensors with Microcontroller
- To understand principle and selection of actuators
- To apply various electro mechanical actuators to certain machines

UNIT- V:

Robots and their applications

Introduction to robots, Types, Classifications, Selection of robots, Robot Degrees of freedom, Robot configuration, Accuracy and repeatability, Specification of a robot, Robot feedback controls: Point to point control and Continuous path control, Control system for robot joint,

Adaptive control, Drives and transmission systems, End effectors, Industrial robot applications of robots

Learning Outcomes:

At the end of the unit, students will be able to:
- To know about Robots, classification, selection and specifications
- To understand the use of robotics in industrial applications
- To know about various feedback controls of Robot
- To understand how adaptive control strategies can be used in Robots

Course Outcomes:

1. Understand the basic concepts of Industrial automation
2. Design and analysis of automation methods, placing and assembling of various parts
3. Design of various processing and control circuits using pneumatic and hydraulic elements
4. Selection of sensors based on the industrial application
5. Role of robotics in industrial applications

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Stamatios Manesis and George Nikolakopoulos, "Introduction to Industrial Automation", CRC Press, 2018.
2. Frank Lamb, "Industrial Automation", Hands on, Mc Graw Hill Education, 2013.

REFERENCES:

1. Richerd L. Shell and Ernest L. Hall, "Hand Book of Industrial Automation", CRC Press, 2000.

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(19A02604b) SYSTEM RELIABILITY CONCEPTS
(OPEN ELECTIVE-II)

Course Objectives:

To make the students learn about:
- The Basic concepts, rules for combining probabilities of events, failure density and distribution functions.
- Evaluation of network Reliability / Unreliability and types of redundancies.
- Evaluation of network Reliability / Unreliability using conditional probability method.
- Expected value and standard deviation of Exponential distribution and Measures of reliability.
- Evaluation of Limiting State Probabilities of one, two component repairable models.

UNIT-I:

Basic Probability Theory

Basic concepts – Rules for combining Probabilities of events – Failure Density and Distribution functions – Bernoulli's trials – Binomial distribution – Expected value and standard deviation for binomial distribution – Examples

Learning Outcomes:

At the end of the unit, students will be able to:
- To know about basic rules for probabilities of events
- To distinguish between pdf and cdf
- Get detailed information about Probability of failure density and distribution functions
- Obtain the expected value and standard deviation for binomial distribution.

UNIT-II:

Network Modeling and Reliability Evaluation

Basic concepts – Evaluation of network Reliability / Unreliability – Series systems, Parallel systems, Series - Parallel systems, partially redundant systems – Types of redundancies - Evaluation of network Reliability / Unreliability using conditional probability method – Paths based and Cutset based approach – complete event tree and reduced event tree methods - Examples.

Learning Outcomes:
At the end of the unit, students will be able to:

- How to find the Probability of success and failures of network using different approaches for series-parallel configurations.
- Classification of redundancies.
- To find reliability / unreliability of complex systems using different methods
- Comparison of approaches to solve probability index of SISO system

UNIT-III:

Time Dependent Probability

Basic concepts – Reliability functions f(t), Q(t), R(t), h(t) – Relationship between these functions – Bath tub curve – Exponential failure density and distribution functions - Expected value and standard deviation of Exponential distribution – Measures of reliability – MTTF, MTTR, MTBF – Evaluation of network reliability / Unreliability of simple Series, Parallel, Series-Parallel systems - Partially redundant systems - Evaluation of reliability measure – MTTF for series and parallel systems – Examples.

Learning Outcomes:

At the end of the unit, the student will be able to
- Understand the concepts of time domain functions and relationship between them.
- Obtain the expected value and standard deviation for exponential distribution.
- Obtain the values of probabilistic measures for series and parallel configurations.
- To obtain probabilistic measures for fully redundant and partially redundant configurations

UNIT-IV:

Discrete Markov Chains & Continuous Markov Processes

Markov Chains: Basic concepts – Stochastic transitional Probability matrix – time dependent probability evaluation – Limiting State Probability evaluation – Absorbing states.
Markov Processes: Modeling concepts – State space diagrams – time dependent reliability evaluation of single component repairable model – Evaluation of Limiting State Probabilities of one, two component repairable models – Frequency and duration concepts – Frequency balance approach - Examples.

Learning Outcomes:

At the end of the unit, the student will be able to
- Understand the concepts of Stochastic Transitional Probability Matrix, Limiting State Probability
- To know about evaluation for one and two component repairable models.
- Understand the concept of Frequency balance approach.
- To distinguish between Markov chains and Markov processes

UNIT-V:

Multi Component & Approximate System Reliability Evaluation

Recursive relation for evaluation of equivalent transitional rates– cumulative probability and cumulative frequency and 'n' component repairable model – Series systems, Parallel systems, Basic probability indices – Series, Parallel systems – Complex Systems– Cutset approach – Examples.

Learning Outcomes:

At the end of the unit, the student will be able to
- Understand the concepts of recursive relation for evaluation of equivalent transitional rates.
- Obtain the cumulative probability and cumulative frequency for different systems
- To know about computation of basic probability indices for series, parallel configurations
- To know how to evaluate basic probability indices using cut set approach

Course Outcomes:

After completing the course, the student should be able to do the following:
- Understand the concepts for combining Probabilities of events, Bernoulli's trial, and Binomial distribution.
- Network Reliability/Unreliability using conditional probability, path and cutset based approach, complete event tree and reduced event tree methods.
- Understanding Reliability functions and to develop relationship between these functions, expected value and standard deviation of Exponential distribution and measures of reliabilities.
- Analyze the time dependent reliability evaluation of single component repairable model, frequency and duration concepts, Frequency balance approach.
- Recursive relation for evaluation of equivalent transitional rates, cumulative probability and cumulative frequency and 'n' component repairable model.

Text Books:

1. Roy Billinton and Ronald N. Allan, "Reliability Evaluation of Engineering Systems", Reprinted in India B. S. Publications, 2007.
2. E. Balagurusamy, "Reliability Engineering", Tata McGraw Hill, 2003.

Reference Books:

1. E. E. Lewis , "Introduction to Reliability Engineering" Wiley Publications.
2. Charles E. Ebeling, "Reliability and Maintainability Engineering", Tata McGraw Hill, 2000.

3. by Ajit Kumar Verma, Srividya Ajit and Durga Rao Karanki, Springer, "Reliability and Safety Engineering" 2nd edition, 2016.
4. Rausand and Arnljot Hoyland, "System Reliability Theory Marvin", Wiley Publictions.

B.Tech (CE)– III-II Sem　　　　　　　　　　　　　**L　T　P　C**
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(19A03604a) INTRODUCTION TO MECHATRONICS
OPEN ELECTIVE

Course Objectives:

- Familiarize the technologies behind modern mechatronic systems.
- Explain fundamentals for the development of fully automated system.
- Develop a robotic or automated systems focusing on the hardware and software integration.
- Demonstrate the development and design of mechatronic system and MEMS.

UNIT – I

Introduction: Definition of Mechatronics, Need for Mechatronics in Industry, Objectives of mechatronics, mechatronics design process, Mechatronics key elements, mechatronics applications – Computer numerical control (CNC) machines, Tool monitoring systems, Flexible manufacturing system (FMS), Industrial Robots, Automatic packaging systems, Automatic inspection systems.

Learning Outcomes:

At the end of the unit, the student will be able to
- Explain the role of mechatronics in industry.(l2)
- Identify the application of mechatronics in automation industry.(l3)

UNIT – II

Sensors: Static characteristics of sensors, Displacement, Position and Proximity sensors, Force and torque sensors, Pressure sensors, Flow sensors, Temperature sensors, Acceleration sensors, Level sensors, Light sensors, Smart material sensors, Micro and Nano sensors, Selection criteria for sensors.

Learning Outcomes:

At the end of the unit, the student will be able to
- Classify various types of sensors. (l2)
- Choose sensors for particular application. (l3)
- Measure different quantity's using sensors. (l4)

UNIT – III

Actuators: Mechanical, Electrical, Hydraulic and Pneumatic Actuation systems, Characteristics and their limitations, Design of Hydraulic and Pneumatic circuits, Piezoelectric actuators, Shape memory alloys, Selection criteria for actuators.

Learning Outcomes:

At the end of the unit, the student will be able to
- Classify various actuation systems. (l2)
- Choose the criterion for different actuators. (l1)

UNIT – IV

Microprocessors, Microcontrollers and Programmable Logic Controllers: Architecture of of Microprocessor, Microcontroller and Programmable Logic Controller, PLC Programming using ladder diagrams, logics, latching, sequencing, timers relays and counters, data handling, Analog input/output, selection of controllers.

Learning Outcomes:

At the end of the unit, the student will be able to
- Understand the architecture of microprocessors, microcontrollers and PLC. (L2)
- Formulate various programs using PLC. (L6)

UNIT – V

Design of mechotronics systems**,** Mechotronics design elements, Traditional mechatronics systems, Embedded systems, Procedure for designing a mechotronic systems.

Learning Outcomes:

At the end of the unit, the student will be able to
- Understanding design of mechotronics . (L2)
- Various Mechotronics systems. (L4)
- Design Aspects of Mechotronic systems. (L2)

Course Outcomes

Upon successful completion of this unit, the student will be able to:
- Explain mechatronics systems in industry. (l2)
- Identify mechatronic systems encountered in practice. (l3)
- Examine the components of a typical mechatronic system. (l4)
- Compare the various techniques used for development of mems. (l4)
- Develop programs using plc. (l6)

Text books:

1. Er R. Rajput, " A Text book of Mechatronics", S.Chand,2nd edition-2016.
2. James J Allen, "Micro Electro Mechanical Systems Design", CRC Press Taylor & Francis group, 2005.

Reference Text books:

1. WBolton, "Mechatronics Electronics Control Systems in Mechanical and Electrical Engineering", 3rdedition, Pearson Education Press, 2005.
2. Devadas Shetty and Richard A Kolk, "Mechatronic System Design", 2ndedition, Cengage learning, 2010.
3. Clarence W. de Silva, "Mechatronics an Integrated Approach", CRC Press, 2004.
4. Ganesh S Hedge, "Mechatronics", Jones & Bartlett Learning, 2010.

B.Tech (CE)– III-II Sem   **L   T   P   C**
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(19A03604b) OPTIMIZATION TECHNIQUES THROUGH MATLAB
OPEN ELECTIVE-II

Course Objectives

- Introduce basics of MATLAB
- Familiarize the fundamentals of optimization
- Explain single variable optimization using various methods
- Implement multi variable optimization using various methods
- Train various evolutionary algorithms.

UNIT -I

Introduction to MAT LAB: Overview, MATLAB Preliminaries, Basics of MATLAB, Beyond the Basics of MATLAB, Popular Functions and Commands, Plotting using MATLAB, Optimization with MATLAB.

Learning Outcomes:

After completion of this unit, students will be able to
- Write simple codes in MATLAB. (L3)
- Plot the data using MATLAB. (L3)
- Implement optimization models in MATLAB. (L3)

UNIT -II

Introduction to Optimization: Statement of an optimization problem, Classifications of optimization Problems: Single variable optimization, Multi variable optimization with no constraints, Multi variable optimization with equality constraints, Multi variable optimization with inequality constraints, Convex and Concave programming.

Learning Outcomes:

After completion of this unit, students will be able to
- Build optimization problem. (l1)
- Solve various optimization problems(l3)
- Compare convex and concave programming (l4)

UNIT -III

Single Variable Optimization: Finite difference method, Central difference method, Runge-Kutta method, interval halving method, golden section method with MATLAB code.

Learning Outcomes:

After completion of this unit, students will be able to
- Understand various methods involving single variable optimization. (l2)

- Develop codes in matlab for different methods. (l3)
- Identify methods for solving a single variable optimization problem. (l3)

UNIT- IV

Multi Variable Optimization: Conjugate gradient method, Newton's method, Powell's method, Flectcher- Reeves method, Hook and Jeeves method, interior penalty function with MATLAB code.

Learning Outcomes:

After completion of this unit, students will be able to
- Apply various methods involving multi variable optimization. (l2)
- Develop codes in matlab for solving various multi variable optimization problems. (l3)
- Choose methods for solving a multi variable optimization problem. (l3)

UNIT -V

Evolutionary Algorithms: Overview, Genetic Algorithms: Basics of Genetic Algorithms, Options in MATLAB, Multi Objective Optimization using Genetic Algorithms, Ant Colony Optimization, Simulated Annealing, Particle Swarm Optimization.

Learning Outcomes:

After completion of this unit, students will be able to
- Apply different types of genetic algorithms. (l3)
- Model optimization problems using genetic algorithms in matlab. (l3)
- Compare different genetic algorithms for performance. (l5)

Course Outcomes:

After completion of this course the student can be able to
- Use optimization terminology and concepts, and understand how to classify an optimization problem.(l4)
- Apply optimization methods to engineering problems.(l3)
- Implement optimization algorithms.(l3)
- Compare different genetic algorithms. (l5)
- Solve multivariable optimization problems. (l4)

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Rao V.Dukkipati, MATLAB: "An Introduction with Applications", Anshan, 2010.
2. Achille Messac, "Optimization in practice with MATLAB", Cambridge University Press, 2015.
3. Jasbir S Arora, "Introduction to optimum design", 2nd edition. Elsevier, 2004.

REFERENCES:

1. Cesar Perez Lopez, "MATLAB Optimization Techniques", Academic press, Springer publications, 2014.
2. Steven C.Chapra, "Applied Numerical Methods with MATLAB for Engineers and scientists": 4th edition, McGraw-Hill Education, 2018.

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(19A04604a)   BASICS OF VLSI
OPEN ELECTIVE-II

Course Objectives:

The objectives of the course are to
- Learn and Understand IC Fabrication process steps required for various MOS circuits
- Understand and Experience VLSI Design Flow
- Learn Transistor-Level CMOS Logic Design
- Understand VLSI Fabrication and Experience CMOS Physical Design
- Learn to Analyze Gate Function and Timing Characteristics

UNIT – I

Introduction: Introduction to MOS Technology – MOS, PMOS, NMOS, CMOS and BiCMOStechnologies, fabrication fundamentals: Oxidation, Lithography, Diffusion, Ionimplantation, Metallization and Encapsulation.

Basic Electrical Properties: Basic Electrical Properties of MOS,CMOS and BiCMOS Circuits, I_{DS}-V_{DS}relationships, MOS transistor threshold Voltage, g_m, g_{ds}, figure of merit ωo, Passtransistor, NMOS inverter, Various pull - ups, Determination of pull-up to pulldown ratio (Z_{pu} / Z_{pd}) , CMOS Inverter analysis and design, BiCMOS inverters,Latch-up in CMOS circuits.

Learning Outcomes:

After completion of this unit, students will be able to
- Demonstrate a clear understanding of CMOS fabrication flow and technology scaling (L2)
- Analyze the electrical properties of MOS and BiCMOS circuits (L3)
- Design MOSFET based logic circuit (L4)

UNIT – II

VLSI Circuit Design Processes:VLSI Design Flow, MOS Layers, Stick Diagrams, Design Rules and Layouts,Lambda based design rules, Contact cuts , CMOS Lambda based design rules,Layout Diagrams for logic gates, Transistor structures, wires and vias, Scaling ofMOS circuits- Scaling models, scaling factors, scaling factors for device parameters, Limitations of Scaling.

Learning Outcomes:

After completion of this unit, students will be able to

- Understand the design rules and layout diagram for logic gates, limitations of scaling (L1)
- Draw the Layout of simple MOS circuit using Lambda based design rules (L2)

UNIT – III

Gate Level Design and Layout: Architectural issues, Switch logic networks: Gate logic, Alternate gate circuit:Pseudo-NMOS Dynamic CMOS logic. Basic circuit concepts, Sheet ResistanceR_S and its concept to MOS, Area Capacitance Units, Calculations, The delay unitT, Inverter Delays, Driving large Capacitive Loads, Wiring Capacitances, Fan-inand fan-out, Choice of layers

Learning Outcomes:

After completion of this unit, students will be able to
- Apply basic circuit concepts to MOS circuits. (L2)
- Estimate the propagation delays in CMOS circuits (L3).

UNIT – IV

Subsystem Design: Subsystem Design, Shifters, Adders, ALUs, Multipliers: Array multiplier, SerialParallel multiplier, Parity generator, Comparators, Zero/One Detectors, Up/DownCounter, Memory elements: SRAM, DRAM, ROM, Serial Access Memories.

Learning Outcomes:

After completion of this unit, students will be able to

- Apply the Lambda based design rules for subsystem design (L2)
- Design of Adders, Multipliers and memories etc(L4)
- Design digital systems using MOS circuits(L4)

UNIT – V

Semiconductor Integrated Circuit Design:PLDs, FPGAs, CPLDs, Standard Cells, Programmable Array Logic,Programmable Logic Array Design Approach.

Learning Outcomes:

After completion of this unit, students will be able to
- Analyze various architectures and device technologies of PLDs(L3)
- Design simple logic circuit using PLA, PAL, FPGA and CPLD.(L4)

Course Outcomes:

- Learn the basic fabrication process of MOS transistors, study CMOS inverter circuits, basic circuit concepts such as Sheet Resistance, Area Capacitance and Delay calculation, Field programmable gate arrays and realization techniques, CPLDs and FPGAs for implementing the various logic functions.

- Apply CMOS technology-specific layout rules in the placement and routing of transistors and interconnect, and to verify the functionality.

- Analyze the performance of CMOS Inverter circuits

- Compare various Scaling models and understand the effect of scaling on device parameters

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Kamran Eshraghian,"Essentials of VLSI circuits and systems", EshraghianDouglesand A. Pucknell, PHI, 2005 Edition
2. Wayne Wolf, "Modern VLSI Design", 3rd Edition, Pearson Education, 1997.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. John .P. Uyemura, "CMOS logic circuit Design", Springer, 2007.
2. Neil H. E Weste, "CMOS VLSI Design – A Circuits and Systems Perspective", 3rd edition, DavidHarris, Ayan Banerjee, Pearson, 2009.

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(19A04604b) PRINCIPLES OF COMMUNICATIONSYSTEMS
OPEN ELECTIVE-II

Course Objectives:

- To understand the concept of various modulation schemes and multiplexing.
- To apply the concept of various modulation schemes to solve engineering problems.
- To analyse various modulation schemes.
- To evaluate various modulation scheme in real time applications.

UNIT-I:

Amplitude Modulation

Introduction to Noise and Fourier Transform. An overview of Electronic Communication Systems. Need for Frequency Translation, Amplitude Modulation: DSB-FC, DSB-SC, SSB-SC and VSB. Frequency Division Multiplexing. Radio Transmitter and Receiver.

Learning Outcomes:

At the end of the unit, the student should be able to
- Understand the concept of noise, Fourier transform, career modulation and frequency division multiplexing (L1).
- Apply the concept of amplitude modulationto solve engineering problems (L2).
- Analyse various amplitude modulation schemes (L3).
- Evaluate various amplitude modulation schemes in real time applications (L3).

UNIT-II:

Angle Modulation

Angle Modulation, Tone modulated FM Signal, Arbitrary Modulated FM Signal, FM Modulation and Demodulation. Stereophonic FM Broadcasting.

Learning Outcomes:

At the end of the unit, the student should be able to
- Understand the concept of angle modulation and its components (L1).
- Apply the concept of frequency modulation to solve engineering problems (L2).
- Analyse angle modulation schemes (L3).
- Evaluate frequency modulation scheme in real time applications (L3).

UNIT-III:

Pulse Modulation

Sampling Theorem: Low pass and Band pass Signals. Pulse Amplitude Modulation and Concept of Time Division Multiplexing. Pulse Width Modulation. Digital Representation of Analog Signals.

Learning Outcomes:

At the end of the unit, the student should be able to
- Understand the concept of various pulse modulation schemes and time division multiplexing (L1).
- Analyse various pulse modulation schemes (L3).

UNIT-IV:

Digital Modulation

Binary Amplitude Shift Keying, Binary Phase Shift Keying and QuadraturePhase Shift Keying, Binary Frequency Shift Keying. Regenerative Repeater.

Learning Outcomes:

At the end of the unit, the student should be able to
- Understand the concept of various digital modulation schemes (L1).
- Analyze various digital modulation schemes (L3).

UNIT-V:

Communication Systems

Satellite, RADAR, Optical, Mobile and Computer Communication (Block diagram approach only).

Learning Outcomes:

At the end of the unit, the student should be able to
- Understand the concept of various communication systems (L1).

Note: The main emphasis is on qualitative treatment. Complex mathematical treatment may be avoided.

Course Outcomes:

- Understand the concept of various modulation schemes and multiplexing (L1).
- Apply the concept of various modulation schemes to solve engineering problems (L2).
- Analyse various modulation schemes, and evaluate various modulation scheme in real time applications (L3).

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Herbert Taub, Donald L Schilling and Goutam Saha, "Principles of Communication Systems", 3rdEdition, Tata McGraw-Hill Publishing Company Ltd., 2008.

REFERENCES:
1. B. P. Lathi, Zhi Ding and Hari M. Gupta, "Modern Digital and Analog Communication Systems", 4th Edition, Oxford University Press, 2017.
2. K. Sam Shanmugam "Digital and Analog Communication Systems", Wiley India Edition, 2008.

Blooms' Learning levels:
L1: Remembering and Understanding
L2: Applying
L3: Analyzing, Evaluating

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(19A05604a) FUNDAMENTALS OF VR/AR/MR
Open Elective-II
(Common to CSE & IT)

Course Objectives:

This course is designed to:

- Explore the history of spatial computing and design interactions
- Understand the foundational principles describing how hardware, computer vision algorithms function
- Learn Virtual reality animation and 3D Art optimization
- Demonstrate Virtual reality
- Introduce to the design of visualization tools

UNIT-I

How Humans interact with Computers: Common term definition, introduction, modalities through the ages (pre- 20th century, through world war-II, post world war-II, the rise of personal computing, computer miniaturization), why did we just go over all of this?, types of common HCI modalities, new modalities, the current state of modalities for spatial computing devices, current controllers for immersive computing systems, a note on hand tracking and hand pose recognition.

Designing for our Senses, Not our Devices: Envisioning a future, sensory technology explained, who are we building this future for?, sensory design, five sensory principles, Adobe's AR story.

Learning Outcomes:

At the end of the unit, students will be able to:

- Explain common modalities and their pros and cons.(L2)
- Demonstrate Mapping modalities to current industry inputs(L2)
- Explore the importance of design with spatial computing(L5)

UNIT-II

Virtual Reality for Art: A more natural way of making 3D art, VR for animation.

3D art optimization: Introduction, draw calls, using VR tools for creating 3D art, acquiring 3D models vs making them from scratch.

How the computer vision that makes augmented reality possible works: Who are we?, a brief history of AR, how and why to select an AR platform, mapping, platforms, other development considerations, the AR cloud.

Learning Outcomes:

At the end of the unit, students will be able to:
- Utilize VR tools for creating 3D Animations(L3)
- Analyze how and why to Select an AR Platform(L4)

UNIT-III

Virtual reality and augmented reality: cross platform theory: Why cross platform? The role of game engines, understanding 3D graphics, portabiltity lessons from video game design, simplifying the controller input.

Virtual reality toolkit: open source framework for the community: What is VRTK and why people use it?, the history of VRTK, welcome to the steam VR unity toolkit, VRTK v4, the future of VRTK, success of VRTK.

Three virtual reality and augmented reality development practices: Developing for virtual reality and augmented reality, handling locomotion, effective use of audio, common interaction paradigms.

Learning Outcomes:

At the end of the unit, students will be able to:
- Explain why the design approach should be considered at a holistic high level based on the goal of the experience(L2)
- Build VR solutions using Virtual reality toolkit(L6)
- Interpret the development practices in three Virtual reality and Augmented reality development(L2)

UNIT-IV

Data and machine learning visualization design and development in spatial computing: Introduction, understanding data visualization, principles for data and machine learning visualization design and development in spatial computing, why data and machine learning visualization works in spatial computing, 2D data visualization vs 3D data visualization in spatial computing, interactivity in data visualizations and in spatial computing, animation, failures in data visualization, good data visualization design optimize 3D spaces, data representations, info graphics, and interactions, defining distinctions in data visualization and big data for machine, how to create data visualization: data visualization creation pipeline, webXR, data visualization challenges in XR, data visualization industry use case examples of data visualization, 3D reconstruction and direct manipulation of real world data, data visualization is for everyone, hands on tutorials, how to create data visualization, resources.

Learning Outcomes:

At the end of the unit, students will be able to:
- Understand, define, and set data and machine visualization design and development principles in embodied reality(L1)
- Demonstrate best practices, and practical tools to create beautiful and functional data visualizations.(L2)

UNIT-V

Character AI and Behaviors: Introduction, behaviors, current practice: Reactive AI, more intelligence in the system, Deliberative AI, machine learning.
The virtual and augmented reality health technology ecosystem: VR/AR health technology application design, standard UX isn't intuitive, tutorial: insight Parkinson's experiment, companies, case studies from leading Academic institutions.

Learning Outcomes:

At the end of the unit, students will be able to:
- Design a behavioral AI system for a video game(L6)
- Identify issues related to design of virtual reality (VR) and augmented reality (AR) experiences deployed in a health-care context(L3)
- Explain the use of motion data from controllers to reduce the visible tremor of a Parkinson's patient in a virtual environment(L2)

Course outcomes
Upon completion of the course, the students should be able to:

- Explain how the humans interact with computers (L2)
- Apply technical and creative approaches to make successful applications and experiences. (L3)
- Design audio and video interaction paradigms (L6)
- Design Data visualization tools (L6)
- Apply VR/MR/AR in various fields in industry (L3)

Text book
1. Erin Pangilinan, Steve lukas, and Vasanth Mohan, "Creating Augmented & Virtual Realities", 1st edition, O'REILLY, 2019.

References
1. Steve Aukstakalnis, "Practical Augmented Reality", Pearson Education, 2017.

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(19A05604b) DATA SCIENCE
Open Elective-II
(Common to CSE & IT)

Course Objectives

This course is designed to:
- Understand the approaches for handling data related problems
- Explore the mathematical concepts required for Data science
- Explain the basic concepts of data science.
- Elucidate various Machine Learning algorithms.
- Introduce Natural Language Processing and Recommender Systems

UNIT- I

Introduction to Data Science, A Crash Course in Python, Visualising Data.

Learning Outcomes:

At the end of the unit, students will be able to:
- Describe the importance of data analysis (L1).
- Identify the key connectors of Data Science (L4).
- Interpret and Visualize the data using bar charts, line charts and scatter plots (L3).

UNIT-II

Linear Algebra, Statistics, Probability, Hypothesis and Inference, Gradient Descent.

Learning Outcomes:

At the end of the unit, students will be able to:
- Identify the Correlation between two vectors (L4).
- Test a given hypothesis (L3).
- Compute mean, median and mode for the given data (L3).

UNIT-III

Getting Data, Working with Data, Machine Leaning, k-Nearest Neighbors, Naïve Bayes.

Learning Outcomes:

At the end of the unit, students will be able to:
- Compute dimensionality reduction using PCA (L3).
- Differentiate supervised and unsupervised learning methods (L4).
- Describe overfitting, under fitting, bias, variance and goodness of learning (L1).

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- Solve classification problem using k-nearest neighbour classifier (L3).
- Apply Naïve Bayes classifier to solve decision making problem (L3).

UNIT-IV

Simple Linear Regression, Multiple Regression, Logistic Regression, Decision Trees, Neural Networks.

Learning Outcomes:

At the end of the unit, students will be able to:
- Describe gradient descent approach, maximum likelihood estimation and method of least squares (L1).
- Apply SVM to determine a hyperplane with maximum margin (L3).
- Determine decision tree for given data (L5).
- Describe Perceptron and Back Propagation (L3).

UNIT-V

Clustering, Natural Language Processing, Network Analysis, Recommender Systems.

Database and SQL, MapReduce

Learning Outcomes:

At the end of the unit, students will be able to:
- Determine Clusters in data using k-means and Hierarchical Clustering methods (L5).
- Apply basic SQL Operations using NotQuiteABase (L3).
- Compare User-Based and Item-Based Collaborative Filtering (L2).
- Describe Grammer and MapReduce (L1).

Course Outcomes:

After completion of this course the student would be able to

- Visualize the data using bar charts, line charts and scatter plots (L4).
- Analyse Correlation between two data objects (L4).
- Demonstrate feature selection and dimensionality reduction.(L2)
- Solve decision making problems using k-NN, Naïve Bayes, SVM and Decision.
Trees (L3).
- Determine Clusters in data using k-means and Hierarchical Clustering methods (L3).
- Design basic SQL Operations using NotQuiteABase (L6)
- Demonstrate the way to use machine learning algorithms using python. (L2)

Text Books:

1. Data Science from Scratch, First Principles with Python - Joel Grus, O'Reilly, First Edition.

Reference Books:

1. The Data Science Handbook, Field Cady, WILEY.
2. An Introduction to Data Science, Jeffrey M. Stanton, Jeffrey Stanton, 2012

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(19A27604a)   FOOD TOXICOLOGY
OPEN ELECTIVE II

PREAMBLE

This text covers about toxins and their relation in food. Examination, identification and prevention of toxins.

Course Objectives

- To know the various toxins and their evaluation.
- To understand their tolerance and control measures.

UNIT – I

Principles of Toxicology: classification of toxic agents; characteristics of exposure; spectrum of undesirable effects; interaction and tolerance; biotransformation and mechanisms of toxicity. Evaluation of toxicity: risk vs. benefit: experimental design and evaluation: prospective and retrospective studies: Controls :Statistics (descriptive, inferential): animal models as predictors of human toxicity: Legal requirements and specific screening methods: LD50 and TD50: in vitro and in vitvo studies; clinical trials.

Learning Outcomes:

At the end of unit, students will be able to understand the following
- Classification of toxic agents; characteristics of exposure;
- Spectrum of undesirable effects; interaction and tolerance; biotransformation and mechanisms of toxicity.
- Evaluation of toxicity: risk vs. benefit: experimental design and evaluation:
- Prospective and retrospective studies: Controls: Statistics (descriptive, inferential): animal models as predictors of human toxicity:
- Legal requirements and specific screening methods: LD50 and TD50: in vitro and in vitvo studies; clinical trials.

UNIT – II

Natural toxins in food: natural toxins of importance in food- toxins of plant and animal origin; microbial toxins (e.g., bacterial toxins, fungal toxins and Algal toxins), natural occurrence, toxicity and significance, determination of toxicants in foods and their management.

Learning Outcomes:

At the end of unit, students will be able to understand the following

- Natural toxins in food: natural toxins of importance in food- toxins of plant and animal origin
- Microbial toxins (e.g., bacterial toxins, fungal toxins and algal toxins), natural occurrence, toxicity and significance
- Determination of toxicants in foods and their management

UNIT – III

Food allergies and sensitivities: natural sources and chemistry of food allergens; true/untrue food allergies; handling of food allergies; food sensitivities (anaphylactoid reactions, metabolic food disorders and idiosyncratic reactions); Safety of genetically modified food: potential toxicity and allergenisity of GM foods. Safety of children consumables.

Learning outcomes:

At the end of unit, students will be able to understand the following
- Natural sources and chemistry of food allergens; true/untrue food allergies; handling of food allergies
- Food sensitivities (anaphylactoid reactions, metabolic food disorders and idiosyncratic reactions)
- Potential toxicity and allergenisity of gm foods. Safety of children consumables.

UNIT – IV

Environmental contaminants and drug residues in food: fungicide and pesticide residues in foods; heavy metal and their health impacts; use of veterinary drugs (e.g. Malachite green in fish and β- agonists in pork); other contaminants in food, radioactive contamination of food, Food adulteration and potential toxicity of food adulterants.

Learning Outcomes:

At the end of unit, students will be able to understand the following
- Fungicide and pesticide residues in foods; heavy metal and their health impacts
- Use of veterinary drugs (e.g. Malachite green in fish and β- agonists in pork); other contaminants in food, radioactive contamination of food
- Food adulteration and potential toxicity of food adulterants.

UNIT – V

Food additives and toxicants added or formed during food processing: safety of food additives; toxicological evaluation of food additives; food processing generated toxicants: nitroso-compounds, heterocyclic amines, dietary Supplements and toxicity related to dose: common dietary supplements; relevance of the dose; possible toxic effects.

Learning Outcomes:

At the end of unit, students will be able to understand the following
- Safety of food additives; toxicological evaluation of food additives;
- Nitroso-compounds, heterocyclic amines, dietary supplements and toxicity related to dose
- Common dietary supplements; relevance of the dose; possible toxic effects.

Course Outcomes

By the end of course
- Student will gain knowledge on principles of toxicity and characteristics of toxins and their classification. Examination and prevention of toxins in foods and etc.

TEXT BOOKS

1. Helferich, W., and Winter, C.K "Food Toxicology",. CRC Press, LLC. Boca Raton, FL. 2007.
2. Shibamoto, T., and Bjeldanes, L. "Introduction to Food Toxicology", 2009, 2nd Edition. Elsevier Inc., Burlington, MA.
3. Watson, D.H. "Natural Toxicants in Food", CRC Press, LLC. Boca Raton, FL1998.

REFERENCES
1. Duffus, J.H., and Worth, H.G. J. "Fundamental Toxicology", The Royal Society of Chemistry. 2006.
2. Stine, K.E., and Brown, T.M. "Principles of Toxicology", 2nd Edition. CRC Press. 2006.
3. Tönu, P. "Principles of Food Toxicology". CRC Press, LLC. Boca Raton, FL. 2007.

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(19A27604b)   FOOD PLANT EQUIPMENT DESIGN
OPEN ELECTIVE - II

PREAMBLE

This text focuses on materials used for food plant equipment and factors considered for design of various equipment.

Course Objectives:

- To understand the material properties and codes used.
- To know the design considerations.
- To study the design of evaporators, dryers, crystallizers and etc.

UNIT – I

Materials and properties: Materials for fabrication, mechanical properties, ductility, hardness, corrosion, protective coatings, corrosion prevention linings equipment, choice of materials, material codes. Design considerations: Stresses created due to static and dynamic loads, combined stresses, design stresses and theories of failure, safety factor, temperature effects, radiation effects, effects of fabrication method, economic considerations

Learning Outcomes:

At the end of unit, students will be able to understand the following
- Materials for fabrication, mechanical properties, ductility, hardness, corrosion, protective coatings
- Corrosion prevention linings equipment, choice of materials, material codes
- Stresses created due to static and dynamic loads, combined stresses, design stresses and theories of failure, safety factor
- Temperature effects, radiation effects, effects of fabrication method, economic considerations

UNIT – II
Design of pressure and storage vessels: Operating conditions, design conditions and stress; Design of shell and its component, stresses from local load and thermal gradient, mountings and accessories. Design of heat exchangers: Design of shell and tube heat exchanger, plate heat exchanger, scraped surface heat exchanger, sterilizer and retort

Learning Outcomes:

At the end of unit, students will be able to understand the following

- Design of pressure and storage vessels includes operating conditions, design conditions and stress
- Design of shell and its component, stresses from local load and thermal gradient, mountings and accessories
- Design of heat exchangers like shell and tube heat exchanger, plate heat exchanger, scraped surface heat exchanger, sterilizer and retort

UNIT – III

Design of evaporators and crystallizers: Design of single effect and multiple effect evaporators and its components; Design of rising film and falling film evaporators and feeding arrangements for evaporators; Design of crystallizer and entrainment separator

Learning Outcomes:

At the end of unit, students will be able to understand the following

- Design of evaporators like single effect and multiple effect evaporators and its components; rising film and falling film evaporators and feeding arrangements for evaporators;
- Design of crystallizer and entrainment separator

UNIT – IV

Design of agitators and separators: Design of agitators and baffles; Design of agitation system components and drive for agitation. Design of centrifuge separator; Design of equipment components, design of shafts, pulleys, bearings, belts, springs, drives, speed reduction systems. Design of freezing equipment: Design of ice-ream freezers and refrigerated display system

Learning Outcomes:

At the end of unit, students will be able to understand the following

- Design of agitators and baffles like Design of agitation system components and drive for agitation.
- Design of centrifuge separator like equipment components, design of shafts, pulleys, bearings, belts, springs, drives, speed reduction systems.
- Design of freezing equipment like ice-ream freezers and refrigerated display system

UNIT – V
Design of dryers: Design of tray dryer, tunnel dryer, fluidized dryer, spray dryer, vacuum dryer, freeze dryer and microwave dryer. Design of extruders: Cold and hot extruder design, design of screw and barrel, design of twin screw extruder. Design of fermenters: Design of fermenter vessel, design problems

Learning Outcomes:

At the end of unit, students will be able to understand the following
- Design of dryers like tray dryer, tunnel dryer, fluidized dryer, spray dryer, vacuum dryer, freeze dryer and microwave dryer
- Design of extruders like Cold and hot extruder design, design of screw and barrel, design of twin screw extruder.
- Design of fermenter vessel, design problems

Course Outcomes

By the end of the course, the students will
- acquires knowledge on theoretical aspects to be design considerations for a food plant equipment and designing of evaporators, separators, storage vessels and etc.

TEXT BOOKS

1. Antonio Lopez-Gomez, Gustavo V. Barbosa-Canovas, "Food plant design", CRC press 2005.
2. George D. Saravacos and Zacharias B. Maroulis, "Food Plant Economics", CRC Press 2007.

REFERENCES

1. Peters M., Timmerhaus K. & Ronald W., "Plant Design & Economics for Chemical Engineers", McGraw Hill.
2. James R Couper, "Process Engg. Economics (Chemical Industries) CRC Press 3. Aries & Newton, Chemical Engg. Cost Estimation", McGraw Hill.

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(19A54604a) WAVELET TRANSFORMS AND ITS APPLICATIONS

OPEN ELECTIVE-II

Course Objective:

This course provides the students to understand Wavelet transforms and its applications.

UNIT-I-

Wavelets

Wavelets and Wavelet Expansion Systems - Wavelet Expansion- Wavelet Transform-Wavelet System- More Specific Characteristics of Wavelet Systems -Haar Scaling Functions and Wavelets -effectiveness of Wavelet Analysis -The Discrete Wavelet Transform The Discrete-Time and Continuous Wavelet Transforms.

Learning Outcomes:

Students will be able to
- Understand wavelets and wavelet expansion systems.
- Find wavelet transforms in continuous as well as discrete domains.

UNIT-II-

A Multiresolution Formulation of Wavelet Systems

Signal Spaces -The Scaling Function -Multiresolution Analysis - The Wavelet Functions - The Discrete Wavelet Transform- A Parseval's Theorem - Display of the Discrete Wavelet Transform and the Wavelet Expansion.

Learning Outcomes:

Students will be able to
- Illustrate the multi resolution analysis, scaling function.
- Implement parseval theorem.

UNIT-III-

Filter Banks and the Discrete Wavelet Transform : Analysis - From Fine Scale to Coarse Scale- Filtering and Down-Sampling or Decimating -Synthesis - From Coarse Scale to Fine Scale -Filtering and Up-Sampling or Stretching - Input Coefficients - Lattices and Lifting - - Different Points of View.

Learning Outcomes:

Students will be able to
- Form fine scale to coarse scale analysis.
- Perform decimating synthesis.
- Find the lattices and lifting.

UNIT-IV

Multiresolution versus Time-Frequency Analysis- Periodic versus Nonperiodic Discrete Wavelet Transforms -The Discrete Wavelet Transform versus the Discrete-Time Wavelet Transform- Numerical Complexity of the Discrete Wavelet Transform.

Learning Outcomes:

Students will be able to
- Perform multi resolution versus time frequency analysis.
- Perform numerical complexity of discrete wavelet transforms.

UNIT-V

Bases, Orthogonal Bases, and Biorthogonal Bases -Matrix Examples - Fourier Series Example - Sine Expansion Example - Frames and Tight Frames - Matrix Examples -Sine Expansion as a Tight Frame Example.

Learning Outcomes:

Students will be able to
- Understand the orthogonal bases and Biorthogonal Bases.
- Find the Frames and Tight Frames using Fourier series.

Course Outcomes:

After the completion of course, students will be able to

- Understand wavelets and wavelet expansion systems.
- Illustrate the multi resolution analysis ad scaling functions.
- Form fine scale to coarse scale analysis.
- Find the lattices and lifting.
- Perform numerical complexity of discrete wavelet transforms.
- Find the frames and tight frames using fourier series.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. C. Sidney Burrus, Ramesh A. Gopinath, "Introduction to Wavelets and Wavelets Transforms",Prentice Hall, (1997).
2. James S. Walker, "A Primer on Wavelets and their Scientific Applications", CRC Press, (1999).

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. Raghuveer Rao, "Wavelet Transforms", Pearson Education, Asia.

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(19A52604a)   SOFT SKILLS
(OPEN ELECTIVE-II)

Course Objectives

- To develop awareness in students of the relevance and importance of soft skills
- To provide students with interactive practice sessions to make them internalize soft skills
- To develop Time management, Positive thinking & Decision making skills
- To enable to manage stress effectively
- To enable them to develop employability skills

SYLLABUS

UNIT – I

INTRODUCTION

Definition – Scope – Importance- – Methods of improving soft skills – Limits- Analysis – Interpersonal and intrapersonal skills - Verbal and Non-verbal skills.

Learning Outcomes:

At the end of the module, the learners will be able to
- Understand the importance of soft skills
- Identify the methods of improving soft skills
- Analyze various soft skills in different situations
- Distinguish various soft skills
- Apply various soft skills in day to day life and in workplace

UNIT – II INTRAPERSONAL SKILLS

Knowing self/temperaments/traits - Johari windows – quotient skills(IQ, EQ, SQ), creativity, decision-making-Attitude – Confidence Building - Positive Thinking –Time Management – Goal setting.

Learning Outcomes:

At the end of the module, the learners will be able to
- Understandself and its temperament.
- Apply various techniques to know the self.
- Develop positive thinking
- Develop creative thinking and decision-making skills

- Apply self-knowing tools in day to day and professional life.

UNIT – III

INTERPERSONAL SKILLS

Leadership Skills – Negotiation skills –- Team-building – Crisis Management – Event Management –Ethics and Etiquettes.

Learning Outcomes:

At the end of the module, the learners will be able to
- Understand the importance of interpersonal skills
- Analyze various tactics in negotiation skills.
- Develop team building spirit.
- Develop crisis management
- Apply interpersonal skills through etiquettes.

UNIT – IV

VERBAL SKILLS

Importance of verbal skills in corporate climate, Listening skills –Mother Tongue Influence (MTI) - Speaking skills – Public speaking - Oral presentations - Writing skills –E-mail etiquettes – Memos - Indianism

Learning Outcomes:

At the end of the module, the learners will be able to
- Understand the importance of verbal skills in corporate climate.
- Explain the need of listening skills.
- Explore MTI and suggest remedies to avoid it.
- Interpret various contexts of speaking.
- Apply verbal skills in personal and professional life.

UNIT – V NON-VERBAL SKILLS

Importance of body language in corporate culture – body language-Facial expressions – eye contact – posture – gestures – Proxemics – Haptics – Dress Code – Paralanguage –Tone, pitch, pause& selection of words
Learning Outcomes:

At the end of the module, the learners will be able to
- Comprehend the importance of non-verbal communication.
- Expound the need of facial expressions, postures and gestures.

- Analyze proxemics,haptics etc.
- Understand the importance of dress code.
- Apply various techniques to use para language

Course Outcomes
- Recognize the importance of verbal and non verbal skills
- Develop the interpersonal and intrapersonal skills
- Apply the knowledge in setting the SMART goals and achieve the set goals
- Analyze difficult situations and solve the problems in stress-free environment
- Create trust among people and develop employability skills

Text Books

1. Meenakshi Raman &ShaliniUpadhyay " Soft Skills",Cengage Learning, 2018.
2. S. Balasubramaniam, "Soft Skills for Interpersonal Communication",Orient Black Swan, 2017.

References

1. Barun K. Mitra, "Personality Development and Soft Skills**,** –OXFORD Higher Education 2018.
2. AlkaWadkar, "Life Skills for Success", Sage Publications 2016.
3. Robert M Sheffield, "Developing Soft Skills", Pearson, 2010.
4. DianaBooher, "Communicate With Confidence",Tata McGrawhill, 2012.

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(19A51604a) CHEMISTRY OF POLYMERS AND ITS APPLICATIONS

Course Objectives:

- To understand the basic principles of polymers
- To synthesize the different polymeric materials and their characterization by various instrumental methods.
- To impart knowledge to the students about fundamental concepts of Hydro gels of polymer networks, surface phenomenon by micelles
- To enumerate the applications of polymers in engineering

Unit – I : Polymers-Basics and Characterization

Basic concepts: monomers, repeat units, degree of polymerization, linear, branched and network polymers, classification of polymers, Polymerization: condensation, addition, radical chain, ionic and coordination and copolymerization. Average molecular weight concepts: number, weight and viscosity average molecular weights, polydispersity and molecular weight distribution Measurement of molecular weight: end group, viscosity, light scattering, osmotic and ultracentrifugation methods, analysis and testing of polymers.

Learning Outcomes:

At the end of this unit, the students will be able to

- Classify the polymers (L3)
- Explain polymerization mechanism (L2)
- Differentiate addition, condensation polymerizations (L2)
- Describe measurement of molecular weight of polymer (L2)

Unit – II : Synthetic Polymers

Addition and condensation polymerization processes – Bulk, Solution, Suspension and Emulsion polymerization.

Preparation and significance, classification of polymers based on physical properties, Thermoplastics, Thermosetting plastics, Fibers and elastomers, General Applications.

Preparation of Polymers based on different types of monomers, Olefin polymers, Diene polymers, nylons, Urea - formaldehyde, phenol - formaldehyde and melamine Epoxy and Ion exchange resins. Characterization of polymers by IR, NMR, XRD.

Learning Outcomes:

At the end of this unit, the students will be able to

- Differentiate Bulk, solution, Suspension and emulsion polymerization (L2)

- Describe fibers and elastomers (L2)
- Identify the thermosetting and thermo polymers (L3)
- Characterize the properties of polymers by IR, NMR, XRD etc.,

Unit – III : Natural Polymers & Modified cellulosics

Natural Polymers: Chemical & Physical structure, properties, source, important chemical modifications, applications of polymers such as cellulose, lignin, starch, rosin, shellac, latexes, vegetable oils and gums, proteins.

Modified cellulosics: Cellulose esters and ethers such as Ethyl cellulose, CMC, HPMC, cellulose acetals, Liquid crystalline polymers; specialty plastics- PES, PAES, PEEK, PEAK.

Learning Outcomes:

At the end of this unit, the students will be able to

- Describe the properties and applications of polymers (L2)
- Interpret the properties of cellulose, lignin, starch, rosin, latex etc., (L2)
- Discuss the special plastics of PES, PAES, PEEK etc., (L3)
- Explain modified cellulosics (L2)

Unit-IV: Hydrogels of Polymer networks and Drug delivery

Definitions of Hydrogel, polymer networks, Types of polymer networks, Methods involved in hydrogel preparation, Classification, Properties of hydrogels**, Applications** of hydrogels in drug delivery.

Introduction to drug systems including, drug development, regulation, absorption and disposition, routes of administration and dosage forms. Advanced drug delivery systems and controlled release.

Learning Outcomes:

At the end of this unit, the students will be able to

- Identify types of polymer networks (L3)
- Describe methods involve in hydrogel preparation (L2)
- Explain applications of hydrogels in drug delivery (L2)
- Demonstrate the advanced drug delivery systems and controlled release (L2)

Unit – V : Surface phenomena

Surface tension, adsorption on solids, electrical phenomena at interfaces including electrokinetics, micelles, reverse micelles, solubilization. Application of photoelectron spectroscopy, ESCA and Auger spectroscopy to the study of surfaces.

Learning Outcomes:

At the end of this unit, the students will be able to

- Demonstrate electrical phenomena at interfaces including electrokinetics, miselles, reverse micelles etc., (L2)
- Explain photoelectron spectroscopy (L2)
- Discuss ESCA and Auger spectroscopy to the study of surfaces (L3)
- Differentiate micelles and reverse micelles (L2)

Course Outcomes

At the end of the course, the student will be able to:
- Understand the state of art synthesis of Polymeric materials
- Understand the hydro gels preparation, properties and applications in drug delivery system.
- Characterize polymers materials using IR, NMR, XRD.
- Analyze surface phenomenon fo micelles and characterise using photoelectron spectroscopy, ESCA and Auger spectroscopy.

References :

1. A Text book of Polymer science, Billmayer
2. Organic polymer Chemistry, K.J.Saunders, Chapman and Hall
3. Advanced Organic Chemistry, B.Miller, Prentice Hall
4. Polymer Chemistry – G.S.Mishra
5. Polymer Chemistry – Gowarikar
6. Physical Chemistry –Galston
7. Drug Delivery- Ashim K. Misra

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B.Tech (CE)–III-II

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HUMANITIES ELECTIVE-I

(19A52602a)ENTREPRENEURSHIP& INCUBATION

COURSE OBJECTIVES :

The objective of this course is

- To make the student understand about Entrepreneurship
- To enable the student in knowing various sources of generating new ideas in setting up of New enterprise
- To facilitate the student in knowing various sources of finance in starting up of a business
- To impart knowledge about various government sources which provide financial assistance to entrepreneurs/ women entrepreneurs
- To encourage the student in creating and designing business plans

Syllabus

UNIT-I

Entrepreneurship - Concept, knowledge and skills requirement - Characteristics of successful entrepreneurs - Entrepreneurship process - Factors impacting emergence of entrepreneurship - Differences between Entrepreneur and Intrapreneur - Understanding individual entrepreneurial mindset and personality - Recent trends in Entrepreneurship.

Learning Outcomes:

At the end if the Unit, the learners will be able to
- Understand the concept of Entrepreneur and Entrepreneurship in India
- Know Entrepreneurship process and emergence of Entrepreneurship
- Analyze the differences between Entrepreneur and Intrapreneur
- Develop a creative mind set and personality
- Understand recent trends in Entrepreneurship across the globe

UNIT-II

Starting the New Venture - Generating business idea – Sources of new ideas & methods of generating ideas - Opportunity recognition - Feasibility study - Market feasibility, technical/operational feasibility - Financial feasibility - Drawing business plan - Preparing project report - Presenting business plan to investors.

Learning Outcomes:

At the end if the Unit, the learners will be able to
- Know the process of starting a new venture
- Analyze the sources of new methods in generating business idea
- Evaluate market feasibility, financial feasibility and technical feasibility
- Design and draw business plans in project preparation and prepare project reports

UNIT-III

Sources of finance - Various sources of Finance available - Long term sources - Short term sources - Institutional Finance – Commercial Banks, SFC's in India - NBFC's in India - their way of financing in India for small and medium business - Entrepreneurship development programs in India - The entrepreneurial journey- Institutions in aid of entrepreneurship development

Learning Outcomes:

At the end of the Unit, the learners will be able to
- Know the various sources of finance to start a new venture
- Contrast & compare between Long term & Short term finance sources
- Analyze the role of banks and other financial institutions in promoting entrepreneurship in India
- Evaluate the need and importance of MSMEs in the growth of country

UNIT-IV

Women Entrepreneurship - Entrepreneurship Development and Government - Role of Central Government and State Government in promoting women Entrepreneurship - Introduction to various incentives, subsidies and grants – Export- oriented Units - Fiscal and Tax concessions available - Women entrepreneurship - Role and importance - Growth of women entrepreneurship in India - Issues & Challenges - Entrepreneurial motivations.

Learning Outcomes:

At the end of the Unit, the learners will be able to
- Understand the role of government in promoting women entrepreneurship
- Know various incentives, subsidies and grants available to women entrepreneurs
- Analyze the role of export-oriented units
- Know about the tax concessions available for Women entrepreneurs
- Prepare to face the issues and challenges.

UNIT-V

Fundamentals of Business Incubation - Principles and good practices of business incubation-Process of business incubation and the business incubator and how they operate and influence the Type/benefits of incubators - Corporate/educational / institutional incubators - Broader business incubation environment - Pre-Incubation and Post - Incubation process - Idea lab, Business plan structure - Value proposition

Learning Outcomes:

At the end of the Unit, the learners will be able to:
- Understand the importance of business incubation
- Apply brilliant ideas in the process of business incubation
- Analyze the process of business incubation/incubators.
- Contrast & Compare between business incubation and business incubators.
- Design their own business incubation/incubators as viable-business unit.

Course Outcomes:

At the end of the course, students will be able to
- Understand the concept of Entrepreneurship and challenges in the world of competition.
- Apply the Knowledge in generating ideas for New Ventures.
- Analyze various sources of finance and subsidies to entrepreneur/women Entrepreneurs.
- Evaluate the role of central government and state government in promoting Entrepreneurship.
- Create and design business plan structure through incubations.

TEXT BOOKS

1. D F Kuratko and T V Rao, "Entrepreneurship" - A South-Asian Perspective – Cengage Learning, 2012. (For PPT, Case Solutions Faculty may visit : login.cengage.com)
2 . Nandan H, " Fundamentals of Entrepreneurship", PHI, 2013

REFERENCES

1. Vasant Desai, "Small Scale Industries and Entrepreneurship", Himalaya Publishing 2012.
2. Rajeev Roy "Entrepreneurship", 2nd Edition, Oxford, 2012.
3. B.Janakiramand M.Rizwana‖ "Entrepreneurship Development: Text & Cases", Excel Books, 2011.
4. Stuart Read, Effectual "Entrepreneurship", Routledge, 2013.

E-RESOURCES

1. Entrepreneurship-Through-the-Lens-of-enture Capital

2. http://www.onlinevideolecture.com/?course=mba-programs&subject=entrepreneurship

3. http://nptel.ac.in/courses/122106032/Pdf/7_4.pd

4. http://freevideolectures.com/Course/3514/Economics-/-Management-/-Entrepreneurhip/50

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(19A52602b) MANAGERIAL ECONOMICS AND FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Course Objectives :

The objective of this course is

- To inculcate the basic knowledge of micro economics and financial accounting
- To make the students learn how demand is estimated for different products, input-output relationship for optimizing production and cost
- To know the various types of Market Structures & pricing methods and its strategies
- To give an overview on investment appraisal methods to promote the students to learn how to plan long-term investment decisions.
- To provide fundamental skills on Accounting and to explain the process of preparing Financial statements

Syllabus

UNIT I -

INTRODUCTION TO MANAGERIAL ECONOMICS DEMAND

Managerial Economics – Definition – Nature & Scope - Contemporary importance of Managerial Economics - Demand Analysis **-** Concept of Demand **-** Demand Function - Law of Demand - Elasticity of Demand - Significance - Types of Elasticity - Measurement of Elasticity of Demand - Demand Forecasting - Factors governing Demand Forecasting - Methods of Demand Forecasting - Relationship of Managerial Economics with Financial Accounting and Management.

Learning Outcomes:

At the end of the Unit, the learners will be able to
- Know the nature and scope of Managerial Economics and its importance
- Understand the concept of demand and its determinants
- Analyze the Elasticity and degree of elasticity
- Evaluate Demand forecasting methods
- Design the process of demand estimation for different types of demand

UNIT -II

THEORY OF PRODUCTION AND COST ANALYSIS

Production Function – Least-cost combination - Short-run and Long-run Production Function - Isoquants and Isocosts, MRTS - Cobb-Douglas Production Function - Laws of Returns -

Internal and External Economies of scale – **Cost & Break Even Analysis** - Cost concepts and Cost behavior - Break-Even Analysis (BEA) - Determination of Break-Even Point (Simple Problems) - Managerial significance and limitations of Break-Even Analysis.

Learning Outcomes:

At the end of the Unit, the learners will be able to
- Know the production function, Input-Output relationship and different cost concepts
- Apply the least-cost combination of inputs
- Analyze the behavior of various cost concepts
- Evaluate BEA for real time business decisions
- Develop profit appropriation for different levels of business activity

UNIT –III

INTRODUCTION TO FORMS OF BUSINESS ORGANIZATIONS AND MARKETS

Market structures - Forms of Business Organizations - Sole Proprietorship - Partnership - Joint Stock Companies - Public Sector Enterprises-Types of Markets - Perfect and Imperfect Competition - Features of Perfect Competition – Monopoly - Monopolistic Competition – Oligopoly - Price-Output Determination - Pricing Methods and Strategies.

Learning Outcomes:

At the end of the Unit, the learners will be able to
- Know the structure of markets, features of different markets and forms of business organizations
- Apply the price output relationship in different markets
- Analyze the optimum output levels to maximize profit in different markets
- Evaluate price-output relationship to optimize cost, revenue and profit
- Interpret Pricing Methods and Strategies

UNIT -IV

CAPITAL AND CAPITAL BUDGETING Concept of Capital - Significance **-** Types of Capital **-** Components of Working Capital - Sources of Short-term and Long-term Capital - Estimating Working capital requirements – Cash Budget - **Capital Budgeting** – Features of Capital Budgeting Proposals – Methods and Evaluation of Capital Budgeting Projects – Pay Back Method – Accounting Rate of Return (ARR) – Net Present Value (NPV) – Internal Rate Return (IRR) Method (simple problems)

Learning Outcomes:

At the end of the Unit, the learners will be able to
- Know the concept of capital budgeting and its importance in business
- Contrast and compare different investment appraisal methods
- Analyze the process of selection of investment alternatives using different appraisal methods

- Evaluate methods of capital budgeting for investment decision making and for maximizing returns
- Design different investment appraisals and make wise investments

UNIT –V

INTRODUCTION TO FINANCIAL ACCOUNTING AND ANALYSIS

Accounting Concepts and Conventions - Introduction Double-Entry Book Keeping, Journal, Ledger, Trial Balance - Final Accounts (Trading Account, Profit and Loss Account and Balance Sheet with simple adjustments).*Financial Analysis -* Analysis and Interpretation of Liquidity Ratios, Activity Ratios, and Capital structure Ratios and Profitability.

Learning Outcomes:

At the end of the Unit, the learners will be able to
- Know the concept, convention and significance of accounting
- Apply the fundamental knowledge of accounting while posting the journal entries
- Analyze the process and preparation of final accounts and financial ratios
- Evaluate the financial performance of an enterprise by using financial statements

Data Books Required:

Present Value Factors table

Course Outcomes:

At the end of the course, students will be able to
- Understand the fundamentals of Economics viz., Demand, Production, cost, revenue and markets
- Apply concepts of production , cost and revenues for effective business decisions
- Students can analyze how to invest their capital and maximize returns
- Evaluate the capital budgeting techniques
- Prepare the accounting statements and evaluate the financial performance of business entity.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Varshney & Maheswari: "Managerial Economics", Sultan Chand, 2013.
2. Aryasri: "Business Economics and Financial Analysis", 4thedition, MGH, 2019

REFERENCES:

1. Ahuja Hl "Managerial economics" 3rdedition, Schand, 2013
2. S.A. Siddiqui and A.S. Siddiqui: "Managerial Economics and Financial Analysis", New Age International,. 2013.

3. Joseph G. Nellis and David Parker: "Principles of Business Economics", 2nd edition, Pearson, New Delhi.
4. Domnick Salvatore: "Managerial Economics in a Global Economy", Cengage, 2013.

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(19A52602c) BUSINESS ETHICS AND CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

Course Objectives :

The objectives of this course are

- To make the student understand the principles of business ethics
- To enable them in knowing the ethics in management
- To facilitate the student role in corporate culture
- Impart knowledge about the fair trade practices
- Encourage the student in knowing them about the corporate governance

Syllabus

BUSINESS ETHICS AND CORPORATE GOVERNANCE
UNIT -I

Introduction – Meaning - Nature and Scope – Loyalty and Ethical Behaviour, Values across Cultures;   Business   Ethics   – Ethical   Practices   inManagement. Types of Ethics – Characteristics – Factors influencing ,
Business Ethics – Importance of Business Ethics - Arguments for and against business ethics Basics of business ethics Corporate Social Responsibility – Issues of Management – Crisis Management

Learning Outcomes:

After completion of this unit student will
- Understand the meaning of loyalty and ethical Behavior
- Explain various types of Ethics
- Know about the factors influencing business ethics
- Understand the corporate social responsibility of management

UNIT –II

ETHICS IN MANAGEMENT

Introduction – Ethics in HRM – Marketing Ethics – Ethical aspects of Financial Management - Technology Ethics and Professional ethics. The Ethical Value System – Universalism, Utilitarianism, Distributive Justice, Social Contracts, Individual Freedom of Choice, Professional Codes; Culture and Ethics – Ethical Values in different Cultures, Culture and Individual Ethics.

Learning Outcomes:

After completion of this unit student will
- Understand the meaning of Marketing Ethics
- Analyze Differentiate between Technical ethics and professional ethics
- Know about the ethical value system
- Understand the Code and culture

UNIT-III

ROLE OF CORPORATE CULTURE IN BUSINESS

Meaning – Functions – Impact of corporate culture – cross cultural issues in ethics,Emotional Honesty – Virtue of humility –
Promote happiness – karma yoga – proactive – flexibility and purity of mind. The Ethical Value System – Universalism, Utilitarianism, Distributive Justice, Social Contracts, Individual Freedom of Choice, Professional Codes; Culture and Ethics – Ethical Values in different Cultures, Culture and Individual Ethics.

Learning Outcomes:

After completion of this unit student will
- Understand the corporate culture in business
- Analyze Ethical Value System Know about the ethical value system
- Know Universalism, Utilitarianism, Distributive Justice
- Differentiate Ethical Values in different Cultures

UNIT- IV

Law and Ethics – Relationship between Law and Ethics, Other Bodies in enforcing Ethical Business Behavior, Impact of Laws on Business Ethics; Social Responsibilities of Business – Environmental Protection, Fair Trade Practices, Fulfilling all National obligations under various Laws, Safeguarding Health and wellbeing of Customers.

Learning Outcomes:

After completion of this unit student will
- Understand Law and Ethics
- Analyze Social Responsibilities of Business
- Know Environmental Protection and Fair Trade Practices
- Implementing National Safeguarding Health and wellbeing of Customers

UNIT –V

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

Meaning – scope - Issues, need, corporate governance code, transparency & disclosure, role of auditors, board of directors and shareholders; Global issues of governance, accounting and regulatory frame work, corporate scams, committees in India and abroad, corporate social

responsibility composition of BODs - Cadbury Committee - various committees - reports on corporate governance - Benefits and Limitations
of Corporate Governance with living examples.

Learning Outcomes:

After completion of this unit student will
- Understand corporate governance code
- Analyze role of auditors, board of directors and shareholders
- Know accounting and regulatory frame work
- Implementing corporate social responsibility

Course Outcomes:

At the end of the course, students will be able to
- Understand business ethics and ethical practices in management.
- Understand the role of ethics in management
- Apply the knowledge in cross cultural ethics
- Analyze law and ethics
- Evaluate corporate governance

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Murthy CSV: "Business Ethics and Corporate Governance", HPH
2. Bholananth Dutta, S.K. Podder – "Corporation Governance", VBH.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. Dr. K. Nirmala, KarunakaraReaddy "Business Ethics and Corporate Governance", HP
2. H.R.Machiraju: "Corporate Governance"
3. K. Venkataramana, "Corporate Governance", SHBP.
4. N.M.Khandelwal : "Indian Ethos and Values for Managers"

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(19A52602d) ENTERPRISE RESOURCE PLANNING

Course Objectives :

The objectives of this course are
- To provide a contemporary and forward-looking on the theory and practice of
- Enterprise Resource Planning
- To enable the students in knowing the Advantages of ERP
- To train the students to develop the basic understanding of how ERP enriches the
- Business organizations in achieving a multidimensional growth.
- Impart knowledge about the historical background of BPR
- To aim at preparing the students, technologically competitive and make them ready to self-upgrade with the higher technical skills.

Syllabus

UNIT-I
Introduction to ERP: Enterprise – An Overview Integrated Management Information, Business Modeling, Integrated Data Model Business Processing Reengineering(BPR), Data Warehousing, Data Mining, On-line Analytical Processing(OLAP), Supply Chain Management (SCM), Customer Relationship Management(CRM),

Learning Outcomes:

After completion of this unit student will
- Understand the concept of ERP
- Explain various Business modeling
- Know the contemporary technology like SCM, CRM
- Understand the OLAP

UNIT-II
Benefits of ERP: Reduction of Lead-Time, On-time Shipment, Reduction in Cycle Time, Improved Resource Utilization, Better Customer Satisfaction, Improved Supplier Performance, Increased Flexibility, Reduced Quality Costs, Improved Information Accuracy and Design-making Capability

Learning Outcomes:

After completion of this unit student will
- Understand the Advantages of ERP
- Explain the challenges associated with ERP System

- Analyze better customer satisfaction
- Differentiate Improved Information Accuracy and Design-making Capability

UNIT-III

ERP Implementation Lifecycle: Pre-evaluation Screening, Package Evaluation, Project Planning Phase, Gap Analysis, Reengineering, Configuration, Implementation Team Training, Testing, Going Live, End-user Training, Post-implementation (Maintenance mode)

Learning Outcomes:

After completion of this unit student will
- Understand the implementation of ERP life cycle
- Explain the challenges associated with implementing ERP system
- Analyze the need of re-engineering
- Know the recent trends in team training testing and go-live

UNIT-IV

BPR: Historical background: Nature, significance and rationale of business process reengineering (BPR), Fundamentals of BPR. Major issues in process redesign: Business vision and process objectives, Processes to be redesigned, Measuring existing processes,

Learning Outcomes:

After completion of this unit student will
- Understand the business process reengineering
- Explain the challenges associated with BPR
- Analyze the need of process redesign
- Differentiate between process to be redesign and measuring existing process

UNIT-V

IT in ERP: Role of information technology (IT) and identifying IT levers. Designing and building a prototype of the new process: BPR phases, Relationship between BPR phases. MIS - Management Information System, DSS - Decision Support System, EIS - Executive Information System.

Learning Outcomes:

After completion of this unit student will
- Understand the role of IT
- Explain the challenges in Designing and building a prototype of the new process
- Analyze the need of MIS
- Differentiate between DSS and EIS

 Course outcomes:

At the end of the course, students will be able to

- Understand the basic use of ERP Package and its role in integrating business functions.
- Explain the challenges of ERP system in the organization
- Apply the knowledge in implementing ERP system for business
- Evaluate the role of IT in taking decisions with MIS
- Create reengineered business processes with process redesign

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Pankaj Sharma. "Enterprise Resource Planning". Aph Publishing Corporation, New Delhi, 2004.
2. Alexis Leon, "Enterprise Resource Planning", IV Edition, Mc.Graw Hill, 2019

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. Marianne Bradford "Modern ERP", 3rd edition.
2. "ERP making it happen Thomas f. Wallace and Michael
3. Directing the ERP Implementation Michael w pelphrey

JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY ANANTAPUR

B.Tech (CE)– III-II   **L   T   P   C**

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(19A52602e) SUPPLY CHAIN MANAGEMENT

Course Objectives :

The objectives of this course are
- To provide Knowledge on logistics and supply chain management
- To enable them in designing the distribution network
- To train the students in knowing the supply chain Analysis
- Impart knowledge on Dimensions of logistic
- To know the recent trends in supply chain management

Syllabus

UNIT-1

Introduction to Supply Chain Management

Supply chain - objectives - importance - decision phases - process view -competitive and supply chain strategies - achieving strategic fit – supply chain drivers - obstacles – framework - facilities -inventory-transportation-information-sourcing-pricing.

Learing Outcomes:-

After completion of this unit student will
- Understand the meaning and objectives of supply chain management
- Explain supply chain drivers
- Know the steps involved in SCM frame work
- Understand transportation information and pricing

UNIT-2

Designing the distribution network

Role of distribution - factors influencing distribution - design options - e-business and its impact – distribution networks in practice –network design in the supply chain - role of network -factors affecting the network design decisions modeling for supply chain. Role of transportation - modes and their performance – transportation infrastructure and policies - design options and their trade-offs tailored transportation.

Learning Outcomes:-

After completion of this unit student will
- Understand the different distribution network
- Explain the factors influencing network design in the supply chain

- Know the Role of transportation
- Analyze design options and their trade-offs

UNIT-3

Supply Chain Analysis.
Sourcing - In-house or Outsource - 3rd and 4th PLs - supplier scoring and assessment, selection - design collaboration - Procurement process - Sourcing planning and analysis. Pricing and revenue management for multiple customers, perishable products, seasonal demand, bulk and spot contracts.

Learning Outcomes:-

After completion of this unit student will
- Understand the concept of supply chain Analysis
- Explain design collaboration
- Know procurement process -sourcing planning and analysis
- Understand seasonal demand, bulk and spot contracts

UNIT-4
Dimensions of Logistics
A macro and micro dimension - logistics interfaces with other areas - approach to analyzing logistics systems - logistics and systems analysis - techniques of logistics system analysis - factors affecting the cost and importance of logistics. Demand Management and Customer Service Outbound to customer logistics systems - Demand Management –Traditional Forecasting - CPFRP - customer service - expected cost of stock outs - channels of distribution.

Learning Outcomes:-

After completion of this unit student will
- Understand dimensions of logistics
- Explain logistics interfaces with other areas
- Know techniques of logistics system analysis
- Understand Demand Management

UNIT-5
Recent Trends in Supply Chain Management-Introduction, New Developments in Supply Chain Management, Outsourcing Supply Chain Operations, Co-Maker ship, The Role of E-Commerce in Supply Chain Management, Green Supply Chain Management, Distribution Resource Planning, World Class Supply Chain Management

Learning Outcomes:-

After completion of this unit student will
- Understand the recent trend in supply chain management

- Explain The Role of E-Commerce in Supply Management
- Know Green Supply Chain Management
- Understand Distribution Resource Planning

Course Outcomes:

At the end of the course, students will be able to

- Understand the strategic role of logistic and supply chain management in the cost reduction and offering best service to the customer
- Understand Advantages of SCM in business
- Apply the knowledge of supply chain Analysis
- Analyze reengineered business processes for successful SCM implementation
- Evaluate Recent trend in supply chain management

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Sunil Chopra and Peter Meindl, Supply Chain Management – "Strategy, Planning and Operation", 3rd Edition, Pearson/PHI, 2007.
2. Supply Chain Management by Janat Shah Pearson Publication 2008.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. A Logistic approach to Supply Chain Management – Coyle, Bardi, Longley, Cengage Learning, 1/e
2. Donald J Bowersox, Dand J Closs, M Bixby Coluper, "Supply Chain Logistics Management", 2nd edition, TMH, 2008.
3. Wisner, Keong Leong and Keah-Choon Tan, "Principles of Supply Chain Management A Balanced Approach", Cengage Learning, 1/e
4. David Simchi-Levi et al, "Designing and Managing the Supply Chain" – Concepts

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B.Tech (CE) – III-II Sem   **L   T   P   C**
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(19A01601P) GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEERING LAB

OBJECTIVE:

The object of the course is to enable the students to know the various characteristics soils

LABORATORY EXPERIMENTS

1. Specific gravity
2. Atterberg's Limits.
3. Field density-Core cutter and Sand replacement methods
4. Grain size analysis by sieving
5. Hydrometer Analysis Test
6. Permeability of soil - Constant and Variable head tests
7. Compaction test
8. Consolidation test (to be demonstrated)
9. Direct Shear test
10. Triaxial Compression test (UU Test)
11. Unconfined Compression test
12. Vane Shear test
13. Differential free swell (DFS)
14. CBR Test

Course Outcomes:

At the end of the course, the student must be able to:
● Identify various soils based on their characteristics.
● Evaluate permeability and seepage of soils.
● Determine plasticity characteristics of various soils.
● Design consolidation process by predicting settlement of soils.

TEXT BOOKS:
1. K. R. Arora, "Soil Mechanics and Foundation Engg"., Standard Publishers and Distributors, Delhi.
2. C. Venkataramiah, "Geotechnical Engineering", New age International Pvt . Ltd, (2002).

REFERENCES:
1. B. C. Punmia, Ashok Kumar Jain and Arun Kumar Jain, "Soil Mechanics and Foundation", Laxmi publications Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi.
2. Gopal Ranjan & A. S. R. Rao, "Basic and Applied Soil Mechanics", New age International Pvt . Ltd, New Delhi.
3. Braja M. Das "Principles of Geotechnical Engineering", Cengage Learning.

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B.Tech (CE) – III-II Sem   **L   T   P   C**

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(19A52601P)   ENGLISH LANGUAGE SKILLS LAB

Course Objectives

- Students will be exposed to a variety of self instructional, learner friendly modes of language learning
- Students will cultivate the habit of reading passages from the computer monitor. Thus providing them with the required facility to face computer based competitive exams like gre, toefl, and gmat etc.
- Students will learn better pronunciation through stress, intonation and rhythm
- Students will be trained to use language effectively to face interviews, group discussions, public speaking
- Students will be initiated into greater use of the computer in resume preparation, report writing, format making etc

UNIT -I

1. Phonetics for listening comprehension of various accents - 2
2. Formal Presentations using PPT slides without Graphic Elements
3. Paraphrasing

LearningOutcomes

At the end of the module, the learners will be able to
- Understand different accents spoken by native speakers of English
- Make formal structured presentations on general topics using PPT slides without graphical elements
- Paraphrase short academic texts using suitable strategies and conventions

UNIT -II

1. Debate – 2 (Following Argument)
2. Listening to short speeches/ short stories for note-making and summarizing
3. E-mail Writing

Learning Outcomes

At the end of the module, the learners will be able to
- Participate in formal discussions and speak clearly on a specific topic using suitable discourse markers
- Make formal structured presentations on academic topics using ppt slides with relevant graphical elements
- Write formal emails in the standard format

UNIT -III

1. Listening for Discussions
2. Group Discussions
3. Writing Persuasive/argumentative essays on general topics

Learning Outcomes

At the end of the module, the learners will be able to
- Follow a discussion to identify the salient points
- Participate in group discussions using appropriate conventions and language strategies
- Produce logically coherent persuasive/argumentative essays

UNIT-IV

1. Reviewing film/ book
2. Group Discussions – reaching consensus in Group Work
3. Resume Writing – Cover Letter – Applying for Internship

Learning Outcomes

At the end of the module, the learners will be able to
- Judge a film or book
- Express thoughts and ideas with acceptable accuracy and fluency with a view to reach consensus in group discussions
- Prepare a cv and write a cover letter to seek internship/ job

UNIT –V

1. Writing Project Reports
2. Editing Short Texts
3. Answering FAQs in Interviews

Learning Outcomes

At the end of the module, the learners will be able to
- Collaborate with a partner to make effective presentations
- Understand the structure and produce an effective project report.
- Edit short texts according to different needs of the work place.

Course Outcomes

- Remember and understand the different aspects of the English language proficiency with emphasis on LSRW skills
- Apply communication skills through various language learning activities
- Analyze the English speech sounds, stress, rhythm, intonation and syllable division for better listening and speaking comprehension.

- Evaluate and exhibit acceptable etiquette essential in social and professional settings
- Create awareness on mother tongue influence and neutralize it in order to improve fluencyin spoken English.

SUGGESTED SOFTWARE:

1. Walden Infotech English Language Communication Skills.
2. iTell- Orell Digital Language Lab
3. Digital Teacher
4. LES(Learn English Select) by British council
5. TOEFL & GRE (KAPLAN, AARCO & BARRONS, USA, Cracking GRE by CLIFFS)
6. *DELTA's key to the Next Generation TOEFL Test: Advanced Skills Practice.*
7. Lingua TOEFL CBT Insider, by Dreamtech
8. English Pronunciation in Use (Elementary, Intermediate, Advanced) CUP
9. Cambridge Advanced Learners' English Dictionary with CD.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

The software consisting of the prescribed topics elaborated above should be procured and used.

1. Meenakshi Raman &Sangeeta Sharma, "Technical Communication" O U Press 2009.
2. Barron's Books on TOEFL/GRE/GMAT/CAT/IELTS /DELTA/Cambridge University Press.2012.
3. Butterfield Jeff, "Soft Skills for Everyone", Cengage Publications, 2011.
4. "Practice Psychometric Tests": How to familiarize yourself with genuine recruitment tests, 2012.
5. David A McMurrey& Joanne Buckely "Handbook for Technical Writing" CENGAGE Learning 2008.
6. "A Textbook of English Phonetics for Indian Students", 2nd Edition, T.Balasubramanyam. (Macmillan), 2012.
7. "A Handbook for English Laboratories", E. Suresh Kumar, P. Sreehari, Foundation Books, 2011

Note: Links provided by APSHE on LSRW, grammar and vocabulary

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B.Tech (CE)– III-II Sem

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(19A01605)   SOCIALLY RELAVENT PROJECT

Areas for Socially Relevant Project in 6th Semester

a) Structural condition assessment of school buildings

b) Water resources management -Audit

c) Survey of waste management systems-Swatch Bharat

d) Survey of modern building materials & properties

e) Survey on Implementation of Government welfare schemes

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B.Tech (CE)– III-II Sem   L   T   P   C

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(19A99601)   MANDATORY COURSE: RESEARCH METHODOLOGY

COURSE OBJECTIVES :

The objective of this course is
- To understand the basic concepts of research and research problem
- To make the students learn about various types of data collection and sampling design
- To enable them to know the method of statistical evaluation
- To make the students understand various testing tools in research
- To make the student learn how to write a research report
- To create awareness on ethical issues n research

Syllabus
UNIT- I

Meaning of Research – Objectives of Research – Types of Research – Research Approaches – Guidelines for Selecting and Defining a Research Problem – Research Design – Concepts related to Research Design – Basic Principles of Experimental Design.

LearningOutcomes:-

After completion of this unit student will
- Understand the concept of research and its process
- Explain various types of research
- Know the steps involved in research design
- Understand the different research approaches

UNIT -II

Sampling Design – steps in Sampling Design –Characteristics of a Good Sample Design – Random Sampling Design. Measurement and Scaling Techniques-Errors in Measurement – Tests of Sound Measurement – Scaling and Scale Construction Techniques – Time Series Analysis – Interpolation and Extrapolation. Data Collection Methods – Primary Data – Secondary data – Questionnaire Survey and Interviews.

LearningOutcomes:-

After completion of this unit student will
- Understand the concept of sampling and sampling design

- Explain various techniques in measurement and scaling
- Learn various methods of data collection
- Design survey questionnaires for different kinds of research
- Analyze the questionnaires

UNIT- III

Correlation and Regression Analysis – Method of Least Squares – Regression vs Correlation – Correlation vs Determination – Types of Correlations and Their Applications

LearningOutcomes:-

After completion of this unit student will
- Know the association of two variables
- Understand the importance of correlation and regression
- Compare and contrast correlation and regression
- Learn various types of correlation
- Apply the knowledge of C&R Analysis to get the results

UNIT -IV

Statistical Inference: Tests of Hypothesis – Parametric vs Non-parametric Tests – Hypothesis Testing Procedure – Sampling Theory – Sampling Distribution – Chi-square Test – Analysis of variance and Co-variance – Multivariate Analysis

Learning Outcomes:-

After completion of this unit student will

- Know the statistical inference
- Understand the hypothesis testing procedure
- Compare and contrast Parametric and Non-parametric Tests
- Understand the use of chi-square test in investigating the distribution of categorical variables
- Analyze the significance of variance and covariance

UNIT -V

Report Writing and Professional Ethics: Interpretation of Data – Report Writing – Layout of a Research Paper – Techniques of Interpretation- Making Scientific Presentations in Conferences and Seminars – Professional Ethics in Research.

LearningOutcomes:-

After completion of this unit student will
- Learn about report writing
- Understand how to write research paper
- Explain various techniques of interpretation
- Understand the importance of professional ethics in research

- Design a scientific paper to present in the conferences/seminars

Course Outcomes:

At the end of the course, students will be able to
- Understand basic concepts and its methodologies
- Demonstrate the knowledge of research processes
- Read. comprehend and explain research articles in their academic discipline
- Analyze various types of testing tools used in research
- Design a research paper without any ethical issues

Text books:
1. C.R.Kothari, "Research Methodology: Methods and Techniques",2nd edition, New Age International Publishers.
2. A Step by Step Guide for Beginners,"Research Methodology": Ranjit Kumar, Sage Publications

REFERENCES:

1. P.Narayana Reddy and G.V.R.K.Acharyulu, "Research Methodology and Statistical Tools", 1st Edition,Excel Books,New Delhi.
2. Donald R. "Business Research Methods", Cooper & Pamela S Schindler, 9th edition.
3. S C Gupta, "Fundamentals of Statistics",7th edition Himalaya Publications

B.Tech (CE)– IV-I Sem   **L   T   P   C**

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(19A01701)   GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEERING - II

Course Objective:

- To know the necessity of soil exploration.
- To design the shallow foundations.
- To know and necessity of deep foundations
- To perform the stability analysis of slopes.
- To know the principles and design of earth retaining walls

To use the principles of Soil mechanics to design the foundations, Earth retaining structures and slope stability safely and economically knowledge of the subject is essential.

UNIT – I

SOIL EXPLORATION: Need – Methods of soil exploration – Boring and Sampling methods – Field tests – Penetration Tests – Plate load test – Pressure meter – planning of Programme and preparation of soil investigation report.

Learning Outcomes:

After completing this Unit, students will be able to
- To learn about soil sampling (undisturbed and disturbed)
- To determine the bearing capacity of shallow foundations

UNIT – II

SHALLOW FOUNDATIONS: Types – choice of foundation – Location of depth – Safe Bearing Capacity – Terzaghi`s, Meyerhoff's and Skempton`s Methods ALLOWABLE BEARING PRESSURE : Safe bearing pressure based on N- value – allowable bearing pressure; safe bearing capacity and settlement from plate load test – allowable settlements of structures – Settlement Analysis

Learning Outcomes:

After completing this Unit, students will be able to
- To learn about various types of foundations
- To calculate the bearing capacity and settlement of foundations

UNIT – III

PILE FOUNDATION: Types of piles – Load carrying capacity of piles based on static pile formulae – Dynamic pile formulae – Pile load tests – Load carrying capacity of pile groups in sands and clays – Settlement of pile groups.

WELL FOUNDATIONS: Types – Different shapes of wells – Components of wells – functions and Design Criteria – Sinking of wells – Tilts and shifts.

Learning Outcomes:

After completing this Unit, students will be able to
- To understand the behaviour of the piles under different loading conditions.
- To design the load carrying capacity of piles.
- To understand the behaviour of well foundations.

UNIT – IV

EARTH SLOPE STABILITY: Infinite and finite earth slopes – types of failures – factor of safety of infinite slopes – stability analysis by Swedish arc method, standard method of slices, Bishop"s Simplified method – Taylor"s Stability Number- Stability of slopes of earth dams under different conditions.

Learning Outcomes:

After completing this Unit, students will be able to
- To learn about the failure of slopes.
- To design of infinite and finite slopes using various methods.

UNIT – V

EARTH PRESSURE THEORIES: Rankine"s theory of earth pressure – earth pressures in layered soils – Coulomb"s earth pressure theory – Rebhann"s and Culmann"s graphical method RETAINING WALLS: Types of retaining walls – stability of retaining walls.

Learning Outcomes:

After completing this Unit, students will be able to
- To understand the role earth pressure on the stability of retaining systems.

Course Outcomes:

- To enable the student to analyse shallow and deep foundations when subjected to various   types of loadings.
- To enable the student to analyse slopes, retaining walls and well foundations.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. C.Venkataramaiah, "Geotechnical Engineering", New Age Pubilications.
2. Arora, "Soil Mechanics and Foundation Engineering" Standard Publishers and Distributors, Delhi
3. B.C.Punmia, Ashok Kumar Jain and Arun Kumar Jain,Soil "Mechanics and Foundations" ,Laxmi, publications Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi

REFERENCES:

1. Purushtoma Raj, "Soil Mechanics and Foundation Engineering", Pearson Pubilications
2. Das, B.M., "Principles of Foundation Engineering", 6th edition (Indian edition) Thomson Engineering (1999)
3. Varghese, P.C., "Foundation Engineering", Prentice Hall of India., New Delhi.
4. V.N.S.Murthy, "Foundation Engineering", CRC Press, New Delhi.
5. Bowles, J.E., "Foundation Analysis and Design", 4th Edition, McGraw-Hill Publishing company, Newyork.
6. Manoj Dutta & Gulati S.K "Geotechnical Engineering", Tata Mc.Grawhill Publishers New Delhi.(1988)

B.Tech (CE)– IV-I Sem   **L   T   P   C**
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(19A01702)   ESTIMATION AND COSTING

Course Objectives:
- To impart basic knowledge on different types of estimation
- To enrich with specifications and tender procedures.
- To give insights on various types of contract agreements.
- To inculcate data preparation for abstract estimation
- To teach procedure for valuation of buildings.

UNIT -I:

Estimation

Methods of estimation-advantages-types of estimates-detailed estimates of residential buildings-single storied and multi-storied buildings-earthwork-foundations-Super structure-Fittings including sanitary and electrical fittings-paintings.

Learning Outcomes:

After completing this Unit, students will be able to
- Understand methods of Estimation
- Carryout estimation of quantities for structural components
- Estimate cost while using different types of sanitary and electrical fittings

UNIT -II:

Specifications and Tenders

Specifications-Detailed and general specifications-construction specifications-sources- types of specifications-Tender notices-types-corrigendum notice-tender procedures Drafting model tenders.

Learning Outcomes:

After completing this Unit, students will be able to
- Prepare detailed and general specifications for a project
- Understand tender schedule and tender notices
- Draft tender documents for projects

UNIT -III:

Contracts

Types of contracts-formation and conditions of contract-problems-contract for labor, material, design and construction-drafting of contract documents-construction contracts- arbitration and legal requirements.

Learning Outcomes:

After completing this Unit, students will be able to

- Prepare documents for different types of contracts
- Identify arbitration and legal issues and mitigation methods

UNIT -IV:
Rate Analysis and Preparation of Bills
Data-Rate analysis-abstract estimate-report to accompany estimate-measurement book –bills-types

Learning Outcomes:

After completing this Unit, students will be able to
- Calculate data for different materials
- Understand procedures for entries in measurement books and its importance
- Prepare abstract estimates based on SSR.

UNIT -V:
Valuation
Principles of valuation-Value and Cost-value engineering-value analysis-phases in value engineering-information-function-escalation-evaluation-recommendation-implementation-Audit.

Learning Outcomes:

After completing this Unit, students will be able to
- Carry out valuation of buildings.
- Explain Auditing procedures and implementation

Course Outcomes

On completion of the course, the students will be able to:
- Understand basics on methods and types of estimation.
- Formulate specifications and tender documents.
- Prepare contract agreements
- Determine rate analysis of different items.
- Valuation of buildings.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Dutta, B. N., "Estimating and Costing in Civil Engineering (Theory & Practice)", UBS Publishers, 2016
2. B. S. Patil, "Civil Engineering Contracts and Estimates", Universities Press Pvt Ltd, Hyderabad. 4th Edition 2015.

REFERENCES:

1. M. Chakraborthi, "Estimation, Costing and Specifications", Laxmi publications.
2. D. D. Kohli & R. C. Kohli, "A Textbook of Estimating and Costing(Civil)", S. Chand and Company Limited, New Delhi
3. Standard Schedule of rates and standard data book by public works department.
4. I. S. 1200 (Parts I to XXV, "Method of Measurement of Building and Civil Engineering works – B.I.S.)" 1974.

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B.Tech (CE) – IV-I   **L   T   P   C**

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(19A01703a1)   BRIDGE ENGINEERING
PROFESSIONAL ELECTIVE-III

Course Objective:

- It deals with different types of loads on the bridges as per the I.R.C code provisions.
- It deals with the design procedures of bridges such as deck slab bridge, T – Beam Bridge, Plate girder bridge and Box culvert etc., based on the I.R.C provisions.
- It gives a good knowledge on different components like bridge bearing, piers and abutments of the bridges.
- It gives good knowledge on design of bridge bearings based on the I.R.C provisions.
- It makes the student to design a bridge independently as per the I.R.C provisions

UNIT – I

INTRODUCTION: Importance of site investigation in Bridge design. Highway Bridge loading standards. Impact factor. Railway Bridge loading standards (B.G. ML Bridge) various loads in bridges.

BRIDGE BEARINGS : General features – Types of Bearings – Design principles of steel Rocker & Roller Bearings – Design of a steel Rocker Bearing – Design of Elastomeric pad Bearing.

Learning Outcomes:

After completing this Unit, students will be able to
- Understand different types of I.R.C loads on the bridges.
- Understand the different types of bridge bearings and their suitability.

UNIT - II

DECK SLAB BRIDGE: Introduction – Effective width method of Analysis Design of deck slab bridge (Simply supported) subjected to class AA Tracked Vehicle only.

BOX CULVERT: General aspects. Design loads, Design of Box culvert subjected to IRC class AA tracked vehicle only.

Learning Outcomes:

After completing this Unit, students will be able to
- Know the effective width method of analysis of bridge decks
- Know the design of the deck slab bridges
- Understand the different forces acting on the box culverts and its design.

UNIT - III

BEAM & SLAB BRIDGE (T-BEAM BRIDGE) General features – Design of interior panel of slab – Pigeauds method – Design of a T-beam bridge subjected to class AA tracked vehicle only.

Learning Outcomes:

After completing this Unit, students will be able to
- Know the pigeauds method of analysis of deck slabs of T beam bridges
- Design the T beam bridges

UNIT – IV

PLATE GIRDER BRIDGE: Introduction – elements of a plate girder and their design. Design of a Deck type welded plate girder – Bridge of single line B.G.

Learning Outcomes:

After completing this Unit, students will be able to
- Know the forces acting on the plate girder bridge
- Understand the design of plate girder bridge

UNIT V

PIERS & ABUTMENTS: General features – Bed Block – Materials piers & Abutments Types of piers – Forces acting on piers – Stability analysis of piers – General features of Abutments – forces acting on abutments – Stability analysis of abutments – Types of wing walls – Approaches – Types of Bridge foundations (excluding Design).

Learning Outcomes:

After completing this Unit, students will be able to
- Know the forces acting on the piers and abutments and their stability analysis.
- Know the different types of wings walls.

Note: Relevant IRC & Railway Bridge Codes are to be permitted in the examination hall

Course outcomes:

At the end of the course the student will be able to,
- Understand different types of bridges and loads coming over the bridge as per the I.R.C codal provisions.
- Understand the design procedures of the bridges as per the I.R.C recommendations
- Understand the different forces acting on the piers and abutments and their stability analysis

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Ponnu Swamy, "Bridge Engineering", TATA Mcgraw Hill Company, New Delhi.
2. N.Krishnam Raju, "Design of Bridges", Oxford & IBH, Publishing Company Pvt.ltd., Delhi.
3. D.J.Victor, "Design of Bridges Structure"
4. Relevant, "IRC & Railway bridge Codes".

REFERENCE BOOKS:-

1. B.C. Punmia, "Design of Steel structures", Ashok Kumar Jain and Arun Kumar Jain, Laxmi Publications, New Delhi.
2. Ramachandra. "Design of Steel structures",
3. B.C. Punmia, "Design of R.C.C. structures", Ashok Kumar Jain and Arun Kumar Jain, Laxmi Publications, New Delhi.
4. T.R.Jagadish & M.A.Jayaram "Design of Bridges Structure", Prentice Hall of India

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B.Tech (CE)– IV-I   **L   T   P   C**
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(19A01703a2)   PRESTRESSED CONCRETE
PROFESSIONAL ELECTIVE-III

Course Objectives

These are to
- Analyze PSC beams with straight, concentric, eccentric, bent and parabolic tendons and design beams of rectangular and I sections for flexure.
- Design shear reinforcements, structural elements for shear, torsion and anchorage as per the provisions of BIS.
- Interpret the transmission mechanism of pre-stressing force by bond and compute deflection of beams under loads

UNIT -I

Introduction:
Principles of pre-stressing – pre stressing systems - pre-tensioning and post tensioning-Advantages and limitations of Pre stressed concrete- need for high strength materials. Methods of pre-stressing: Pre-tensioning (Hoyer system) and Post-tensioning methods (Freyssinet system and Gifford- Udall System).

Learning Outcomes:

After completing this Unit, students will be able to
- Understand pre tensioning and post tensioning
- Identify different type of prestressing systems.

UNIT –II

Losses of pre-stress:
Loss of pre-stress in pre-tensioned and post-tensioned members due to elastic shortening, shrinkage and creep of concrete, relaxation of stress in steel, anchorage slip and frictional losses.

Learning Outcomes:

After completing this Unit, students will be able to
- Classify different types of losses in prescreening
- Estimate losses of pre stress

UNIT -III
Flexure and shear:

Analysis of beams for flexure and shear - beams pre-stressed with straight, concentric, eccentric, bent and parabolic tendons- Kern line - Cable profile - design of PSC beams (rectangular and I sections) using IS 1343. Analysis and design of rectangular and I beams for shear. Introduction to Transmission length and End block (no Design and Analytical problems).

Learning Outcomes:

After completing this Unit, students will be able to
- Analyze beams for flexure and shear
- Understand prestressing with different types of tendons on beams of varying shape
- Know the end block characteristics and its significance

UNIT – IV
Deflections:
Control of deflections- Factors influencing deflections - short term deflections of uncracked beams- prediction of long time deflections.

Learning Outcomes:

After completing this Unit, students will be able to
- Distinguish between short term and long term deflections in PSC beams
- Estimate the short and long term deflections of PSC beam.

UNIT – V
Composite beams:
Different Types- Propped and Un-propped- stress distribution- Differential shrinkage- Analysis of composite beams.

Learning Outcomes:

After completing this Unit, students will be able to
- Identify different types of composite beams
- Analyze PSC composite beams.

Course Outcomes

At the end of the course the student will be able to:
- Understand the concepts of pre-stressing and methods of pre stressing.
- Compute losses of pre-stress in pre-stressed concrete members.
- Design PSC beams under flexure and shear.
- Estimate the short and long term deflections of PSC beams.
- Apply prestressing concepts for composite beams.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. N. Krishna Raju, "Prestressed Concrete", Tata Mc.Graw Hill Publications.
2. Praveen Nagrajan, "Prestressed Concrete Design", Pearson publications, 2013.

REFERENCES:

1. T.Y. Lin & Ned H. Burns, "Design of Prestressed Concrete Structures", John Wiley & Sons.
2. Ramamrutham, "Prestressed Concrete", Dhanpatrai Publications.
3. Rajagopalan, "Prestressed concrete", Narosa Publishing House.
4. BIS code on "prestressed concrete", IS: 1343 to be permitted into the examination Hall.

B.Tech (CE)– IV-I   **L   T   P   C**
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(19a01703b1)   EXPANSIVE SOILS
PROFESSIONAL ELECTIVE-III

Course Objectives:

These are to
- Familiarize Students with Nature of Soils and Soil Structure
- Equip student with concepts of Swelling and methods of determination
- Understand foundation practices in expansive soils
- Familiarize different materials and techniques for stabilization
- Understand procedure to improve shear strength of expansive soils

UNIT – I

Clay Mineralogy: Nature of Soils-Clay mineral structure- Diffused double layer theory-Cation exchange – Soil water- Soil Structure-Soil water interaction

Learning Outcomes:

After completing this Unit, students will be able to
- Understand mineralogical structure of soil.
- Know the effects of soil water interaction

UNIT- II

Swelling Characteristics- Swelling- Factors effecting Swelling- Swelling Potential- Swell Pressure- Methods of Determination-Factors effecting Swelling potential and swell pressure-Heave- Factors effecting Heave- Methods of determination of heave.

Learning Outcomes:

After completing this Unit, students will be able to
- Understand swelling and its effects
- Understand heave and its effects

UNIT-III

Foundation Practices in Expansive Clays: Sand Cushion-Belled Piers-CNS layer technique-Under reamed Pile foundation- Construction Techniques- Design Specifications- Load-carrying capacity in compressive and uplift of single and multi under reamed piles in clays and sands- Granular pile Anchors.

Learning Outcomes:

After completing this Unit, students will be able to
- Understand about inconveniences with expansive soils
- Design foundation on expansive soils.

UNIT-IV

Lime Soil columns and Lime Slurry pressure injection- Stabilization with admixtures- Propounding- Vertical and Horizontal Moisture barriers.

Learning Outcomes:

After completing this Unit, students will be able to
- Know the stability concepts with various admixtures.

UNIT: V

Shear strength of expansive soils- Katti's concept of bilinear envelope- Stress –state variables in partly saturated soils- Frelend's strength parameters- Determination of matrix suction by filter paper method- axis translation technique and field suction measurement.

Learning Outcomes:

After completing this Unit, students will be able to
- Determine shear strength of expansive soils by different techniques

Course Outcomes:

At the end of this course the student will be able to
- Demonstrate behavior of expansive soils.
- Explain need of foundation practice on expansive soils.
- Perform methods of stabilization of expansive soils.
- Select additives and methodology for stabilization.
- Apply the gained knowledge for suitable performance

TEXT BOOKS:

1. F. C. Chen, "Foundation on Expansive Soils", Elsevier Scientific Publishing Company, Newyork
2. J. D. Nelson and D. I. Miller, "Expansive soils- Problems and Practice in Foundation and pavement Engineering", John Wiley & Sons Inc

REFERENCES:

1. D. G. Fredlund and H. Rhardjo, "Soil Mechanics for Unsaturated Soils", WILEY Inter Science Publication, John Wiley & Sons, Inc
2. D. R. Katti, A. R. Katti, "Behavior of Saturated Expansive Soils and Control Methods", Taylor and Francis
3. Malcolm D Bolton , "Guide to Soil Mechanics", Universities Press, 2003.
4. Manfred R. Haussmann, "Engineering Principles of Ground Modification", McGraw Hill Pub. Co.,New,York, 1990

Codes:
IS: 2720 (Part XV)-1977 Measurement of Swelling Pressure of Soils

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B.Tech (CE)– IV-I   L T P C
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(19A01703b2)   ROCK MECHANICS
PROFESSIONAL ELECTIVE-III

Course Objectives:

To give details of Mechanics of rock failure and other aspects of stability of underground and open cost workings including mechanics of subsidence, design of slopes and foundations resting on mass

UNIT-I

Physico-mechanical properties of rocks, Elastic and time dependent behavior, Rock mass classification.

Learning Outcomes:

After completing this Unit, students will be able to
- Understand the physical and mechanics properties of rock with time
- Classify the various types rocks

UNIT-II

Theories of rock failure, Stress analysis, Insitu stress and stress distribution around mine openings. Ground failure and pressure on supports, Stability of wide openings, Design of supports in mine workings.

Learning Outcomes:

After completing this Unit, students will be able to

- Understand the behaviour of stress and strain characteristics of rocks
- Design the support systems for mining works

UNIT-III

Subsidence: Causes and impacts of subsidence, Mechanics of surface subsidence, discontinuous and continuous subsidence. Monitoring, prediction, control and management of subsidence.

Learning Outcomes:

After completing this Unit, students will be able to
- Understand the gradual caving in or sinking of rocks.
- Predict the subsidence

UNIT-IV

Plane failure analysis. Wedge failure analysis analytical, Stereographic methods. Buckling and toppling failures, Rock falls, Landslides.

Learning Outcomes:

After completing this Unit, students will be able to

- Understand the various types of failure in rock mechanics
- Learn about the design of rock slopes against planar and wedge failures

UNIT-V

Foundations: Bearing capacity, settlement and stress distribution in intact and layered rocks. Foundations of dams. Deep foundations. Tension foundations, Codal provisions. Foundation improvement. Use of appropriate software packages.

Learning Outcomes:

After completing this Unit, students will be able to

- Calculate the bearing capacity of foundations resting on rocks
- Compare the various codal provisions regarding bearing capacity

Course Outcomes:

Upon the successful completion of this course, the students will be able to:
- Know the physical properties of rocks and their classification
- Study various aspects of ground control problems in underground
- Know open cost mines with a better understandings of scope for application of various numerical methods and model studies in geo-mechanics.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Jager. J C & Cook NGW, "Fundamentals of Rock Mechanics", Blackwell Publishers
2. Jumikis Alfreds. R, "Rock Mechanics" , Trans Tech Publishers

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. Peng. Syd. S. "Coal Mining Ground Control West Virginia University"
2. Brady, BHG& Brown.ET, "Rock mechanics for underground mining", George Allen & Unwio Ltd, 1992

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(19A01703c1)   INDUSTRIAL WASTE & WASTE WATER ENGINEERING

PROFESSIONAL ELECTIVE-III

Course Objectives:

- To teach Health and Environment Concerns in waste water management
- To teach material balance and design aspects of the reactors used in waste water treatment.
- To impart knowledge on selection of treatment methods for industrial waste water
- To teach common methods of treatment in different industries
- To provide knowledge on operational problems of common effluent treatment plant

UNIT –I

Industrial water Quantity and Quality requirements:
Boiler and cooling waters–Process water for Textiles, Food processing, Brewery Industries, power plants, fertilizers, sugar mills Selection of source based on quality, quantity and economics. Use of Municipal wastewater in Industries – Adsorption, Reverse Osmosis, Ion Exchange, Ultra filtration, Freezing, Elutriation, Removal of Colour, Odour and Taste.

Learning Outcomes:

After completing this Unit, students will be able to
- Learn the procedures for assessment of quality of Industrial water
- Suggest different processes of handling waste water

UNIT –II

Basic theories of Industrial Wastewater Management: Industrial waste survey - Measurement of industrial wastewater Flow-generation rates – Industrial wastewater sampling and preservation of samples for analysis -Wastewater characterization-Toxicity of industrial effluents-Treatment of wastewater-unit operations and processes-Volume and Strength reduction – Neutralization and Equalization, Segregation and proportioning- recycling, reuse and resources recovery

Learning Outcomes:

After completing this Unit, students will be able to
- Know the quantity of measurement of Industrial waste water
- Know about the characterization of waste water
- Suggest techniques for treatment of waste water.

UNIT –III

Industrial wastewater disposal management: Discharges into Streams, Lakes and oceans and associated problems, Land treatment - Common Effluent Treatment Plants: advantages and suitability, Limitations and challenges- Recirculation of Industrial Wastes- Effluent Disposal Method

Learning Outcomes:

After completing this Unit, students will be able to
- Understand options for waste water disposal.
- Explain functioning of common effluent treatment plants

UNIT – IV
Process and Treatment of specific Industries-1: Manufacturing Process and origin, characteristics, effects and treatment methods of liquid waste from Steel plants, Fertilizers, Textiles, Paper and Pulp industries, Oil Refineries, Coal and Gas based Power Plants

Learning Outcomes:

After completing this Unit, students will be able to
- Understand the characteristics of waste water from Steel plants and refineries
- Suggest suitable waste water treatment techniques

UNIT – V
Process and Treatment of specific Industries-2: Manufacturing Process and origin, characteristics, effects and treatment methods of liquid waste from Tanneries, Sugar Mills, Distillers, Dairy and Food Processing industries, Pharmaceutical Plants

Learning Outcomes:

After completing this Unit, students will be able to
- Understand the character of waste water from tanneries and distilleries
- Suggest suitable waste water treatment techniques

Course Outcomes:

Upon the successful completion of this course, the students will be able to:
- Design treatment methods for any industrial wastewater.
- Examine the manufacturing process of various industries.
- Assess need for common effluent treatment plant for an industry
- Test and analyse BOD, COD, TSS and MPN in waste water.

TEXT BOOK

1. M. N. Rao and A. K. Dutta, "Wastewater Treatment", Oxford & IBH, New Delhi.
2. K.V. S. G. Murali Krishna, "Industrial Water and Wastewater Management".

REFERENCES

1. A. D. Patwardhan, Industrial Wastewater treatment, PHI Learning, Delhi
2. Metcalf and Eddy Inc., Wastewater Engineering, Tata McGraw Hill co., New Delhi.
3. G. L. Karia & R.A. Christian Wastewater Treatment- Concepts and Design Approach, Prentice Hall of India.

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(19A01703c2)   REMOTE SENSING & GIS

PROFESSIONAL ELECTIVE-III

Course Objectives:

These are to
- Introduce the basic principles of Remote Sensing and GIS techniques.
- Teach various types of satellite sensors and platforms
- Impart concepts of visual and digital image analyses
- Teach concepts of principles of spatial analysis
- Teach about the application of RS and GIS in Civil engineering

UNIT – I
Introduction to photogrammetry:

Principles & types of aerial photograph, geometry of vertical aerial photograph, Scale & Height measurement on single vertical aerial photograph, Height measurement based on relief displacement, Fundamentals of stereoscopy, fiducially points, parallax measurement using fiducially line.

Learning Outcomes:

After completing this Unit, students will be able to
- Understand concepts of photogrammetry
- Estimate heights and distances.

UNIT – II
Remote sensing:

Basic concepts and foundation of remote sensing – elements involved in remote sensing, electromagnetic spectrum, remote sensing terminology and units. Energy resources, energy interactions with earth surface features and atmosphere, resolution, sensors and satellite visual interpretation techniques, basic elements, converging evidence, interpretation for terrain evaluation, spectral properties of water bodies, introduction to digital data analysis.

Learning Outcomes:

After completing this Unit, students will be able to
- Understand advantages of remote sensing
- Demonstrate concepts of remote sensing.

UNIT – III

Geographic information system:

Introduction, GIS definition and terminology, GIS categories, components of GIS, fundamental operations of GIS, A theoretical framework for GIS. Data collection and input overview, data

input and output. Keyboard entry and coordinate geometry procedure, manual digitizing and scanning, Raster GIS, Vector GIS – File management, Spatial data – Layer based GIS, Feature based GIS mapping.

Learning Outcomes:

After completing this Unit, students will be able to
- Understand concepts of GIS.
- Explain data collection and data interpretation
- Develop terrain characteristics using Mapping

UNIT – IV
GIS spatial analysis:
Computational Analysis Methods (CAM), Visual Analysis Methods (VAM), Data storage-vector data storage, attribute data storage, overview of the data manipulation and analysis. Integrated analysis of the spatial and attribute data.

Learning Outcomes:

After completing this Unit, students will be able to
- Know applications of GIS and data interpretation.

UNIT – V
Water resources applications:
Land use/Land cover in water resources, Surface water mapping and inventory -Watershed management for sustainable development and Watershed characteristics - Reservoir sedimentation, Fluvial Geomorphology - Ground Water Targeting, Identification of sites for artificial Recharge structures - Inland water quality survey and management, water depth estimation and bathymetry.

Learning Outcomes:

After completing this Unit, students will be able to
- Know applications of RS & GIS in water resources applications.
- Study technological problems like reservoir sedimentation ground water identification

Course outcomes

At the end of the course the student will be able to
- Comparing with ground, air and satellite based sensor platforms.
- Interpret the aerial photographs and satellite imageries.
- Create and input spatial data for GIS application.
- Apply RS and GIS concepts in water resources engineering.
- Applications of various satellite data.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. B. Bhatta, "Remote Sensing and GIS", Oxford University Press, New Delhi.

2. Satheesh Gopi, Advanced surveying: Total station GIS and remote sensing, Pearson publication.

REFERENCES:

1. George Joseph, "Fundamentals of remote sensing", Universities press, Hyderabad.
2. C. P. Lo Albert, K.W. Yonng, "Concepts & Techniques of GIS", Prentice Hall (India) Publications.
3. M. Anji Reddy "Remote sensing and GIS", B. S. Publications, New Delhi.
4. L. R. A. Narayana, "Remote Sensing and its applications", University Press 1999.

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(19A01703d1)   TRAFFIC ENGINEERING

PROFESSIONAL ELECTIVE-III

Course Objectives:

The course will address the following:
- It will enable the student to understand the various characteristics of traffic system
- It will make the student to have the knowledge of intersections and their design
- It will impart the knowledge of design of interchanges and parking facilities

UNIT-I

Characteristics of Traffic System: Human-vehicle-environment system, Fundamental parameters of traffic and relationships; Microscopic and macroscopic characteristics

Traffic Data Collection studies: Traffic study components, types of data; Volume studies; Speed studies; Travel time and delay studies; Intersection studies, Pedestrian studies; Parking studies, Vehicle detection methods; Advanced methods: GPS, Instrumented Vehicles, Image Processing, Bluetooth, Infrared methods.

Learning Outcomes:

After completing this Unit, students will be able to
- To enable the student to know about the traffic characteristics.
- It makes the student familiar with traffic data collection studies.

UNIT- II

Highway Capacity Analysis: Capacity and level of service concepts; Factors affecting capacity and LOS; Freeway and multi-lane analysis; Capacity of Urban arterials; Signalised intersections; Un-signalised intersections; US Highway Capacity Manual (HCM) and IRC standards, Indo-HCM standards.

Learning Outcomes:

After completing this Unit, students will be able to
- It makes the student to get familiar with highway capacity analysis.

UNIT-III

Design of unsignalised intersections: At grade intersections types and their suitability, factors affecting design, data requirement, parameters selection, intersection controls, estimation of conflict points, uncontrolled intercession analysis, sight distance requirements, roundabouts and design methodologies, capacity of roundabouts, miniroundabouts.

Design of signalized intersections: Warrants for signalization, saturation flow rate and capacity, estimation of amber time, design of all aspects of signal timings, LOS studies, estimation of queue length and control delay, signal coordination, channelization and its objectives, channelizing devices, design considerations, typical channelizing examples.

Learning Outcomes:

After completing this Unit, students will be able to
- It makes the student to design the unsignalized and signalized intersections

UNIT-IV
Design of Interchanges: Necessities of interchanges, classification and types of common interchanges, layouts of interchange, interchange warrants, interchange design elements

Learning Outcomes:

After completing this Unit, students will be able to
- It makes the student to know the types of interchanges and design of interchanges

UNIT-V
Design of parking facilities: Parking and influencing factors, type of parking system, parking angles and aisle width, on-street parking design, design parameters, parking surveys and demand estimation, various parking layouts and vehicle circulation, design of off street parking facilities, types and layouts, design examples.

Learning Outcomes:

After completing this Unit, students will be able to
- It allows the student to understand parking facilities .
- It also allows the student to make parking surveys and design parameters to be considered in parking design.

Course outcomes:

- Upon the successful completion of this course, the students will be able to:
- Conduct traffic studies and estimate basic characteristics of traffic stream.
- Analyze the traffic data and interpret the results.
- Design the geometric elements for better traffic system.
- Analyze and design uncontrolled and signalized intersection with collected data.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. L.R. Kadiyali, "Traffic Engineering and Transportation Planning", Khanna Publishers, 2011.
2. Roger P. Roess, Elena S. Prassas and William R. McShane, "Traffic Engineering", Prentice Hall, 4th Edition, 2010.
3. Adolf D. May, "Traffic Flow Fundamentals", Prentice Hall, 1990.
4. Chakroborty Partha, Das Animesh, "Principles of Transportation Engineering", PHI Learning Pvt. Ltd., 1st Edition, 2009.
5. C. Jotin Khisty http://www.amazon.com/"Transportation-Engineering-Introduction" 3rd Edition 6. B. Kent Lall, Transportation Engineering: An Introduction, Prentice Hall; 3rd Edition, 2003.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. Fred L. Mannering, Scott S. Washburn, Kilareski Walter P., "Principles Of Highway Engineering And Traffic Analysis", Wiley India Pvt Ltd., 4th Edition, 2011.
2. L.R. Kadiyali, Traffic Engineering and Transportation Planning, Khanna Publishers, 2011.
3. Louis J. Pignataro and Edmund J. Cantilli, Traffic Engineering: Theory and Practice; Prentice hall, Inc., 1973.
4. Mike Slinn, Paul Matthews, Peter Guest, "Traffic Engineering Design: Principles and Practice, Butterworth" -heinemann, 2nd Edition, 2005.
5. Nicholas J. Garber, Lester A. Hoel, Nicholas J. Garber, Lester A. Hoel, "Principles of Traffic and Highway Engineering", Cengage Learning India, 2nd Edition, 2010.
6. TRB Highway Capacity Manual, "Transportation Research Board", Washington, D.C., 2010.

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(19A01703d2)   URBAN TRANSPORT PLANNING
PROFESSIONAL ELECTIVE-III

Course Objective:

- To make the student to know the travel characteristics.
- To make the student to know the transportation planning process.
- To make the students understand, trip generation models.
- To introduce the concept of Traffic assignment and Mode Split.
- To make the students to understand the concept of Economic Evaluation of Transportation plans.

UNIT -I

Concept Of Travel Demand; Travel Characteristics - Origin, Destination, Route, Mode, Purpose; Travel Demand As A Function Of Independent Variables; Assumptions In Demand Estimation Relation Between Land Use And Travel; Four Step Process Of Transportation Planning.

Learning Outcomes:

After completing this Unit, students will be able to
- To know about the travel characteristics.

UNIT - II

Transportation Planning Process; General Concept Of Trip; Trip Generation; Trip Distribution, Traffic Assignment And Mode Split, Aggregate And Disaggregate Models. Date Collection And Sequential And Sequential Recursive Models. Date Collection And Inverntories; Definition Of Study Area; Zoning Principles; Types And Sources Of Date, Home Interview Surveys; Road Side Interview Surveys; Goods. Taxi, IPT Surveys; Sampling Techniques; Expansion Factors And Accuracy Check; Desire Line Diagram And Use.

Learning Outcomes:

After completing this Unit, students will be able to
- Identify the principles of transportation planning.
- Know about the sampling techniques.

UNIT - III

Trip Generation Models; Factors Governing Trip Generation And Attraction; Multiple Linear Regression Models, Category Analysis, Trip Distribution Models Methods Of Trip Distribution; Growth Factor Models Uniform Growth Factor Method; Average Growth Factor Method; Factor Method; Furnes Method; Limitation Of Growth Factor Models Concept Of Gravity Model.

Learning Outcomes:

After completing this Unit, students will be able to
- Know about the steps involved in different trip generation models.

UNIT -IV
Traffic assignment and Mode Split; Purpose of Assignment and General Principles; Assignment Techniques - All - or- nothing. Assignment; Multiple route assignment, Capacity restraint method. Minimum path trees; Diversion Curves. Factors affecting mode split; probit, logit and discriminant Analysis.

Learning Outcomes:

After completing this Unit, students will be able to
- Know traffic assignment and mode split in the traffic analysis.
- Know about the factors affecting the mode split.

UNIT – V
Economic Evaluation of Transportation plans; Costs And Benefits Of Transportation Projects; Vehicle Operating Cost; Timesaving Accident Costs. Methods Of Economic Evaluation - Benefit Cost Ratio Method; Net Present Value Method; Internal Rate Of Return Method.

Learning Outcomes:

After completing this Unit, students will be able to
- Know cost and benefits of transportation projects .
- Know different methods of economic evaluation of transportation projects.

Course Outcomes

At the end of the course, the students will be able to:
- Understand the concept of travel demand.
- Understand the different types of transportation planning processes**.**
- Understand the different types of trip generation models**.**
- Understand necessity of traffic assignment and mode split.
- Understand the economic evaluation of transportation projects.

REFERENCES:

1. L.R.Kadiyalli; "Traffic Engineering and Transporation Planning", Khanna Publishers, Delhi.
2. Papa Costas C.S.; "Fundamentals of Transportation Engineering", Prentice Hall, India.
3. Khistry C.J."Transportation Engineering", An Introduction Prentic Hall
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(19A01703e1)   WATER RESOURCES SYSTEM ANALYSIS
PROFESSIONAL ELECTIVE-III

Course Objectives:

These are to
- Teach Concepts of systems techniques in water resources engineering
- Teach Linear Optimization concepts
- Demonstrate the Development system approach to reservoir operation
- Planning water allocation to different crops
- Expertise on River operation policies

UNIT 1
Concept of System and System Analysis - Definition and Types of Systems - Basic Principles of Systems Approach and Analysis. Systems Techniques in Water Resources.

Learning Outcomes:

After completing this Unit, students will be able to
- To Understand the concepts of water resource system.

UNIT II
Introduction to Optimization - Linear and Dynamic Programming - Simulation - Combined Simulation and Optimization. Economics of Water Resources Projects - Cost Benefit Analysis - Cost Allocation among various projects in a Multi-purpose Project.

Learning Outcomes:

After completing this Unit, students will be able to
- Know about the optimization of water resource projects.
- Carryout cost analysis on different projects

UNIT III
Systems Approach to Reservoir - Deterministic Flows - Reservoir Sizing and Reservoir Operations. Basic Concepts of Random Flows Reliability.

Learning Outcomes:

After completing this Unit, students will be able to
- To learn the different types of operations in water resource system.

UNIT IV

Application of Linear Programming to Water Resources Systems - Irrigation Water Allocation for Single and Multiple Crops. Reservoir Operation for Irrigation and Hydropower Generation.

Learning Outcomes:

After completing this Unit, students will be able to
- To understand applications of linear programming on applications of water resource system for crops.

UNIT V
Applications of Dynamic Programming to Water Resources Systems - Optimal Crop Water Application - Steady State Reservoir Operating Policy for Irrigation. Real Time Reservoir Operation for Irrigation.

Learning Outcomes:

After completing this Unit, students will be able to
- To develop knowledge on dynamic programming on applications of water resource system for crops.

Course Outcomes:

At the end of this course, the students will be able to:
- Apply basic principles of system approach.
- Judging Economics of water resources of multipurpose projects.
- Apply optimization principles to single and multi crop applications.
- Designing reservoir operation leading to optimum crop water application.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Loucks, D. P. and Eelco Van Beek, "Water Resources systems planning and management": An Introduction to methods, models and applications. UNESCO.(2005).
2. Vedula, S. and Mujumdar, P. P., "Water resources Systems: Modeling techniques and analysis", Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi.(2005).

REFERENCES:

1. Mays, L.W. and Tung, Y.K., "Hydro systems Engineering and Management", McGraw Hill, USA.(1992).
2. Simonovic, S.P., "Managing water resources: Methods and tools for a systems approach", UNESCO Publishing, France.(2009).
3. R. K. Sharma & T. K. Sharma, "A Textbook Of Irrigation Engineering", S. Chand and Company Limited, New Delhi

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(19A01703e2)   RIVER BASIN MANAGEMENT

PROFESSIONAL ELECTIVE-III

Course Objectives:

These are to
- Teach the basic concepts of river basin management
- Demonstrate the various types flows and catchment process
- Explain various monitoring systems and regulations in river basin management
- Teach river basin management techniques

UNIT –I
Introduction:
Basic Concepts of River Basin Management (RBM) - Integrated River Basin Management (IRBM) - River Basin Organizations (RBOs) - Types. Theories and Principles of IRBM - Need for RBM & Need for Irrigation-Objectives and Benefits of IRBM - Key Activities and Challenges in IRBM - Various Guiding Principles of IRBM - Scenarios in Developed and Developing Countries.

Learning Outcomes:

After completing this Unit, students will be able to
- Learn basic concepts of river basin management.
- Identify key activities and challenges of IRBM

UNIT –II
River Systems:
Recapitulation of Basic Principles of Hydrology - River Basins and Catchments - Hydrologic, Geo-morphological, Physical & Chemical Processes. Stream Corridors, Stream Order Model-Functions of River Systems - Provisioning, Regulating, Cultural and Supporting Services - Low Base Flows - Ecological Stresses to Rivers - Human Interventions and Impacts - Man's Attitude towards Nature and Development. Engineered River Systems.

Learning Outcomes:

After completing this Unit, students will be able to
- Understand river basin systems.
- Explain functions of river system
- Identify ecological stress on rivers and necessity of engineering river systems

UNIT – III
Tools and Methods of IRBM:
Monitoring and Water Resources Information System - Monitoring, Acquisition and Processing of Water Resources Data - Statistical Tools - Decision Support Systems. Governance Issues - Water Governance - Its Importance - Fundamental Requirements for Good TBM - Rules, Regulations and Laws - Various Acts Enforced by Government of India for River Basin Management and Development.

Learning Outcomes:

After completing this Unit, students will be able to
  - To learn tools and methods of river basin management.

UNIT – IV
River Basin Planning And Management - I (Strategies)
Water Resources Planning and Management of - Need, Various Aspects and Approaches of Planning and Management - Planning Process - Operational Management - Instruments of Operational Management - Water Quality Management - Water Charges and Cost Recovery - Issues related to Water Right and Water Allocation.

Learning Outcomes:

After completing this Unit, students will be able to
  - TO Understand river basin planning and strategic management..

UNIT – V
River Basin Planning and Management – II (Technologies)
River Restoration: Disturbances to River Systems - River Restoration Planning and Design. Implementation, Monitoring and Adoptive Management - Sediment Management in Rivers - Preliminary Sedimentation Aspects, Sediment Inflow Reduction - Recovery, Increase or Reallocation of Storage Volume - Pressure Flushing, Empty Flushing, Dredging, Dry Excavation and Structural Modifications.

Learning Outcomes:

After completing this Unit, students will be able to
  - TO understand river basin planning and technical management..

Course Outcomes:

At the end of the course, student is able to
  - Summarise the concepts of river basin management.
  - Implement the techniques in river basin management.
  - Compare methods and tools in river basin management
  - Check the river basin to obtain most possible benefits.
  - Planning and management of river basin.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. A Handbook for Integrated Water Resources Management in Basins Published by Global Water Partnership and International Network of Basin Organizations (INBO)
2. Lawrence K. Wang and Chih Ted Yang, "Modern Water Resources Engineering" Edited, Humana Press

REFERENCES

1. Santosh Kumar Garg "Irrigation Engineering and Hydraulic Structure", Khanna Publishers.
2. Chow V. T., D. R Maidment and L. W. Mays, "Applied hydrology", Tata McGraw Hill Education Pvt. Ltd, (2011), New Delhi.
3. Mays L.W., "Water Resources Engineering", Wiley India Pvt. Ltd, (2013).
4. Integrated River Basin Management - www.universitywaterspectrumpartnership.org.

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B.Tech (CE)– IV-I Sem   **L   T   P   C**

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(19A02704a) RENEWABLE ENERGY SYSTEMS

OPEN ELECTIVE-III

Course Objectives:

At the end of the course the student will be able to
- Identify various sources of Energy and the need of Renewable Energy Systems.
- Understand the concepts of Solar Radiation, Wind energy and its applications.
- Distinguish between solar thermal and solar PV systems
- Interpret the concept of geo thermal energy and its applications.
- Understand the use of biomass energy and the concept of Ocean energy and fuel cells.

UNIT -I

Solar Energy

Solar radiation - beam and diffuse radiation, solar constant, earth sun angles, attenuation and measurement of solar radiation, local solar time, derived solar angles, sunrise, sunset and day length. flat plate collectors, concentrating collectors, storage of solar energy-thermal storage.

Learning Outcomes:

At the end of the course the student will be able to
- To understand about solar thermal parameters
- To distinguish between flat plate and concentrated solar collectors
- To know about thermal storage requirements
- To know about measurement of solar radiation

UNIT – II

PV Energy Systems

Introduction, The PV effect in crystalline silicon basic principles, the film PV, Other PV technologies, Electrical characteristics of silicon PV cells and modules, PV systems for remote power, Grid connected PV systems.

Learning Outcomes:

After completing this Unit, students will be able to

- Understand the concept of PV effect in crystalline silicon and their characteristics
- Understand other PV technologies
- To know about electrical characteristics of PV cells & modules
- To know about grid connected PV systems

UNIT - III

Wind Energy

Principle of wind energy conversion; Basic components of wind energy conversion systems; wind mill components, various types and their constructional features; design considerations of horizontal and vertical axis wind machines: analysis of aerodynamic forces acting on wind mill blades and estimation of power output; wind data and site selection considerations.

Learning Outcomes:
After completing this Unit, students will be able to

- To understand basics of wind energy conversion and system
- To distinguish between VAWT and HAWT systems
- To understand about design considerations
- To know about site selection considerations of WECS

UNIT - IV

Geothermal Energy

Estimation and nature of geothermal energy, geothermal sources and resources like hydrothermal, geo-pressured hot dry rock, magma. Advantages, disadvantages and application of geothermal energy, prospects of geothermal energy in India.

Learning Outcomes:
After completing this Unit, students will be able to

- Understand the Geothermal energy and its mechanism of production and its applications
- Analyze the concept of producing Geothermal energies
- To learn about disadvantages and advantages of Geo Thermal Energy Systems
- To know about various applications of GTES

UNIT -V

Miscellaneous Energy Technologies

Ocean Energy: Tidal Energy-Principle of working, performance and limitations. Wave Energy-Principle of working, performance and limitations.
Bio mass Energy: Biomass conversion technologies, Biogas generation plants, Classification, advantages and disadvantages, constructional details, site selection, digester design consideration
Fuel cell: Principle of working of various types of fuel cells and their working, performance and limitations.

Learning Outcomes:
After completing this Unit, students will be able to

- Analyze the operation of tidal energy
- Analyze the operation of wave energy
- Analyze the operation of bio mass energy
- Understand the principle, working and performance of fuel cell technology
- Apply these technologies to generate power for usage at remote centres

Course Outcomes:
Upon the successful completion of this course, the students will be able to:

- To distinguish between various alternate sources of energy for different suitable application requirements
- To differentiate between solar thermal and PV system energy generation strategies
- To understand about wind energy system
- To get exposed to the basics of Geo Thermal Energy Systems
- To know about various diversified energy scenarios of ocean, biomass and fuel cells

Text Books:

1. Stephen Peake, "Renewable Energy Power for a Sustainable Future", Oxford International Edition, 2018.
2. G. D. Rai, "Non-Conventional Energy Sources", 4th Edition, Khanna Publishers, 2000.

References:
1. S. P. Sukhatme, "Solar Energy", 3rd Edition, Tata Mc Graw Hill Education Pvt. Ltd, 2008.
2. B H Khan , " Non-Conventional Energy Resources", 2nd Edition, Tata Mc Graw Hill Education Pvt Ltd, 2011.
3. S. Hasan Saeed and D.K.Sharma, "Non-Conventional Energy Resources", 3rd Edition, S.K.Kataria & Sons, 2012.
4. G. N. Tiwari and M.K.Ghosal, "Renewable Energy Resource: Basic Principles and Applications", Narosa Publishing House, 2004.

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(19A02704b) ELECTRIC VEHICLE ENGINEERING
OPEN ELECTIVE-III

Course Objectives:

After completing this Unit, students will be able to

- To get exposed to new technologies of battery electric vehicles, fuel cell electric vehicles
- To get exposed to EV system configuration and parameters
- To know about electro mobility and environmental issues of EVs
- To understand about basic EV propulsion and dynamics
- To understand about fuel cell technologies for EV and HVEs
- To know about basic battery charging and control strategies used in electric vehicles

UNIT-I
Introduction to EV Systems and Parameters

Past, Present and Future EV, EV Concept, EV Technology, State-of-the Art EVs, EV configuration, EV system, Fixed and Variable gearing, single and multiple motor drive, in-wheel drives, EV parameters: Weight, size, force and energy, performance parameters.

Learning Outcomes:

After completing this Unit, students will be able to

- To know about past, present and latest technologies of EV
- To understand about configurations of EV systems
- To distinguish between EV parameters and performance parameters of EV systems
- To distinguish between single and multiple motor drive EVs
- To understand about in-wheel EV

UNIT-II
EV and Energy Sources

Electro mobility and the environment, history of Electric power trains, carbon emissions from fuels, green houses and pollutants, comparison of conventional, battery, hybrid and fuel cell electric systems

Learning Outcomes:

After completing this Unit, students will be able to

- To know about various types of EV sources
- To understand about e-mobility
- To know about environmental aspects of EV

- To distinguish between conventional and recent technology developments in EV systems

UNIT-III
EV Propulsion and Dynamics

Choice of electric propulsion system, block diagram, concept of EV Motors, single and multi motor configurations, fixed and variable geared transmission, In-wheel motor configuration, classification, Electric motors used in current vehicle applications, Recent EV Motors, Vehicle load factors, vehicle acceleration.

Learning Outcomes:

After completing this Unit, students will be able to

- To know about what is meant by propulsion system
- To understand about single and multi motor EV configurations
- To get exposed to current and recent applications of EV
- To understand about load factors in vehicle dynamics
- To know what is meant acceleration in EV

UNIT-IV
Fuel Cells

Introduction of fuel cells, basic operation, model, voltage, power and efficiency, power plant system – characteristics, sizing, Example of fuel cell electric vehicle.

Introduction to HEV, brake specific fuel consumption, comparison of series, series-parallel hybrid systems, examples

Learning Outcomes:

After completing this Unit, students will be able to

- To know about fuel cell technology of EV
- To know about basic operation of FCEV
- To know about characteristics and sizing of EV with suitable example
- To get exposed to concept of Hybrid Electric Vehicle using fuel cells
- To know about the comparison of various hybrid EV systems

UNIT-V
Battery Charging and Control

Battery charging: Basic requirements, charger architecture, charger functions, wireless charging, power factor correction.

Control: Introduction, modelling of electro mechanical system, feedback controller design approach, PI controllers designing, torque-loop, speed control loop compensation, acceleration of battery electric vehicle

Learning Outcomes:

After completing this Unit, students will be able to

- To understand about basic requirements of battery charging and its architecture
- To know about charger functions
- To get exposed to wireless charging principle
- To understand about block diagram, modelling of electro mechanical systems of EV
- To be able to design various compensation requirements

Course Outcomes:

Upon the successful completion of this course, the students will be able to:

- To understand and differentiate between conventional and latest trends in Electric Vehicles
- To know about various configurations in parameters of EV system
- To know about propulsion and dynamic aspects of EV
- To understand about fuel cell technologies in EV and HEV systems
- To understand about battery charging and controls required of EVs

TEXT BOOKS:

1. C.C Chan, K.T Chau: "Modern Electric Vehicle Technology", Oxford University Press Inc., New York 2001.
2. James Larminie, John Lowry, "Electric Vehicle Technology Explained", Wiley, 2003.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. Iqbal Husain,, "Electric and Hybrid Vehicles Design Fundamentals",CRC Press 2005.
2. Ali Emadi, "Advanced Electric Drive Vehicles", CRC Press, 2015.

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(19A03704a)   FINITE ELEMENT METHODS
OPEN ELECTIVE-III

Course Objectives:

- Familiarize basic principles of finite element analysis procedure.
- Explain theory and characteristics of finite elements that represent engineering structures.
- Apply finite element solutions to structural, thermal, dynamic problem.
- Learn to model complex geometry problems and solution techniques.

UNIT – I

Introduction to finite element methods for solving field problems, Stress and equilibrium, Boundary conditions, Strain-Displacement relations, Stress- strain relations for 2D and 3D Elastic problems.Potential energy and equilibrium, The Rayleigh-Ritz method, Formulation of Finite Element Equations.
One dimensional problems: Finite element modeling coordinates and shape functions. Assembly of global stiffness matrix and load vector. Finite element equations, Treatment of boundary conditions, Quadratic shape functions.

Learning Outcomes:

At the end of the unit, the student will be able to
- Understand the concept of nodes and elements.(l2)
- Understand the general steps of finite element methods.(l2)
- Understand the role and significance of shape functions in finite element formulations (l2)
- Formulate and solve axially loaded bar problems. (l6)

UNIT - II

Analysis of trusses: Stiffness Matrix for plane truss element. Stress Calculations and Problems.
Analysis of beams: Element Stiffness Matrix for two noded, two degrees of freedom per node beam element and simple problems.

Learning Outcomes:

At the end of the unit, the student will be able to
- Explain the use of the basic finite elements for structural applications using truss and beam. (l2)
- Formulate and analyze truss and beam problems. (l6)

UNIT - III

Finite element modeling of two dimensional stress analysis - constant strain triangles-quadrilateral element-treatment of boundary conditions. Estimation of load Vector, Stresses.Finite element modeling of Axi-symmetric solids subjected to axi-symmetric loading with triangular elements.Two dimensional four nodedIsoparametric elements and problems.

Learning Outcomes:

At the end of the unit, the student will be able to
- Explain the formulation of two – dimensional elements (Triangular and Quadrilateral Elements). (L2)
- Apply the formulation techniques to solve two – dimensional problems using triangle and quadrilateral elements. (L3)
- Formulate and solve axisymmetric problems.(L6)

UNIT - IV

Steady state heat transfer analysis: One dimensional analysis of slab and fin, two dimensional analysis of thin plate.
Analysis of a uniform shaft subjected to torsion loading.

Learning Outcomes:

At the end of the unit, the student will be able to
- Explain the application and use of the Finite Element Methods for heat transfer problems. (L2)
- Formulate and solve heat transfer problems. (L6)
- Analyse the

UNIT V

Dynamic analysis: Formulation of finite element model,element –mass matrices,evaluation of Eigen values and Eigen vectors for a stepped bar truss.
3D Problems: Finite Element formulation- Tetrahedron element-Stiffness matrix.

Learning Outcomes:

At the end of the unit, the student will be able to
- Understand problems involving dynamics using Finite Element Methods.
- Evaluate the Eigen values and Eigen Vectors for steeped bar.
- Develop the stiffness matrix for tetrahedron element.

Course Outcomes:

Upon successful completion of this course you should be able to

- Understand the concepts behind variational methods and weighted residual methods in FEM.
- Identify the application and characteristics of FEA elements such as bars, beams, and isoparametric elements, and 3-D element.
- Develop element characteristic equation procedure and generation of global stiffness equation will be applied.
- Able to apply Suitable boundary conditions to a global structural equation, and reduce it to a solvable form.
- Able to identify how the finite element method expands beyond the structural domain, for problems involving dynamics, heat transfer and fluid flow.

TEXT BOOKS

1. Chandraputla, Ashok &Belegundu, "Introduction to Finite Element in Engineering", Prentice Hall.
2. S.S.Rao, "The Finite Element Methods in Engineering",2nd Edition,Elsevier Butterworth - Heinemann 2011.

REFERENCE BOOKS

1. J N Reddy, "An introduction to the Finite Element Method", McGraw – Hill, New York, 1993.
2. R D Cook, D S Malkus and M E Plesha, "Concepts and Applications of Finite Element Analysis", 3rd Edition, John Wiley, New York, 1989.
3. K J Bathe, "Finite Element Procedures in Engineering Analysis", Prentice-Hall, Englewood Cliffs,1982.
4. T J R Hughes, "the Finite Element Method, Prentice", Hall, Englewood Cliffs, NJ, 1986.
5. C Zienkiewicz and R L Taylor, "the Finite Element Method", 3rd Edition. McGraw-Hill, 1989.

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(19A03704b)   PRODUCT MARKETING
OPEN ELECTIVE-III

Course Objectives:

- Introduce the basic concepts of Product marketing.
- Familiarize with market information systems and research
- Understand the nature and importance of industrial market
- Discuss the major stages in new product development
- Identify the factors affecting pricing decisions

UNIT I:
Introduction (7 Hours)

Historical development of marketing management, Definition of Marketing, Core marketing concepts, Marketing Management philosophies, Micro and Macro Environment, Characteristics affecting Consumer behaviour, Types of buying decisions, buying decision process, Classification of consumer products, Market Segmentation Concept of Marketing Myopia. Importance of marketing in the Indian Socio economic system.

Learning Outcomes:

At the end of this student, the student will be able to
- Define Marketing. (L1)
- Discuss marketing philosophies. (L2)
- Sketch the buying decision process. (L3)
- Understand the importance of marketing in the Indian socio economic system. (L2)

UNIT II:
Marketing of Industrial Products (6 Hours)

Components of marketing information system–benefits & uses marketing research system, marketing research procedure, Demand Estimation research, Test marketing, Segmentation Research - Cluster analysis, Discriminate analysis. Sales forecasting: objective and subjective methods. Nature and importance of the Industrial market, classification of industrial products, participants in the industrial buying process, major factors influencing industrial buying behavior, characteristics of industrial market demand. Determinants of industrial market demand Buying power of Industrial users, buying motives of Industrials users, the industrial buying process, buying patterns of industrial users.

Learning Outcomes:

At the end of this student, the student will be able to

- Identify the components of marketing information system. (L2)
- List the advantages and uses of marketing research system. (L1)
- Demonstrate sales forecasting. (L3)
- Explain the major factors influencing industrial buying behaviour. (L2)

UNIT III:
Product Management and Branding (7 Hours)

The concept of a product, features of a product, classification of products, product policies – product planning and development, product line, product mix – factors influencing change in product mix, product mix strategies, meaning of "New – product; major stages in new – product development product life cycle. Branding: Reasons for branding, functions of branding features of types of brands, kinds of brand name.

Learning Outcomes:

At the end of this student, the student will be able to
- Indentify the factors influencing change in product mix. (L2)
- Sketch various stages in product life cycle. (L2)
- Recall the features of a product and product policies. (L1)
- Demonstrate on features, functions and reasons of branding. (L3)

UNIT IV:
Pricing And Pacakaging (7Hours)

Importance of Price, pricing objectives, factors affecting pricing decisions, procedure for price determination, kinds of pricing, pricing strategies and decisions Labeling: Types, functions advantages and disadvantages, Packaging**:** Meaning, growth of packaging, function of packaging, kinds of packaging.

Learningt Outcomes:

At the end of this student, the student will be able to
- List the factors affecting pricing decisions. (L1)
- Explain the procedure for price determination. (L2)
- Employ Pricing strategies and decisions. (L3)
- Understand the functions of labelling and packaging. (L2)

UNIT V:
Product Promotion (6Hours)

Importance of Price, pricing objectives, factors affecting pricing decisions, procedure for price determination, kinds of pricing, pricing strategies and decisions. Advertising and sales promotion**:** Objectives of advertisement function of advertising, classification of advertisement copy, advertisement media – kinds of media, advantages of advertising. Objectives of sales

promotion, advantages sales promotion. Personal Selling **:** Objectives of personal selling, qualities of good salesman, types of salesman, major steps in effective selling

Learning Outcomes:

At the end of this student, the student will be able to
- Discuss the procedures for price determination. (L2)
- Explain the objectives of advertisement function of advertising. (L2)
- List the advantages and disadvantages of advertising. (L1)
- Describe the major steps in effecting selling. (L2)

Course Outcomes:

At the end of the course, the student will be able to
- Understand basic marketing management concepts and their relevance to business development. (L2)
- Prepare a questionnaire for market research. (L5)
- Design marketing research plan for business organizations. (L5)
- Optimize marketing mix to get competitive advantage. (L4)

Text Books:

1. Philip Kotler, "Principles of Marketing", Prentice – Hall.
2. Philip Kotler, "Marketing Management", Prentice – Hall.

Reference Books:
1. Wiliam J Stanton, "Fundamentals of Marketing", McGraw Hill
2. R.S.N. Pillai and Mrs.Bagavathi, "Marketing", S. Chand & Co. Ltd
3. Rajagopal, "Marketing Management Text & Cases", Vikas Publishing House

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(19A04704a) INTRODUCTION TO MICROCONTROLLERS & APPLICATIONS
OPEN ELECTIVE-III

Course Objectives:

This course will enable students to:
- Describe theArchitecture of 8051 Microcontroller and Interfacing of 8051 to external memory.
- Write 8051 Assembly level programs using 8051 instruction set.
- Describe the Interrupt system, operation of Timers/Counters and Serial port of 8051.
- Interface simple switches, simple LEDs, ADC 0804, LCD and Stepper Motor to 8051.

UNIT – I

8051 Microcontroller:

Microprocessor Vs Microcontroller, Embedded Systems, Embedded Microcontrollers, 8051 Architecture- Registers, Pin diagram, I/O ports functions, Internal Memory organization. External Memory (ROM & RAM) interfacing.

Learning Outcomes:

At the end of this student, the student will be able to
- Understand the importance of Microcontroller and acquire the knowledge of Architecture of 8051 Microcontroller. (L1)
- Analyze interface required memory of RAM & ROM. (L3)

UNIT – II

Addressing Modes, Data Transfer instructions, Arithmetic instructions, Logical instructions, Branch instructions, Bit manipulation instructions. Simple Assembly language program examples to usethese instructions.

Learning Outcomes:

At the end of this student, the student will be able to
- Explain different types instruction set of 8051. (L1)
- Develop the 8051 Assembly level programs using 8051 instruction set. (L3)

UNIT – III

8051 Stack, Stack and Subroutine instructions. Simple Assembly language program examples to use subroutine instructions.8051 Timers and Counters – Operation and Assembly language programming to generate a pulse using Mode-1 and a square wave using Mode- 2 on a port pin.

Learning Outcomes:

At the end of this student, the student will be able to
- Describe Stack and Subroutine of 8051. (L1)
- Design Timer /counters using of 8051. (L4)

UNIT –IV

8051 Serial Communication- Basics of Serial Data Communication, RS- 232 standard, 9 pin RS232 signals, Simple Serial Port programming in Assembly and C to transmit a message and to receive data serially.**8051 Interrupts**. 8051 Assembly language programming to generate an external interrupt using a switch.

Learning Outcomes:

At the end of this student, the student will be able to
- Acquire knowledge of Serial Communication and develop serial port programming. (L1)
- Develop an ALP to generate an external interrupt using a switch. (L3)

UNIT – V

8051 C programming to generate a square waveform on a port pin using a Timer interrupt. Interfacing 8051 to ADC-0804, DAC, LCD and Interfacing with relays and opto isolators, Stepper Motor Interfacing, DC motor interfacing, PWM generation using 8051.

Learning Outcomes:

At the end of this student, the student will be able to
- Apply and Interface simple switches, simple LEDs, ADC 0804 and LCD to using 8051 I/O ports. (L2)
- Design Stepper Motor and f motor interfacing of 8051. (L4)

Course outcomes:

- Understand the importance of Microcontroller and Acquire the knowledge ofArchitecture of 8051 Microcontroller.
- Apply and Interface simple switches, simple LEDs, ADC 0804, LCD and Stepper Motor to using 8051 I/O ports.
- Develop the 8051 Assembly level programs using 8051 instruction set.
- Design the Interrupt system, operation of Timers/Counters and Serial port of 8051.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Muhammad Ali Mazidi and Janice Gillespie Mazidi and Rollin D. McKinlay; "The 8051 Microcontroller and Embedded Systems – using assembly and C", PHI, 2006 / Pearson, 2006.

2. Kenneth J. Ayala, "The 8051 Microcontroller", 3rd Edition, Thomson/Cengage Learning.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. Manish K Patel, "The 8051 Microcontroller Based Embedded Systems", McGraw Hill, 2014, ISBN: 978-93-329-0125-4.
2. Raj Kamal, "Microcontrollers: Architecture, Programming, Interfacing and System Design", Pearson Education, 2005.

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(19A04704b)   PRINCIPLES OF DIGITAL SIGNAL PROCESSING
OPEN ELECTIVE-III

Course Objectives:

- To explain about signals and perform various operations on it.
- To understand discrete time signals and systems.
- To solve Laplace transforms and z-transforms for various signals.
- To find Discrete Fourier Transform of a sequence by using Fast Fourier Transform.
- To design and realize IIR and FIR filters.

UNIT- I:
INTRODUCTION TO SIGNALS
Classification of Signals: Analog, Discrete, Digital, Deterministic & Random, Periodic & Aperiodic, Even & Odd, Energy & Power signals. Basic operations on signals: Time shifting, Time scaling, Time reversal, Amplitude scaling and Signal addition. Elementary Signals: Unit step, Unit ramp, Unit parabolic, Impulse, Sinusoidal function, Exponential function, Gate function, Triangular function, Sinc function and Signum function.

Learning Outcomes:

At the end of this student, the student will be able to
- Define basic signals and its operations, Classify discrete time signals and systems. (L1)
- Understand various basic operations on signals (L1)

UNIT – II:

DISCRETE TIME SIGNALS ANDSYSTEMS

Discrete Time Signals: Elementary discrete time signals, Classification of discrete time signals: power and energy signals, even and odd signals. Simple manipulations of discrete time signals: Shifting and scaling of discrete-time signals.
Discrete Time Systems: Input-Output description of systems, Block diagram representation of discrete time systems, Linear Constant Coefficient Difference Equations, Classification of discrete time systems: linear and nonlinear, time-invariant and variant systems, causal and non causal, stable and unstable systems.

Learning Outcomes:

At the end of this student, the student will be able to
- Define basic signals and its operations, Classify discrete time signals and systems. (L1)

- Understand various basic operations on signals (L1)

UNIT- III:
LAPLACE TRANSFORMS AND Z- TRANSFORMS

Laplace Transforms: Laplace transforms, Partial fraction expansion, Inverse Laplace transform, Concept of Region of Convergence (ROC), Constraints on ROC for various classes of signals, Properties of Laplace transforms.

Z-Transforms: Concept of Z-transform of a discrete sequence, Region of convergence in Z-Transform, constraints on ROC for various classes of signals, inverse Z-transform, properties of Z-Transforms.

Learning Outcomes:

At the end of this student, the student will be able to
- Understand the basic concepts of Laplace and Z transforms (L1)
- Apply the transform techniques to solve the problems (L2)

UNIT – IV:

FAST FOURIER TRANSFORMS

Discrete Time Fourier Transform (DTFT), Discrete Fourier Transform (DFT), Radix-2 Fast Fourier Transforms (FFT), Decimation in Time and Decimation in Frequency FFT Algorithms: radix-2 DIT-FFT, DIF-FFT, and Inverse FFT: IDFT-FFT.

Learning Outcomes:

At the end of this student, the student will be able to
- Understand the importance of DTFT, DFT, FFT and their inverse transforms with respect to signals and systems (L1)
- Analyze the Decimation in time and frequency algorithms (L3)

UNIT – V:

IIR AND FIR DIGITAL FILTERS

IIR DIGITAL FILTERS: Analog filters approximations: Butterworth and Chebyshev, Design of IIR digital filters from analog filters. Realization of IIR filters: Direct form-I, Direct form-II, cascade form and parallel form.

FIR DIGITAL FILTERS: Characteristics of FIR digital filters, frequency response. Design of FIR digital filters using window techniques: Rectangular window, Triangular or Bartlett window, Hamming window, Hanning window, Blackman window. Realization of FIR filters: Linear phase and Lattice structures.

Learning Outcomes:

At the end of this student, the student will be able to
- Understand the importance of IIR and FIR digital Filters (L1)
- Realize IIR filters and analyze various windowing techniques in FIR filters (L2)
- Design IIR and FIR filters (L4)

Course outcomes:

- Define basic signals and its operations, Classify discrete time signals and systems.
- Solve Laplace Transform and z-Transform for various signals, Calculate DFT of a given sequence by using Fast Fourier Transform.
- Analyze the continuous and discrete signals and systems
- Design and realize IIR and FIR filters from the given specifications.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. B. P. Lathi, "Signals, Systems and Communications", BS Publications, 2008.
2. John G. Proakis, Dimitris G. Manolakis, "Digital signal processing, principles, Algorithms and applications", 4th edition ,Pearson Education/PHI, 2007.
3. A.V. Oppenheim and R.W. Schaffer, "Discrete Time Signal Processing", 2nd edition., PHI.

REFERENCES:

1. A.V. Oppenheim, A.S. Will sky and S.H. Nawab, "Signals and Systems", PHI, 2ndEdition, 2013.
2. A. Anand Kumar, "Signals and Systems", PHI Publications, Third Edition, 2013
3. P. Ramesh Babu. "Digital Signal Processing".
4. Andreas Antoniou, "Digital signal processing", Tata McGraw Hill, 2006.
5. R S Kaler, M Kulkarni,, Umesh Gupta, "A Text book on Digital Signal processing" –I K International Publishing House Pvt. Ltd.
6. M H Hayes, Schaum's outlines, "Digital Signal Processing", Tata Mc-Graw Hill, 2007.

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(19A05704a) FUNDAMENTALS OF GAME DEVELOPMENT

(Common to CSE & IT)

Course Objectives:

This course is designed to:

- Get familiarized with the various components in a game and game engine.
- Explore the leading open source game engine components.
- Elaborate on game physics.
- Introduce to the game animation.
- Expose to network-based gaming issues.

Unit – 1:

Introduction to Game
What is a Game? The Birth of Games, The Rise of Arcade Games, The Crash and Recovery, The Console Wars, Online Games and Beyond.

The Game Industry: Game Industry Overview, Game Concept Basics, Pitch Documentation, pitching a Game to a Publisher, Managing the developer-Publisher Relationship, Legal Agreements, Licenses, Console Manufacturers Approval.

Roles on the Team: Production, Art, Engineering, Design, Quality Assurance Testing, Team Organization, Corporate.

Learning Outcomes:

After completing this Unit, students will be able to

- Demonstrate online games and beyond. [L2]
- Outline the process carried out in the Game Industry [L2]
- Inspect the roles on the Team[L4]

Unit – 2:
Teams
Project Leadership, Picking Leads, Team Building, Team Buy-in and Motivation.

Effective Communication: Written Communication, Oral Communication, Nonverbal Communication, Establishing Communication Norms, Communication Challenges.

Game Production Overview: Production Cycle, Preproduction, Production, Testing, Postproduction.

Learning Outcomes:

After completing this Unit, students will be able to

- Build a team and pick a leader. [L6]

- Develop Effective communication. [L3]
- Outline the Game Production cycle [L2]

Unit – 3:
Game Concept

Introduction, Beginning the Process, Defining the Concept, Game Programming Basics, Prototyping, Risk Analysis, Pitch Idea, Project Kickoff.

Characters, setting, and Story: Story Development, Gameplay, Characters, Setting, Dialogue, Cinematics, Story Documentation.

Game Requirements: Define Game Features, Define Milestones and Deliverables, Evaluate Technology, Define Tools and Pipeline, Documentation, Approval, Game Requirements Outline

Learning Outcomes:

After completing this Unit, students will be able to

- Design a game. [L6]
- Demonstrate the game play. [L2]
- Identify the Game requirements [L3]

Unit – 4 :
Game Plan

Dependencies, Schedules, Budgets, Staffing, Outsourcing, Middleware, Game Plan Outline.
Production Cycle: Design Production Cycle, Art Production Cycle, Engineering Production Cycle, Working Together.
Voiceover and Music: Planning for Voiceover, choosing a Sound Studio, Casting Actors, Recording Voiceover, Voiceover Checklist, Planning for Music, Working with a Composer, Licensing Music.

Learning Outcomes:

After completing this Unit, students will be able to

- Outline the Game plan. [L2]
- Define the production cycle. [L1]
- Make use of voiceover and music in game development. [L3]

Unit – 5:

Localization

Creating International Content, Localization-Friendly Code, Level of Localization, Localization Plan, Testing, Localization Checklist.

Testing and Code Releasing: Testing Schedule, Test Plans, Testing Pipeline, Testing Cycle, External Testing, Determining Code Release, Code Release Checklist, Gold Masters, Postmortems.

Marketing and Public Relations: Software Age Ratings, Working with Marketing, Packaging, Demos, Marketing Assets, Game Builds, Working with Public Relations, Asset Deliverable Checklist.

Learning Outcomes:

After completing this Unit, students will be able to

- Explain the importance of localization. [L2]
- Summarize Testing and code releasing [L2]
- Illustrate Marketing and public relations. [L2]

Course Outcomes:
Upon completion of the course, the students should be able to:

- Design games for commercialization (L6)
- Predict the trends in game development (L5)
- Design Game Plan and production cycle (L6)
- Dramatize the game playing environment (L4)

Text Book:

1. Heather Maxwell Chandler, and Rafael Chandler, "Fundamentals of Game Development", Jones& Bartlett Learning, 2011.

References:
1. Flint Dille and John Zuur Platten, The Ultimate guide to Video Game Writing, Loan Eagle publisher, 2008.
2. Adams, Fundamentals of Game Design, 3rd edition, Pearson Education India, 2015.

JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY ANANTAPUR

B.Tech (CE)– IV-I Sem

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(19A05704b) CYBER SECURITY
(Common to CSE & IT)

Course Objectives:

This course is designed to:
- Understand essential building blocks andbasic concepts of cyber security
- Explore Web security and Network security
- Explain the measures for securing the networks and cloud
- Understand privacy principles and policies
- Describe the legal issues and ethics in computer security

UNIT I

Introduction: Introduction to Computer Security, Threats, Harm, Vulnerabilities, Controls, Authentication, Access Control, and Cryptography, Authentication, Access Control, Cryptography.

Programs and Programming: Unintentional (Non-malicious) Programming Oversights, Malicious Code—Malware,Countermeasures.

Learning Outcomes:

After completing this Unit, students will be able to

- Explain Vulnerabilities, threats and. Counter measures for computer security[L2]
- Interpret the design of the malicious code [L2]

UNIT II

Web Security: User Side, Browser Attacks, Web Attacks Targeting Users, Obtaining User or Website Data, Email Attacks.

Operating Systems Security: Security in Operating Systems, Security in the Design of Operating Systems, Rootkit.

Learning Outcomes:

After completing this Unit, students will be able to

- Outline the attacks on browser, Web and email. [L2]
- Explain the security aspects of Operating Systems. [L3]

UNIT III

Network Security: Network Concepts, Threats to Network Communications, Wireless Network Security, Denial of Service, Distributed Denial-of-Service Strategic Defenses: Security Countermeasures, Cryptography in Network Security, Firewalls, Intrusion

Detection and Prevention Systems, Network Management .
Cloud Computing and Security: Cloud Computing Concepts, Moving to the Cloud, Cloud Security Tools and Techniques, Cloud Identity Management, Securing IaaS.

Learning Outcomes:

After completing this Unit, students will be able to

- Identify the network security threats and attacks. [L3]
- Design the Counter measures to defend the network security attacks. [L6]
- Analyze the security tools and techniques for Cloud computing [L4]

UNIT IV
Privacy: Privacy Concepts, Privacy Principles and Policies, Authentication and Privacy, Data Mining, Privacy on the Web, Email Security, Privacy Impacts of Emerging Technologies, Where the Field Is Headed.
Management and Incidents: Security Planning, Business Continuity Planning, Handling Incidents, Risk Analysis, Dealing with Disaster.

Learning Outcomes:

After completing this Unit, students will be able to

- Interpret the need for Privacy and its impacts of Emerging Technologies. [L2]
- Explain how to handle incidents and deal with Disaster. [L2]

UNIT V
Legal Issues and Ethics: Protecting Programs and Data, Information and the Law, Rights of Employees and Employers, Redress for Software Failures, Computer Crime, Ethical Issues in Computer Security, Incident Analysis with Ethics, Emerging Topics: The Internet of Things, Economics, Computerized Elections, Cyber Warfare.

Learning Outcomes:

After completing this Unit, students will be able to

- Adapt legal issues and ethics in computer security. [L6]
- Elaborate on the Emerging topics. [L6]

Course Outcomes:
 Upon completion of the course, the students should be able to:

- Illustrate the broad set of technical, social & political aspects of Cyber Securityand security management methods to maintain securityprotection (L2)
- Assess the vulnerabilities and threats posed by criminals, terrorist and nation

statesto nationalinfrastructure (L5)
- Identify the nature of secure software development and operatingsystems (L3)
- Demonstrate the role security management in cyber security defense (l2)
- Adapt the legal and social issues at play in developingsolutions.(L6)

Text Books:
1) Pfleeger, C.P., Security in Computing, Prentice Hall, 2010, 5thedition.
2) Schneier, Bruce. Applied Cryptography, Second Edition, John Wiley & Sons,1996

Reference Books:
1) Rhodes-Ousley, Mark. Information Security: The Complete Reference, Second Edition, Information Security Management: Concepts and Practice, McGraw-Hill, 2013.
2) Whitman, Michael E. and Herbert J. Mattord. Roadmap to Information Security for IT and Infosec Managers. Boston, MA: Course Technology,2011.

B.Tech (CE)– IV-I Sem   **L T P C**
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(19A27704a)   CORPORATE GOVERNANCE IN FOOD INDUSTRIES
OPEN ELECTIVE III

PREAMBLE
This text focuses on corporate governance, business ethics and emerging trends in food industries.

Course Objectives

- To understand the concepts of corporate governance in view of food industry

UNIT – I

Corporate Governance- A Conceptual Foundation: Concept, nature, issues and importance of corporate governance, origin and development of corporate governance, concept of corporate management, Different models of corporate governance, corporate governance in family business, corporate governance failure with examples.

Learning Outcomes:

At the end of unit, students will be able to understand the following
- Concept, nature, issues and importance of corporate governance
- origin and development of corporate governance, concept of corporate management
- Different models of corporate governance
- corporate governance in family business, corporate governance failure with examples

UNIT – II

Role Players: Role of various players viz. Role of shareholders their rights and responsibilities, Role of board of directors in corporate governance- executive and non executive directors, independent and nominee directors, Role of Auditors, audit committee, media.

Learning Outcomes:

At the end of unit, students will be able to understand the following
- Role of shareholders their rights and responsibilities
- Role of board of directors in corporate governance- executive and non executive directors, independent and nominee directors
- Role of Auditors, audit committee, media.

UNIT – III

Corporate governance in India and the Global Scenario: Corporate Governance practices /codes in India, UK, Japan, USA. Contributions of CII-recommendations on corporate governance by different committees in India, SEBI guidelines, Kumar Manglam Birla Committee, Naresh Chandra committee Report, OECD Principles, Cadbury Committee

Learning Outcomes:

At the end of unit, students will be able to understand the following
- Corporate Governance practices /codes in India, UK, Japan, USA.
- Contributions of CII-recommendations on corporate governance by different committees in India, SEBI guidelines,
- Have detail study of committees like Kumar Manglam Birla Committee, Naresh Chandra committee Report, OECD Principles, Cadbury Committee

UNIT – IV

Emerging trends: Emerging Trends and latest developments in Corporate Governance. Corporate Governance initiative in India and Abroad, Corporate Governance Rating- Role of rating agencies in corporate governance. ICRA Corporate governance rating method for examining the quality and effectiveness of corporate governance.

Learning Outcomes:

At the end of unit, students will be able to understand the following
- Emerging Trends and latest developments in Corporate Governance.
- Corporate Governance initiative in India and Abroad,
- Corporate Governance Rating- Role of rating agencies in corporate governance
- ICRA Corporate governance rating method for examining the quality and effectiveness of corporate governance.

UNIT – V

Business ethics and corporate governance. Social responsibility and corporate governance. Corporate governance and value creation. Political economy of corporate governance.

Learning Outcomes:

At the end of unit, students will be able to understand the following
- Business ethics and corporate governance.
- Social responsibility and corporate governance.

- Corporate governance and value creation.
- Political economy of corporate governance.

Course Outcomes:

By the end of the course, the students will
- Attain knowledge on system of corporate governance in food industries.
- Get to know about business ethics and values.

TEXT BOOKS

1. Subhash Chandra Das, "Corporate Governance in India", PHI Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi(2008),
2. Dennis Campbell, "Susan Woodley TrendsandDevelopments In Corporate Governance".(2004)

REFERENCES

1. Jayati Sarkar. "Corporate Governance in India". Sage Publications, New Delhi,2012.
2. Vasudha, Joshi "Corporate Governance The Indian Scenario". Foundations Books Pvt. Ltd. New Delhi.2012,

JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY ANANTAPUR

B.Tech (CE)– IV-I Sem

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(19A27704b)   PROCESS TECHNOLOGY FOR CONVENIENCE & RTE FOODS
OPEN ELECTIVE III

PREAMBLE

This text focuses on various aspects and technologies involved in processing of convenience and Read-to-eat foods.

Course Objectives:

- To understand the importance and demand for convenience foods in present day scenario
- To learn the various technical aspects of convenience and Read-to-eat foods.

UNIT – I

Overview of grain-based snacks: whole grains – roasted, toasted, puffed, popped and flakes Coated grains-salted, spiced and sweetened Flour based snack– batter and dough based products; savoury and farsans; formulated chips and wafers, papads.

Learning Outcomes:

At the end of unit, students will be able to understand the following
- Role of cereal based ingredients in snacks industries.
- Various technologies and equipments involved in Snacks industries

UNIT – II

Technology for fruit and vegetable based snacks: chips, wafers, papads etc. Technology of ready to eat fruits and vegetable based food products like, sauces, fruit bars, glazed candy etc. Technology of ready to eat canned value added fruits/vegetables and mixes and ready to serve beverages etc.

Learning Outcomes:

At the end of unit, students will be able to understand the following
- Role of Fruits and vegetables in convenience products.
- Processing of various Fruit and vegetable based products.

UNIT – III

Technology of ready- to- eat baked food products, drying, toasting roasting and flaking, coating, chipping. Extruded snack foods: Formulation and processing technology, colouring, flavouring and packaging. Technology for coated nuts – salted, spiced and sweetened products-chikkis, Sing bhujia.

Learning Outcomes:

At the end of unit, students will be able to understand the following
- Various methods involved in processing of ready to eat baked products
- Various methods involved in processing of extruded snack foods
- Technology involved in processing different coated nuts

UNIT IV

Technology for ready-to-cook food products- different puddings and curried vegetables etc. Technology for ready-to-cook and ready to eat meat and meat food products. Technology for preparation of instant cooked rice, carrot and other cereals based food products.

Learning Outcomes:

At the end of unit, students will be able to understand the following
- Technology involved in processing different ready to cook food products
- Technology involved in processing different ready to cook and ready to eat meat and meat products
- Technology involved in processing different instant cooked cereal products

UNIT – V

Technology of ready to eat instant premixes based on cereals, pulses etc. Technology for RTE puffed snack- sand puffing, hot air puffing, explosion puffing, gun puffing etc. Technology for preparation of traditional Indian dairy products.

Learning Outcomes:

At the end of unit, students will be able to understand the following
- Technology involved in processing different ready to eat instant premixes based on cereals and pulses and etc.
- Technology involved in processing different RTE puffed snacks
- Technology involved in processing different traditional dairy products

Course Outcomes:

By end of the course students will understand
- Technology for processing ready to eat and ready cook different products and equipment used for manufacturing of RTE products

TEXT BOOKS

1. Edmund WL. "Snack Foods Processing". AVI Publ.
2. Kamaliya M.K and Kamaliya K.B. 2001. Vol.1 and 2, "Baking Science and Industries", M.K.Kamaliya Publisher, Anand.

REFERENCES

1. Frame ND . "Technology of Extrusion Cooking". Blackie Academic1994. .
2. Gordon BR. "Snack Food", AVI Publ, 1997.
3. Samuel AM. "Snack Food Technology", AVI Publ. 1976.

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B.Tech (CE)– IV-I   **L   T   P   C**

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(19A54704a)   NUMERICAL METHODS FOR ENGINEERS
OPEN ELECTIVE-III
(ECE , CSE, IT & CIVIL)

Course objectives:

This course aims at providing the student with the knowledge on various numerical methods for solving equations, interpolating the polynomials, evaluation of integral equations and solution of differential equations.

UNIT-I:

Solution of Algebraic & Transcendental Equations:

Introduction-Bisection method-Iterative method-Regula falsi method-Newton Raphson method. System of Algebraic equations: Gauss Jordan method-Gauss Siedal method.

Learning Outcomes:

Students will be able to
- Calculate the roots of equation using Bisection method and Iterative method.
- Calculate the roots of equation using Regula falsi method and Newton Raphson method.
- Solve the system of algebraic equations using Gauss Jordan method and Gauss Siedal method.

UNIT-II:

Curve Fitting

Principle of Least squares- Fitting of curves- Fitting of linear, quadratic and exponential curves.

LearningOutcomes:

Students will be able to
- understand curve fitting
- understand fitting of several types of curves

UNIT-III:

Interpolation

Finite differences-Newton's forward and backward interpolation formulae – Lagrange's formulae. Gauss forward and backward formula, Stirling's formula, Bessel's formula.

Learning Outcomes:

Students will be able to
- Understand the concept of interpolation.
- Derive interpolating polynomial using newton's forward and backward formulae.
- Derive interpolating polynomial using lagrange's formulae.
- Derive interpolating polynomial using gauss forward and backward formulae.

UNIT-IV:
Numerical Integration
Numerical Integration: Trapezoidal rule – Simpson's 1/3 Rule – Simpson's 3/8 Rule

Learning Outcomes:

Students will be able to
- Solve integral equations using Simson's 1/3 and Simson's 3/8 rule.
- Solve integral equations using Trapezoidal rule.

UNIT-V:

Solution of Initial value problems to Ordinary differential equations
Numerical solution of Ordinary Differential equations: Solution by Taylor's series-Picard's
Method of successive Approximations-Modified Euler's Method-Runge-Kutta Methods.

Learning Outcomes:

Students will be able to
- Solve initial value problems to ordinary differential equations using Taylor's method.
- Solve initial value problems to ordinary differential equations using Euler's method and Runge Kutta methods.

Course Outcomes:

After the completion of course, students will be able to
- Apply numerical methods to solve algebraic and transcendental equations.
- Understand fitting of several kinds of curves.
- Derive interpolating polynomials using interpolation formulae.
- Solve differential and integral equations numerically.

Text Books:

1. B.S.Grewal, "Higher Engineering Mathematics", Khanna publishers.
2. Ronald E. "Probability and Statistics for Engineers and Scientists", Walpole,PNIE.
3. Erwin Kreyszig, "Advanced Engineering Mathematics", Wiley India

Reference Books:

1. B.V.Ramana, "Higher Engineering Mathematics", Mc Graw Hill publishers.
2. Alan Jeffrey, "Advanced Engineering Mathematics", Elsevier.

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B.Tech (CE)– IV-I   **L   T   P   C**

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(19A51704a) CHEMISTRY OF NANOMATERIALS AND APPLICATIONS

Course Objectives:

- To understand synthetic principles of Nanomaterials by various methods
- And also characterisae the synthetic nanomaterials by various instrumental methods
- To enumerate the applications of nanomaterials in engineering

Unit I:

Introduction**:** Scope of nanoscience and nanotecnology, nanoscience in nature, classification of nanostructured materials, importance of nano materials.

Synthetic Methods**:** Bottom-Up approach**:-** Sol-gel synthesis, microemulsions or reverse micelles, co-precipitation method, solvothermal synthesis, hydrothermal synthesis, microwave heating synthesis and sonochemical synthesis.

Learning Outcomes:

At the end of this unit, the students will be able to

- Classify the nanostructure materials (L2)
- Describe scope of nano science and technology (L2)
- Explain different synthetic methods of nano materials (L2)
- Identify the synthetic methods of nanomaterial which is suitable for preparation of particular material (L3)

UNIT-II

Top-Down approach:- Inert gas condensation, arc discharge method, aerosol synthesis, plasma arc technique, ion sputtering, laser ablation, laser pyrolysis, and chemical vapour deposition method, electrodeposition method, high energy ball milling.

Learning Outcomes:

At the end of this unit, the students will be able to

- Describe the top down approach (L2)
- Explain aerosol synthesis and plasma arc technique (L2)
- Differentiate chemical vapour deposition method and electrodeposition method (L2)
- Discuss about high energy ball milling (L3)

UNIT-III

Techniques for characterization: Diffraction technique, spectroscopy techniques, electron microscopy techniques for the characterization of nanomaterilas, BET method for surface area analysis, dynamic light scattering for particle size determination.

Learning Outcomes:

At the end of this unit, the students will be able to

- Discuss different technique for characterization of nanomaterial (L3)
- Explain electron microscopy techniques for characterization of nanomaterial (L3)
- Describe BET method for surface area analysis (L2)
- Apply different spectroscopic techniques for characterization (L3)

UNIT-IV

Studies of Nano-structured Materials: Synthesis, properties and applications of the following nanomaterials, fullerenes, carbon nanotubes, core-shell nanoparticles, nanoshells, self-assembled monolayers, and monolayer protected metal nanoparticles, nanocrystalline materials, magnetic nanoparticles and important properties in relation to nanomagnetic materials, thermoelectric materials, non-linear optical materials, liquid crystals.

Learning Outcomes:

At the end of this unit, the students will be able to

- Explain synthesis and properties and applications of nanaomaterials (L2)
- Discuss about fullerenes and carbon nanotubes (L3)
- Differentiate nanomagnetic materials and thermoelectric materials (L2)
- Describe liquid crystals (L2)

UNIT.V

Engineering Applications of Nanomaterials

Learning Outcomes:

At the end of this unit, the students will be able to

- Illustrate applications of nanaomaterials (L2)
- Discuss the magnetic applications of nanomaterials (L3)
- list the applications of non-linear optical materials   (L1)
- Describe the applications fullerenes, carbon nanotubes (L2)

Course Outcome

At the end of the course, the student will be able to:
- Understand the state of art synthesis of nano materials

- Characterize nano materials using ion beam, scanning probe methodologies, position sensitive atom probe and spectroscopic ellipsometry.
- Analyze nanoscale structure in metals, polymers and ceramics
- Analyze structure-property relationship in coarser scale structures
- Understand structures of carbon nano tubes

TEXT BOOKS:

1. **NANO: The Essentials :** T Pradeep, MaGraw-Hill, 2007.
2. **Textbook of Nanoscience and nanotechnology:** B S Murty, P Shankar, Baldev Rai, BB Rath and James Murday, Univ. Press, 2012.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. Concepts of Nanochemistry; Ludovico Cademrtiri and Geoffrey A. Ozin & Geoffrey A. Ozin, Wiley-VCH, 2011.
2. **Nanostructures & Nanomaterials; Synthesis, Properties & Applications:** Guozhong Cao, Imperial College Press, 2007.
3. **Nanomaterials Chemistry**, C. N. R. Rao, Achim Muller, K.Cheetham, Wiley-VCH, 2007.

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B.Tech (CE)– IV-I

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HUMANITIES ELECTIVE-II

(19A52701a)   ORGANISATIONAL BEHAVIOUR

Course Objectives :

The objectives of this course are
- To make the student understand about the organizational behavior
- To enable them to develop self motivation, leadership and management
- To facilitate them to become powerful leaders
- Impart knowledge about group dynamics
- To make them understand the importance of change and development

Syllabus

UNIT-I

Organizational Behavior - Introduction to OB - Meaning and definition, scope - Organizing Process – Making organizing effective - Understanding Individual Behavior – Attitude - Perception - Learning - Personality Types

Learning Outcomes:

After completion of this unit student will
- Understand the concept of Organizational Behavior
- Contrast and compare Individual & Group Behavior and attitude
- Analyze Perceptions
- Evaluate personality types

UNIT-II

Motivation and Leading - Theories of Motivation - Maslow's Hierarchy of Needs - Hertzberg's Two Factor Theory - Leading - Leading Vs Managing

Learning Outcomes:

After completion of this unit student will
- Understand the concept of Motivation
- Understand the Theories of motivation
- Explain how employees are motivated according to Maslow's Needs Hierarchy
- Compare and contrast leading and managing

UNIT-III

Leadership and Organizational Culture and Climate - Leadership - Traits Theory–Managerial Grid - Transactional Vs Transformational Leadership - Qualities of good Leader - Conflict Management - Evaluating Leader - Women and Corporate leadership.

Learning Outcomes:

After completion of this unit student will
- Know the concept of Leadership
- Contrast and compare Traits theory and Managerial Grid
- Know the difference between Transactional and Transformational Leadership
- Evaluate the qualities of good leaders
- Emerge as the good leader

UNIT – IV

Group Dynamics - Types of groups - Determinants of group behavior - Group process – Group Development - Group norms - Group cohesiveness - Small Groups - Group decision making - Team building - Conflict in the organization – Conflict resolution

Learning Outcomes:

After completion of this unit student will
- Know the concept of Group Dynamics
- Contrast and compare Group behavior and group development
- Analyze Group decision making
- Know how to resolve conflicts in the organization

UNIT - V

Organizational Change and Development - Organizational Culture - Changing the Culture – Change Management – Work Stress Management - Organizational management – Managerial implications of organization's change and development

Learning Outcomes:

- After completion of this unit student will
- Know the importance of organizational change and development
- Apply change management in the organization
- Analyze work stress management
- Evaluate Managerial implications of organization

Course outcomes:

At the end of the course, students will be able to
- Understand the nature and concept of Organizational behavior
- Apply theories of motivation to analyze the performance problems

- Analyze the different theories of leadership
- Evaluate group dynamics
- Develop as powerful leader

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Luthans, Fred, "Organisational Behaviour" , McGraw-Hill, 12 Th edition 2011 2. P Subba Rao, Organisational Behaviour, Himalya Publishing House 2017

REFERENCES BOOKS:

1. McShane, "Organizational Behaviour", TMH 2009
2. Nelson, "Organisational Behaviour", Thomson, 2009.
3. Robbins, P.Stephen, Timothy A. Judge, "Organisational Behaviour", Pearson 2009.
4. Aswathappa, "Organisational Behaviour", Himalaya, 2009

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B.Tech (CE)– IV-I   L   T   P   C
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(19A52701b)   MANAGEMENT SCIENCE

Course objectives :

The objectives of this course are
- To provide fundamental knowledge on Management, Administration, Organization & its concepts.
- To make the students understand the role of management in Production
- To impart the concept of HRM in order to have an idea on Recruitment, Selection, Training & Development, job evaluation and Merit rating concepts
- To create awareness on identify Strategic Management areas & the PERT/CPM for better Project Management
- To make the students aware of the contemporary issues in management

Syllabus

UNIT- I

NTRODUCTION TO MANAGEMENT

Management - Concept and meaning - Nature-Functions - Management as a Science and Art and both. Schools of Management Thought - Taylor's Scientific Theory-Henry Fayol's principles - Eltan Mayo's Human relations - Systems Theory - **Organisational Designs** - Line organization - Line & Staff Organization - Functional Organization - Matrix Organization - Project Organization - Committee form of Organization - Social responsibilities of Management.

Learning Outcomes:

At the end if the Unit, the learners will be able to
- Understand the concept of management and organization
- Apply the concepts & principles of management in real life industry.
- Analyze the organization chart & structure for an enterprise.
- Evaluate and interpret the theories and the modern organization theory.

UNIT II

OPERATIONS MANAGEMENT

Principles and Types of Plant Layout - Methods of Production (Job, batch and Mass Production), Work Study - Statistical Quality Control- Deming's contribution to Quality.

Material Management - Objectives - Inventory-Functions - Types, Inventory Techniques - EOQ-ABC Analysis - Purchase Procedure and Stores Management - **Marketing Management -** Concept - Meaning - Nature-Functions of Marketing - Marketing Mix - Channels of Distribution - Advertisement and Sales Promotion - Marketing Strategies based on Product Life Cycle.

Learning Outcomes:

At the end of the Unit, the learners will be able to
- Understand the core concepts of Management Science and Operations Management
- Apply the knowledge of Quality Control, Work-study principles in real life industry.
- Evaluate Materials departments & Determine EOQ
- Analyze Marketing Mix Strategies for an enterprise.
- Create and design advertising and sales promotion

UNIT III

HUMAN RESOURCES MANAGEMENT (HRM)

HRM - Definition and Meaning – Nature - Managerial and Operative functions - Evolution of HRM - Job Analysis - Human Resource Planning(HRP) - Employee Recruitment-Sources of Recruitment - Employee Selection - Process and Tests in Employee Selection - Employee Training and Development - On-the- job & Off-the-job training methods - Performance Appraisal Concept - Methods of Performance Appraisal – Placement - Employee Induction - Wage and Salary Administration

Learning Outcomes:

At the end if the Unit, the learners will
- Understand the concepts of HRM in Recruitment, Selection, Training & Development
- Apply Managerial and operative Functions
- Analyze the need of training
- Evaluate performance appraisal
- Design the basic structure of salaries and wages

UNIT IV STRATEGIC & PROJECT MANAGEMENT

Definition& Meaning - Setting of Vision - Mission - Goals - Corporate Planning Process - Environmental Scanning - Steps in Strategy Formulation and Implementation - SWOT Analysis - **Project Management -** Network Analysis - Programme Evaluation and Review Technique (PERT) - Critical Path Method (CPM) Identifying Critical Path - Probability of

Completing the project within given time - Project Cost- Analysis - Project Crashing (Simple problems).

Learning Outcomes:

At the end of the Unit, the learners will be able to
- Understand Mission, Objectives, Goals & strategies for an enterprise
- Apply SWOT Analysis to strengthen the project
- Analyze Strategy formulation and implementation
- Evaluate PERT and CPM Techniques
- Creative in completing the projects within given time

UNIT V

CONTEMPORARY ISSUES IN MANAGEMENT

The concept of Management Information System(MIS) - Materials Requirement Planning (MRP) - Customer Relations Management(CRM) - Total Quality Management (TQM) - Six Sigma Concept - Supply Chain Management(SCM) - Enterprise Resource Planning (ERP) - Performance Management - Business Process Outsourcing (BPO) - Business Process Re-engineering and Bench Marking - Balanced Score Card - Knowledge Management.

Learning Outcomes:

At the end if the Unit, the learners will be able to
- Understand modern management techniques
- Apply Knowledge in Understanding in modern
- Analyze CRM, MRP, TQM
- Evaluate Six Sigma concept and SCM

Course Outcomes:

At the end of the course, students will be able to
- Understand the concepts & principles of management and designs of organization in a practical world
- Apply the knowledge of Work-study principles & Quality Control techniques in industry
- Analyze the concepts of HRM in Recruitment, Selection and Training & Development.
- Evaluate PERT/CPM Techniques for projects of an enterprise and estimate time & cost of project & to analyze the business through SWOT.
- Create   Modern technology in management science.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. A.R Aryasri, "Management Science", TMH, 2013
2. Stoner, Freeman, Gilbert, Management, Pearson Education, New Delhi, 2012.

REFERENCES:

1. Koontz & Weihrich, "Essentials of Management", 6th edition, TMH, 2005.
2. Thomas N.Duening & John M.Ivancevich, "Management Principles and Guidelines", Biztantra.
3. Kanishka Bedi, "Production and Operations Management", Oxford University Press, 2004.
4. Samuel C.Certo, "Modern Management", 9th edition, PHI, 2005

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B.Tech (CE)– IV-I   **L T P C**
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(19A52701c)   BUSINESS ENVIRONMENT

Course Objectives :

The objectives of this course are
- To make the student understand about the business environment
- To enable them in knowing the importance of fiscal and monitory policy
- To facilitate them in understanding the export policy of the country
- Impart knowledge about the functioning and role of WTO
- Encourage the student in knowing the structure of stock markets

Syllabus

UNIT – I

An Overview of Business Environment – Types of Environment - Internal & External - Micro and Macro environment - Competitive structure of industries - Environmental analysis - Scope of business - Characteristics of business - Process & limitations of environmental analysis.

Learning Outcomes:

After completion of this unit student will
- Understand the concept of Business environment
- Explain various types of business environment
- Know about the environmental analysis of business
- Understand the business process

UNIT – II

FISCAL POLICY - Public Revenues - Public Expenditure - Public debt - Development activities financed by public expenditure - Evaluation of recent fiscal policy of Government of India - Highlights of Budget - **MONETARY POLICY** - Demand and Supply of Money – RBI -Objectives of monetary and credit policy - Recent trends - Role of Finance Commission.

Learning Outcomes:

After completion of this unit student will
- Understand the concept of public revenue and public Expenditure
- Explain the functions of RBI and its role
- Analyze the Monitory policy in India
- Know the recent trends and the role of Finance Commission in the development of our country

- Differentiate between Fiscal and Monitory Policy

UNIT – III

INDIA'S TRADE POLICY - Magnitude and direction of Indian International Trade - Bilateral and Multilateral Trade Agreements - EXIM policy and role of EXIM bank - **BALANCE OF PAYMENTS** – Structure & Major components - Causes for Disequilibrium in Balance of Payments - Correction measures.

Learning Outcomes:

After completion of this unit student will
- Understand the role of Indian international trade
- Understand and explain the need for Export and EXIM Policies
- Analyze causes for Disequilibrium and correction measure
- Differentiate between Bilateral and Multilateral Trade Agreements

UNIT – IV

WORLD TRADE ORGANIZATION - Nature and Scope - Organization and Structure - Role and functions of WTO in promoting world trade - Agreements in the Uruguay Round – TRIPS, TRIMS, and GATT - Disputes Settlement Mechanism - Dumping and Anti-dumping Measures.

Learning Outcomes:

After completion of this unit student will
- Understand the role of WTO in trade
- Analyze Agreements on trade by WTO
- Understand the Dispute Settlement Mechanism
- Compare and contrast the Dumping and Anti-dumping Measures.

UNIT – V

MONEY MARKETS AND CAPITAL MARKETS - Features and components of Indian financial systems - Objectives, features and structure of money markets and capital markets - Reforms and recent development – SEBI - Stock Exchanges - Investor protection and role of SEBI.

Learning Outcomes:

After completion of this unit student will
- Understand the components of Indian financial system
- Know the structure of Money markets and Capital markets
- Analyze the Stock Markets

- Apply the knowledge in future investments
- Understand the role of SEBI in investor protection.

Course Outcomes:

At the end of the course, students will be able to
- Understand various types of business environment.
- Understand the role of WTO
- Apply the knowledge of Money markets in future investment
- Analyze India's Trade Policy
- Evaluate fiscal and monitory policy
- Develop a personal synthesis and approach for identifying business opportunities

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Francis Cherunilam (2009), "International Business": Text and Cases, Prentice Hall of India.
2. K. Aswathappa, "Essentials of Business Environment": Texts and Cases & Exercises 13th Revised Edition.HPH2016.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. K. V. Sivayya, V. B. M Das (2009), Indian Industrial Economy, Sultan Chand Publishers, New Delhi, India.
2. Sundaram, Black (2009), International Business Environment Text and Cases, Prentice Hall of India, New Delhi, India.
3. Chari. S. N (2009), International Business, Wiley India.
4. E. Bhattacharya (2009), International Business, Excel Publications, New Delhi.

B.Tech (CE) – IV-I   L   T   P   C
                                                                                    3   0   0   3

(19A52701d)   STRATEGIC MANAGEMENT

Course objectives :

The objectives of this course are
- To introduce the concepts of strategic management and understand its nature in
- competitive and organizational landscape
- To provide an understanding of internal and external analysis of a firm/individual
- To provide understanding of strategy formulation process and frame work
- Impart knowledge of Corporate culture
- Encourage the student in understanding SWOT analysis BCG Matrix

Syllabus

UNIT: I

Introduction of Strategic Management: meaning, nature, importance and relevance. The Strategic Management Process: – Corporate, Business and Functional Levels of strategy. Vision, mission and purpose –Business definition, objectives and goals – Stakeholders in business and their roles in strategic management. Balance scorecard.

Learning Outcomes:

After completion of this unit student will
- Understand the meaning and importance of strategic management
- Explain Strategic Management Process and Corporate, Business
- Know about the Business definition, objectives and goals
- Understand Stakeholders their roles in strategic management

UNIT: II

External and Internal Analysis: The Strategically relevant components of a Company's External Environment Analysis, Industry Analysis - Porter's Five Forces model – Industry diving forces – Key Success Factors. Analyzing a company's resources and competitive position

Learning Outcomes:

After completion of this unit student will

- Understand the components of a Company's environment
- Explain External Environment Analysis, Industry Analysis
- Know how to analyze industry competition through the Porter's Five Forces model
- Analyze Key Success Factors in a company's competitive position

UNIT: III

Competitive Strategies: Generic Competitive Strategies: Low cost, Differentiation, Focus. Grand Strategies: Stability, Growth (Diversification Strategies, Vertical Integration Strategies, Mergers, Acquisition & Takeover Strategies, Strategic Alliances & Collaborative Partnerships), Retrenchment, Outsourcing Strategies. Tailoring strategy to fit specific industry – Life Cycle Analysis - Emerging, Growing, Mature & Declining Industries.

Learning Outcomes:

After completion of this unit student will
- Understand the Competitive Strategies
- Explain Stability, Growth Mergers, Acquisition & Takeover Strategies
- Know about the Retrenchment, Outsourcing Strategies
- Differentiate Life Cycle Analysis, Mature & Declining Industries

UNIT: IV

Strategy Implementation and control - Strategy implementation; Organization Structure – Matching structure and strategy. Behavioral issues in implementation – Corporate culture – Mc Kinsey's 7s Framework. Functional issues – Functional plans and policies – Financial, Marketing, Operations, Personnel, IT.

Learning Outcomes:

After completion of this unit student will
- Understand the Organization Structure
- Explain Matching structure and strategy
- Know about the Corporate culture
- Analyze Functional plans and policies

Unit: V
Strategy Evaluation: Strategy Evaluation – Operations Control and Strategic Control- Relationship between a Company's Strategy and its Business Model.- SWOT analysis – Value Chain Analysis –Benchmarking- Portfolio Analysis: BCG Matrix – GE 9 Cell Model.

Learning Outcomes:

After completion of this unit student will
- Understand the Operations Control and Strategic Control

- Explain Company's Strategy and its Business Model
- Know about the SWOT analysis
- Analyze BCG Matrix and GE 9 Cell Model

Course Outcomes:

At the end of the course, students will be able to
- Understand the relevance and importance of strategic management
- Explain industry driving forces
- Analyze the competitive strategy

- Evaluate strategy implementation and control
- Create SWOT Analysis

Suggested Text Books and References

TEXT BOOKS:
1. Arthur A. Thompson Jr., AJ Strickland III, John E Gamble, "Crafting and Executing Strategy", 18thedition, Tata McGraw Hill, 2012.
2. Subba Rao P, "Business Policy and Strategic Management" –HPH

REFERENCES:
1. Robert A. Pitts & David Lei, "Strategic Management: Building and Sustaining Competitive Advantage" 4thedition, Cengage Learning.
2. Hunger, J. David, "Essentials of Strategic Management" 5thedition, Pearson.
3. Ashwathappa, "Business Environment for Strategic Management", HPH.

B.Tech (CE)– IV-I   **L   T   P   C**
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(19A52701e)   E-BUSINESS

Course Objectives:

- To provide knowledge on emerging concept on E-Business related aspect.
- To understand various electronic markets models which are trending in India
- To give detailed information about electronic payment systems net banking.
- To exact awareness on internet advertising, market research strategies and supply chain management.
- To understand about various internet protocols-security related concept.

SYLLABUS

UNIT – I

Electronic Business: Definition of Electronic Business - Functions of Electronic Commerce (EC) - Advantages of E-Commerce – E-Commerce and E-Business Internet Services Online Shopping-Commerce Opportunities for Industries.

Learning Outcomes:

After completion of this unit student will
- Understand the concept of E-Business
- Contrast and compare E-Commerce E-Business
- Analyze Advantages of E-Commerce
- Evaluate opportunities of E-commerce for industry

UNIT – II

Electronic Markets and Business Models:E-Shops-E-Malls E-Groceries - Portals - Vertical Portals-Horizontal Portals - Advantages of Portals - Business Models-Business to Business(B2B)-Business to Customers(B2C)-Business to Government(B2G)-Auctions-B2B Portals in India

Learning Outcomes:

After completion of this unit student will
- Understand the concept of business models
- Contrast and compare Vertical portal and Horizontal portals
- Analyze Advantages of portals
- Explain the B2B,B2C and B2G model

UNIT – III

Electronic Payment Systems: Digital Payment Requirements-Designing E-payment System-Electronic Fund Transfer (EFT)-Electronic Data Interchange (EDT)-Credit Cards-Debit Cards-E-Cash-Electronic Cheques -Smart Cards-Net Banking-Digital Signature.

Learning Outcomes:

After completion of this unit student will
- Understand the Electronic payment system
- Contrast and compare EFT and EDT
- Analyze debit card and credit card
- Explain the on Digital signature

UNIT – IV

E-Security: Internet Protocols - Security on the Internet –Network and Website Security – Firewalls –Encryption – Access Control – Secure Electronic transactions.

Learning Outcomes:

After completion of this unit student will
- Understand E-Security
- Contrast and compare security and network
- Analyze Encryption
- Evaluate electronic transitions

UNIT – V

E-Marketing: Online Marketing – Advantages of Online Marketing – Internet Advertisement – Advertisement Methods – Conducting Online Online Market Research– Data mining and Marketing Research Marketing Strategy On the Web – E-Customer Relationship Management(e-CRM) –E- Supply Chain Management.(e-SCM) –New Trends in Supply Chain Management.

Learning Outcomes:

After completion of this unit student will
- Understand the concept of online marketing
- Analyze advantages of online marketing
- Compare the e-CRM and e-SCM
- Explain the New trends in supply chain management

 Course Outcomes:

- They will be able to identify the priority of E-Commerce in the present globalised world.
- Will be able to understand E-market-Models which are practicing by the organization
- Will be able to recognize various E-payment systems & importance of net banking.
- By knowing E-advertisement, market research strategies, they can identify the importance of customer role.
- By understanding about E-security, they can ensure better access control to secure the information.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. C.S.V Murthy "E-Commerce",Himalaya publication house, 2002.
2. P.T.S Joseph, "E-Commerce", 4thEdition, Prentice Hall of India 2011

REFERENCES:

1. KamaleshKBajaj,DebjaniNa, **"E-Commerce"**, 2nd Edition TataMcGrwHills 2005
2. Dave Chaffey – "E-Commerce E-Management", 2ndEdition, Pearson, 2012.
3. Henry Chan, "E-Commerce Fundamentals and Application", Raymond Lee,Tharm Wiley India 2007
4. S. Jaiswall"E-Commerce", Galgotia Publication Pvt Ltd 2003.

JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY ANANTAPUR

B.Tech (CE)– IV-I Sem   **L   T   P   C**

                                                       0   0   3   1.5

(19A01404P)   CONCRETE TECHNOLOGY LAB

Course Objectives:

- To find the various physical characteristics of cement, coarse and fine aggregates
- To find the various properties of green and hardened concrete.

List of Experiments:

1. Grading Curve of Coarse & Fine aggregates
2. Bulking of Fine aggregate
3. Specific gravity of Fine and coarse aggregate
4. Specific gravity, fineness, Initial and final setting times of Cement
5. Soundness and Compressive Strength test of Cement
6. Slump, compaction factor and Vee-Bee time tests on concrete.
7. Compressive and split tensile strength of concrete.
8. Non destructive tests on concrete (any two)

Course Outcomes:

At the end of the course, the student will be able

- To find the characteristics of fine and coarse aggregates
- To evaluate the properties of the binding materials for their suitability in building construction.
- To understand the workability behaviour of concrete through various tests
- To evaluate the strength of hardened concrete through destructive and non-destructive tests

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B.Tech (CE)– IV-I Sem   **L   T   P   C**
                                                               0   0   3   1.5

(19A01705)   COMPUTER AIDED DESING LAB

Course Objectives:

1) To make the student familiar with civil engineering softwares related to design and drawing

   CAD:
   SOFTWARE:
   STAAD PRO or Equivalent EXCERCISIES:
   1. 2-D Frame Analysis and Design
   2. Steel Tabular Truss Analysis and Design
   3. 3-D Frame Analysis and Design
   4. Retaining Wall Analysis and Design
   5. Simple tower Analysis and Design
   6. One Way Slab Analysis & Design
   7. Two Way Slab Analysis & Design
   8. Column Analysis & Design

   TEXT BOOK: 1.Computer Aided Design Lab Manual by Dr.M.N.Sesha Prakash And Dr.C.S.Suresh

Course Outcomes:

At the end of the course, the student will be able to

1) Design various civil engineering structural elements.

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B.Tech (CE)– IV-II   **L   T   P   C**
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(19A01801a1)   FINITE ELEMENT METHODS
PROFESSIONAL ELECTIVE-IV

Course Objectives

These are

- To introduce fundamentals of elasticity and steps involved in FEM.
- To describe element stiffness matrix formulation for 1D and 2D cases.
- To impart isoparametric formulation concepts.
- To teach formulation of stiffness matrix for axi-symmetric problems.
- To demonstrate numerical solution techniques used in FEM.

UNIT-I

Introduction:

Concepts of FEM – Steps involved – merits & demerits – energy principles – Discretization – Rayleigh –Ritz method of functional approximation. Principles of Elasticity: Equilibrium equations – strain displacement relationships in matrix form – Constitutive relationships for plane stress, plane strain and Axi-symmetric bodies of revolution with axi-symmetric loading.

Learning Outcomes:

After completion of this unit student will

- Update basic concepts of theory of elasticity
- Understand stages involved in FEM

UNIT-II

One Dimensional & Two Dimensional Elements: Stiffness matrix for bar element – shape functions – 1D and 2D elements – types of elements for plane stress and plane strain analysis – Displacement models – generalized coordinates – shape functions – convergent and compatibility requirements – Geometric invariance – Natural coordinate system – area and volume coordinates

Learning Outcomes:

After completion of this unit student will

- Study types of elements and their degrees of freedom
- Develop stiffness matrices for 1D and 2D elements.

UNIT-III

Element stiffness matrix:
Generation of element stiffness and nodal load matrices for 3-node triangular element and four -noded rectangular elements.

Learning Outcomes:

After completion of this unit student will
- Develop stiffness matrices for 3 noded triangular element and fournoded rectangular element.

UNIT-IV

Iso-parametric Formulation:
Iso-parametric elements for 2D analysis –formulation of CST element, 4 – noded and 8-noded iso-parametric quadrilateral elements –Lagrangian and Serendipity elements.AXI-SYMMETRIC ANALYSIS: Basic principles-Formulation of 4-noded iso-parametric axi-symmetric element.

Learning Outcomes:

After completion of this unit student will
- Study types of elements and their degrees of freedom
- Develop stiffness matrices for 2D and axisymmetric solution techniques.

UNIT-V

Solution techniques:
Numerical Integration, Static condensation, assembly of elements and solution techniques for static loads.

Learning Outcomes:

After completion of this unit student will
- Apply numerical solution techniques in FEM.

Course Outcomes

Upon completion of the course, the student will be able to
- Develop finite element formulations of 1D & 2D problems.
- Solve complex problems using FEM.
- Formulate isoparametric elements with different irregular boundaries.
- Implement solution techniques for higher order problems in practice.

- Apply concepts for carrying out research.
- Apply concepts for modeling of non-linear materials and geometry.

TEXT BOOK:

1. Tirupathi R Chandraputla, "Finite Element Analysis for Engineering and Technology", Universities Press Pvt Ltd, Hyderabad. 2003.
2. C. S. Krishna Murthy,"Finite Element analysis-Theory & Programming", Tata Mc.Graw Hill Publishers.

REFERENCES:

1. H.V. Lakshminaryana, "Finite element analysis and procedures in engineering", 3rd edition, Universities press, Hyderabad.
2. Robert D. Cook, Michael E Plesha, Concepts and applications of Finite Element Analysis, John Wiley & sons Publications
3. S. Rajasekharan, "Finite element analysis in Engineering Design", S. Chand Publications, New Delhi.

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B.Tech (CE)– IV-II   **L   T   P   C**
                                                      3   0   0   3

(19A01801a2)   ADVANCED R.C.C STRUCTURAL DESIGN
PROFESSIONAL ELECTIVE-IV

Course Objectives:

- To design and detailing of reinforcement of an interior panel of a flat slab
- To design a circular bunker with the detailing of reinforcement
- To design a concrete chimney with detailing of reinforcement.
- To design different elements of the circular and rectangular shape water tanks.
- To design and detailing of the reinforcement in the various members of the cantilever and counter fort retaining walls.

UNIT-I

Design of a flat slab(Interior panel only)

Learning Outcomes:

After completion of this unit student will
- To know the components of interior slab panel
- To understand the design procedure and detailing of reinforcement of interior panel of the flat slab

UNIT-II

Design of concrete bunkers of circular shape – (excluding staging) – Introduction to silos

Learning Outcomes:

After completion of this unit student will
- To know and understand the components of bunker
- To have a clear view of the design procedure and detailing of reinforcement of bunker

UNIT-III

Design of concrete chimney (excluding seismic loads)

Learning Outcomes:

After completion of this unit student will
- To have a comprehensive understanding of various forces acting on the chimney.
- To design the concrete chimney.

UNIT-IV

Design of circular and rectangular water tank resting on the ground

Learning Outcomes:

After completion of this unit student will
- To have a good understanding of design of water tanks resting on the ground.

UNIT-IV

Design of cantilever and counter forte retaining wall with horizontal back fill only.

Learning Outcomes:

After completion of this unit student will
- To know the applications of cantilever and counter forte retaining walls.
- To perform the stability analysis of the retaining walls
- To design and detailing of the cantilever and counter forte retaining walls

FINAL EXAMINATION

QUESTION PAPER PATTERN: The question paper shall consists of two parts. First part will be with 20 marks with 10 number of questions with each carrying 2 marks. Second part consists of two design questions of either or type from the above five units carrying 50marks.

NOTE: Relevant IS Codes may be permitted in the examination hall.

Course Outcomes

Upon completion of the course, the student will be able to
- Design and detail the flatslabs
- Design and detail bunkers and silos
- Design and detail concrete chimney
- Design and detail water tanks resting on the ground
- Design and detail cantilever and counterforte retaining walls

TEXT BOOKS:-

1. Krishnam Raju, "Structural Design and drawing (RCC and steel)" Universites .Press , New Delhi
3. Dr. B. C. Punmia, Ashok Kumar Jain, Arun Kumar Jain, R.C.C "Structures", Laxmi Publications, New Delhi
4. Varghese , "Advanced RCC", PHI Publications, New Delhi.

5. M.L.Gambhir "Design of RCC structures", P.H.I. Publications, New Delhi.

REFERENCE BOOKS:-

1. Sushil kumar , "R.C.C Designs standard" publishing house.
2. N.C.Sinha and S.K.Roy, "Fundamentals of RCC", S.Chand Publications, New Delhi.

B.Tech (CE)– IV-II   **L   T   P   C**
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(19A01801a3)   ADVANCED STEEL STRUCTURES
PROFESSIONAL ELECTIVE-IV

Course Learning Objectives

The objective of this course is:
- To impart knowledge on advanced topics of steel structures.
- To teach concepts of steel bridges.
- To insists the students to observe and practical construction of all steel structures.
- To teach the design concepts of steel water tanks.
- To demonstrate the functions of steel towers.

UNIT –I

BRIDGES: Classification-loadings-deck type welded plate girder bridges.

Learning Outcomes:

After completion of this unit student will
- To understand the functions of bridges and loading standards
- To design the deck type plate girder bridge.

UNIT –II

BEARINGS: Types of bearings-plate bearing- rocker bearing- roller bearing-knuckle pin bearing.

Learning Outcomes:

After completion of this unit student will
- To understand the functions of bearings
- To understand the types of bearings.

UNIT –III

WATER TANKS: Introduction-design of elevated circular and rectangular water tanks

Learning Outcomes:

After completion of this unit student will
- To identify different components of water tanks
- To understand the loads on water tanks.

- To design water tanks

UNIT –IV

PLATIC ANALYSIS: Introduction to plastic theory- conditions of plastic analysis- theorem of plastic analysis-shape factor – finding the collapse load for simple beams and single bay single storey frames.

Learning Outcomes:

After completion of this unit student will
- To understand the steel plastic behaviour
- To calculate the collapse load for beams and frames.

UNIT –V

STEEL FRAMES: Finding the moments in frames subjected to horizontal forces by portal method and cantilever method

Learning Outcomes:

After completion of this unit student will
- To find the magnitude of bending moments in steel frames.

Course Outcomes:

Upon the successful completion of this course, the students will be able to:
- Complete analysis and design of advanced steel structures.
- Able to design plate girder bridges and bridge bearings
- Able to design steel water tanks and able to find the bending moment in frames

TEXTBOOKS:

1. S.K.Duggal, "Limit state Design of steel structures", Mc graw hill Publishers
2. Ramchandra and Veerendra gahlote, "Limit state design of steel structures", Scientific publishers.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. N.Subramanyam "Design of steel structures", Oxford university press
2. L.S.Jayagopal and D.Tensing, "Design of steel structures", Vikas publishers.
3. Edwin H.Gaylord, Jr., Charles N.Geylord and James E. Stallmeyer "Desing of steel structures"   3rd edition- –Tata Mc Graw hill Edition.

B.Tech (CE)– IV-II   **L   T   P   C**
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(19A01801b1)   ADVANCED FOUNDATION ENGINEERING
PROFESSIONAL ELECTIVE-IV

Course Objectives:
- To impart how Meyerhof's general bearing capacity equations are important over Terzaghi's bearing capacity equation.
- To teach special methods of computation of settlements and the corrections to be applied to settlements and to understand the advanced concepts of design of pile foundations.
- To throw light on pile and mat foundation designs.
- To teach the difference between isolated and combined footings, the determination of bearing capacity of mats and proportioning of footings.

UNIT-I

Bearing capacity of Foundations using general bearing capacity equation – Meyerhof's, Brinch Hansen's and Vesic's methods- Bearing capacity of Layered Soils: Strong layer over weak layer, Weak layer on strong layer – Bearing capacity of foundations on a top of slope – Bearing capacity of foundations at the edge of the slope.

Learning Outcomes:

After completion of this unit student will
- Understand bearing capacity of soils
- Determine the bearing capacity of soils.

UNIT-II

Settlement analysis: Immediate settlement of footings resting on granular soils – Schmertmann & Hartman method – De Beer and Martens method - Immediate settlement in clays – Janbu's method – correction for consolidation settlement using Skempton and Bjerrum's method – Correction for construction period.

Learning Outcomes:

After completion of this unit student will
- Understand settlement analysis by various methods.
- Study corrections for construction period

UNIT-III

Mat foundations – Purpose and types of isolated and combined footings – Mats/ Rafts – Proportioning of footings – Ultimate bearing capacity of mat foundations – allowable bearing capacity of mats founded in clays and granular soils – compensated rafts- annular foundations.

Learning Outcomes:

After completion of this unit student will
- List out various types of footings
- Design mat foundation

UNIT-IV

Earth-retaining structures – cantilever sheet piles – anchored bulkheads – fixed and free earth support methods – design of anchors – braced excavations – function of different components – forces in ties – Basal heaving stability against bottom heave.

Learning Outcomes:

After completion of this unit student will
- Explain need and importance of earth retaining structures
- Design of earth retaining structures according to stability concepts.

UNIT-V

Pile foundations – single pile versus group of piles – load-carrying capacity of pile groups – negative skin friction (NSF) -settlement of pile groups in sands and clays – laterally loaded piles in granular soils – Reese and Matlock method – laterally loaded piles in cohesive soils – Davisson and Gill method – Broms' analysis.

Learning Outcomes:

After completion of this unit student will
- Explain conditions for adopting pile foundations
- Design piles and pile caps in different soils.

Course Outcomes:
Upon successful completion of this course, student will be able to
- Compute the safe bearing capacity of footings subjected to vertical and inclined loads.
- Understand the advanced methods of settlement computations and proportion foundation footings.
- Judging the methods of computing the pull-out capacity and negative skin friction of piles and compute the settlements of pile groups in clays.
- Evaluate the problems posed by expansive soils and the different foundation practices devised.
- Judging the difference between isolated footings and combined footings and mat foundations.

TEXT BOOKS:
1. J. E. Bowles " Foundation Analysis and Design", John Wiley
2. V. N. S. Murthy, "Soil Mechanics and Foundation Engineering", CBS Publishers

REFERENCES:

1. W.C. Teng, "Foundation Design", Prentice Hall Publishers
2. C. Venkataramiah, "Geotechnical Engineering", New age International Pvt . Ltd, (2002).
3. Bowles, J.E., "Foundation Analysis and Design", 4th Edition, McGraw-Hill Publishing Company, Newyork. (1988)
4. Poulos, H. G., and Davis, E. H., Pile "Foundation Analysis and Design", John Wiley, 1980.

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B.Tech (CE)– IV-II   **L   T   P   C**

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(19A01801b2)   SOIL STRUCTURE INTERACTION
PROFESSIONAL ELECTIVE-IV

Purpose to understand the mechanism of soils, their interactive behavior, analysis, its influences in the design parameters through design charts and software packages.

INSTRUCTIONAL OBJECTIVES

- To understand the soil behavior and the methods to analyze the models
- To solve the problems for beam and plate on elastic medium.
- To analyze the pile for its settlement and load distribution.

UNIT I

SOIL-FOUNDATION INTERACTION:
Introduction to soil - Foundation interaction problems, Soil behavior, Foundation behavior, Interface, behavior, Scope of soil-foundation interaction analysis, soil response models, Winkler, Elastic continuum, Two parameter elastic models, Elastic plastic behavior, Time dependent behavior.

Learning Outcomes:

After completion of this unit student will
- Understand the behavior of the foundations.
- Understand the models for soil structure interactions.

UNIT II

BEAM ON ELASTIC FOUNDATION - SOIL MODELS: Infinite beam, Two parameters, Isotropic elastic half space, Analysis of beams of finite length, Classification of finite beams in relation to their stiffness.

Learning Outcomes:

After completion of this unit student will
- Design shallow foundations, assuming it as a finite beam.
- Calculate the bending moments and shear forces.

UNIT III

PLATE ON ELASTIC MEDIUM: Infinite plate, Winkler, Two parameters, Isotropic elastic medium, Thin and thick plates, Analysis of finite plates, rectangular and circular plates, Numerical analysis of finite plates, simple solutions.

Learning Outcomes:

After completion of this unit student will
- Design shallow foundations, assuming it as a plate resting on elastic meduim.
- Calculate the bending moments and shear forces.

UNIT IV

ELASTIC ANALYSIS OF PILE: Elastic analysis of single pile, Theoretical solutions for settlement and load distribution, Analysis of pile group, Interaction analysis, Load distribution in groups with rigid cap.

Learning Outcomes:

After completion of this unit student will
- To understand the behavior of pile foundations supported by elastic medium.

UNIT V

LATERALLY LOADED PILE:

Load deflection prediction for laterally loaded piles, sub-grade reaction and elastic analysis, Interaction analysis, and pile raft system, solutions through influence charts.

Learning Outcomes:

After completion of this unit student will
- To understand the behavior of lateral loaded piles supported by elastic medium.

Course Outcomes:

Upon successful completion of this course, student will be able to
- Understand the foundation behavior
- Analyze the beams resting on elastic foundation.
- Behavior of plates on elastic foundation.
- Have the knowledge of design of laterally loaded piles.

REFERENCES BOOKS:

 1. Hemsley.J.A, "Elastic Analysis of Raft Foundations", Thomas Telford, 1998.

2. McCarthy, D.F, "Essentials of Soil Mechanics and Foundations", basic geotechnics (6th Edition), Prentice Hall, 2002.

3. Selvadurai.A.P.S, "Elastic Analysis of Soil Foundation Interaction", Elsevier, 1979.

4. Poulos.H.G and Davis.E.H, "Pile Foundation Analysis and Design", John Wiley, 1980.

5. Scott.R.F, "Foundation Analysis", Prentice Hall, 1981.

6. "Structure Soil Interaction" - State of Art Report, Institution of structural Engineers, 1978.

7. ACI 336, "Suggested Analysis and Design Procedures for Combined Footings and Mats", American Concrete Institute, Dehit, 1988

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B.Tech (CE)– IV-II   L   T   P   C
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(19A01801c1)   ENVILRONMENTAL IMPACT ASSESSMENT
PROFESSIONAL ELECTIVE-IV

Course Objectives:
- To impart knowledge on different concepts of Environmental Impact Assessment
- To teach procedures of risk assessment
- To teach the EIA methodologies and the criterion for selection of EIA methods
- To teach the procedures for environmental clearances and audit

UNIT –I:
Concepts and methodologies of EIA
Initial environmental Examination, Elements of EIA, - factors affecting E-I-A Impact evaluation and analysis, preparation of Environmental Base map, Classification of environmental parameters- Criteria for the selection of EIA Methodology, E I A methods, Ad-hoc methods, matrix methods, Network method Environmental Media Quality Index method, overlay methods and cost/benefit Analysis.

Learning Outcomes:

After completion of this unit student will
- Understand the elements of EIA.
- Explain the criteria for selection of EIA methodology

UNIT – II

Impact of Developmental Activities and Land Use
Introduction and Methodology for the assessment of soil and ground water, Delineation of study area, Identification of actives. Procurement of relevant soil quality, Impact prediction, Assessment of Impact significance, Identification and Incorporation of mitigation measures. E I A in surface water, Air and Biological environment: Methodology for the assessment of Impacts on surface water environment, Air pollution sources, Generalized approach for assessment of Air pollution Impact.

Learning Outcomes:

After completion of this unit student will
- Study the factors causing impact of development activities
- Decide mitigation measures of pollution on environment

UNIT –III

Assessment of Impact on Vegetation, Wildlife and Risk Assessment

Introduction - Assessment of Impact of development Activities on Vegetation and wildlife, environmental Impact of Deforestation – Causes and effects of deforestation - Risk assessment and treatment of uncertainty-key stages in performing an Environmental Risk Assessment-advantages of Environmental Risk Assessment

Learning Outcomes:

After completion of this unit student will
- Understand effect of development activities on environment.
- Know the design procedures for assessment of environmental risk

UNIT – IV

Environmental audit:
Introduction - Environmental Audit & Environmental legislation objectives of Environmental Audit, Types of environmental Audit, Audit protocol, stages of Environmental Audit, onsite activities, evaluation of Audit data and preparation of Audit report.

Learning Outcomes:

After completion of this unit student will
- Learn about the process of environmental auditing.
- Understand procedures for preparation of environmental audit report

UNIT – V

Environmental Acts and Notifications:
The Environmental protection Act, The water preservation Act, The Air (Prevention & Control of pollution Act), Wild life Act - Provisions in the EIA notification, procedure for environmental clearance, procedure for conducting environmental impact assessment report-evaluation of EIA report. Environmental legislation objectives, evaluation of Audit data and preparation of Audit report. Post Audit activities, Concept of ISO and ISO 14000.

Learning Outcomes:

After completion of this unit student will

- Understand the importance of environmental protection acts
- Explain acts and notifications in Environmental legislation

Course Outcomes

At the end of the course, the students will be able to:
- Prepare EMP, EIS, and EIA report.
- Identify the risks and impacts of a project.
- Choose an appropriate EIA methodology.
- Evaluation the EIA report.

- Estimate the cost benefit ratio of a project.
- Know the role of stakeholder and public hearing in the preparation of EIA.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Canter Larry W., "Environmental Impact Assessment", McGraw-Hill education Edi (1996)
2. Y. Anjaneyulu, "Environmental Impact Assessment Methodologies", B. S. Publication, Hyderabad.

REFERENCES:

1. Peavy, H. S, Rowe, D. R, Tchobanoglous, "Environmental Engineering", G.Mc-Graw Hill International Editions, New York 1985
2.J. Glynn and Gary W. Hein Ke, "Environmental Science and Engineering", Prentice Hall Publishers
3. Suresh K. Dhaneja, "Environmental Science and Engineering", S.K., Katania & Sons Publication, New Delhi.
4. H. S. Bhatia, " Environmental Pollution and Control", Galgotia Publication (P) Ltd, Delhi

JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY ANANTAPUR

B.Tech (CE)– IV-II   L   T   P   C
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(19A01801c2)   ENVILRONMENTAL ECONOMICS
PROFESSIONAL ELECTIVE-IV

Course Objectives:

- To impart knowledge on sustainable development and economics of energy
- To teach regarding environmental degradation and economic analysis of degradation
- To inculcate the knowledge of economics of pollution and their management
- To demonstrate the understanding of cost benefit analysis of environmental resources
- To make the students to understand principles of economics of biodiversity

UNIT– I

Sustainable Development: Introduction to sustainable development - Economy-Environment inter-linkages - Meaning ofsustainable development - Limits to growth and the environmental Kuznets curve – Thesustainability debate - Issues of energy and the economics of energy – Nonrenewable energy,scarcity, optimal resources, backstop technology, property research, externalities, and theconversion of uncertainty.

Learning Outcomes:

After completion of this unit student will
- Understand the importance of sustainable development, environmental linkages etc.,
- Understand the issues of energy and their economics

UNIT– II

 Environmental Degradation: Economic significance and causes of environmental degradation - The concepts of policy failure,externality and market failure - Economic analysis of environmental degradation – Equi –marginalprinciple.

Learning Outcomes:

After completion of this unit student will
- To understand the principles of environmental degradation and its economic analysis

UNIT– III

Economics of Pollution: Economics of Pollution - Economics of optimal pollution, regulation, monitoring andenforcement - Managing pollution using existing markets: Bargaining solutions – Managingpollution through market intervention: Taxes, subsidies and permits.

Learning Outcomes:

After completion of this unit student will
- To understand the basics of economics of pollution and its economics

UNIT– IV

Cost – Benefit Analysis: Economic value of environmental resources and environmental damage - Concept of TotalEconomic Value - Alternative approaches to valuation – Cost-benefit analysis and discounting.

Learning Outcomes:

After completion of this unit student will
- To know about the cost benefit analysis and discounting

UNIT – V

Economics of biodiversity: Economics of biodiversity conservation - Valuing individual species and diversity of species -Policy responses at national and international levels. Economics of Climate Change – strenReport

Learning Outcomes:

After completion of this unit student will
- To understand the importance of biodiversity and economics of climate changes

Course Objectives:

- After the completion of the course, the students will be able to know
- The information on sustainable development and economics of energy
- The information regarding environmental degradation and economic analysis of degradation
- The identification of economics of pollution and their management
- The cost benefit analysis of environmental resources
- The principles of economics of biodiversity

Reference Books:

1. D.W. Pearce, A. Markandya and E.B. Barbier " Blueprint for a Green Economy",Earthscan, London.(1989),
2. R.K. Turner, D.W. Pearce and I. Bateman "Environmental Economics: AnElementary Introduction", Harvester Wheatsheaft, London. (1994),

3. D.W. Pearce and R.K. Turner "Economics of Natural Resources and theEnvironment", Harvester Wheatsheaf, London. (1990),

4. Michael S. Common and Michael Stuart "Environmental and ResourceEconomics: An Introduction", 2nd Edition, Harlow: Longman.(1996),

5. Roger Perman, Michael Common, Yue Ma and James McGilvray "NaturalResource and Environmental Economics", 3rd Edition, Pearson Education.(2003),

6. N. Hanley, J. Shogren and B. White "An Introduction to EnvironmentalEconomics", Oxford University Press.(2001),

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(19A01801d1)   DOCKS AND HARBOR ENGINEERING
PROFESSIONAL ELECTIVE-III

Course Objectives:

The course will address the following:
- To teach Water Transportation in India
- To impart knowledge on water waves and effects on harbour and structure design
- To Develop facilities that are required for setting up of a port
- To Plan ports for effective cargo handling and economical considerations

UNIT – I
Water Transportation:

Scope, Merits, Developments of Water Transportation in India, Inland Waterways, River, Canal, Inland water Transportation, Development of Port & Harbors, Harbor Classification, Site Selection – Classification of ports .

Learning Outcomes:

After completion of this unit student will
- Classify Harbors and Ports.
- Explain development of ports and harbors

UNIT – II

Natural Phenomena: Wind, Ties, Water waves, Wave Decay & Ports, Wave Diffraction Breaking, Reflection, Littoral Drift, Sedimentation Transport, Effects on Harbor and Structure Design

Learning Outcomes:

After completion of this unit student will
- Understand effects of natural forces
- Understand conditions for the design of harbors

UNIT – III

Harbor Infrastructure:
Types of Break Waters, Jetty, Dock Fenders, Wharves, Dolphin Mooring Accessories, Repair Facilities, Wet Docks, Lift Docks, Dry Docks, Gates for Graving Docks, Floating Docks, Slipways, Locks and Gates

Learning Outcomes:

After completion of this unit student will
- Understand components of harbor.
- Differentiate between Docks and Other Components.

UNIT – IV

Port Facility:
Transit Shed, Warehouses, Cargo Handling, Container Handling, Inland Pot Facility, Navigational Aids, Types, Requirements of Signals, Lighthouses, Bean lights, Buoys, Dredging & Coastal protection, Types of Dredges, Choices, Usage of Dredge Material, Sea Wall Protection, Sea Wall Revetments, Bulkhead.

Learning Outcomes:

After completion of this unit student will
- Knowledge on facilities to be developed in port for navigation.
- Understanding importance of dredging.

UNIT – V

Planning of Ports:
Regional and Intercontinental Transportation Development, Forecasting Cargo & Passenger Demand, Regional Connectivity, Cargo Handling, Capacity Of Port, Economic Evaluation Of Port Projects, Impact Of Port Activities.

Learning Outcomes:

After completion of this unit student will
- Study the connectivity of ports.
- Understand cargo handling facilities.

Course outcomes:

Upon the successful completion of this course, the students will be able to:
- Enhance the knowledge on Docks and Harbour Engineering for water transportation in the context of regional and intercontinental transportation.
- Know techniques of planning and designing the Infrastructures required for Harbour and Port area.
- Analyze cargo and passenger demand forecasting cargo handling capacity of ports and economic evaluation of port project.
- Understand environmental and other impact impended due to water transportation and port activities.

TEXT BOOKS

1. C.Venkataramaiah., "Transportation Engineering (Vol – II)", Universities Press Pvt Ltd, Hyderabad.
2. Bindra, S.P, "A Course in Docks and Harbor Engineering", Dhanpat Rai and Sons, New Delhi, India, 1992.

REFERENCES

1. R. Srinivasa Kumar, "Transportation Engineering: Railways, Airports, Docks and Harbors", Universities Press Pvt Ltd, Hyderabad. 2014.
2. Alozo Def. Quinn, "Design and Construction of Ports and Marine Structures", McGraw-Hill Book Company, New York
3. Srinivasan R., "Docks & Tunnel Engineering", Charotar Publishing House, Anand.
4. V.N. Vazirani and S.P. Chandola, "Docks and Harbour Engineering" – Text book of Transport Engineering Vol. II, Khanna Publishers, New Delhi.

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(19A01801d2)   TRAFFIC ANALYSIS
PROFESSIONAL ELECTIVE-II

Course Objective:

- To teach the application of statistical distributions for Traffic Data Analysis.
- To introduce queuing theory and its applications to traffic.
- To make the students understand, types of pedestrian crossing facilities and warrants associated.
- To introduce the concept of shock wave theory and its applications in bottle neck analysis.
- To make the students to understand the concept of simulation and steps involved.

UNIT-I:

Traffic Flow Description: Types Of Statistical Distributions; Discrete And Continuous Distributions; Counting And Interval Distributions Used In Traffic Analysis; Poisson's Distribution For Vehicle Arrivals; Headway Distributions – Exponential Distribution; Shifted Exponential Distribution; Erlang Distribution; Composite Distribution. Numerical Exercises.

Learning Outcomes:

After completion of this unit student will
- Apply the statistical distribution for given traffic situation.
- Comprehend the difference between the various distribution.

UNIT-II:

Queuing Theory: M/M/1 & D/D/I   System:
Introduction To Queuing Theory; Notation Used For Describing A Queue System; Analysis Of M/M/1 System; Assumptions And Derivation Of System State Equations; Application Of M/M/1 Analysis For Parking Garages And Toll Plazas- Numerical Examples.
Queuing Theory - D/D/1 System: Traffic Interruptions Like Accidents Or Bottlenecks; Analysis Of D/D/1 System For Delay Characteristics; Traffic Signal Analysis As D/D/1 System; Computation Of Delays And Queue Dissipation Time – Numerical Examples.

Learning Outcomes:

After completion of this unit student will
- Apply different Queuing systems to traffic analysis.
- Differentiate between various Queuing systems.

UNIT-III:

Pedestrian Delays And Gaps: Pedestrian Gap Acceptance And Delays; Concept Of Blocks, Anti-Blocks, Gaps And Non-Gaps; Underwood's Analysis For Pedestrian Delays; Warrants For Pedestrian Crossing Facilities – Minimum Vehicular Volume Warrant, Minimum Pedestrian Volume Warrant, Maximum Pedestrian Volume Warrant.

Learning Outcomes:

After completion of this unit student will
- Understand pedestrian Gap acceptance behavior.
- Analyze the pedestrian flow based on warrants.

UNIT-IV:

Shockwave Theory: Concept Of Shockwave; Causes For Traffic Interruptions And Shockwaves; Flow-Density Diagram Use In Shockwave Analysis; Use Of Time-Space Diagram For Shockwave Description; Bottleneck Situations And Shockwaves; Traffic Signal And Shockwave Theory; Numerical Examples For Application Of Shockwave Theory.

Learning Outcomes:

After completion of this unit student will
- Understand the concept of shockwave theory.
- Analyze bottlenecks using shockwave theory.

UNIT-V:

Traffic Simulation:
Introduction To Simulation; Need For Simulation Modeling; Steps In Simulation; Interval Oriented And Event Oriented Simulation; Use Of Random Numbers In Simulation; Random Number Generation Methods; Computing Headways And Arrival Times Based On Random Numbers;
Basic Concepts Of Simulation Modeling Application For Signalised Intersections, Pedestrian Crossings And Transit Scheduling.

Learning Outcomes:

After completion of this unit student will
- Appreciate the steps in simulation process.
- Apply Simulation techniques for traffic analysis.

Course Outcomes

At the end of the course, the students will be able to:

- Understand and appreciate the application of statistical distribution for traffic analysis.
- Apply queueing theory for traffic analysis and to understand various queueing systems.
- Analyze pedestrian gap acceptance behavior and to apply underwood's warrants.
- Understand shockwave theory and to analyze the bottleneck situation using shockwave theory.
- Learn simulation technique basics and to apply them for traffic analysis.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. A Monograph , "Traffic Flow Theory": TRB Special Report 165
2. C.S.Papacostas, "Fundamentals Of Transportation Engineering", Prentice Hall India Publication.

REFERENCES:

1. F.L.Mannering & W.P.Kilareski, Principles Of Highway Engineering And Traffic Analysis, John Wiley Publishers.
2. A.D.May, "Traffic Flow Fundamentals", Prentice Hall India Publication
3. Mcshane & Rogers, "Fundamentals Of Traffic Engineering", pearsons Publishers.

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(19A01801e1)   DESIGN AND DRAWING OF IRRIGATION STRUCTURES
PROFESSIONAL ELECTIVE-IV

Course Objective:
To know the design and drawing aspects of
- Sloping glacis weir.
- Tank sluice with tower head
- Type III Syphon aqueduct.
- Surplus weir.
- Trapezoidal notch fall.
- Canal regulator.

Final Examination pattern: Any two questions of the above six designs may be asked out of which the candidate has to answer one question. The duration of examination will be three hours.

Course Outcomes:

- On completion of the course, the students will be able to:
- Design and draw the plan and cross section of Sloping glacis weir.
- Design and draw the plan and cross section of Tank sluice with tower head
- Design and draw the plan and cross section of Type III Syphon aqueduct.
- Design and draw the plan and cross section of Surplus weir.
- Design and draw the plan and cross section of Trapezoidal notch fall.
- Design and draw the plan and cross section of Canal regulator.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. C.Satyanarayana Murthy, "Design of minor irrigation and canal structures", Wiley eastern Ltd.
2. S.K.Garg, "Irrigation engineering and Hydraulic structures Standard"

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(19A01801e2)   WATER SHED MANAGEMENT

Course Objectives:

This course
- Demonstrates Principles of Watershed Management
- Explains River basin Watershed Management Practices
- Imparts knowledge on conservation of water and its reuses
- Teaches the sustainable watershed approach
- Inculcates the knowledge of rainwater harvesting and GIS applications

UNIT I

Principles of Watershed Management: Basics concepts, Hydrology and water availability, Surface water, Groundwater, Conjunctive use, Human influences in the water resources system, Water demand, Integrated water resources system

Learning Outcomes:

After completion of this unit student will
- Demonstrates role of principles of watershed management
- Gives an insight into the water demand and human influences on water resources etc.,

UNIT II

River basin Watershed Management Practices in Arid and Semi-arid Regions, Watershed management through wells, Management of water supply - Case studies, short term and long term strategic planning

Learning Outcomes:

After completion of this unit student will
- Gives the knowledge of watershed management in different regions
- Gives an insight into the case studies, short and long term strategic planning

UNIT III

Conservation of Water: Perspective on recycle and reuse, Waste water reclamation Social Aspects of Watershed Management: Community participation, Private sector participation, Institutional issues, Socio-economy, Integrated development, Water legislation and implementations, Case studies

Learning Outcomes:

After completion of this unit student will
- Gives the knowledge of conservation of water
- Gives an insight into the aspects of watershed management, water legislation and implementations

UNIT IV

Sustainable Watershed Approach: Sustainable integrated watershed management, natural resources management, agricultural practices, integrated farming, Soil erosion and conservation

Learning Outcomes:

After completion of this unit student will
- Gives the knowledge on sustainable watershed management approach
- Gives an insight into the agricultural practices, soil erosion and conservation

UNIT V

Water Harvesting: Rainwater management - conservation, storage and effective utilisation of rainwater, Structures for rainwater harvesting, roof catchment system, check dams, aquifer storage Applications of Geographical Information System and Remote Sensing in Watershed Management, Role of Decision Support System in Watershed Management

Learning Outcomes:

After completion of this unit student will
- Gives the knowledge of rainwater harvesting management
- Gives an insight into the role of GIS in the watershed management

Course Outcomes:

At the end of this course, the students will be able to:
- Know the basic principles of watershed management**.**
- Know the river basin management practices
- Understand better different approaches for conservation of water**.**
- Identify sustainable watershed approach for resources management, prevention of soil erosion etc**.,**
- Different methods of rainwater harvesting management systems and role of GIS**.**

Text Book:

1. Murthy, J.V.S., "Watershed Management in India", Wiley Eastern, New Delhi, 1994.

References:

1. Murty, J.V.S., "Watershed Management", New Age Intl., New Delhi 1998.
2. Allam, G.I.Y., "Decision Support System for Integrated Watershed Management", ColoradoState University, 1994.
3. Vir Singh, R., "Watershed Planning and Management", Yash Publishing House, Bikaner, 2000.
4. American Society of Civil Engineers, Watershed Management, American Soc. of Civil Engineers, New York, 1975

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(19A01801e3) SUSTAINABLE WATER RESOURCES DEVELOPMENT
PROFESSIONAL ELECTIVE-IV

Course Objectives:

This course
- Demonstrates Role of water in National Development
- Explains Water Resources Systems Analysis
- Imparts on Evaluation and monitoring of water quality and management of water distribution networks
- Teachs different methods for water balancing
- Visualizes Interstate Water Dispute Acts

UNIT I

Introduction:

Water Resources Potential, Demand and Development -Role of water in National Development - Assessment of Water Resources of the country - River Basins - Hydro-meteorological and Hydrological Data. Assessment of Utilizable flows - Conventional and non-conventional methods - Estimation of Water need- National Water Policy. Conjunctive use of surface and ground water. Future Water Requirements - Scope of development.

Learning Outcomes:

After completion of this unit student will
- Demonstrate role of water in national development
- Assess water resources in country
- Estimate future water need

UNIT II

Water Resources Planning and Project Formulation- Water Resources Planning - Single and Multipurpose Projects - Project Formulation, Comparison of Alternatives - Cost Benefit Analysis. Cost Allocation among various purposes. Water Resources Systems Analysis - Optimization Approaches.

Learning Outcomes:

After completion of this unit student will
- Understand the planning requirements of a irrigation project.

- Compare alternative methods based on cost aspects
- Optimization of approaches

UNIT III

Environmental Aspects of Integrated water Resources Development -Evaluation and monitoring of water quality and management of water distribution networks for Irrigation, Flood control and Power generation - Catchment Treatment and Watershed Management. Command Area Development - Resettlement and Rehabilitation.

Learning Outcomes:

After completion of this unit student will
- Evaluate and monitor water quality
- Design distribution networks for irrigation flood control and power generation

UNIT IV

Management Strategies for Excess and Deficit Water Balances
Flood Control & Management - Various methods of Control - Administrative Planning - Management Programs and Flood Cushioning -Structural Methods. Non-structural Methods - Flood forecasting & Warning, Flood plain zoning and Flood proofing. Drought Prone Area Development - Soil Conservation Methods.

Learning Outcomes:

After completion of this unit student will
- Understand the water management strategies
- Explain flood forecasting and planning
- Develop procedure to meet requirements in drought prone area

UNIT V

Riparian Rights and Inter Basin Linking of Rivers - Indian Scenario - Various Proposals and their Status - Dr. K. L. Rao's Proposal, Capt. Dastur's Garland Canal, National Perspective Plan, NWDA Link and Peninsular Rivers Development Component - Overall Benefits and Major constraints. Water Laws of India - Regulating Authorities - Interstate Water Dispute Acts - River Water Tributes - Cauvery, Krishna Godavari and Vamsadahra Tribunals.

Learning Outcomes:

After completion of this unit student will
- Understand importance of interlinking of rivers
- Explain water laws of India
- Study interstate water disputes and arrive at feasible solutions

Course Outcomes:

At the end of this course, the students will be able to:
- Estimate Water need**.**
- Develop Water Resources Planning**.**
- Explain roll of Regulating Authorities**.**
- Design Catchment Treatment and Watershed Management**.**
- Understand Rights and Inter Basin Linking of Rivers**.**

TEXT BOOKS:

1. S K Sharma, "A Textbook Of Irrigation Engineering and Hydraulic Structures", S. Chand and Company Limited, New Delhi
2. R. L. Linsley & J. B. Fragini, "Water Resource Engineering": MCgrohly

REFERENCES:

1. P. N. Modi, "Irrigation and Water Resources & Water Power", Standard Book House.
2. A.S. Gordman, "Principles of Water Resource engineering":
3. S. K. Garg, "Irrigation engineering and Hydraulic structures", Standard Book House.
4. Punmia & Lal, "Irrigation and water power engineering", Laxmi Publications pvt. Ltd., New Delhi.

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(19A02802a) IoT APPLICATIONS IN ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING

(OE-IV)

Course Objectives:

- To learn about a few applications of Internet of Things
- To distinguish between motion less and motion detectors as IoT applications
- To know about Micro Electro Mechanical Systems (MEMS) fundamentals in design and fabrication process
- To understand about applications of IoT in smart grid
- To introduce the new concept of Internet of Energy for various applications

UNIT-I:

Sensors

Definitions, Terminology, Classification, Temperature sensors, Thermoresistive, Resistance, temperature detectors, Silicon resistive thermistors, Semiconductor, Piezoelectric, Humidity and moisture sensors. Capacitive, Electrical conductivity, Thermal conductivity, time domain reflectometer, Pressure and Force sensors: Piezoresistive, Capacitive, force, strain and tactile sensors, Strain gauge, Piezoelectric

Learning Outcomes:

After completing this Unit, students will be able to
- To know about basic principles of sensors and their classification
- To learn about various motion less sensors
- To understand about Piezoelectric sensor applications to detect temperature, pressure etc.
- To understand about Capacitive sensors to detect temperature, force and pressure etc.
- To know about concepts of tactile sensors, for a few applications

UNIT-II:

Occupancy and Motion detectors

Capacitive occupancy, Inductive and magnetic, potentiometric - Position, displacement and level sensors, Potentiometric, Capacitive, Inductive, magnetic velocity and acceleration sensors, Capacitive, Piezoresistive, piezoelectric cables, Flow sensors, Electromagnetic, Acoustic sensors - Resistive microphones, Piezoelectric, Photo resistors

Learning Outcomes:

After completing this Unit, students will be able to

- To know about Capacitive occupancy
- To understand about Motion detectors
- To distinguish between Potentiometric, inductive and capacitive sensors for a few applications
- To learn about a few velocity and acceleration sensors
- To know about various flow sensors

UNIT-III:

MEMS

Basic concepts of MEMS design, Beam/diaphragm mechanics, electrostatic actuation and fabrication, Process design of MEMS based sensors and actuators, Touch sensor, Pressure sensor, RF MEMS switches, Electric and Magnetic field sensors

Learning Outcomes:

After completing this Unit, students will be able to
- To understand about the basic concept of MEMS
- To know about electrostatic actuation
- To learn about process design of MEMS based sensors
- To learn about process design of MEMS based actuators
- To distinguish between RF switches with respect to electric and magnetic sensors

UNIT-IV:

IoT for Smart grid

Driving factors, Generation level, Transmission level, Distribution level, Applications, Metering and monitoring applications, Standardization and interoperability, Smart home

Learning Outcomes:

After completing this Unit, students will be able to
- To get exposure fundamental applications of IoT to Smart grid
- To learn about driving factors of IoT in Generation level
- To learn about driving factors of IoT in Transmission level
- To learn about driving factors of IoT in Distribution level
- To distinguish between metering level and monitoring applications
- To get introduced to the concept of Smart home

UNIT-V:

IoE: Concept of Internet of Energy, Evaluation of IoE concept, Vision and motivation of IoE, Architecture, Energy routines, information sensing and processing issues, Energy internet as smart grid

Learning Outcomes:

After completing this Unit, students will be able to
- To get exposed the new concept of internet of energy
- To learn about architecture of IoE
- To know about energy routines
- To learn about information sensing and processing issues
- To understand the use of energy internet as smart grid

Course Outcomes:

1. To get exposed to recent trends in few applications of IoT in Electrical Engineering
2. To understand about usage of various types of motionless sensors
3. To understand about usage of various types of motion detectors
4. To get exposed to various applications of IoT in smart grid
5. To get exposed to future working environment with Energy internet

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Jon S. Wilson, "Sensor Technology Hand book", Newnes Publisher, 2004
2. Tai Ran Hsu, "MEMS and Microsystems: Design and manufacture", 1st Edition, Mc Grawhill Education, 2017
3. Ersan Kabalci and Yasin Kabalci, "From Smart grid to Internet of Energy", 1st Edition, Academic Press, 2019

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. Raj Kumar Buyya and Amir Vahid Dastjerdi, "Internet of Things: Principles and Paradigms", Kindle Edition, Morgan Kaufmann Publisher, 2016
2. Yen Kheng Tan and Mark Wong, "Energy Harvesting Systems for IoT Applications": Generation, Storage and Power Management, 1st Edition, CRC Press, 2019
3. RMD Sundaram Shriram, K. Vasudevan and Abhishek S. Nagarajan, "Internet of Things", Wiley, 2019

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(19A02802b)   SMART ELECTRIC GRID

(OE-IV)

Course Objectives:

- To learn about recent trends in grids as smart grid
- To understand about smart grid architecture and technologies
- To know about smart substations
- To learn about smart transmission systems
- To learn about smart distribution systems

UNIT-I:

Introduction to Smart Grid

Working definitions of Smart Grid and Associated Concepts – Smart Grid Functions – Traditional Power Grid and Smart Grid – New Technologies for Smart Grid – Advantages – Indian Smart Grid – Key Challenges for Smart Grid

Smart Grid Architecture: Components and Architecture of Smart Grid Design – Review of the proposed architectures for Smart Grid. The fundamental components of Smart Grid designs – Transmission Automation – Distribution Automation – Renewable Integration

Learning Outcomes:

After completing this Unit, students will be able to
- To understand basic definitions and architecture of Smart grid
- To learn about new technologies for smart grid
- To know about fundamental components of smart grid
- To understand key challenges of smart grid
- To understand the need for integration of Renewable energy sources

UNIT-II:

Smart grid Technologies

Characteristics of Smart grid, Micro grids, Definitions, Drives, benefits, types of Micro grid, building blocks, Renewable energy resources, needs in smart grid, integration impact, integration standards, Load frequency control, reactive power control, case studies and test beds

Learning Outcomes:

After completing this Unit, students will be able to
- To know about basic characteristic features of smart grid technologies
- To understand about definition, types, building blocks of Microgrids

* To know about integration requirements, standards of renewable energy sources in Microgrids
* To understand Load frequency and reactive power control of Microgrid
* To understand about Microgrid through a case study

UNIT-III:

Smart Substations

Protection, Monitoring and control devices, sensors, SCADA, Master stations, Remote terminal unit, interoperability and IEC 61850, Process level, Bay level, Station level, Benefits, role of substations in smart grid, Volt/VAR control equipment inside substation

Learning Outcomes:

After completing this Unit, students will be able to
* To know about protection, monitor and control devices in Smart substations
* To know about the importance of SCADA in substations
* To understand about interoperability and IEC 61850
* To know about role of substations in Smart grid
* To understand about Volt/VAR control equipment inside substation

UNIT-IV:

Smart Transmission

Energy Management systems, History, current technology, EMS for the smart grid, Wide Area Monitoring Systems (WAMS), protection & Control (WAMPC), needs in smart grid, Role of WAMPC smart grid, Drivers and benefits, Role of transmission systems in smart grid, Synchro Phasor Measurement Units (PMUs)

Learning Outcomes:

After completing this Unit, students will be able to
* To know about Energy Management Systems in smart transmission systems
* To understand about WAMPC
* To know about role of transmission systems in Smart grid
* To know about Synchro Phasor Measurement units

UNIT-V:

Smart Distribution Systems

DMS, DSCADA, trends in DSCADA and control, current and advanced DMSs, Voltage fluctuations, effect of voltage on customer load, Drivers, objectives and benefits, voltage-VAR control, VAR control equipment on distribution feeders, implementation and optimization,

FDIR - Fault Detection Isolation and Service restoration (FDIR),faults, objectives and benefits, equipment, implementation

Learning Outcomes:

After completing this Unit, students will be able to
- To know about DSCADA in Smart Distribution Systems
- To distinguish between current and advanced DMSs
- To know about occurrence of voltage fluctuations
- To understand about VAR control and equipment on distribution feeders
- To know about FDIR objectives and benefits

Course Outcomes:

1. To be able to understand trends in Smart grids
2. To understand the needs and roles of Smart substations
3. To understand the needs and roles of Smart Transmission systems
4. To understand the needs and roles of Smart Distribution systems
5. To distinguish between SCADA and DSCADA systems in practical working environment

Text Books:

1. Stuart Borlase, "Smart Grids - Infrastructure, Technology and Solutions", 1st edition,CRC Press, 2013
2. Gil Masters, "Renewable and Efficient Electric Power System", 2nd edition, Wiley– IEEE Press, 2013.

Reference Books:

1. A.G. Phadke and J.S. Thorp, "Synchronized Phasor Measurements and their Applications", Springer Edition, 2e, 2017.
2. T. Ackermann, "Wind Power in Power Systems", Hoboken, NJ, USA, John Wiley, 2e, 2012.

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(19A03802a)   ENERGY CONSERVATION AND MANAGEMENT
OPEN ELECTIVE-IV

Course Objective:

- Familiarize present energy scenario, and energy auditing methods.
- Explain components of electrical systems, lighting systems and improvements in performance.
- Demonstrate different thermal systems, efficiency analysis, and energy conservation methods.
- Train on energy conservation in major utilities.
- Instruct principles of energy management and energy pricing.

UNIT I

Introduction: Energy – Power – Past & Present Scenario Of World; National Energy Consumption Data – Environmental Aspects Associated With Energy Utilization –Energy Auditing: Need, Types, Methodology And Barriers. Role Of Energy Managers. Instruments For Energy Auditing.

Learning Outcomes

At the end of this unit, the student will be able to
- Infer energy consumption patterns and environmental aspects of energy utilization. (l2)
- Outline energy auditing requirements, tools and methods. (l2)
- Identify the function of energy manager. (l3)

UNIT II

Electrical Systems: Components Of EB Billing – HT And LT Supply, Transformers, Cable Sizing, Concept Of Capacitors, Power Factor Improvement, Harmonics, Electric Motors – Motor Efficiency Computation, Energy Efficient Motors, Illumination – Lux, Lumens, Types Of Lighting, Efficacy, LED Lighting And Scope Of Economy In Illumination.

Learning Outcomes

At the end of this unit, the student will be able to
- Outline components of electricity billing, transmission and distribution. (l2)
- Analyze performance characteristics of transformers, capacitors, and electric motors. (l4)
- Examine power factor improvements, and electric motor efficiency. (l4)
- Evaluate lighting systems. (L4)

UNIT III

Thermal Systems: Stoichiometry, Boilers, Furnaces and Thermic Fluid Heaters – Efficiency Computation and Encon Measures. Steam: Distribution & Usage: Steam Traps, Condensate Recovery, Flash Steam Utilization, Insulators & Refractories.

Learning Outcomes

At the end of this unit, the student will be able to
- Determine efficiency of boilers, furnaces and other thermal systems. (l5)
- Recommend energy conservation measures in thermal systems. (l5)
- Justify steam systems in energy conservation. (l4)

UNIT IV

Energy Conservation In Major Utilities: Pumps, Fans, Blowers, Compressed Air Systems, Refrigeration And Air Conditioning Systems – Cooling Towers – D.G. Sets.

Learning Outcomes

At the end of this unit, the student will be able to
- Explain energy conservation measures in major utilities. (l2)
- Apply performance test criteria for fans, pumps, compressors, hvac systems. (l3)
- Assess energy conservation in cooling towers and d.g. sets. (l5)

UNIT V

Energy Management: Principles of Energy Management, Energy demand estimation, Organising and Managing Energy Management Programs, Energy pricing.

Learning Outcomes

At the end of this unit, the student will be able to
- Describe principles of energy management. (l2)
- Assess energy demand and forecast. (l5)
- Organize energy management programs. (l6)
- Design elements of energy pricing. (l6)

Course Outcomes:

At the end of this course, the student will be able to:
- Explain energy utilization and energy auditing methods.(l2)
- Analyze electrical systems performance of electric motors and lighting systems.(l4)
- Examine energy conservation methods in thermal systems.(l4)
- Estimate efficiency of major utilities such as fans, pumps, compressed air systems, hvac and d.g. Sets. (l4)
- Elaborate principles of energy management, programs, energy demand and energy

pricing. (l6)

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Energy Manager Training Manual (4 Volumes) Available At www.energymanagertraining.com, A Website Administered By Bureau Of Energy Efficiency (BEE), A Statutory Body Under Ministry Of Power, Government Of India, 2004.

REFERENCES:

1. Witte. L.C., P.S. Schmidt, D.R. Brown, "Industrial Energy Management and Utilisation" Hemisphere Publ, Washington, 1988.
2. Callaghn, P.W. "Design And Management For Energy Conservation", Pergamon Press, Oxford, 1981.
3. Dryden. I.G.C., "The Efficient Use Of Energy" Butterworths, London, 1982
4. Murphy. W.R. And G. Mc KAY, "Energy Management", Butterworths, London 1987.
5. Turner, W. C., Doty, S. and Truner, W. C., "Energy Management Hand book", 7th edition, Fairmont Press, 2009.
6. De, B. K., "Energy Management audit & Conservation", 2nd Edition, Vrinda Publication, 2010.
7. Smith, C. B., "Energy Management Principles", Pergamon Press, 2007.

B.Tech (CE)– IV-II Sem   **L   T   P   C**

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(19A03802b)   NON-DESTRUCTIVE TESTING
OPEN ELECTIVE-IV

Course Objectives

- Introduce basic concepts of non destructive testing.
- Familiarize with characteristics of ultrasonic test, transducers, rejection and effectiveness.
- Describe concept of liquid Penetrant, eddy current and magnetic particle tests, its applications and limitations.
- Explain the principles of infrared and thermal testing, applications and honey comb and sandwich structures case studies.
- Impart NDE and its applications in pressure vessels, casting and welded constructions.

UNIT I

Introduction to non-destructive testing: Radiographic test**,** Sources of X and Gamma Rays and their interaction with Matter, Radiographic equipment, Radiographic Techniques, Safety Aspects of Industrial Radiography.

Learning outcomes:

At the end of this unit, the student will be able to

- Explain non destructive testing techniques (L2)
- Summarize the basic concepts of Radiographic test   (L2)
- Outline the concepts of   sources of X and Gamma Rays   (L2)
- Explain the radiographic techniques (L2)
- Discuss the safety aspects of industrial radiography. (L4)

UNIT II

Ultrasonic test: Principle of Wave Propagation, Reflection, Refraction, Diffraction, Mode Conversion and Attenuation, Sound Field, Piezo-electric Effect , Ultrasonic Transducers and their Characteristics, Ultrasonic Equipment and Variables Affecting Ultrasonic Test, Ultrasonic Testing, Interpretations and Guidelines for Acceptance, Rejection - Effectiveness and Limitations of Ultrasonic Testing.

Learning outcomes:

At the end of this unit, the student will be able to

- Explain the principle of ultrasonic test. (l2)

- Analyze the performance of wave propagation, reflection, refraction, diffraction and sound field in ultrasonic test. (l4)
- Discuss the characteristics of ultrasonic transducers. (l4)
- Outline the limitations of ultrasonic testing. (l2)

UNIT III

Liquid Penetrant Test: Liquid Penetrant Test, Basic Concepts, Liquid Penetrant System, Test Procedure, Effectiveness and Limitations of Liquid Penetrant Testing**.**
Eddy Current Test: Principle of Eddy Current, Eddy Current Test System, Applications of Eddy Current-Testing Effectiveness of Eddy Current Testing.
Magnetic Particle Test: Magnetic Materials, Magnetization of Materials, Demagnetization of Materials, Principle of Magnetic Particle Test, Magnetic Particle Test Equipment, Magnetic Particle Test Procedure, Standardization and Calibration, Interpretation and Evaluation, Effective Applications and Limitations of the Magnetic Particle Test.

Learning Outcomes:

At the end of this unit, the student will be able to
- Illustrate the procedure of Liquid Penetrant, eddy current and magnetic particle tests.(L2)
- Outline the limitations of Penetrant, eddy current and magnetic particle tests. (L2)
- Explain the effectiveness of Penetrant, eddy current and magnetic particle tests. (L2)
- Apply the applications of Magnetic particle test. (L3)

UNIT IV

Infrared And Thermal Testing: Introduction and fundamentals to infrared and thermal testing–Heat transfer –Active and passive techniques –Lock in and pulse thermography–Contact and non contact thermal inspection methods–Heat sensitive paints –Heat sensitive papers –-thermally quenched phosphors liquid crystals –techniques for applying liquid crystals –other temperature sensitive coatings –Inspection methods –Infrared radiation and infrared detectors–thermo mechanical behavior of materials–IR imaging in aerospace applications, electronic components, Honey comb and sandwich structures–Case studies.

Learning Outcomes:

At the end of this unit, the student will be able to
- Discuss the fundamentals of thermal testing. (l6)
- Explain the techniques of liquid crystals, active and passive. (l2)
- Illustrate thermal inspection methods. (l2)
- Outline the limitations of thermal testing. (l2)
- Explain the applications of honey comb and sandwich structures. (l2)

UNIT V

Industrial Applications of NDE: Span of NDE Activities Railways, Nuclear, Non-nuclear and Chemical Industries, Aircraft and Aerospace Industries, Automotive Industries, Offshore Gas and Petroleum Projects, Coal Mining Industry, NDE of pressure vessels, castings, welded constructions

Learning Outcomes:

At the end of this unit, the student will be able to
- Illustrate applications of NDE. (L2)
- Explain the applications of Railways, Nuclear and chemical industries. (L2)
- Outline the limitations and disadvantages of NDE. (L2)
- Explain the applications of NDA of pressure vessels, casting and welding constructions (L2)

Course Outcomes

At the end of the course, student will be able to
- Explain various methods of non-destructive testing. (l3)
- Apply relevant non-destructive testing method different applications. (l3)
- Explain the applications of railways, nuclear and chemical industries. (l2)
- Outline the limitations and disadvantages of nde. (l2)
- Explain the applications of nda of pressure vessels, casting and welding constructions (l2)

TEXT BOOKS:

1. J Prasad, GCK Nair , "Non destructive test and evaluation of Materials", Tata mcgraw-Hill Education Publishers, 2008.
2. Josef Krautkrämer, Herbert Krautkrämer, "Ultrasonic testing of materials", 3rdedition, Springer-Verlag, 1983.
3. X. P. V. Maldague, "Non destructive evaluation of materials by infrared thermography", 1stedition, Springer-Verlag, 1993.

REFERENCES:

1. Gary L. Workman, Patrick O. Moore, Doron Kishoni, "Non-destructive, Hand Book, Ultrasonic Testing", 3rdedition, Amer Society for Nondestructive, 2007.
2. ASTM Standards, Vol 3.01, Metals and alloys

Social Relevant Projects

1. Solid waste conversion into energy (Gasification)
2. Plastic waste into fuel.
3. Bio-gas digester.
4. Development of mechanisms for farmers.

5. Smart irrigation for saving water.
6. Mechanized water segregation.
7. Applications of solar technologies for rural purpose.
8. Power generation from wind turbine.
9. Applications of drones for agriculture.
10. Solar drying.

B.Tech (CE)– IV-II Sem   **L   T   P   C**

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(19A04802a)   INTRODUCTION TO IMAGE PROCESSING

OPEN ELECTIVE-IV

Course Objectives:

- To interpret fundamental concepts of digital image processing.
- To exemplify image enhancement.
- To interpret fundamental concepts of color image processing.
- To assess image compression techniques for digital images.
- To summarize segmentation for digital images.

UNIT-I:

INTRODUCTION TO DIGITAL IMAGE PROCESSING

Introduction: Digital image representation, Fundamental steps in image processing, Elements of digital image processing, Elements of visual perception, Simple image model, Sampling and Quantization, Basic relationships between pixels, Image transformations.
Applications: Medical imaging, Robot vision, Character recognition, Remote sensing.

Learning Outcomes:

At the end of this unit, the student will be able to
- Understand the fundamental concepts of image processing, Sampling process and basis relationships between pixels (L1)
- Explain the elements of Digital Image Processing (L2)

UNIT–II:

IMAGE ENHANCEMENT

Need for image enhancement, Point processing, Histogram processing, Spatial filtering-Smoothing and Sharpening.

Learning Outcomes:

At the end of this unit, the student will be able to
- Understand the need for enhancement process (L1)
- Explain the terminology involved in enhancement process (L2)

UNIT-III:

COLOR IMAGE PROCESSING
Colour fundamentals, Colour models, Color transformations, Pseudo colour image processing, Full colour image processing.

Learning Outcomes:

At the end of this unit, the student will be able to
- Understand the need for enhancement process (L1)
- Explain the terminology involved in enhancement process (L2)

UNIT–IV:

IMAGE COMPRESSION

Redundancies, Fidelity criteria, Image compression model, Lossless compression: Huffman coding, Arithmetic coding. Lossy compression: Lossy Predictive Coding, JPEG Compression Standard.

Learning Outcomes:

At the end of this unit, the student will be able to
- Understand the need for image compression (L1)
- Explain the image compression and various types of compression techniques
(L2)

UNIT–V:

IMAGE SEGMENTATION

Detection of discontinuities: point, line and edge detection, Edge linking and Boundary detections: Local Processing, Global processing via Hough transform, Thresholding, Region oriented segmentation: Region growing, Region splitting and merging.

Learning Outcomes:

At the end of this unit, the student will be able to
- Understand the principle of image segmentation and its importance (L1)
- Explain the image compression and various types of compression techniques (L2)
- Analyze the various terminologies involved in image segmentation like edge, boundary detection etc. (L3)

Course Outcomes:

- Interpret fundamental concepts of digital and color image processing.

- Exemplify image enhancement.
- Analyze the various terminologies involved in image segmentation like edge, boundary detection etc. Assess image compression techniques for digital images.
- Summarize segmentation techniques for digital images.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Rafael C. Gonzalez and Richard E. Woods, "Digital Image Processing", 3rd Edition, Pearson Education, 2011.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. S Jayaraman, S Esakkirajan and T Veerakumar, "Digital Image Processing", TMH, 2011.
2. S. Sridhar, "Digital Image Processing", 2nd Edition, Oxford Publishers, 2016.

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B.Tech (CE)– IV-II Sem

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(19A04802b)   PRINCIPLES OF CELLULAR AND MOBILE COMMUNICATIONS
OPEN ELECTIVE-IV

Course Objectives:

- To understand the concepts and operation of cellular systems.
- To apply the concepts of cellular systems to solve engineering problems.
- To analyse cellular systems for meaningful conclusions.
- To evaluate suitability of a cellular system in real time applications.
- To design cellular patterns based on frequency reuse factor.

UNIT-I:

Introduction to Cellular Mobile Systems

Why cellular mobile communication systems? A basic cellular system, Evolution of mobile radio communications, Performance criteria, Characteristics of mobile radio environment, Operation of cellular systems. Examples for analog and digital cellular systems.

Learning Outcomes:

At the end of the unit, the student should be able to
- Understand the conceptsand operation of cellular systems (L1).
- Analyze the characteristics of mobile radio environment (L3).

UNIT-II:

Cellular Radio System Design

General description of the problem, Concept of frequency reuse channels, Cochannel interference reduction, Desired C/I ratio, Cell splitting and sectoring.

Learning Outcomes:

At the end of the unit, the student should be able to
- Understand the concept of frequency reuse and cochannel interference in cellular systems (L1).
- Apply the concept of cellular systems to solve engineering problems (L2).
- Analyze the design problems of cellular systems (L3).
- Design of cellular patterns based frequency reuse factor (L5).

UNIT-III:

Handoffs and Dropped Calls

Why handoffs and types of handoffs, Initiation of handoff, Delaying a handoff, Forced handoffs, Queuing of handoffs, Power-difference handoffs, Mobile assisted handoff and soft handoff, Cell-site handoff, Intersystem handoff. Introduction to dropped call rate.

Learning Outcomes:

At the end of the unit, the student should be able to
- Understand why handoff is required (L1).
- Apply handoff techniques to solve engineering problems (L2).
- Compare various types of handoffs (L3).

UNIT-IV:

Multiple Access Techniques for Wireless Communications

Introduction, Frequency Division Multiple Access, Time Division Multiple Access, Code Division Multiple Accessand Space Division Multiple Access.

Learning Outcomes:

At the end of the unit, the student should be able to
- Understand various types of multiple access techniques (L1).
- Apply the concept of multiple access to solve engineering problems (L2).
- Compare various types of multiple access techniques (L3).

UNIT-V:

Digital Cellular Systems

Global System for Mobile Systems, Time Division Multiple Access Systems, Code Division Multiple Access Systems. Examples for 2G, 3G and 4G systems. Introduction to 5G system.

Learning Outcomes:

At the end of the unit, the student should be able to
- Understand operation of various types of digital cellular systems (L1).
- Compare various types of digital cellular systems (L3).
- Evaluate suitability of a cellular system in real time applications (L4).

Note: The main emphasis is on qualitative treatment. Complex mathematical treatment may be avoided.

Course Outcomes:

At the end of the course, the student should be able to
- Understand the concepts and operation of cellular systems (L1)
- Apply the concepts of cellular systems to solve engineering problems (L2).
- Analyse cellular systems for meaningful conclusions, Evaluate suitability of a cellular system in real time applications (L3).
- Design cellular patterns based on frequency reuse factor (L4).

TEXT BOOKS:

2. William C. Y. Lee, "Mobile Cellular Telecommunications", 2ndEdition, McGraw-Hill International, 1995.
3. Theodore S. Rappaport, "Wireless Communications – Principles and Practice", 2ndEdition, PHI, 2004.

REFERENCES:

3. Aditya K. Jagannatham "Principles of Modern Wireless Communications Systems – Theory and Practice", McGraw-Hill International, 2015.

Blooms' Learning levels:
L1: Remembering and Understanding
L2: Applying
L3: Analyzing, Evaluating
L4: Designing, Creating

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(19A04802c)   INDUSTRIAL ELECTRONICS
OPEN ELECTIVE-IV

Course Objectives:

This course will enable students to:
- Describe semi-conductor devices (such as PN junction diode & Transistor) and their switching characteristics.
- Understand the characteristics of AC to DC converters.
- Understand about the practical applications Electronics in industries
- Describe the Ultrasonics and its application**.**

UNIT I

Scope of industrial Electronics, Semiconductors, Merits of semiconductors, crystallinestructure, Intrinsic semiconductors, Extrinsic semiconductors, current flow insemiconductor, Open-circuited p-n junction, Diode resistance, Zener diode,Photoconductors and junction photo diodes, Photo voltaic effect, Light emitting diodes(LED).

Learning Outcomes:

At the end of this unit, the student will be able to
- Understand the importance of Electronics and semiconductor devices in industry, operation of semiconductor devices (L1)
- Describe the working of semiconductor diodes (L1)

UNIT II

Introduction, The junction transistor, Conventions for polarities of voltages and currents,Open circuited transistor, Transistor biased in the active region, Current components in transistors, Currents in a transistor, Emitter efficiency, Transport factor and transistor-α,Dynamic emitter resistance, Transistor as an amplifier, Transistor construction, Lettersymbols for semiconductor Devices, Characteristic curves of junction transistor in common configuration, static characteristic curves of PNP junction transistor in common emitter configuration, The transistor in common collector Configuration.

Learning Outcomes:

At the end of this unit, the student will be able to
- Understand the working of Transistor and its different configurations (L1)
- Describe the working of CE, CC, CB configurations (L1)

UNIT III

AC to DC converters- Introduction, Classification of Rectifiers, Half wave Rectifiers, Fullwave Rectifiers, Comparison of Half wave and full wave rectifiers, Bridge Rectifiers,Bridge Rectifier meter, Voltage multiplying Rectifier circuits, Capacitor filter, LC Filter,Metal Rectifiers, Regulated Power Supplies, Classification of Voltage Regulators, Shortperiod Accuracy of Regulators, Long period .Accuracy of Voltage Regulator, Principle ofautomatic voltage Regulator, Simple D.C. Voltage stabilizer using Zener diode, D.C.Voltage Regulators, Series Voltage Regulators, Complete series voltage regulatorcircuit, Simple series voltage regulator.

UNIT IV

Resistance welding controls: Introduction, Resistance welding process, Basic Circuitfor A.C. resistance welding, Types of Resistance welding, Electronic welding controlused in Resistance welding, Energy storage welding. **Induction heating:** Principle ofinduction heating, Theory of Induction heating merits of induction heating, Application ofinduction heating, High frequency power source of induction heating. **Dielectricheating**: Principle of dielectric heating, theory of dielectric heating, dielectric propertiesof typical materials, electrodes used in dielectric heating, method of coupling ofelectrodes to the R.F. generator, Thermal losses in Dielectric heating, Applications.

Learning Outcomes:

At the end of this unit, the student will be able to

- Understand the principle of operation of Resistance welding, Induction heating and Dielectric heating (L1)
- Apply the process of Resistance welding, Induction heating and Dielectric heating in the industry (L2)

UNIT V:

Ultrasonics: Introduction, Generation of Ultrasonic waves, Application of Ultrasonicwaves, Ultrasonic stroboscope, ultrasonic as means of communication, ultrasonic flawdetection, Optical image on non-homogeneities, ultrasonic study of structure of matter,Dispersive study of structure of matter, Dispersive and colloidal effect of Ultrasonic,Coagulating action of Ultrasonic, separation of mixtures by ultrasoni8c waves, cuttingand machining of hard materials by ultrasonic vibrations, Degassing of liquids byultrasonic waves, Physio-chemical effects of ultrasonics, chemical effects ofultrasonics, Thermal effects of Ultrasonics, soldering and welding by ultrasonics,Ultrasonic Drying

Learning Outcomes:

At the end of this unit, the student will be able to
- Understand the principle of operation of Ultrasonics and its applications (L1)
- Analyze the thermal effects of Ultrasonics, soldering and welding by ultrasonics,Ultrasonic Drying in the industry (L3)

Course Outcome:

- Understand the semi-conductor devices and their switching characteristics.
- Apply the Ultrasonic waves with different applications
- Analyze the thermal effects of Ultrasonics, soldering and welding by ultrasonics,Ultrasonic Drying in the industry, Interpret the characteristics of AC to DC converters,
- Develop the practical applications Electronics in industries.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. G. K. Mithal, "Industrial Electronics", Khanna Publishers, Delhi, 2000.
2. J.Gnanavadivel, R.Dhanasekaran, P.Maruthupandi, "Industrial Electronics",Anuradha Publications, 2011.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. F. D. Petruzulla, "Industrial Electronics", McGraw Hill, Singapore, 1996.
2. M. H. Rashid, "power Electronics Circuits, Devices and Application", PHI, 3rdedition, 2004.
3. G. M. Chute and R. D. Chute, "Electronics in Industry", McGraw Hill Ltd,Tokyo, 1995.

B.Tech (CE)–IV-II   **L   T   P   C**
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(19A04802d)   ELECTRONIC INSTRUMENTATION
OPEN ELECTIVE-IV

Course Objectives:

This course will enable students to:
- To introduce various measuring instruments and their functionality
- To teach various measurement metrics for performance analysis
- To explain principles of operation and working of different electronic instruments
- To familiarize the characteristics, operations, calibrations and applications of the different oscilloscopes and signal generators.
- To provide exposure to different types of transducers

UNIT – I

Measurement and Error: Definitions, Accuracy, Precision, Resolution and Significant Figures, Types of Errors, Measurement error combinations. (Text 2)
Ammeters: DC Ammeter, Multi-range Ammeter, The Ayrton Shunt or Universal Shunt, Requirements of Shunt, Extending of Ammeter Ranges, RF Ammeter (Thermocouple), Limitations of Thermocouple. (Text 1)
Voltmeters and Multi-meters: Introduction, Basic Meter as a DC Voltmeter, DC Voltmeter, Multi range Voltmeter, Extending Voltmeter Ranges, Loading, AC Voltmeter using Rectifiers. True RMS Voltmeter, Multi-meter. (Text 1)

Learning Outcomes:

At the end of this unit, the student will be able to
- Explain the importance of measurement system (L1)
- Examine the characteristics of different Instruments (L2)
- Illustrate different types of errors that may occur in instruments during measurements (L2)

UNIT – II

Digital Voltmeters: Introduction, RAMP technique, Dual Slope Integrating Type DVM, Integrating Type DVM, Most Commonly used principles of ADC, Successive Approximations, -Digit, Resolution and Sensitivity of Digital Meters, General Specifications of DVM, (Text 1)
Digital Instruments: Introduction, Digital Multi-meters, Digital Frequency Meter, Digital Measurement of Time, Universal Counter, Digital Tachometer, Digital pH Meter, Digital Phase Meter, Digital Capacitance Meter, (Text 1)

Learning Outcomes:

At the end of this unit, the student will be able to
- Explain working of digital measuring Instruments (L2)
- Compare the various measuring techniques for measuring voltage (L4)

UNIT – III

Oscilloscopes: Introduction, Basic principles, CRT features, Block diagram of Oscilloscope, Simple CRO, Vertical Amplifier, Horizontal Deflecting System, Sweep or Time Base Generator, Measurement of Frequency by Lissajous Method, Digital Storage Oscilloscope. (Text 1)

Signal Generators: Introduction, Fixed and Variable AF Oscillator, Standard Signal Generator, Laboratory Type Signal Generator, AF sine and Square Wave Generator, Function Generator, (Text 1)

Learning Outcomes:

At the end of this unit, the student will be able to
- Describe functions of basic building of CRO (L1)
- Measure parameters viz. Amplitude, frequency and time period using CRO (L2)
- Classify signal generators and describe its characteristics (L2)

UNIT – 4

Measuring Instruments: Field Strength Meter, Stroboscope, Phase Meter, Q Meter, Megger. (Text 1)

Bridges: Introduction, Wheatstone's bridge, Kelvin's Bridge; AC bridges, Capacitance Comparison Bridge, Inductance Comparison Bridge, Maxwell's bridge, Wien's bridge. (Text 1)

Learning Outcomes:

At the end of this unit, the student will be able to
- Describe function of various measuring Instruments. (L1)
- Describe how unknown capacitance and inductance can be measured using bridges (L1)
- Select appropriate bridge for measuring R, L and C parameters (L2)

UNIT – 5

Transducers: Introduction, Electrical transducers, Selecting a transducer, Resistive transducer, Resistive position transducer, Strain gauges, Resistance thermometer, Thermistor, Inductive transducer, LVDT, Piezoelectric transducer, Photo cell, Photo voltaic cell, Semiconductor photo diode and transistor. (Text 1)

Learning Outcomes:

At the end of this unit, the student will be able to

- Explain the importance of transducer (L1)
- Illustrate different measuring techniques in transducers to measure physical quantities.(L2)
- Select the appropriate transducer for the measurement of physical parameters (L2)

Course outcomes:

- Learn different types of errors in measurement, calibration process and standards, various methods for measurement of non-electrical quantities, Understand the different methods for measurement of various electrical quantities.
- Familiarize the dynamics of instrument systems, various passive and active transducers
- Compare the various measuring techniques for measuring voltage (L4)

TEXT BOOKS:

- H. S. Kalsi, "Electronic Instrumentation", McGraw Hill, 3rd Edition, 2012, ISBN:9780070702066.
- A. D. Helfrick and W.D. Cooper, "Modern Electronic Instrumentation and Measuring Techniques", Pearson, 1st Edition, 2015, ISBN: 9789332556065.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

- David A. Bell, "Electronic Instrumentation & Measurements", Oxford University Press PHI 2nd Edition, 2006 ISBN 81-203-2360-2.
- A. K. Sawhney, "Electronics and Electrical Measurements", Dhanpat Rai &Sons. ISBN -81-7700-016-0

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(19A05802a) BLOCKCHAIN TECHNOLOGY

Course Objectives:

This course is designed to:

- Understand the philosophy of Blockchain and the cutting edge technology behind its functions
- Illustrate how to setup Ethereum tools
- Explain the key vocabulary and concepts used in Blockchain for Business

UNIT-I

Blockchain concepts: Blockchain, Blockchain application example: Escrow, Blockchain stack, from web 2.0 to the next generation decentralized web, domain specific Blockchain application, Blockchain benefits and challenges.
Blockchain application templates: Blockchain application components, design methodology for Blockchain applications, Blockchain applications templates

Learning Outcomes:

After completing this Unit, students will be able to

- Outline the benefits and challenges of Block chain(L2)
- Design the Blockchain applications(L6)

UNIT-II

Setting up Ethereum development tools: Ethereum clients,Ethereum languages, TestRPC, Mist Ethereumwalle, meta mask, web3 JavaScript API, truffle.
Ethereum Accounts: Ethereum Accounts, keypairs, working with EOA Accounts, working with contract accounts.

Learning Outcomes:

After completing this Unit, students will be able to

- Illustrate the use of Ethereum development tools(L2)
- Create Ethereum accounts and work with them (L6)

UNIT-III

Smart contracts: Smart contract, structure of a contract, setting up and interacting with a contract using Geth client, setting up and interacting with a contract using Mist Wallet

Learning Outcomes:

After completing this Unit, students will be able to

- Make use of of smart contracts(L3)
- Distinguish setting up and interacting with a contract using Geth client and Mist Wallet.(L4)

UNIT-IV

Smart contracts (continued): Smart contract examples, Smart contract patterns.
Decentralized Applications: implementing Dapps, case studies,

Learning Outcomes:

After completing this Unit, students will be able to

- Illustrate the Smart contract examples and patterns(L2)
- Develop Decentralized applications.(L6)

UNIT-V

Mining: Concensus on Blockchain network, mining, Block validation, state storage in Ethereum.

Learning Outcomes:

After completing this Unit, students will be able to

- Define Concensus on Blockchain network(L1)
- Demonstrate State Storage in Ethereum(L2)

Course outcomes:
Upon completion of the course, the students should be able to:

- Create customized blockchain solutions (L6)
- Make use of the specific mechanics of Ethereum(L3)
- Experiment withSmart contracts (L3)
- Develop Enterprise applicationsusing Blockchain(L6)

Text book:

1. Arshadeepbahga, Vijay madisetti, "Blockchain Applications A hands-on approach", VPT 2017.

2. Chandramouli Subramanian, Asha A George, Abhilash K A and MeenaKarthikeyan, "Blockchain Technology", Universty Press, 2021

References:

1. Imran Bashir, "Mastering Blockchain" Packt Publishing Ltd, March 2017.
2. Melanie swan, "Blokchain blueprint for a new economy", O'REILLY

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(19A05802b) MEAN STACK TECHNOLOGIES

Course Objectives:

This course is designed to:

- Translate user requirements into the overall architecture
- Implement new systems and manage the projects
- Write optimized front end code using HTML and JavaScript
- Monitor the performance of web applications & its infrastructure
- Design and implement Robust and Scalable Front End Applications

UNIT I

Introduction to Web: Internet and World Wide Web, Domain name service, Protocols: HTTP, FTP, SMTP. Html5 concepts, CSS3, Anatomy of a web page. XML: Document type Definition, XML schemas, Document object model, XSLT, DOM and SAX Approaches.

Learning Outcomes:

After completing this Unit, students will be able to

- Summarize the protocols related to Internet & WWW(L2)
- Compare and contrast XML and HTML(L5)

UNIT II

JavaScript: The Basic of JavaScript: Objects, Primitives Operations and Expressions, Control Statements, Arrays, Functions, Constructors, Pattern Matching using Regular Expressions. Angular Java Script Angular JS Expressions: ARRAY, Objects, $eval, Strings, Angular JS Form Validation & Form Submission, Single Page Application development using Angular JS.

Learning Outcomes:

After completing this Unit, students will be able to

- Illustrate the importance of JavaScript(L2)
- Develop applications using Angular JS(L6)

UNIT III

Node.js: Introduction, Advantages, Node.js Process Model, Node JS Modules. Express.js: Introduction to Express Framework, Introduction to Nodejs , What is Nodejs, Getting Started with Express, Your firstExpress App, Express Routing, Implementing MVC in Express, Middleware, Using Template Engines, Error Handling , API Handling , Debugging, Developing Template Engines, Using Process Managers, Security & Deployment.

Learning Outcomes:

After completing this Unit, students will be able to

- Explain the Node JS modules(L2)
- Make use of MVC in Express(L3)

UNIT IV

RESTful Web Services: Using the Uniform Interface, Designing URIs,
Web Linking, Conditional Requests. React Js: Welcome to React, Obstacles and Roadblocks, React's Future, Keeping Up with the Changes, Working with the Files, Pure React, Page Setup, The Virtual DOM, React Elements, ReactDOM, Children, Constructing Elements with Data, React Components, DOM Rendering, Factories.

Learning Outcomes:

After completing this Unit, students will be able to

- Outline the RESTful Web Services(L2)
- Assess the future of React Js(L5)

UNIT V

Mongo DB: Introduction, Architecture, Features, Examples, Database Creation & Collection in Mongo DB. Deploying Applications: Web hosting & Domains, Deployment Using Cloud Platforms.

Learning Outcomes:

After completing this Unit, students will be able to

- Explain the features and architecture of Mongo DB (L2)
- Create and collect Database in MongDB(L6)

Course Outcomes

After the completion of the course, student will be able to

- List the Basic Concepts of Web & MarkupLanguages(L1)
- Develop web Applications using Scripting Languages &Frameworks(L6)
- Make use of Express JS and Node JSframeworks(L3)
- Illustrate the uses of web services concepts like restful, reactjs (L2)
- Deploying applications using Cloud Platforms (L6)

Text Books:
1) Programming the World Wide Web, Robet W Sebesta, 7ed,Pearson.
2) Web Technologies, Uttam K Roy,Oxford
3) Pro Mean Stack Development, ELadElrom,Apress
4) Restful Web Services Cookbook, Subbu Allamraju,O'Reilly
5) JavaScript & jQuery the missing manual, David sawyer mcfarland,O'Reilly
6) Web Hosting for Dummies, Peter Pollock, John WileyBrand

Reference Books:
1) Ruby on Rails up and Running, Lightning fast Web development, Bruce Tate, Curt Hibbs, Oreilly (2006).
2) Programming Perl, 4ed, Tom Christiansen, Jonathan Orwant, Oreilly (2012).
3) Web Technologies, HTML, JavaScript, PHP, Java, JSP, XML and AJAX, Black book, DreamTech.
4) An Introduction to Web Design, Programming, Paul S Wang, Sanda S Katila, Cengage Learning.
5) Express.JS Guide,The Comprehensive Book on Express.js, Azat Mardan, Lean Publishing.

e-Resources:
1) http://www.upriss.org.uk/perl/PerlCourse.html

JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY ANANTAPUR

B.Tech (CE)–IV-II   L T P C
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(19A27802a)   FOOD PLANT UTILITIES & SERVICES
OPEN ELECTIVE - IV

PREAMBLE

This subject focuses on different utilities like water, steam, electricity and its properties, production of consumption of these sources in the food plant.

OBJECTIVES

* To give brief idea about the utilities that are required/used in food industry and their sources and importance.

UNIT – I

Introduction Classification of various utilities and services in food industry. Water use in Food Processing Industry Water supply system: Pumps of different types, operational aspects, piping system for fresh water, chilled water etc., fittings and control, water requirement for cleaning and processing, water quality, water purification and softening Unit

Learning Outcomes:

At the end of unit, students will be able to understand the following
* Water use in Food Processing Industry
* Water supply system: Pumps of different types, operational aspects, piping system for fresh water, chilled water etc.,
* fittings and control, water requirement for cleaning and processing,
* water quality, water purification and softening Unit

UNIT – II

Water use in food processing: Different types of water requirements in food processing plants, types of water use, waste water sources, water wastage minimization, water loadings per unit mass of raw material. Water conservation: Water and waste water management, economic use of water, water filtration and recirculation.

Learning Outcomes:

At the end of unit, students will be able to understand the following
* Different types of water requirements in food processing plants,
* types of water use, waste water sources, water wastage minimization,
* water loadings per unit mass of raw material
* Water and waste water management, economic use of water,
* water filtration and recirculation

UNIT – III

Steam uses in Food Industry Steam uses in food industry: Food processing operations in which steam is used, temperature, pressure and quantity of steam required in various food processing operations   Steam generation system: Components of a boiler system, fuels used in boilers, energy analysis for a steam generation system, heat loss from boiler system, boiler design consideration.

Learning Outcomes:

At the end of unit, students will be able to understand the following
- Food processing operations in which steam is used
- Temperature, pressure and quantity of steam required in various food processing operations
- Components of a boiler system, fuels used in boilers, energy analysis for a steam generation system
- Heat loss from boiler system, boiler design consideration.

UNIT – IV

Waste-Heat Recovery in Food Processing Facilities Quantity and quality of waste heat in food processing facilities, waste heat utilization, heat exchangers for waste heat recovery, heat pumps for waste heat recovery. Waste Disposal and its Utilization Industrial waste, sewage, influent, effluent, sludge, dissolved oxygen, biological oxygen demand, chemical oxygen demand.

Learning Outcomes:

At the end of unit, students will be able to understand the following
- Waste-heat recovery in food processing facilities
- Quantity and quality of waste heat in food processing facilities,
- Waste heat utilization, heat exchangers for waste heat recovery, heat pumps for waste heat recovery.
- Waste disposal and its utilization industrial waste, sewage, influent, effluent, sludge,
- Dissolved oxygen, biological oxygen demand, chemical oxygen demand

UNIT – V

Planning and Design of Service Facilities in Food Industry Estimation of utilities requirements: Lighting, ventilation, drainage, CIP system, dust removal, fire protection etc. Maintenance of facilities: Design and installation of piping system, codes for building, electricity, boiler room, plumbing and pipe colouring, maintenance of the service facilities. Services required in offices,

laboratories, locker and toilet facilities, canteen, parking lots and roads, loading docks, garage, repair and maintenance shop, ware houses etc.

Learning Outcomes:

At the end of unit, students will be able to understand the following
- Planning and Design of Service Facilities in Food Industry Estimation of utilities requirements: Lighting, ventilation, drainage, etc.
- Maintenance of facilities: Design and installation of piping system, codes for building, electricity, plumbing, maintenance of the service facilities.
- Services required in offices, laboratories, locker and toilet facilities, canteen, parking lots and roads, repair and maintenance shop, ware houses etc

Course Outcomes

By end of the course, students will understand the following
- Various utilities and services used in food industry and its applications in food industry namely water, steam, electricity and etc.

TEXT BOOKS

1. Lijun Wang. "Energy Efficiency and Management in Food Processing Facilities". CRC Press. 2008,
2. M. E. Casper. "Energy-saving Techniques for the Food Industry". Noyes Data Corporation. 1977,

REFERENCES

1. P.L. Ballaney, "Thermal Engineering in SI Units", 23rd Edition, Khanna Publishers, Delhi, 2003.
2. C.P. Arora. "Refrigeration and Air Conditioning". 3rd Edition, Tata McGraw Hill Publishing Co. Ltd. New Delhi. 2008,
3. W. E. Whitman, "A Survey of Water Use in the Food Industry", S. D. Holdsworth. Published by British Food Manufacturing Industries Research Association.
4. Chilton's Food Engineering. 1979, Chilton Co Publishers.

B.Tech (CE)– IV-II Sem

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(19A27802b)   NUTRACEUTICALS AND FUNCTIONAL FOODS

OPENELECTIVE – IV

PREAMBLE

This course will cover the classification, brief history and the impact of nutraceuticals and functional foods on health and disease prevention. Nutraceuticals to be covered in the course include isoprenoids, isoflavones, flavanoids, carotenoids, lycopene, garlic, omega 3 fatty acids, sphingolipids, vitamin E and antioxidants, herbal products in foods. Also marketing issues related to functional foods and nutraceuticals as well as stability testing will be reviewed.

Course Objectives:

- To understand the interrelationship between nutraceuticals and health maintenance.
- Cite the evidence supporting the efficacy and safety of nutraceutical and functional food products
- To explain the metabolic consequences of nutraceuticals and functional foods.
- Describe the physiologic and biochemical changes associated with consumption of nutraceuticals

UNIT – I

Introduction, definition, Modification in the definition of nutraceuticals. Classification of nutraceuticals, Nutraceuticals market scenario, formulation considerations. Challenges for Nutraceuticals.

Learning Outcomes:

At the end of unit, students will be able to understand the following
- Classification of nutraceuticals,
- Nutraceuticals market scenario and formulation considerations.
- Challenges for Nutraceuticals.

UNIT – II

Nutraceuticals value of spices and seasoning – Turmeric, Mustard, Chilli, Cumin, Fenugreek, Black Cumin, Fennel, Asafoetidia, Garlic, Ginger, Onion, Clove, Cardamom etc., Nutraceuticals from Fruits And Vegetables – Mango, Apple, Grapes, Bel, Banana, Broccoli, Tomato, Bitter Melon, Bitter Orange etc.

Learning Outcomes:

At the end of unit, students will be able to understand the following
- Nutraceuticals value of spices and seasoning – Turmeric, Mustard, Chilli, Etc.
- Nutraceuticals from Fruits and Vegetables – Mango, Apple, Grapes, Tomato etc.

UNIT – III

Omega -3 fatty acids from fish- Typical properties, structural formula, functional category. CLA- typical properties, structural formula, functional category. Application in Nutraceuticals. Calcium, chromium, copper, iodine, iron, magnesium, Zn- mechanism of action, bioavailability, uses and deficiency, dietary sources.

Learning Outcomes:

At the end of unit, students will be able to understand the following
- Properties of Omega -3 fatty acids from fish and structures
- Application in Nutraceuticals. Calcium, iodine, iron, Zn- mechanism of action, bioavailability, uses and deficiency, dietary sources.

UNIT – IV

Definition, classification – Type of classification (Probiotics, probiotics and synbiotics: Taxonomy and important features of probiotic microorganisms. Health effects of probiotics including mechanism of action. Probiotics in various foods: fermented milk products, non-milk products etc. Prebiotics. Definition, chemistry, sources, metabolism and bioavailability, effect of processing, physiological effects, effects on human health and potential applications in risk reduction of diseases, perspective for food applications for the following: Non-digestible carbohydrates/oligosaccharides: Dietary fibre, Resistant starch, Gums.

Learning Outcomes:

At the end of unit, students will be able to understand the following
- Probiotics, probiotics and synbiotics: important features of probiotic microorganisms.
- Non-digestible carbohydrates/oligosaccharides: Dietary fibre and etc.

UNIT – V

Phytosterol, Fatty Acids, Carotenoids, Anthocyanins, Carotenoids, Amino Acids, Water Soluble Vitamins, Free radical biology and antioxidant activity of nutraceuticals. Regulations of Nutraceuticals and Functional Foods in India and rest of the world.

Learning Outcomes:

At the end of unit, students will be able to understand the following
- Phytosterol, Fatty Acids, Carotenoids, Anthocyanins, Free radical biology and antioxidant activity of nutraceuticals.

- Regulations of Nutraceuticals and Functional Foods in India and rest of the world.

Course Outcomes

- Students will get know the nutraceuticals and its active components in different foods, regulations on nutraceuticals in India.

TEXT BOOKS

1. "Handbook of Nutraceuticals and Functional Foods. Yashwant Pathak, Vol. 1. (Ingredients, formulations, and applications)" CRC Press 2005.
2. "Handbook of Nutraceuticals and Functional Foods". Robert Wildman, 2nd Edition. CRC Press 2001.

REFERENCES

1. B. Shrilakshmi, "Dietetics", 5th Edition, New Age International (P) Ltd., New Delhi, 2005.
2. A. E. Bender, "Nutrition and Dietetic Foods", Chem. Pub. Co. New York, 2nd Edition, 2004.
3. P. S. Howe, "Basic Nutrition in Health and Disease", 2nd Edition, W. B. Saunders Company, London, 2003.
4. Kramer, "Nutraceuticals in Health and Disease Prevention", Hoppe and Packer, Marcel Dekker, Inc., NY 2001.
5. Bao and Fenwick, "Phytochemicals in Helath and Disease", Marcel Decker, Inc. NY 2004.

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B.Tech (CE)– IV-II

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(19A54802a)   MATHEMATICAL MODELING & SIMULATION

OPEN ELECTIVE-IV

Course Objective:

This course focuses on what is needed to build simulation software environments, and not just building simulations using preexisting packages.

UNIT-I:

Simulation Basics-Handling Stepped and Event-based Time in Simulations-Discrete versus Continuous Modeling-Numerical Techniques-Sources and Propagation of Error

Learning Outcomes:

Students will be able to
*   Understand computer simulation technologies and techniques.

UNIT-II

Dynamical, Finite State, and Complex Model Simulations-Graph or Network Transitions Based Simulations-Actor Based Simulations-Mesh Based Simulations-Hybrid Simulations

Learning Outcomes:

Students will be able to
*   Implement and test a variety of simulation and data analysis.

UNIT-III

Converting to Parallel and Distributed Simulations-Partitioning the Data-Partitioning the Algorithms-Handling Inter-partition Dependencies

Learning Outcomes:

Students will be able to
*   Understand concepts of modeling layers of society's critical infrastructure networks.
*   Understand partitioning the data.

UNIT-IV

Probability and Statistics for Simulations and Analysis-Introduction to Queues and Random Noise-Random Variates Generation-Sensitivity Analysis

Learning Outcomes:

Students will be able to
- Understand Queues and Random noise.
- Understand sensitivity analysis.

UNIT-V

Simulations Results Analysis and Viewing Tools-Display Forms: Tables, Graphs, and Multidimensional Visualization-Terminals, X and MS Windows, and Web Interfaces-Validation of Model Results

Learning Outcomes:

Students will be able to
- Build tools to view and control simulations and their results.

Course Outcomes:

After the completion of course, student will be able to
- Understand basic Model Forms.
- Understand basic Simulation Approaches.
- Evaluate handling Stepped and Event-based Time in Simulations.
- Distinguish Discrete versus Continuous Modeling.
- Apply Numerical Techniques.
- Calculate Sources and Propagation of Error.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. JN Kapur, "Mathematical modelling", Newage publishers
2. Kai Velten, "Mathematical Modeling and Simulation: Introduction for Scientists and Engineers" Wiley Publishers.

B.Tech (CE)– IV-II   **L   T   P   C**
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(19A51802a) GREEN CHEMISTRY AND CATALYSIS FOR SUSTAINABLE ENVIRONMENT

Course Objectives:

- Learn an interdisciplinary approach to the scientific and societal issues arising from industrial chemical production, including the facets of chemistry and environmental health sciences that can be integrated to promote green chemistry and the redesign of chemicals, industrial processes and products.

- Understand the use of alternatives assessments that combine chemical, environmental health, regulatory, and business considerations to develop safer products.

UNIT 1: PRINCIPLES AND CONCEPTS OF GREEN CHEMISTRY

Introduction, Green chemistry Principles, sustainable development and green chemistry, atom economy, atom economic: Rearrangement and addition reactions and un-economic reactions: Substitution, elimination and Wittig reactions, Reducing Toxicity. Waste - problems and Prevention: Design for degradation, Polymer recycling.

Learning Outcomes:

At the end of this unit, the students will be able to

- Apply the Green chemistry Principles for day to day life as well as synthesis (L3)
- Describe the sustainable development and green chemistry (L2)
- Explain economic and un-economic reactions (L2)
- Demonstrate Polymer recycling (L2)

UNIT 2: CATALYSIS AND GREEN CHEMISTRY

Introduction to catalysis, Heterogeneous catalysts: Basics of Heterogeneous Catalysis, Zeolites and the Bulk Chemical Industry, Heterogeneous Catalysis in the Fine Chemical and Pharmaceutical Industries, Catalytic Converters, Homogeneous catalysis: Transition Metal Catalysts with Phosphine Ligands, Greener Lewis Acids, Asymmetric Catalysis, Heterogenising the Homogenous catalysts, Phase transfer catalysis: Hazard Reduction, C–C Bond Formation, Oxidation Using Hydrogen Peroxide, Bio-catalysis and photo-catalysis with examples.

Learning Outcomes:

At the end of this unit, the students will be able to

- Explain Heterogeneous catalyst and its applications in Chemical and Pharmaceutical Industries (L2)

- Differentiate Homogeneous and Heterogeneous catalysis (L2)
- Identify the importance of Bio and Photo Catalysis (L3)
- Discuss Transition metal and Phase transfer Catalysis (L3)

UNIT 3: ORGANIC SOLVENTS: ENVIRONMENTALLY BENIGN SOLUTIONS

Organic solvents and volatile organic compounds, solvent free systems, supercritical fluids: Super critical carbondioxide, super critical water and water as a reaction solvent: water based coatings, Ionic liquids as catalyst and solvent

Learning Outcomes:

At the end of this unit, the students will be able to

- Demonstrate Organic solvents and importance of solvent free systems (L3)
- Discuss Super critical carbondioxide (L2)
- Explain Super critical water and water as a reaction solvent (L2)
- Interpret Ionic Liquids as Catalyst and Solvent (L2)

UNIT 4: EMERGING GREENER TECHNOLOGIES AND ALTERNATIVE ENERGY SOURCES

Biomass as renewable resource, Energy: Fossil Fuels, Energy from Biomass, Solar Power, Other Forms of Renewable Energy, Fuel Cells, Chemicals from Renewable feedstocks: Chemicals from Renewable Feedstocks: Chemicals from Fatty Acids, Polymers from Renewable Resources, Some Other Chemicals from Natural Resources, Alternative Economies: The Syngas Economy, The Biorefinery, Design for energy efficiency: Photochemical Reactions: Advantages of and Challenges Faced by Photochemical Processes, Examples of Photochemical Reactions, Chemistry Using Microwaves: Microwave Heating, Microwave-assisted Reactions, Sonochemistry: Sonochemistry and Green Chemistry, Electrochemical Synthesis: Examples of Electrochemical Synthesis. Industrial applications of alternative environmentally benign catalytic systems for carrying out the important reactions such as selective oxidation, reduction and C-C bond formations (specific reactions).

Learning Outcomes:

At the end of this unit, the students will be able to

- Describe importance of Biomass and Solar Power (L2)
- Illustrate Sonochemistry and Green Chemistry ((L2)
- Apply Green Chemistry for Sustainable Development (L3)
- Discuss the importance of Renewable resources (L3)

UNIT 5: GREEN PROCESSES FOR GREEN NANOSCIENCE

Introduction and traditional methods in the nanomaterials synthesis, Translating green chemistry principles for practicing Green Nanoscience. Green Synthesis of Nanophase Inorganic Materials and Metal Oxide Nanoparticles: Hydrothermal Synthesis, Reflux

Synthesis, Microwave-Assisted Synthesis, Other methods for Green synthesis of metal and metal oxide nanoparticles, Green chemistry applications of Inorganic nanomaterials

Learning Outcomes:

At the end of this unit, the students will be able to

- Discuss green Chemistry Principles for practicing Green nano synthesis (L3)
- Illustrate Microwave Assisted Synthesis (L2)
- Differentiate Hydrothermal and Reflux synthesis (L2)
- Demonstrate Green Chemistry applications of Inorganic nanomaterials (L2)

Course Outcomes:

Upon completion of this course the students should recognize and acquire green chemistry concepts and apply these ideas to develop respect for the inter connectedness of our world and an ethic of environmental care and sustainability.

Text Books :

1. M. Lancaster, Green Chemistry an introductory text, Royal Society of Chemistry, 2002.
2. Paul T. Anastas and John C. Warner, Green Chemistry Theory and Practice, 4th Edition, Oxford University Press, USA

References :

1. Green Chemistry for Environmental Sustainability, First Edition, Sanjay K. Sharma and Ackmez Mudhoo, CRC Press, 2010.
2. Edited by Alvise Perosa and Maurizio Selva , Hand Book of Green chemistry Volume 8: Green Nanoscience, wiley-VCH, 2013.

HONOURS

B.Tech (CE)   **L   T   P   C**
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(19A01H01) PREFABRICATED STRUCTURES
(Honors)

Course Objectives

The objective of the course is to

- Understand the concepts and behaviour of prefabrication and types and its systems.
- Perform analysis and design of cross section and the joints in structures
- To analyze and design of prefabricated concrete members
- Obtain knowledge in design of cross section and the joints.

Course content

Unit – I

Need for prefabrication – Types of prefabrication- Principles - Materials - Modular coordination – Standardization – Systems Production – Transportation – Prefabrication of load carrying members – Disuniting of structures.

Unit – II

Design of cross section of load carrying members- handling and erection stresses Application of prestressing of roof members- floor systems- Wall panels- hipped plate and shell structures- Large panel constructions – Columns – Shear walls.

Unit – III

Joints for different structural connections- Beam to Column, Beam to Beam, Column to Column, Column to Foundation, Connections between wall panels, Connections between floor panels –

Unit – IV

Design of expansion joints- Jointing Materials. Production, Transportation and erection- shuttering and mould design – Dimensional tolerances-

Unit – V

Design and detailing of prefabricated units for Normal and abnormal loads - DESIGN FOR ABNORMAL LOADS - Equivalent design loads for considering abnormal effects like earthquake and cyclones - Systems consisting of linear members Disunited at joints - Factors influencing standardization - Full prefab open system - Design for abnormal loads

Course outcomes

On completion of this course students should be able to:

- Know the behaviour of prefabricated structures
- Become familiar with the production of prefabrication units and erection process.
- Able to perform an industry relevant design project in a team setting
- Exhibit their knowledge in designing and detailing of prefabrication units

Text Books/References

1. Hass, A.M., Precast Concrete Design and Applications, Applied Science Publishers, 1991
2. Promyslolw, V., Design and Erection of Reinforced Concrete Structures, MIR Publishers Moscow, 1980
3. Gerostiza C.Z., Hendrikson C. and Rehat D.R., Knowledge Based Process Planning 76 for Construction and Manufacturing, Academic Press Inc., 1980
4. Bauverlag, GMBH, 1971. 3. Structural Design Manual, Precast Concrete Connection Details, Society for the Studies in the Use of Precast Concrete, Netherland Betor Verlag, 1978.
5. M. Levitt, "Precast Concrete Material, Manufacture, Properties and Usage" Applied Science Publishers Ltd., 1982.
6. A.S.G. Bruggeling and G.F.Huyghe, Prefabrication with concrete, Netherlands: A.A. Balkema Publishers, 1991.

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B.Tech (CE)   **L   T   P   C**
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(19A01H02) STRUCTURAL OPTIMISATION
(Honors)

Course objectives

- To understand the basics of formulation of structural optimization problems.
- To learn about different linear and nonlinear programming methods(NLP)
- To understand the application of NLP to optimal structural design problems
- To understand the various stochastic optimisation methods.

Unit – I

Formulation of Structural Optimization problems: Design variables - Objective function - constraints. Fully stressed design.

Unit – II

Review of Linear Algebra: Vector spaces, basis and dimension, canonical forms. Linear Programming: Revised Simplex method, Application to structural Optimization. Nonlinear Programming: Deterministic Methods - Unconstrained and constrained Optimization - Kuhn-Tucker conditions, Direct search and gradient methods - One dimensional search methods - DFP and BFGS algorithms, constrained Optimization - Direct and Indirect methods - SLP, SQP and SUMT

Unit – III

Application of NLP methods to optimal structural design problems. Optimality criteria based methods, Reanalysis techniques - Approximation concepts - Design sensitivity Optimization of sections, steel and concrete structures - framed structures, bridge structures.

Unit – IV

Stochastic Optimization Methods: Genetic Algorithms - Binary coding- Genetic Operators - Simple Genetic Algorithm (SGA) and variable length Genetic Algorithm (VGA). Simulated annealing.

Unit – V

Applications to discrete size, Configuration and shape optimization problems. Artificial Intelligence and Artificial Neural Networks based approaches for structural optimization problems.

Course outcomes

By the end of this course, the students will be able to

- Understand the basics of formulation of structural optimization problems.

- Know about different linear and nonlinear programming methods(NLP)
- Understand the application of NLP to optimal structural design problems
- Understand the various stochastic optimisation methods.

Text Books/References

1. Haftka, R.T. and Gürdal, Z., Elements of Structural Optimization, 3rd edition , Springer, 1992 (Covered sections will be distributed at the class).
2. Gürdal, Z, Haftka, R.T., and Hajela, P., Design and Optimization of Composite Materials, Wiley, 1998 (Covered sections will be distributed at the class).
3. K. K. Choi and N. H. Kim, Design Sensitivity Analysis for Linear and Nonlinear Structures, Springer, 2005 by (Covered sections will be distributed at the class)
4. Arora, J.S., Introduction to Optimum Design, 2nd Edition, Elsevier, 2004.

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(19A01H03) ANALYTICAL METHODS FOR ENVIRONMENTAL MONITORING (Honors)

Course Objectives:
- To enumerate the various instrumental methods and its principles for environmental monitoring
- To identify the ion selective electrodes for measurement of ions in water and wastewater
- To study the principle of chromatography, spectrophotometry and their applications.
- To provide the information about various material characterization techniques

Unit – I
Classification of Instrumental Methods - Performance Characteristics of Instruments (Static And Dynamic) - Errors and Uncertainties in Performance Parameters - Noise Reduction - Sensitivity and Detection Limit - Errors -Types - Expression of Errors - Precision and Accuracy –

Unit – II
Calibration of Instrumental Methods - Spectrophotometer - Electromagnetic Radiation - Atomic Absorption and Emission Spectrometry -Ultraviolet - Visible Spectrophotometer Principle and Instrumentation - Atomic Absorption Spectroscopy Principle and Instrumentation - Flame Photometer - Fluorimetry - Nephelometry and Turbidimetry - Principles,

Unit – III
Chromatography - Principle and Classification - Column Efficiency and Resolution - Quantitative Determination - Column Chromatography - Thin Layer Chromatography - Principle and Application of Ion chromatography - Application Gas Chromatography (GC) - Principle and Application of High Precision Liquid Chromatography (HPLC) - Ion Chromatography Mass Spectroscopy - Gas Chromatography Mass Spectroscopy (GCMS) –

Unit – IV

Electro Chemical Methods - Electrochemical Cell - Reference Electrodes - Cyclic Votametry - Polarograph - Oscilloscopi Polarography - Ion Selective Electrodes - Conductometry - Electrolytic Conductivity - Specific Equivalent and Molar Conductance - Working Principles of pH, EC, TDS Meters

Unit – V
Material Characterization Techniques - SEM, TEM, XRD, FTIR, Thermal Analysis - Working Principles and Applications.

Course Outcome

At the end of the course student will be able

- to analyse the principles of volumetric and instrumental analytical methods in environmental monitoring
- to use statistical methods for evaluating and interpreting data of environmental interest
- to discriminate various electrochemical methods
- to summarize various material characterization techniques and its principles

Text Books/References

1. D. A. Skoog, D.M. West and T.A. Nieman, Principles of Instrumental Analysis,. Thomson Asion (P) Ltd. Singapore, 2004.
2. H. H. Willard, L. L. Merit, J. A. Dean and F. A. Settle, Instrumental Methods of Analysis, CBP Publishers and Distributors, New Delhi, 1988.

B.Tech (CE)   L T P C
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(19A01H04) FORENSIC ENGINEERING FOR CIVIL ENGINEERS
(Honors)

Course Objectives :
- To understand the causes of failure of structures.
- To enable students to diagnose distress of structures.
- To make students understand various environmental problems and natural hazards.
- To expose students to modern techniques of retrofitting.
- To familiarize students with case studies.

Unit – I

Types of Damage - Planning the Investigation - Investigation methodology, Collection of Data - Distress Characterization - Development of Failure, Hypothesis - Diagnostic Tests - Back Analysis - Technical Shortcomings, Legal Issues - Reliability Aspects.

Unit – II

Observation Method of Performance Evaluation - Case Histories related to settlement of Structures - lateral movement - backfill settlements - causes due to soil types such as collapsible soil, expansive soil, soluble soils, slope failures and landslides, debris flow, slope softening and creep, trench collapses, dam failures

Unit – III

Failure of Structures: Review of the construction theory – performance problems – responsibility and accountability – case studies – learning from failures – causes of distress in structural members – design and material deficiencies – over loading.

Unit – IV

Diagnosis and Assessment of Distress: Visual inspection – non-destructive tests – ultrasonic pulse velocity method – rebound hammer technique – ASTM classifications – pullout tests – Bremor test – Windsor probe test – crack detection techniques – case studies – single and multistorey buildings – Fibre optic method for prediction of structural weakness.

Unit – V

Environmental Problems and Natural Hazards: Effect of corrosive, chemical and marine environment – pollution and carbonation problems – durability of RCC structures – damage due to earthquakes and flood - strengthening of buildings – provisions of BIS 1893 and 4326.

Course Outcomes
At the end of the course students will be able
- To understand the roles of a Forensic Engineer.
- To diagnose distress of structures.
- To classify the types of damage and plan the investigation accordingly based on the knowledge obtained from case studies and relatable issues.

- To apply design and analysis principles to investigate the cause of failure.
- To suggest mitigation or rehabilitation measures according to the site conditions.

Reference Books

1. Raikar, R. N., Learning from Failures – Deficiencies in Design, Construction and Service R&D Centre (SDCPL), Raikar Bhavan, 1987.
2. Dovkaminetzky, Design and Construction Failures, Galgotia Publication, New Delhi, 2001.
3. Shen-En Chen, R. Janardhanam, C. Natarajan, Ryan Schmidt, Ino-U.S. Forensic Practices - Investigation Techniques and Technology, ASCE, U.S.A., 2010.
4. C. Natarajan, R. Janardhanam, Shen-En Chen, Ryan Schmidt, Ino-U.S. Forensic Practices - Investigation Techniques and Technology, NIT, Tiruchirappalli, 2010.
5. Gary L. Lewis, Guidelines for Forensic Engineering Practice, ASCE, U.S.A., 2003.
6. Robert W. Day (2011) Forensic Geotechnical and Foundation Engineering, Second Edition, McGraw-Hill Companies, Inc.
7. Rao, V.V.S. and Sivakumar Babu, G.L (2016) Forensic Geotechnical Engineering, Springer Nature.

JAWAHARLAL NEHRU TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY ANANTAPUR

B.Tech (CE)   **L   T   P   C**
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(19A01H05) URBAN PLANNING TECHNIQUES AND PRACTICES
(Honors)

Course Objectives:
- To understand the different types of plans
- To get acquainted with various surveys and steps in urban planning process
- To know the different analytical techniques of plan
- To understand the significance of urban renewal
- To expose to different experience of planning of new towns

Course Content:

Unit – I
Planning System: Planning system in India, Regional Plan, Master Plan, Structure Plan, and Detailed Development Plans. Concepts of Smart city.

Unit – II
Planning Surveys: Delineation of planning areas/regions, Type of planning surveys, data identification for various plan preparation. aerial photo and remote sensing techniques in planning. Formulation of standards for various urban functions.

Unit – III
Analytical Techniques: Delphi, Trade off-game, simulation models, gravity analysis, Lowry model, Threshold analysis, Multivariate analysis. Techniques of delineation of planning areas and planning regions. Land use models.

Unit – IV
Urban Renewal: Urban Decay: Causes and Impacts, Urban Renewal: significance, scope and limitations, identification of renewal areas, Renewal strategies. National Urban Renewal Schemes and policies.

Unit – V
New Towns and Global Trends: Role and Functions, Planning and development considerations, Asian and Indian experience of planning and development of new towns. Recent trends in international planning.

Course Outcomes:
Upon completion of this course, the student will be able to:
- plan for smart city
- use different planning surveys
- use different analytical techniques of planning
- renew the urban areas
- plan new towns in appropriate

Text Books/References:

1. Lichfield N., et.al. (eds), 1998, Evaluation in Planning: Facing the challenge of complexity, Kluwer Academic publications, Dordrecht.
2. Knox P, and P. Taylor (eds), 1995, World Cities in a World System, Cambridge University Press, Cambridge.
3. Kaiser Edward J., et.al., 1995, Urban Landuse Planning 4th (ed) Urbana, University of Illinois Press
4. Paul R. Wolf, 1986, Elements of Photogrammetry, McGraw Hill Books Co., London.
5. Hall, P., 2001, Cities of tomorrow: an intellectual history of urban planning and design in the twentieth century, Blackwell, London.
6. Peter, G.H. and Tewdwr-Jones, M., 2011 Urban and Regional Planning, Routledge, London. Fifth Edition